Solutions to Week 2 exercises

Contents

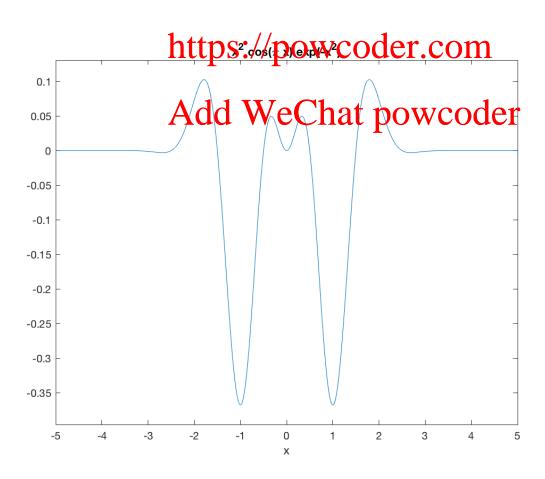
- Exercise Set 1
- Exercise set 2
- Exercise set 3

Exercise Set 1

```
% (a)
f = @(x) x.^2.*cos(pi*x).*exp(-x.^2);
f(4)
ezplot(f,[-5,5])
```

ans =

Assignment Project Exam Help



(b)

```
abstol = @(x1,x2,tol) abs(x1-x2) < tol;
reltol = @(x1,x2,tol) abs(x1-x2) < tol*max(abs<math>(x1,x2));
```

```
%(c)
type myiterator
```

```
function [ fixedPoint,flag ] = myiterator( func, criterion, x0 ,tol )
%MYITERATOR A mega-iterator
   performs fixed point iterations on a function
                 function handle for the fnction to be iterated
   input: func
           i.e. xp1 = func(x)
          criterion function handle to a logical valued function
              that gives the convergence criterion for stopping the
              iteration
          x0 the initial guess
          tolAssignment Project Exam Help
MAXITS = 10;
              % default to indicate convergence
flag = 1;
                     https://powcoder.com
x = x0;
xp1 = func(x);
count = 1;
while ~criterion(x,xp1,tA)dd(cWeCATat powcoder
   x = xp1;
   xp1 = func(x);
   count = count +1;
end
if count >= MAXITS
   flag = 0;
   fixedPoint = nan;
else
   fixedPoint = xp1;
end
```

(d)

```
type ExleDriver
ExleDriver
```

```
function ExleDriver( )
%EX1E A driver for Ex1e
%    Detailed explanation goes here

newtonRoot5 = @(x) x/2+5/(2*x);
abstol = @(x1,x2,tol) abs(x1-x2) < tol;
reltol = @(x1,x2,tol) abs(x1-x2) < tol*max(abs(x1,x2));
[root,flag] = myiterator(newtonRoot5,abstol,2,1e-10)

root =
    2.2361

flag =
    1</pre>
```

(e)

Assignment Project Exam Help

```
https://powcoder.com

NewtonSquareRoot(2,5)
NewtonSquareRoot(2)
NewtonSquareRoot(2,10)

Add WeChat powcoder
```

```
function [root,count] = NewtonSquareRoot(x0,a)
% A function to compute the square root of a
% Uses Newton's method
% Now with a while loop
% Input:
         x0
                  the initial quess
             the number to find the square root of
               default value : 5
% Output: root
                   the estimate of the root
                     the number of iterations required
          [root, count] = NewtonSquareRoot(2,9)
% Usage:
if nargin < 2
   a = 5: % default value
if x0 == 0
   disp('Error: zero not allowed as input');
   root = nan; % give return value
   return
else
```

8/14/20, 3:31 PM Solutions to Week 2 exercises

```
xold = x0;
                  % initialize xold
                  % initialize count
   count = 1;
   xnew = xold/2+a/(2*xold); % do 1 iteration before test
   while abs(xnew^2-a) >= 1e-10
        xold = xnew;
       xnew = xold/2+a/(2*xold);
       count = count + 1;
   end
   root = xnew;
end
end
ans =
   2.2361
ans =
   2.2361
ans =
```

Assignment Project Exam Help 3.1623

https://powcoder.com

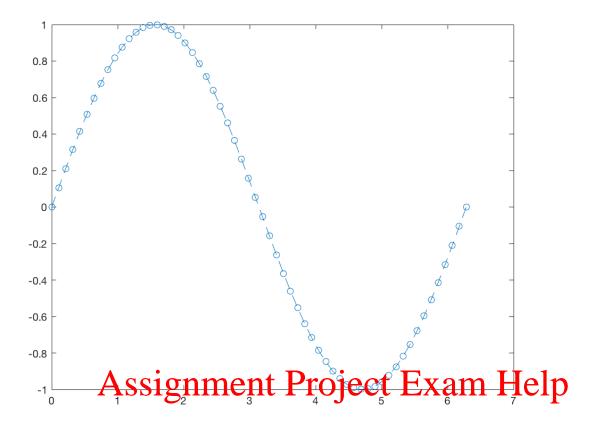
Exercise set 2

 $\overset{\text{no answers - just for python devotes}}{Add} \, \, WeChat \, \, powcoder$

Exercise set 3

(a)

```
% clears the current figure window
clf;
theta = linspace(0,2*pi,60);
y = sin(theta);
plot(theta,y,'--o');
```



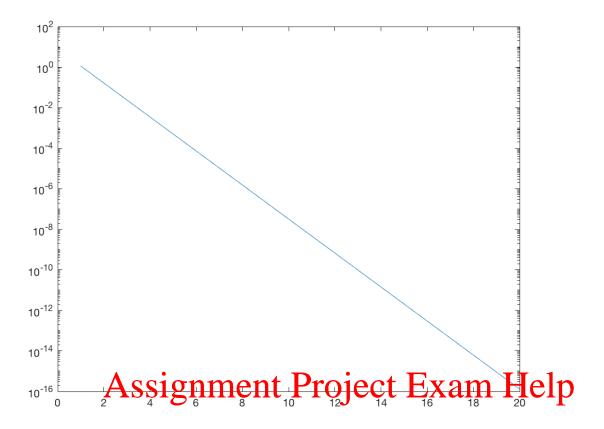
https://powcoder.com

```
(b)
```

```
clf
n = 1:20;
p = 0.145;
y = 7.8*p.^n;
semilogy(n,y);

Add WeChat powcoder

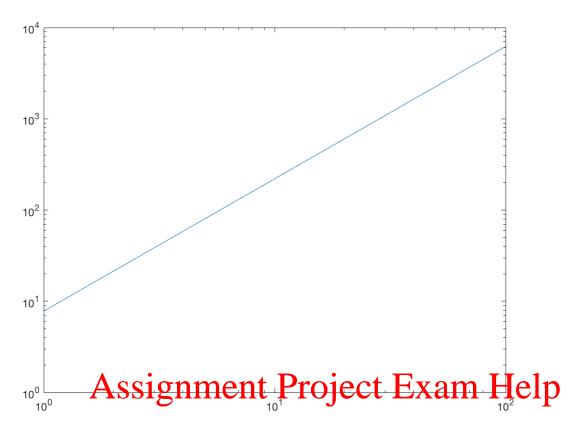
* for example
```



https://powcoder.com

```
(c)
```

```
clf Add WeChat powcoder n = 1:100; p = 1.45; % for example y = 7.8*n.^p; loglog(n,y);
```



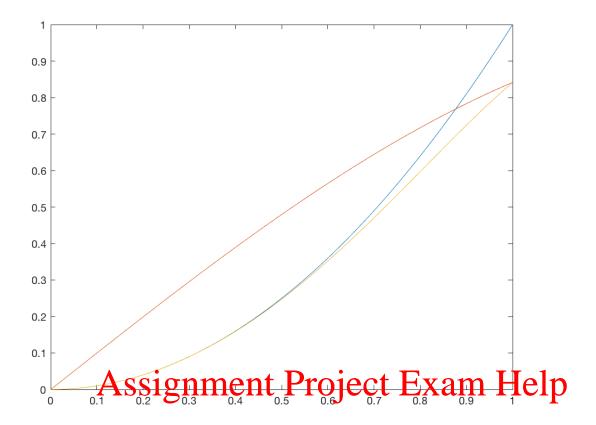
https://powcoder.com

```
(d)
```

```
clf
x = linspace(0,1);
yl=x.^2; y2 = sin(x);y3 = sin(y1);
plot(x,y1,x,y2,x,y3); % or use `hold on'

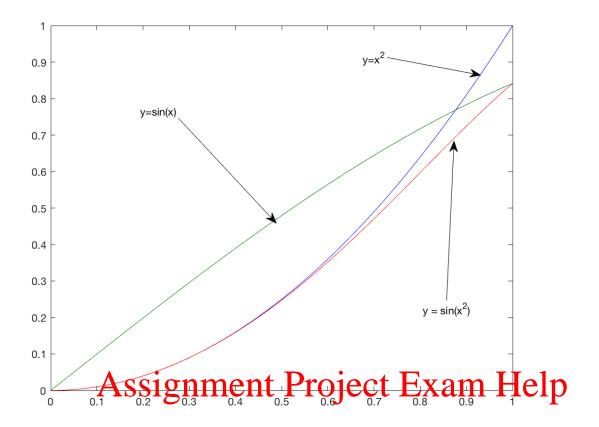
% easier to put labels on using the Plotting tools in the figure window
% Insert -> TextArrow
% then Save As ... your favourite graphics format - here .fig

open('Ex3d.fig');
```



https://powcoder.com

Add WeChat powcoder



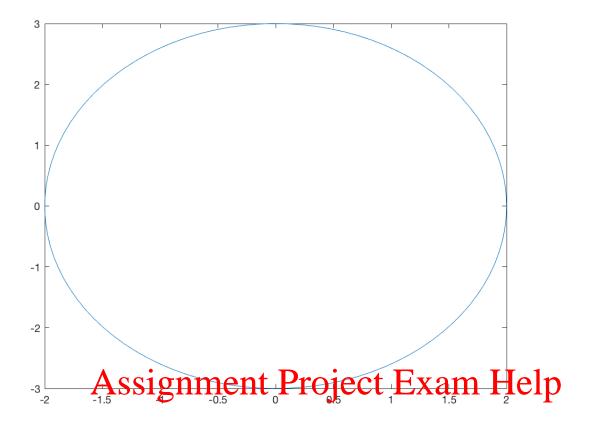
https://powcoder.com

```
clf Add WeChat powcoder

t = linspace(0,2*pi);
x = a*cos(t); y = b*sin(t);
```

(e)

plot(x,y);



https://powcoder.com

Published with MATLAB® R2016b

Add WeChat powcoder