

Assignment 1

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Abstract—This document solves a problem from Lines and Planes, where we solve the given pair of linear equations.

Download all python codes from

[https://github.com/priya6971/
matrix_theory_EE5609/tree/master/school/tree/
/master/training/design/codes](https://github.com/priya6971/matrix_theory_EE5609/tree/master/school/tree/master/training/design/codes)

and latex-tikz codes from

[https://github.com/priya6971/
matrix_theory_EE5609/tree/master/school/tree/
/master/training/design](https://github.com/priya6971/matrix_theory_EE5609/tree/master/school/tree/master/training/design)

1 PROBLEM

Solve the following pair of linear equation

$$\begin{pmatrix} 158 & -378 \\ -378 & 152 \end{pmatrix} x = \begin{pmatrix} -74 \\ -604 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1.0.1)$$

2 EXPLANATION

Let the matrix is A and b is the vector. So, $Ax = b$ Then we can calculate $x = A^{-1} \cdot b$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 158 & -378 \\ -378 & 152 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.1)$$

$$b = \begin{pmatrix} -74 \\ -604 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.2)$$

3 SOLUTION

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 158 & -378 \\ -378 & 152 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.1)$$

$$b = \begin{pmatrix} -74 \\ -604 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.2)$$

Augmented Matrix is : $Ax = b$

$$R = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.3)$$

Now, multiply R on both sides, we get : $RAx = Rb$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 158 & -378 \\ -378 & 152 \end{pmatrix} x = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -74 \\ -604 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.4)$$

After multiplication of matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 378 & -152 \\ -158 & -378 \end{pmatrix} x = \begin{pmatrix} 604 \\ -74 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.5)$$

Now, multiply the matrix A on both sides, we get: $ARAx = ARb$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 158 & -378 \\ -378 & 152 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 378 & -152 \\ -158 & -378 \end{pmatrix} x = \begin{pmatrix} 158 & -378 \\ -378 & 152 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 604 \\ -74 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.6)$$

Now, after multiplication of above matrices:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 118,868 \\ -118,868 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x = \begin{pmatrix} 123404 \\ -239560 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.7)$$

Now, both the rows is row/118,868:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x = \begin{pmatrix} 30851/29717 \\ -59890/29717 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.8)$$

As we know $EE^{-1} = I$, Now inverse of the below matrix is:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.9)$$

Now multiply with the inverse of the Matrix in order to get the identity Matrix :

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 30851/29717 \\ -59890/29717 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.10)$$

So, final matrix is after matrix multiplication:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x = \begin{pmatrix} 59890/29717 \\ 30851/29717 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.11)$$

So, final result is :

$$x = \begin{pmatrix} 59890/29717 & 30851/29717 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.12)$$

Approach 2 :

$RARA x = RAR b$ where $RARA = I$, where I is the Identity Matrix

Now as we know $Ax = b$,

$RARA x = RAR b$ But as we know $RARA = I$,

$Ix = RAR b$ So, $x = RAR b$

Above expression illustrates that $A^{-1} = RAR$ because $x = A^{-1}b$

So, by putting the values of R, A and b we can easily find out the value of x as follows:

$RARA x = RAR b$

Matrix Multiplication of RA is :

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 158 & -378 \\ -378 & -152 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 378 & -152 \\ 158 & -378 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.13)$$

Now, using above resultant matrix RA we can evaluate $RARA x = RAR b$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 378 & -152 \\ 158 & -378 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 378 & -152 \\ 158 & -378 \end{pmatrix} x = \begin{pmatrix} 378 & -152 \\ 158 & -378 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -74 \\ -604 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.14)$$

After doing matrix multiplication in LHS and RHS,

$$\begin{pmatrix} 118868 & 0 \\ 0 & 118868 \end{pmatrix} x = \begin{pmatrix} 239560 \\ 123404 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.15)$$

Now, divide both the rows by 118868:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} x = \begin{pmatrix} 239560/118868 \\ 123404/118868 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.16)$$

After further calculations in the fractional result:

$$x = \begin{pmatrix} 59890/29717 \\ 30851/29717 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3.0.17)$$