

# EE5609 – Matrix Theory 2023

## Practice Set 1

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Solutions are not to be returned

### Reading Exercise

1. *Geometry of some 2-D linear transformations.*

Inspect and understand Tables 1 to 4 in Chapter 1 of David Lay's textbook.

2. *Terminology related to linear transformations.*

From Section 1.8 of David Lay, learn about *domain*, *codomain*, *image* and *range*.

From Section 1.9 of David Lay, learn about *onto* and *one-to-one* functions. An onto function is also called *surjective*, and a one-to-one function is also called *injective*. A function that is both onto and one-to-one is called a *one-to-one correspondence* or a *bijection* or *invertible*.

3. *Geometric transformations*

Section 7.1 of Boyd & Vandenberghe.

4. *Selector matrices*

Section 7.2 of Boyd & Vandenberghe.

5. *Discrete-time convolution as matrix-vector multiplication.*

Section 7.4 of Boyd & Vandenberghe.

### Practice Set

*Notation:* Bold lower case letters will denote column vectors, and bold upper case letters are matrices. The symbol  $\mathbb{F}$  denotes either  $\mathbb{R}$  or  $\mathbb{C}$ .

1. *Questions from Boyd & Vandenberghe's textbook.*

(a) *Chapter 6, Exercise Problems:* 6.6, 6.7, 6.11, 6.13.

(b) *Chapter 7, Exercise Problems:* 7.1 to 7.4.

(c) *Chapter 10, Exercise Problems:* 10.1 to 10.6.

2. Give examples of linear transformations that are:

(a) one-to-one but not onto.

(b) onto but not one-to-one.

(c) both onto and one-to-one (i.e., invertible).

3. Suppose  $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$  is a function that reflects a point about the following straight line passing through the origin:

$$x_2 = x_1 \tan(\theta).$$

Using the fact that  $f$  is a linear function find the matrix corresponding to  $f$ .

4. Suppose  $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{F}^{m \times n}$ . Is the function that maps  $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{F}^n$  to  $\mathbf{Ax} \in \mathbb{F}^m$  linear?

5. Suppose  $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{F}^{m \times n}$ . For  $\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_m \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{F}^m$  let

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_1 & \cdots & y_n \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & \cdots & x_m \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{A}.$$

Define the function  $f$  as  $f(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{bmatrix}$ .

Prove that  $f$  is linear and find the matrix corresponding to  $f$ .

6. Determine if the following functions are linear. Support your answer with mathematical reasoning.

(a)  $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ , where  $f(\mathbf{x}) = \max\{x_1, x_2\}$ .

(b)  $f : \mathbb{F} \rightarrow \mathbb{F}^2$ , where  $f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ a \end{bmatrix}$ . For which choices of  $a \in \mathbb{F}$  is  $f$  linear, and for which choices of  $a$  is  $f$  non-linear?

(c)  $f : \mathbb{C}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^2$ , where  $f(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{bmatrix} \text{Real}(x_1) \\ \text{Real}(x_2) \end{bmatrix}$ . Use  $\mathbb{F} = \mathbb{C}$ .

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