Maximum Entropy Translation Model in Dependency-Based MT Framework

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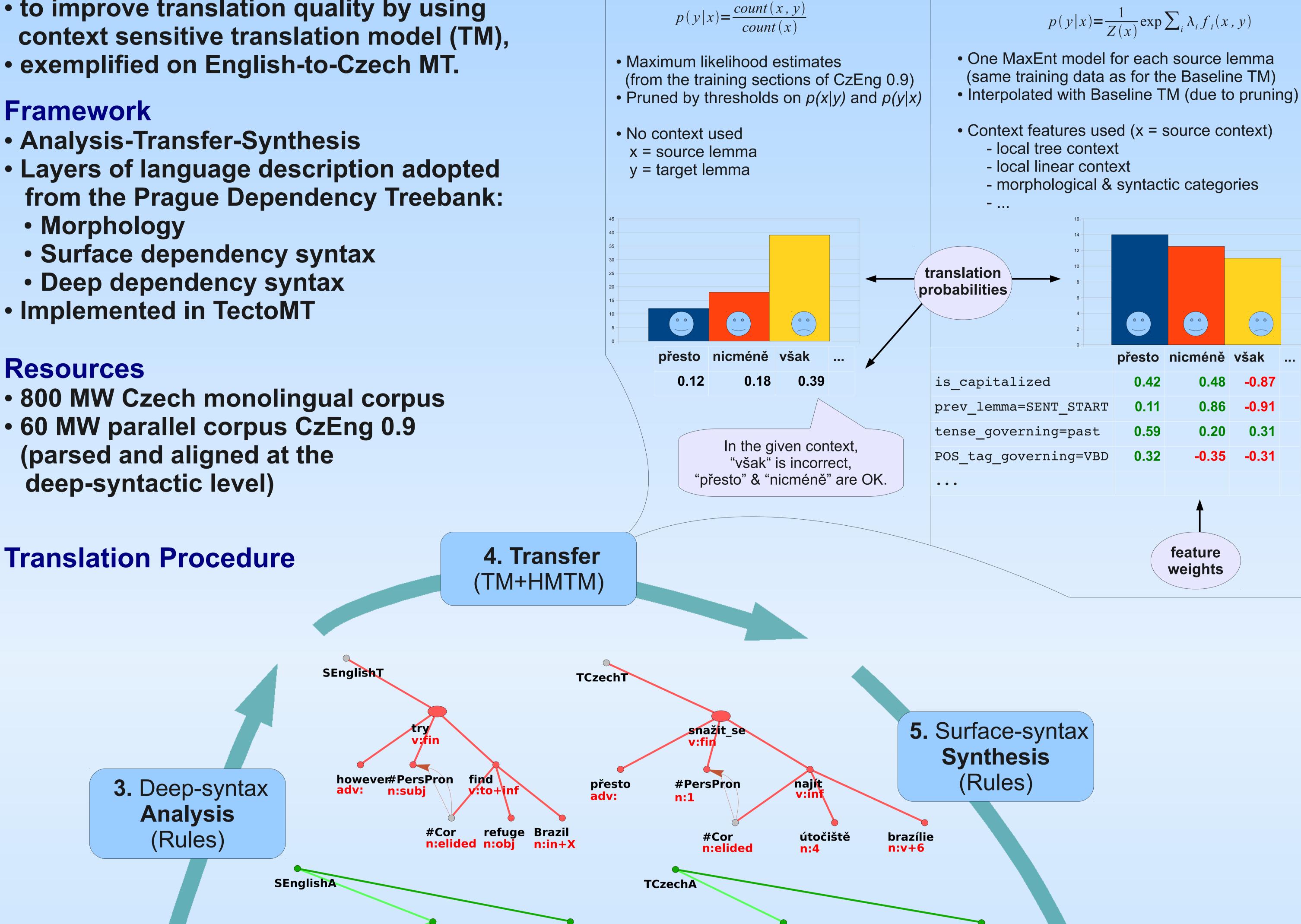
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Baseline TM

Aim

- to improve translation quality by using context sensitive translation model (TM),

- 800 MW Czech monolingual corpus
- 60 MW parallel corpus CzEng 0.9 (parsed and aligned at the deep-syntactic level)



- 2. Surface-syntax Analysis (MST Parser)
- 1. Morphological **Analysis** (Morce Tagger)

. AuxK RB , PRP he he Adv AuxX Sb NN IN refuge in Obj AuxP NNP Brazil Adv

snažil Vpl\$...3..AA.. Přesto se najít D.....1A... P7.X4...... Vf......A-... útočiště v N.NS4....A... R Brazílii N.FS6....A...

6. Morphological **Synthesis** (Rules + Stats)

Maximum Entropy TM

However, he tried to find refuge in Brazil.

Přesto se snažil najít útočiště v Brazílii.

Evaluation

- WMT 2010 test set (2489 sentences)
- Baseline and MaxEnt TMs also combined with Target Language Tree Model (TreeLM) using Hidden Markov Tree Model approach.
- Confirmed overlap between the contribution of MaxEnt TM and TreeLM.

BLEU scores	No LM (just simple compatibility rules)	TreeLM (using Hidden Tree Markov Model)
Baseline TM	10.44	11.77
MaxEnt TM	11.77	12.58
improvement	+1.33	+0.81

Conclusion

MaxEnt-based translation models help to improve **English-to-Czech** translation quality in our dependency-based MT system.