prolobjectlink-jpi-jlog v. 1.0-SNAPSHOT **User Guide**

Table of Contents

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Table of Contents

	Table of Contents	
2	☑ What Is	1
3	B. Getting Started	. 3
4	Prolog Programming	5
5	Bidirectional Interface	7
6	Development Tools	9
7	Contribution	11
8	Related Works	14
0	FAO	16

1 What Is

1 What Is

1.1 What is

1.1.1 Introduction

Java Prolog Interface (JPI) is an Application Provider Interface (API) for interaction between Java and Prolog programming languages. Is a bidirectional interface that communicate Java applications with Prolog program or database and Prolog procedures with Java class and methods.

JPI is an abstraction layer over concrete prolog drivers over Prolog Engines. This API define all mechanism to interact with any Prolog Engine and maintain the application independent to a specific underlying engine. JPI have several connectors to open source prolog engines like SWI, YAP, XSB native engines and tuProlog, jTrolog, jLog Java based prolog engines.

JPI study all related Java-Prolog integration libraries and take the betters features from each solution with the propose to achieve a common integration interface. The last feature allows switch the under laying Prolog Engine driver and the application code still be the same.

JPI run over any Java Virtual Machine that support Java SE 5 or above. The project was tested over HotSpot, Open J9 and JRockit Virtual Machines over Operating Systems like Windows (7,8,10), Linux (Debian, Ubuntu) and Mac OS X. Can be deployed on Servlets Containers like Jetty, Tomcat or Glassfish Application Server. JPI can be include in any Java Project using the commonest Java Integration Development Environment (IDE) like Eclipse, Netbeans, IntellijIDEA and so on.

JPI is developed and maintained by Prolobjectlink Project an open source initiative for build logic based applications using Prolog like fundamental Logic Programming Language in the persistence layer and application programming.

The selected license for JPI is Simplified BSD License a permissive license allowing to concrete implementations can use some possibilities like GPL, Apache 2.0 and others in the interface implementation. We suggest adopt the same license from prolog java driver if it is possible. In this way the java prolog driver and your JPI implementation share the same license and can be combined with JPI interface that is less restrictive licensed. Finally, license is the most restrictive licensed, being in many occasions the java prolog driver licenses the most restrictive.

1.1.2 Copyright and License Information

JPI is release under Simplified BSD License:

Copyright © 2019 Prolobjectlink Project. All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

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SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

1.1.3 Release Notes

Version 1.0.0: Initial release.

1.1.4 Acknowledgments

Blah, Blah, ...

2 Getting Started

2 Getting Started

2.1 Getting Started

2.1.1 Install

Java Prolog Interface API is distributed with implementation adapter and concrete prolog driver library until it is possible according to related libraries licenses. The distributions are named normally such that **prolobjectlink-jpi-jpl7-swi7-x.y.z-dist.zip** meaning that this distribution is a JPI implementation over JPL version 7 or above and SWI-Prolog version 7 or above. The x.y.z is the distribution version. The distribution can be downloaded in zip or tar.gz compresses format. To install you need perform the following steps:

- Install Java Runtime Environment (JRE) 1.8 or above.
- Install Native Prolog Engine compatible to Operating System and your architecture. If the Prolog Engine to use is Java-based this step is omitted.
- Configure System Path with Prolog Engine routes. If the Prolog Engine to use is Java-based this step is omitted.
- Download Java Prolog Interface compatible to related prolog engine and unzip the distribution over Operating File System.
- Configure System Path with JPI unzip folder route.
- Open a new System console and type pllink –i to see the product information. For the JPI beginners we recommended start with a Pure Java-Prolog Engine because have less configuration aspects and native engine are more difficult to link.

2.1.2 Directories

After download and unzip JPI distribution in the final JPI folder you will see the following structure:

Folder/File	Description
bin	Binaries scripts
docs	Documentation
prt	Prolog programs files
lib	Library jars files
obj	Programs to link native engine procedures
src	Adapter source folder
CONTRIBUTING	Binaries scripts
LICENSE	Binaries scripts
NOTICE	Binaries scripts
README	Binaries scripts

2.1.3 Architecture

In general way and in bottom-up order the JPI architecture is composed by the guest Operating System at low level. Over this level we find compatible with guest Operating System and Native Prolog Engines implementations. Over this level we find Pure Java Prolog Engine implementations

2 Getting Started 4

and Java Driver libraries to Native Prolog Engine. Over this layer is the JPI interface adapter implementation for your correspondent Java Prolog Driver. In the top level we find a User Application that use the JPI interface.

```
User Application

JPI

JPI-JPL

JPL

SWI

OS
```

2.1.4 Getting started Java to Prolog

After installation and architecture compression you can use the hello world sample for test the system integration. This hello world sample show how interacts with JPI from Java programming language with Abstracted Prolog Engine. For the first experience we suggesting use a Java-based Prolog engine like tuProlog because have less configuration aspects.

Create in your preferred development environment an empty project. Set in the project build path the JPI downloaded libraries located at lib folder. Create a Main Java class that look like below code:

2.1.5 Getting started Prolog to Java

Blah, Blah, ...

3 Prolog Programming 5

3 Prolog Programming

Paragraph 1, line 1. Paragraph 1, line 2.

Paragraph 2, line 1. Paragraph 2, line 2.

3.1 Section title

3.1.1 Sub-section title

- 3.1.1.1 Sub-sub-section title
- 3.Sub-sub-sub-section title
- 3. Sub-sub-sub-section title
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 - List item 2.

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 - A. Numbered item A.
 - B. Numbered item B.
- 2. Numbered item 2.

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3 Prolog Programming

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4 Bidirectional Interface 7

4 Bidirectional Interface

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Paragraph 2, line 1. Paragraph 2, line 2.

4.1 Section title

4.1.1 Sub-section title

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4 Bidirectional Interface

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5 Development Tools

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5.1 Section title

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5 Development Tools

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6 Contribution

6 Contribution

6.1 Contribution

6.1.1 Issues

See the issue tracker at https://github.com/prolobjectlink/prolobjectlink-jpi-jlog to create a new issue or take an existing one.

6.1.2 Changes and Build

Fork the repository in GitHub.

Clone your forked repository in your preferred IDE

Prolobjectlink development requires.

- Java 1.8 - Maven 3.1.0 or above

Make changes in your cloned repository

Run all test to see if the system still consistent after your changes

Create unit-tests and make sure that the include changes are covered to 100%

Run the benchmark to see if the system performance still consistent after your changes

Add a description of your changes in CHANGELOG.txt and src/changes/changes.xml

Commit the changes.

Run an integration test on Travis-CI

Submit a pull request.

6.1.3 New Implementations

The project start with some adapters implementations over most used open source prolog engines.

We accept any new adapter implementation of another prolog engine not covered at this moment.

For this propose create a new GitHub source code repository naming this follow the project convesion:

prolobjectlink-jpi- new engine implementation name

Create an new maven project in your preferred IDE named like repository.

Copy the src/assembly/dist.xml descriptor

Copy the src/build/filters folder and change by your console main entry point

Copy and clean src/changes/changes.xml to go reporting every change

Copy src/site folder to generate a similar project site.

Copy the pom.xml properties, build, report, etc... from another implementation

Change the project information.

Add your dependencies including Java Prolog Interface API

6 Contribution 12

```
<repositories>
       <repository>
               <id>ossrh</id>
               <name>Sonatype Nexus Snapshots/name>
               <url>https://oss.sonatype.org/content/repositories/snapshots</url>
               <releases>
                       <enabled>false
               </releases>
               <snapshots>
                       <enabled>true</enabled>
               </snapshots>
       </repository>
</repositories>
<dependencies>
       . . .
       <dependency>
               <groupId>org.prolobjectlink</groupId>
               <artifactId>prolobjectlink-jpi</artifactId>
               <version>[1.0.0, )
       </dependency>
       <dependency>
               <groupId>junit
               <artifactId>junit</artifactId>
               <version>[4.10, )
               <scope>test</scope>
       </dependency>
</dependencies>
```

In test package copy the unit-tests cases from another implementation to develop in test driven mode.

We suggest like adapter implementation order begin with data types, parsers, engine and finally query.

Run all test to see if the system to see if your implementation pass all.

Create unit-tests and make sure that the include changes are covered to 100%

Create the benchmark to see if the system performance.

Add a description of your changes in CHANGELOG.txt and src/changes/changes.xml

Commit the changes.

Run an integration test on Travis-CI or another CI system

6.1.4 Version Numbering

Prolobjectlink version signature is Major.Minor.Micro.

Major version is change when the API compatibility is broken. Minor version is change when a new feature is include in the release. Micro version is change when some bug is fixed or some maintenance take place

Prolobjectlink suggest work over the started 1.Y.Z version to preserve compatibility all the time. You are free of make any change adding new features, fixing bugs or code maintenance.

6 Contribution

6.1.5 Contact us

Please contact us at our project mailing list https://groups.google.com/group/prolobjectlink to debat over project evolution

Thanks for contributing to Prolobjectlink!

7 Related Works

7 Related Works

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Paragraph 2, line 1. Paragraph 2, line 2.

7.1 Section title

7.1.1 Sub-section title

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7 Related Works

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8 FAQ 16

8 FAQ

8.1 Frequently Asked Questions

General

- 1. What is the difference between mvn site and mvn site:site?
- 2. How do I Integrate static (X)HTML pages into my Maven site?
- 3. How to include a custom Doxia module, like Twiki?
- 4. How can I validate my xdoc/fml source files?
- 5. How does the Site Plugin use the <url> element in the POM?

Specific issues

- 1. Why do my absolute links get translated into relative links?
- 2. Why don't the links between parent and child modules work when I run "mvn site"?
- 3. Can I use entities in xdoc/fml source files?

8.2 General

What is the difference between mvn site and mvn site:site?

mvn site

Calls the *site* **phase** of the site **lifecycle**. Full site lifecycle consists in the following life cycle phases: pre-site, site, post-site and site-deploy. See <u>Lifecycle Reference</u>. Then it calls plugin goals associated to pre-site and site phases.

mvn site:site

Calls the site goal of the site plugin. See site:site.

[top]

How do I Integrate static (X)HTML pages into my Maven site?

You can integrate your static pages by following these steps:

- Put your static pages in the resources directory, \${basedir}/src/site/resources
- Create your site.xml and put it in \${basedir}/src/site
- Link to the static pages by modifying the menu section, create items and map them to the filenames of the static pages

[top]

How to include a custom Doxia module, like Twiki?

The site plugin handles out-of-box apt, xdoc and fml formats. If you want to use a custom format like Twiki, Simple DocBook, or XHTML (or any other document format for which a doxia parser exists, see the list of Doxia Markup Languages), you need to specify the corresponding Doxia module dependency, e.g. for Twiki:

8 FAQ 17

```
ct>
  <build>
    <plugins>
      . . .
      <plugin>
        <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins</groupId>
        <artifactId>maven-site-plugin</artifactId>
        <dependencies>
          <dependency>
            <groupId>org.apache.maven.doxia</groupId>
            <artifactId>doxia-module-twiki</artifactId>
            <version><!-- doxia version appropriate to the site plugin version</pre>
          </dependency>
        </dependencies>
      </plugin>
    </plugins>
  </build>
  . . .
</project>
```

Note that the doxia version has to be adjusted to the site-plugin version you are using, see the Migration Guide. In particular, for site plugin versions >=2.1 you need to use doxia >=1.1.

[top]

How can I validate my xdoc/fml source files?

Since version 2.1.1 of the Site Plugin, there is a validate configuration parameter that switches on xml validation (default is off). Note that in the current implementation of the parser used by Doxia, validation requires an independent parsing run, so that every source file is actually parsed twice when validation is switched on.

If validation is switched on, **all** xml source files need a correct schema and/or DTD definition. See the Doxia documentation on validating xdocs, and the schema definitions for xdoc and fml.

[top]

How does the Site Plugin use the <url> element in the POM?

The Site Plugin does not use the <url> element in the POM. The project URL is just a piece of information to let your users know where the project lives. Some other plugins (e.g. the project-info-report-plugin) may be used to present this information. If your project has a URL where the generated site is deployed, then put that URL into the <url> element. If the project's site is not deployed anywhere, then remove the <url> element from the POM.

On the other hand, the <distributionManagement.url> is used in a multi-module build to construct relative links between the generated sub-module sites. In a multi module build it is important for the parent and child modules to have **different** URLs. If they have the same URL, then links within the combined site will not work. Note that a proper URL **should** also be terminated by a slash ("/").

[top]

8.3 Specific issues

Why do my absolute links get translated into relative links?

This happens because the Site Plugin tries to make all URLs relative, when possible. If you have something like this defined in your pom.xml:

```
<url>http://www.your.site.com/</url>
```

and create links in your site.xml (just an example) like this:

```
<links>
  <item name="Your Site" href="http://www.your.site.com/"/>
  <item name="Maven 2" href="http://maven.apache.org/maven2/"/>
</links>
```

You will see that the link to "Your site" will be a relative one, but that the link to "Maven 2" will be an absolute link.

There is an issue for this in JIRA, where you can read more about this.

[top]

Why don't the links between parent and child modules work when I run "mvn site"?

What "mvn site" will do for you, in a multi-project build, is to run "mvn site" for the parent and all its modules **individually**. The links between parent and child will **not** work here. They **will** however work when you deploy the site.

If you want to test this, prior to deployment, you can run the site:stage goal as described in the usage documentation instead.

[top]

Can I use entities in xdoc/fml source files?

Yes. Entity resolution has been added in Doxia version 1.1, available in Site Plugin 2.1 and later.

There is a catch however. In the current implementation (as of maven-site-plugin-2.1.1), entities are only resolved by an independent validation run. Therefore, if you want to use entities, you have to switch on validation for your xml source files. See MSITE-483.

[top]