

Counting

8/24/2

108

① Permutation :-

Que. Define permutation with suitable example.

Permutation is an arrangement of 'x' object from 'n' object. It is denoted by ${}^n P_x$ & it is given by -

$${}^n P_x = \frac{n!}{(n-x)!}$$

Ex. How many variable names 8 letters can be form from the letter A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I if no letter is repeated.

→ These are a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i nine letters

$$n = 9$$

Eight letters word is to be formed

$$x = 8$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \text{No. of words formed} &= {}^n P_x \\ &= \frac{n!}{(n-x)!} \\ &= \frac{9!}{(9-8)!} \\ &= \frac{9!}{1!}\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \text{No. of words formed} = 362880$$

Ex. There are 10 person called for an interview each one is to be selected for the job. How many p. are there to selected 4 from 10.

→ There are 10 person called for an interview

$$n=10$$

four person is to be selected

$$r=4$$

∴ No. of ways to be selected = ${}^n P_r$

$$= \frac{n!}{(n-r)!}$$

$$= \frac{10!}{(10-4)!}$$

$$= \frac{10!}{6!}$$

$$\therefore \text{No. of ways to be selected} = 5040$$

✓ Ex. How many word of 3 distinct letter can be form from the letter of the word ~~most~~ MAST

→ There are four letters in the word MAST

$$n=4$$

3 letters word is to be formed.

$$r=3$$

∴ No. of word form = ${}^n P_r$

$$= \frac{n!}{(n-r)!}$$

$$= \frac{4!}{(4-3)!}$$

$$= \frac{4!}{1!}$$

$$\therefore \text{No. of word form} = 24$$

W-10
S-05
Ex.

110
Date 6/11/12

How many distinguishable of the letters in the word BANANA are there.

→ There are 6 letters in the word BANANA.

$$n=6$$

$$\therefore \text{No. of B's} = r_1 = 1$$

$$\text{No. of A's} = r_2 = 3$$

$$\text{No. of N's} = r_3 = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{No. of distinguishable word} &= \frac{6!}{1!3!2!} \\ &= \frac{6!}{1!6!2!} \\ &= \frac{720}{12} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \text{No. of distinguishable word} = 60$$

S-09
Ex.

How many distinguishable of word in the 'PASCAL'

→ There are 6 letters in the word PASCAL

$$n=6$$

$$\text{No. of P's} = r_1 = 1$$

$$\text{No. of A's} = r_2 = 2$$

$$\text{No. of S's} = r_3 = 1$$

$$\text{No. of C's} = r_4 = 1$$

$$\text{No. of L's} = r_5 = 1$$

6 | 11 | 12

111

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \text{No. of distinguishable word} &= \frac{n!}{(n-r)!} \\ &= \frac{6!}{1! 2! 1! 1! 1!} \\ &= \frac{720}{2}\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \text{No. of distinguishable word} = 360$$

Ex. How many distinguishable permutation of the letter in the word -

- ① MISSISSIPI
- ② REQUIREMENT
- ③ BODLEAN

→ ① MISSISSIPI -

There are 10 letters in the word MISSISSIPI.

$$\therefore n=10$$

$$\therefore \text{No. of M's} = r_1 = 1$$

$$\text{No. of I's} = r_2 = 4$$

$$\text{No. of S's} = r_3 = 4$$

$$\text{No. of P's} = r_4 = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}\therefore \text{No. of distinguishable word} &= \frac{10!}{1! 4! 4! 1!} \\ &= \frac{10!}{24 \cdot 24} \\ &= \frac{3628800}{576}\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \text{No. of distinguishable word} = 6300$$

⑧ REQUIREMENT -

There are 11 letters in the word REQUIREMENT.

$$n=11$$

$$\therefore \text{No. of R's} = r_1 = 2$$

$$\text{No. of E's} = r_2 = 3$$

$$\text{No. of Q's} = r_3 = 1$$

$$\text{No. of U's} = r_4 = 1$$

$$\text{No. of I's} = r_5 = 1$$

$$\text{No. of M's} = r_6 = 1$$

$$\text{No. of N's} = r_7 = 1$$

$$\text{No. of T's} = r_8 = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{No. of distinguishable word} &= \frac{11!}{2!3!1!1!1!1!1!1!} \\ &= \frac{11!}{12} \\ &= \frac{39916800}{12} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \text{No. of distinguishable word} = 3326400$$

⑨ BOOLEAN -

There are 7 letters in the word BOOLEAN.

$$n=7$$

$$\therefore \text{No. of B's} = r_1 = 1$$

$$\text{No. of O's} = r_2 = 2$$

$$\text{No. of L's} = r_3 = 1$$

$$\text{No. of E's} = r_4 = 1$$

$$\text{No. of A's} = r_5 = 1$$

$$\text{No. of N's} = r_6 = 1$$

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$$\therefore \text{No. of distinguishable word} = \frac{7!}{1! 2! 1! 1! 1! 1! 1!}$$

$$= \frac{5040}{2}$$

$$\therefore \text{No. of distinguishable word} = 2520$$

Que. Define following terms.

① Product Set :-

If A & B are two non-empty set then product set is denoted by $A \times B$ & is define as -

$$A \times B = \{ (a, b) / a \in A \text{ \& } b \in B \}$$

② Relation :-

Let A & B are two non-empty set then relation R is a subset of $A \times B$ i.e. $R \subseteq A \times B$ we say that -
a is related to b by R & we write it as $a R b$

③ Matrix Relation :-

Let A & B are finite set & R is a relation from A to B then matrix relation is denoted by M_R & is define as -

$$M_R = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } (a_i b_j) \in R \\ 0 & \text{if } (a_i b_j) \notin R \end{cases}$$