

Fits d'une gaussienne par réseaux de neurones

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0.0.1 fit d'une gaussienne, variations du nombre d'outputs

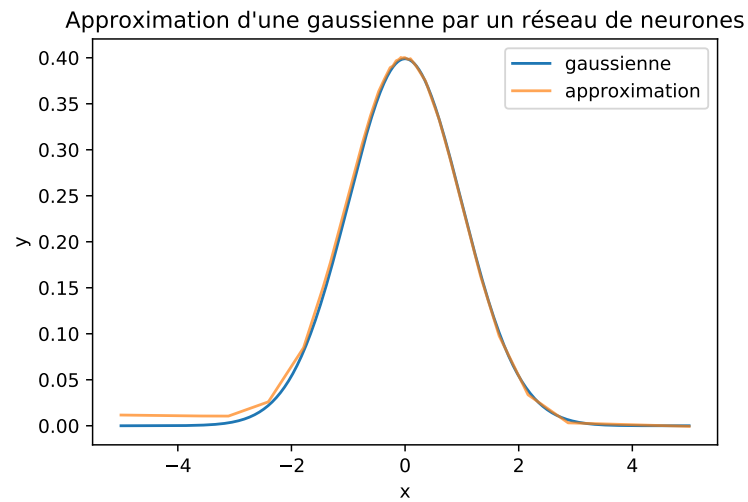


FIGURE 1 – Fit d'une gaussienne. 10001 points. outputs : 20, 20, 1. Total params : 481 Trainable params : 481. Epochs = 30, batch = 20

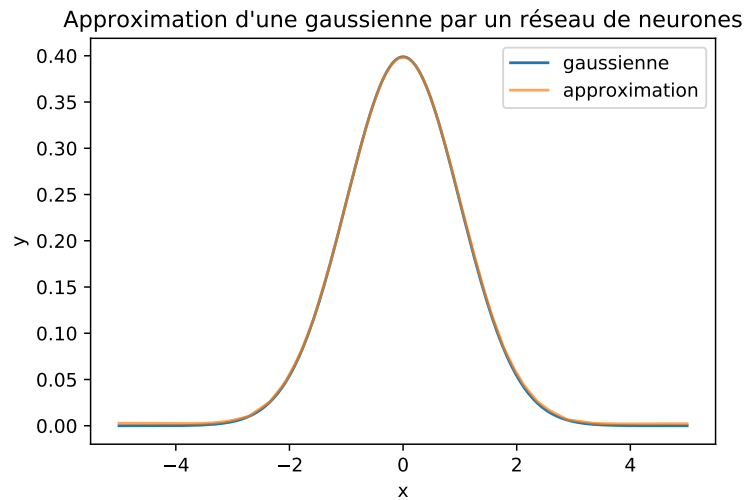


FIGURE 2 – Fit d'une gaussienne. 10001 points. outputs : 200, 200, 1. Total params : 40,801 Trainable params : 40,801. Epochs = 30, batch = 20

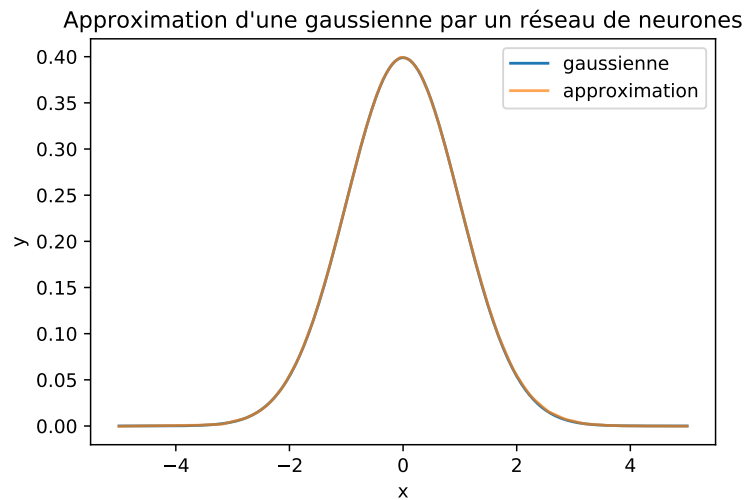


FIGURE 3 – Fit d'une gaussienne. 10001 points. outputs : 400, 400, 1. Total params : 161,601 Trainable params : 161,601. Epochs = 30, batch = 20

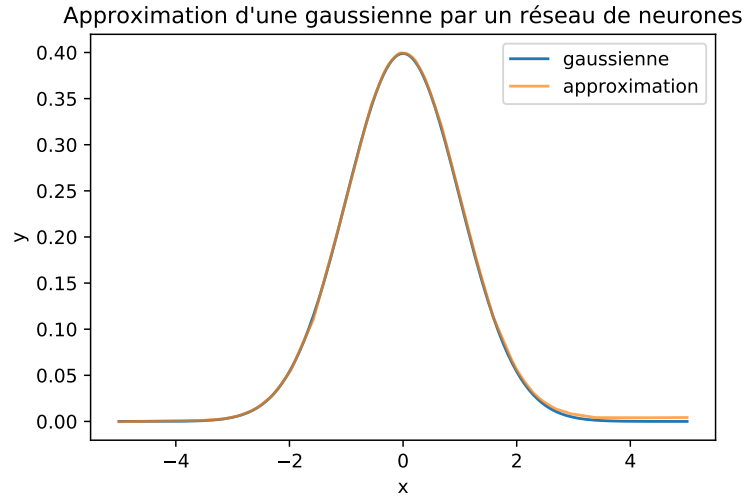


FIGURE 4 – Fit d'une gaussienne. 10001 points. outputs : 200, 20, 1. Total params : 4,441 Trainable params : 4,441. Epochs = 30, batch = 20

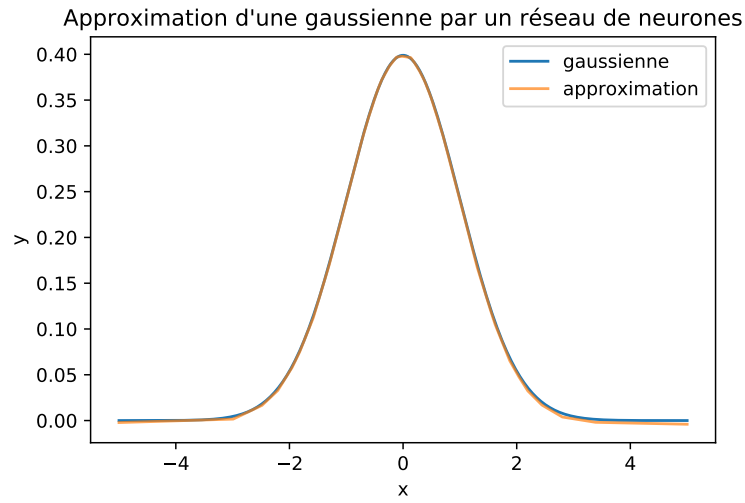


FIGURE 5 – Fit d'une gaussienne. 10001 points. outputs : 20, 200, 1. Total params : 4,441 Trainable params : 4,441. Epochs = 30, batch = 20

0.0.2 fit d'une gaussienne, variation du batch

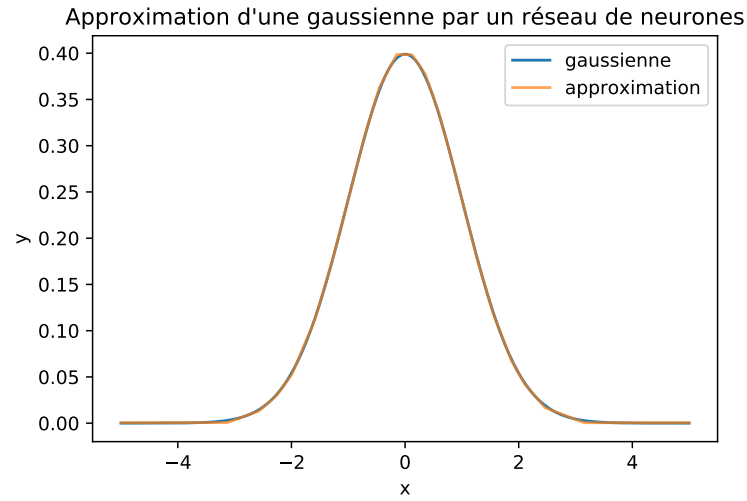


FIGURE 6 – Fit d'une gaussienne. 10001 points. outputs : 200, 200, 1. Total params : 40,801 Trainable params : 40,801. Epochs = 30, batch = 2

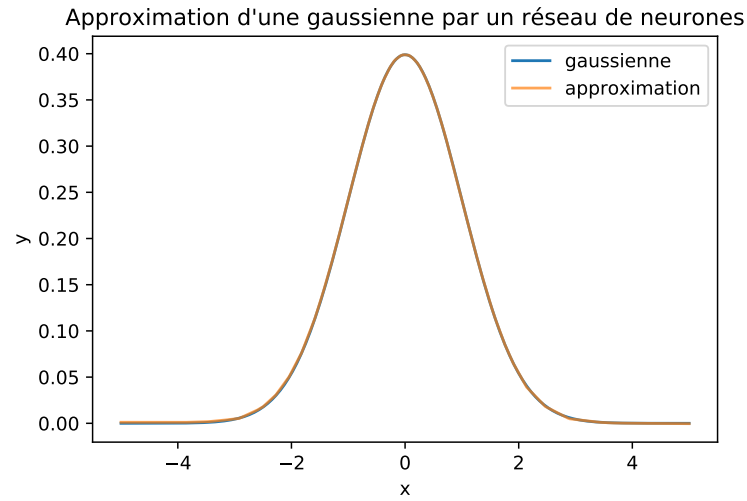


FIGURE 7 – Fit d'une gaussienne. 10001 points. outputs : 200, 200, 1. Total params : 40,801 Trainable params : 40,801. Epochs = 30, batch = 20

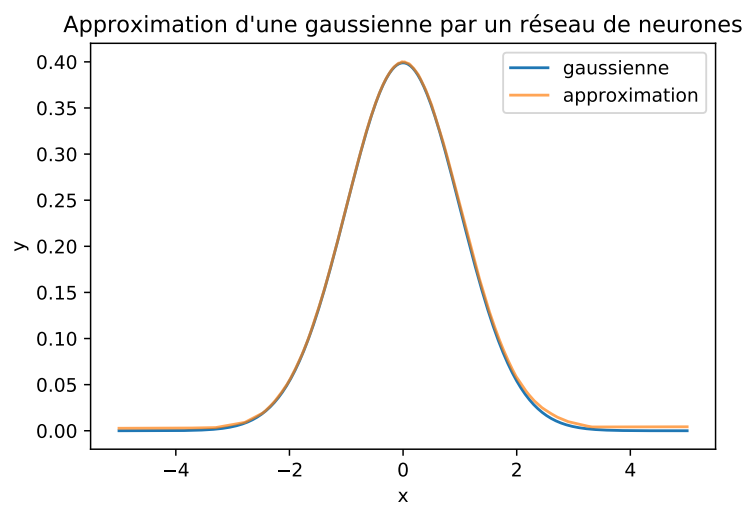


FIGURE 8 – Fit d'une gaussienne. 10001 points. outputs : 200, 200, 1. Total params : 40,801 Trainable params : 40,801. Epochs = 30, batch = 200

0.0.3 fit d'une gaussienne, variation des epochs

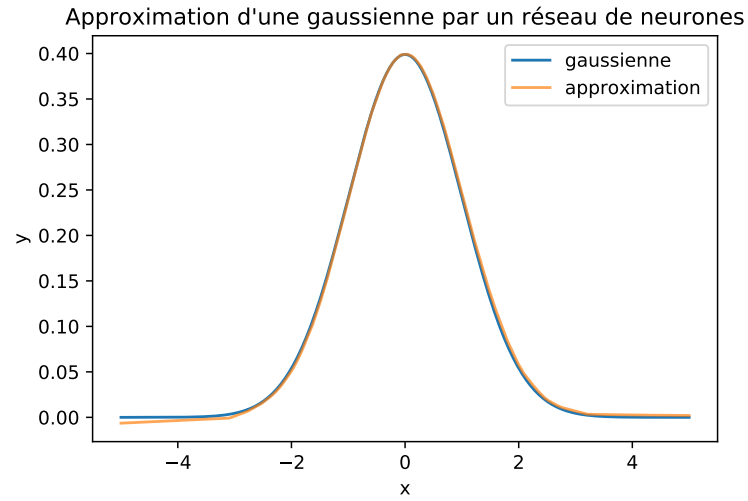


FIGURE 9 – Fit d'une gaussienne. 10001 points. outputs : 200, 200, 1. Total params : 40,801 Trainable params : 40,801. Epochs = 3, batch = 20

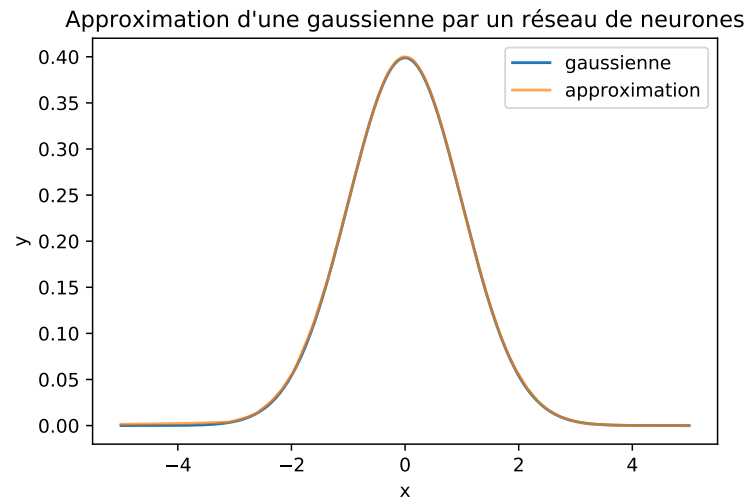


FIGURE 10 – Fit d'une gaussienne. 10001 points. outputs : 200, 200, 1. Total params : 40,801 Trainable params : 40,801. Epochs = 30, batch = 20

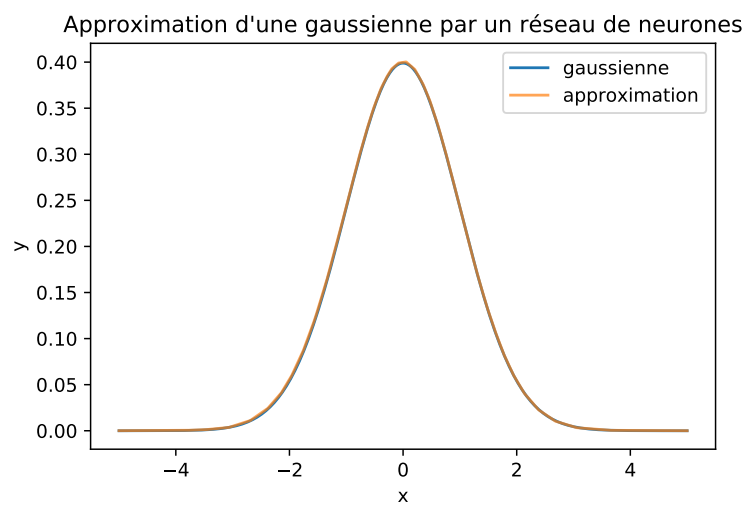


FIGURE 11 – Fit d'une gaussienne. 10001 points. outputs : 200, 200, 1. Total params : 40,801 Trainable params : 40,801. Epochs = 300, batch = 20

0.0.4 fit d'une gaussienne, variation batch vs epochs

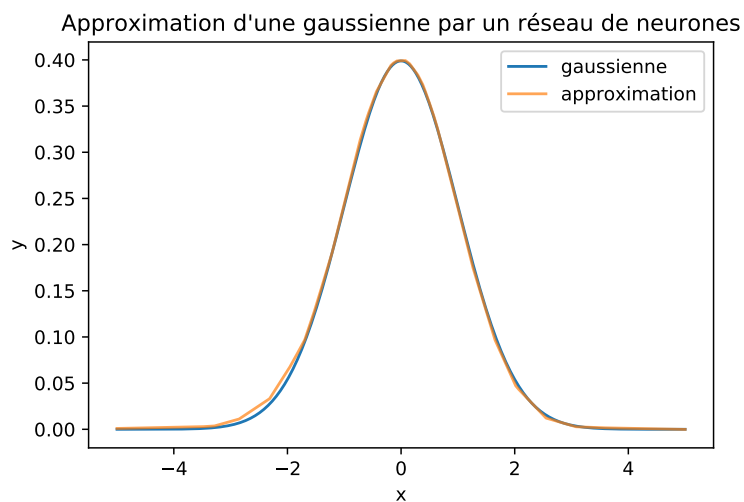


FIGURE 12 – Fit d'une gaussienne. 10001 points. outputs : 200, 200, 1. Total params : 40,801 Trainable params : 40,801. Epochs = 3, batch = 2. 77 secondes de calcul.

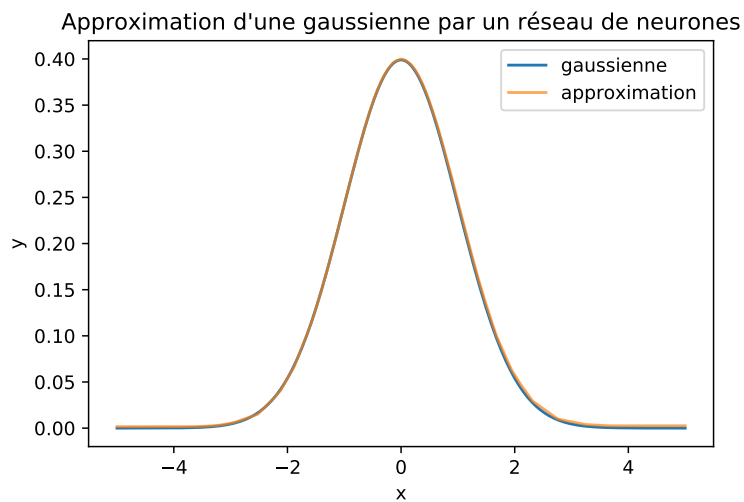


FIGURE 13 – Fit d'une gaussienne. 10001 points. outputs : 200, 200, 1. Total params : 40,801 Trainable params : 40,801. Epochs = 30, batch = 20. 83 secondes de calcul.

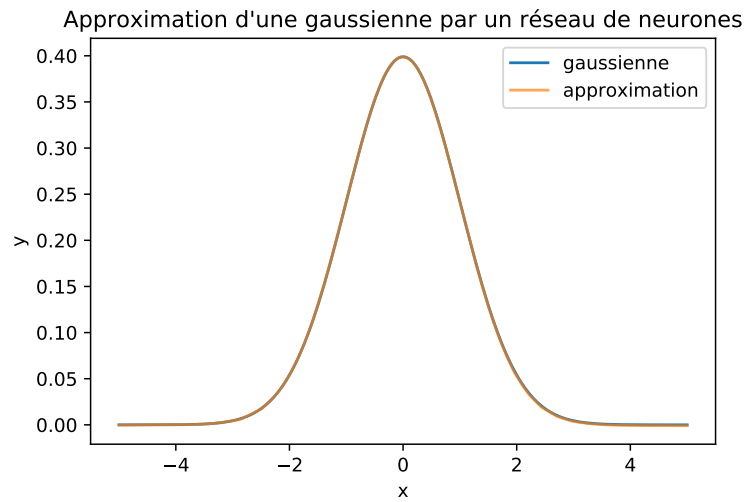


FIGURE 14 – Fit d'une gaussienne. 10001 points. outputs : 200, 200, 1. Total params : 40,801 Trainable params : 40,801. Epochs = 300, batch = 200. 96 secondes de calcul.

0.0.5 Fit des polynômes d’hermite - variation du nombre de points et d’outputs (annexes)

On voit en annexes A et B que, pour un même réseau et un échantillon de 500 points, l’approximation d’une fonction d’onde semble plus précise que l’approximation du module carré. Cette différence, si elle existe, est plus difficile à détecter visuellement pour un échantillon à 10001 points (annexes C et D).

Mémo : [2] [8] [6] [3] [5] [4] [1] [7]

Bibliographie

- [1] Colin BERNET. *Handwritten Digit Recognition with scikit-learn*. URL : <https://thedatafrog.com/en/articles/handwritten-digit-recognition-scikit-learn/>.
- [2] Colin BERNET. *Le réseau à un neurone : régression logistique*. URL : <https://thedatafrog.com/fr/articles/logistic-regression/>.
- [3] Colin BERNET. *Le surentraînement*. URL : <https://thedatafrog.com/fr/articles/overfitting-illustrated/>.
- [4] Colin BERNET. *Matplotlib for Machine Learning*. URL : <https://thedatafrog.com/en/articles/matplotlib-machine-learning/>.
- [5] Colin BERNET. *Numpy Crash Course for Machine Learning*. URL : <https://thedatafrog.com/en/articles/numpy-crash-course-machine-learning/>.
- [6] Colin BERNET. *Premier réseau de neurones avec keras*. URL : <https://thedatafrog.com/fr/articles/first-neural-network-keras/>.
- [7] Colin BERNET. *Python Crash Course for Machine Learning*. URL : <https://thedatafrog.com/en/articles/python-crash-course-machine-learning/>.
- [8] Colin BERNET. *Régression Logistique vs Réseau de Neurones : Non Linéarités*. URL : <https://thedatafrog.com/fr/articles/logistic-regression-neural-network/>.

A Approximation des pol. d'Hermite par réseau de neurones (500 points)

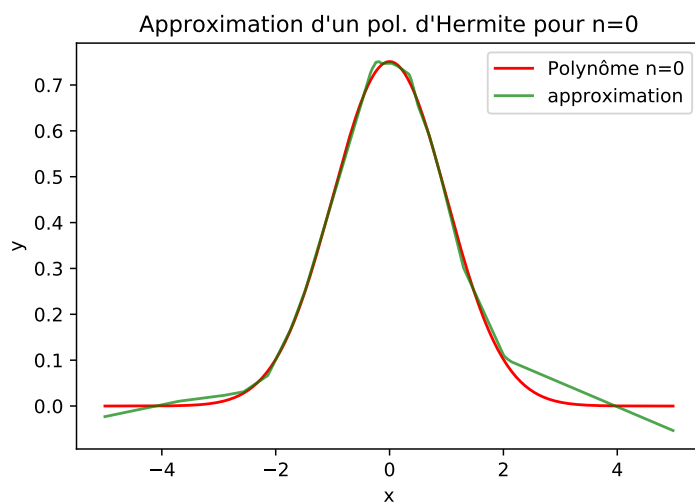


FIGURE 15 – $n=0$, 500 points. outputs : 20 20 1. Params : 481. Trainable : 481.

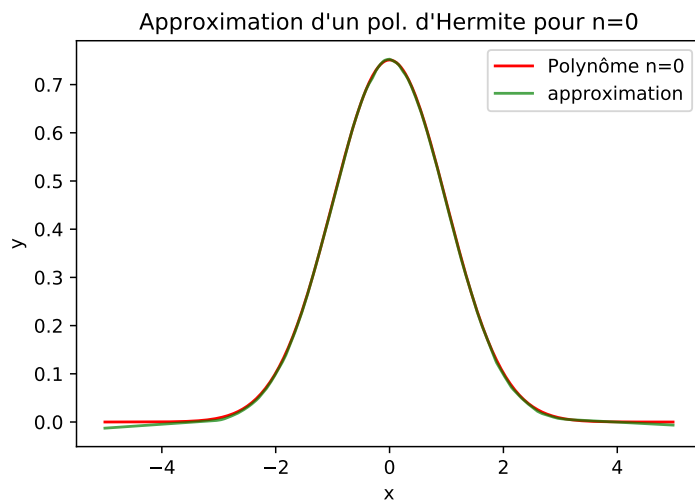


FIGURE 16 – $n=0$, 500 points. Réseau 200 200 1. Params : 40801. Trainable : 40801.

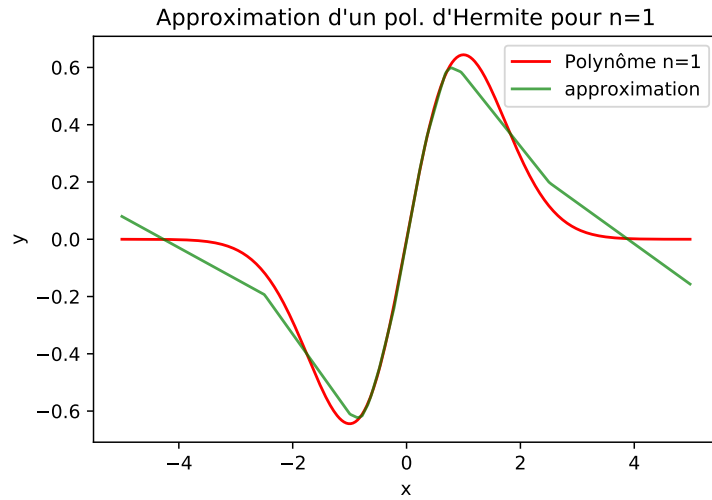


FIGURE 17 – $n=1$, 500 points. outputs : 20 20 1. Params : 481. Trainable : 481.

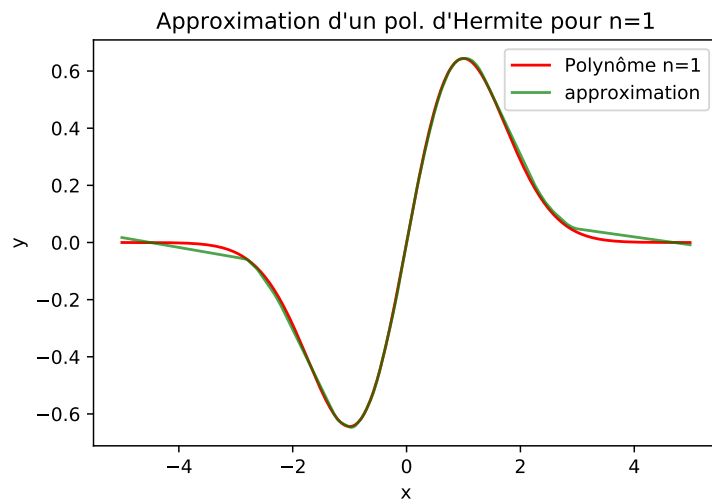


FIGURE 18 – $n=1$, 500 points. outputs : 200 200 1. Params : 40801. Trainable : 40801.

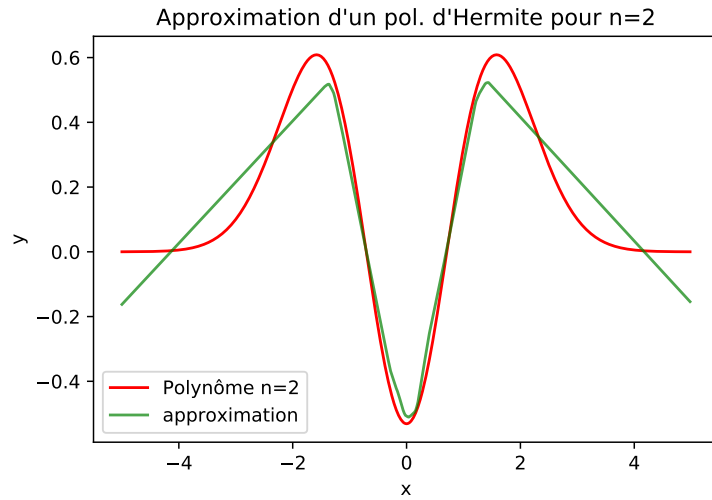


FIGURE 19 – $n=2$, 500 points. outputs : 20 20 1. Params : 481. Trainable : 481.

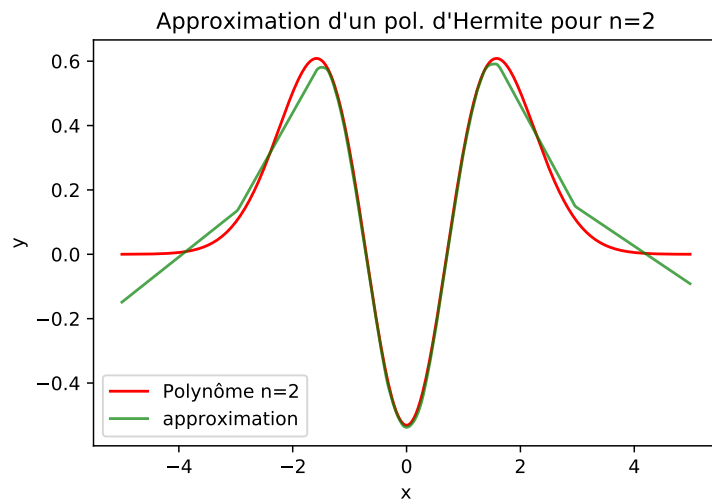


FIGURE 20 – $n=2$, 500 points. outputs : 200 200 1. Params : 40801. Trainable : 40801.

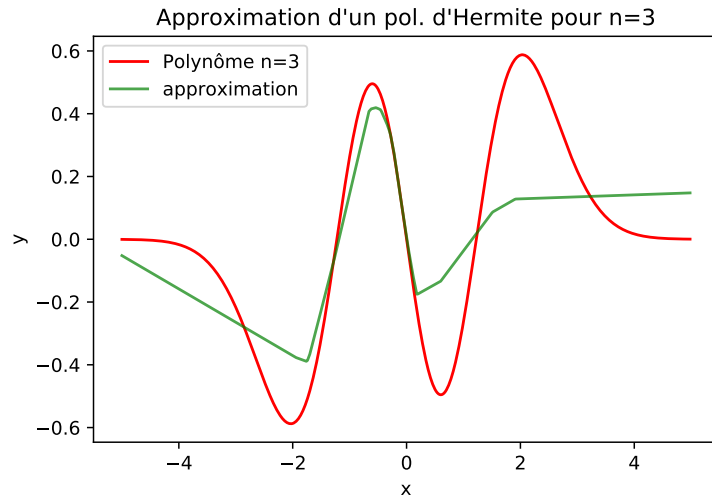


FIGURE 21 – $n=3$, 500 points. outputs : 20 20 1. Params : 481. Trainable : 481.

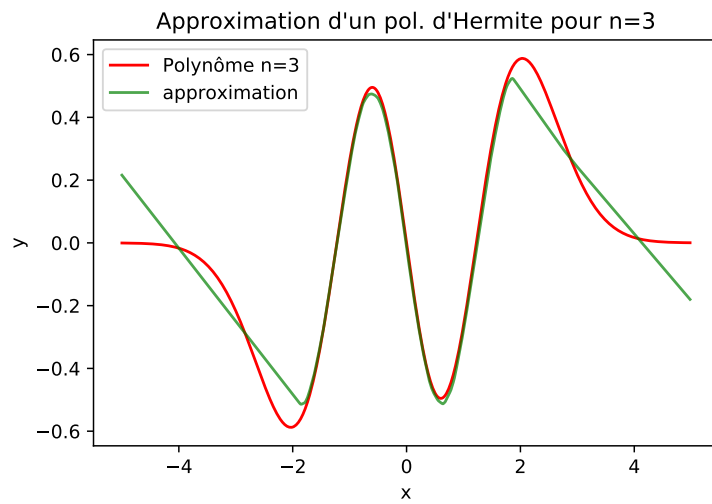


FIGURE 22 – $n=3$, 500 points. outputs : 200 200 1. Params : 40801. Trainable : 40801.

B Approximation des modules carrés des pol. d'Hermite par réseau de neurones (500 points)

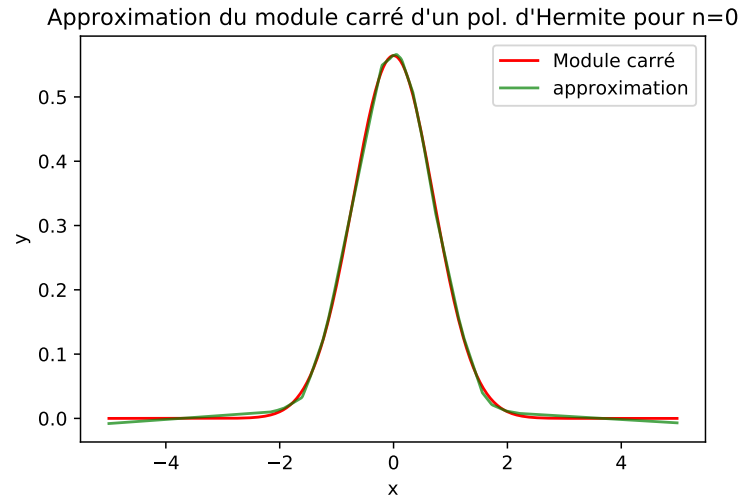


FIGURE 23 – $n=0$, 500 points. outputs : 20 20 1. Params : 481. Trainable : 481.

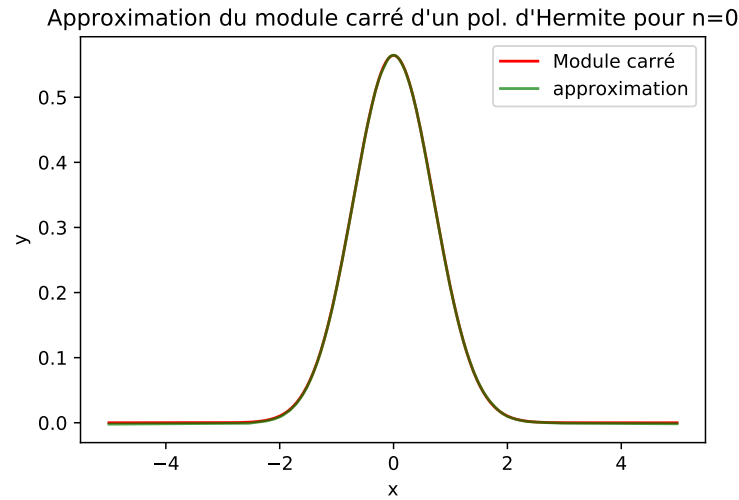


FIGURE 24 – $n=0$, 500 points. outputs : 200 200 1. Params : 40801. Trainable : 40801.

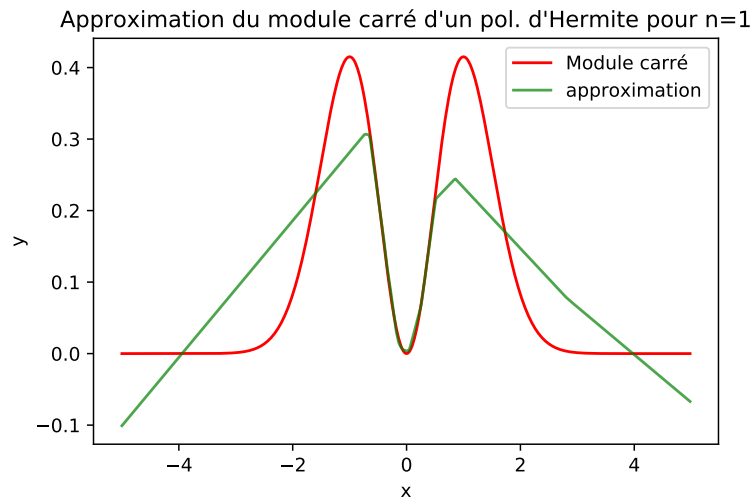


FIGURE 25 – $n=1$, 500 points. outputs : 20 20 1. Params : 481. Trainable : 481.

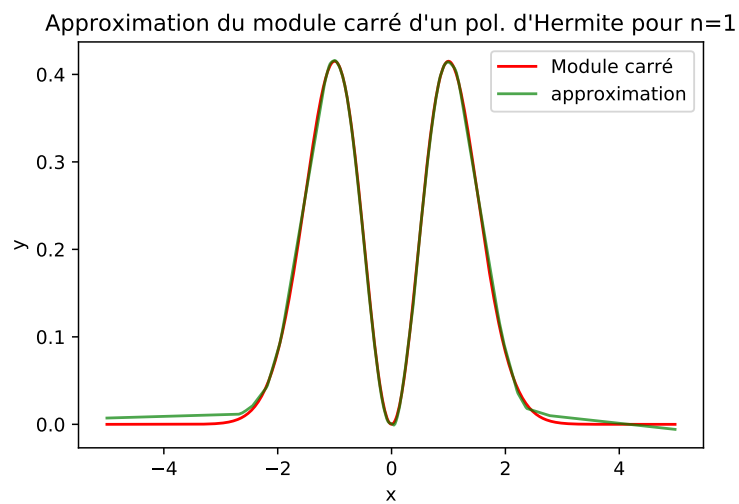


FIGURE 26 – $n=1$, 500 points. outputs : 200 200 1. Params : 40801. Trainable : 40801.

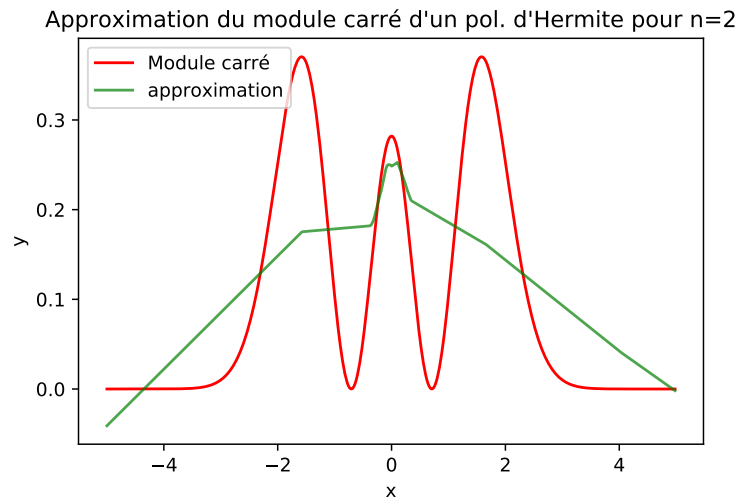


FIGURE 27 – $n=2$, 500 points. outputs : 20 20 1. Params : 481. Trainable : 481.

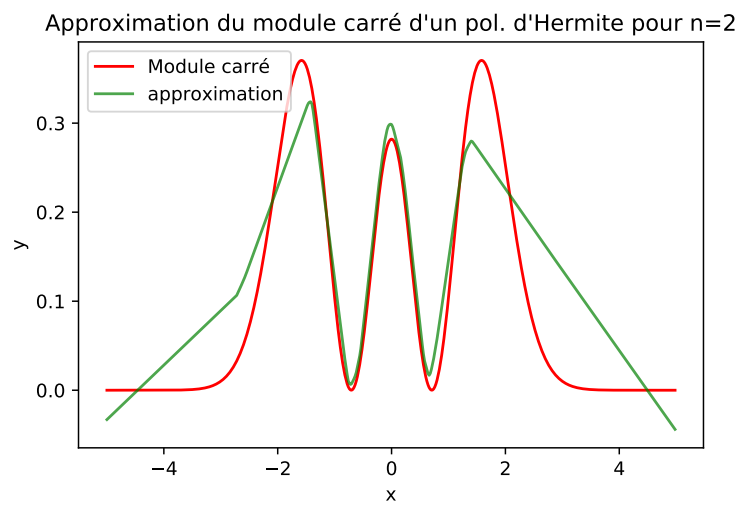


FIGURE 28 – $n=2$, 500 points. outputs : 200 200 1. Params : 40801. Trainable : 40801.

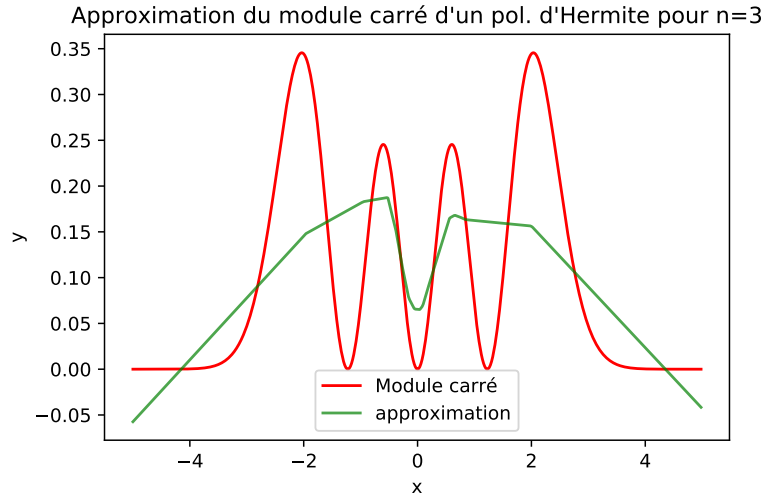


FIGURE 29 – $n=3$, 500 points. outputs : 20 20 1. Params : 481. Trainable : 481.

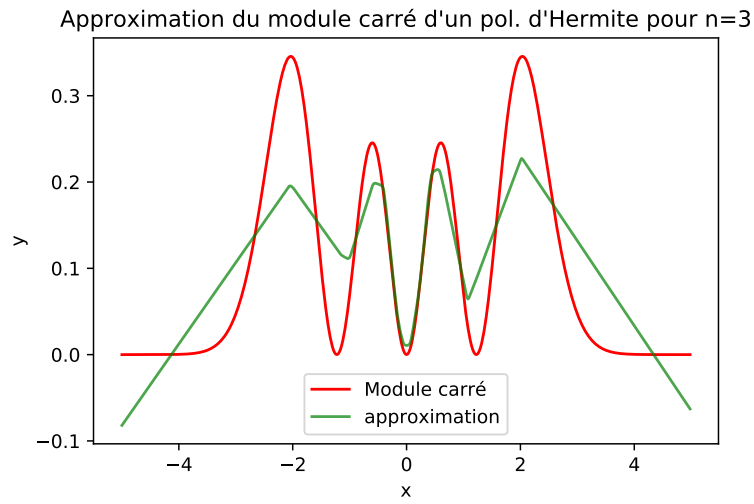


FIGURE 30 – $n=3$, 500 points. outputs : 200 200 1. Params : 40801. Trainable : 40801.

C Approximation des pol. d'Hermite par réseau de neurones (10001 pts)

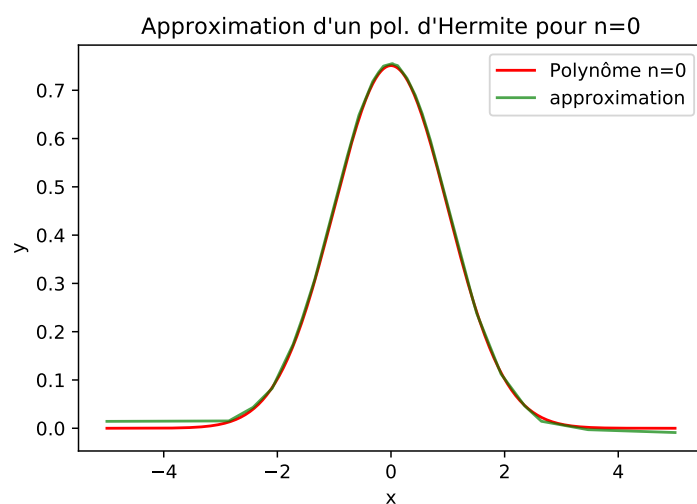


FIGURE 31 – $n=0$, 10001 pts. outputs : 20 20 1. Params : 481. Trainable : 481.

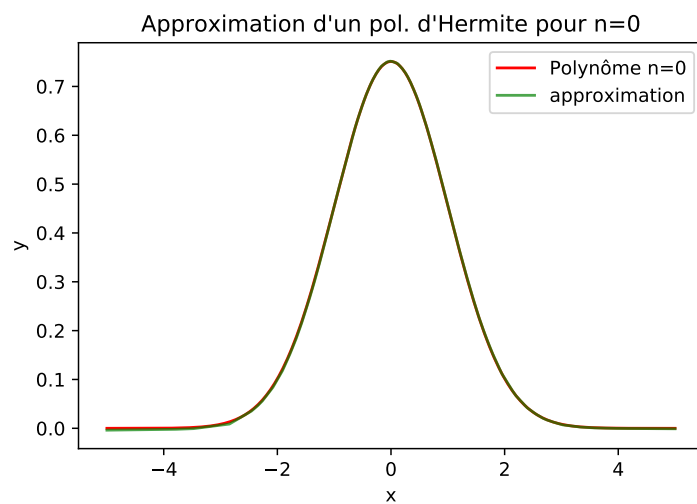


FIGURE 32 – $n=0$, 10001 pts. outputs : 200 200 1. Params : 40801. Trainable : 40801.

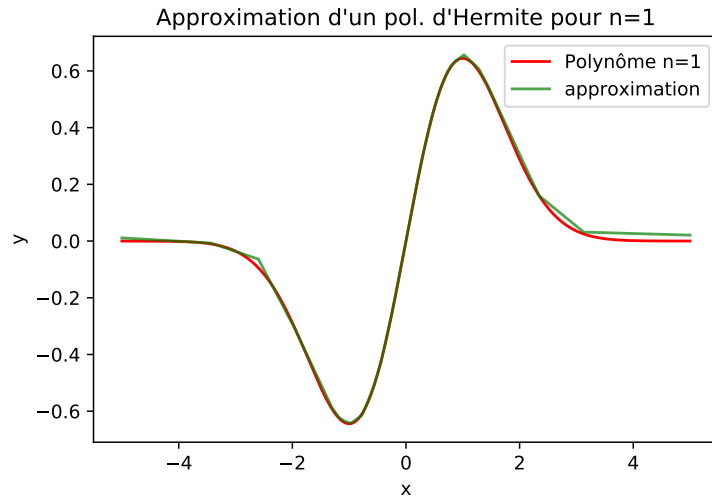


FIGURE 33 – $n=1$, 10001 pts. outputs : 20 20 1. Params : 481. Trainable : 481.

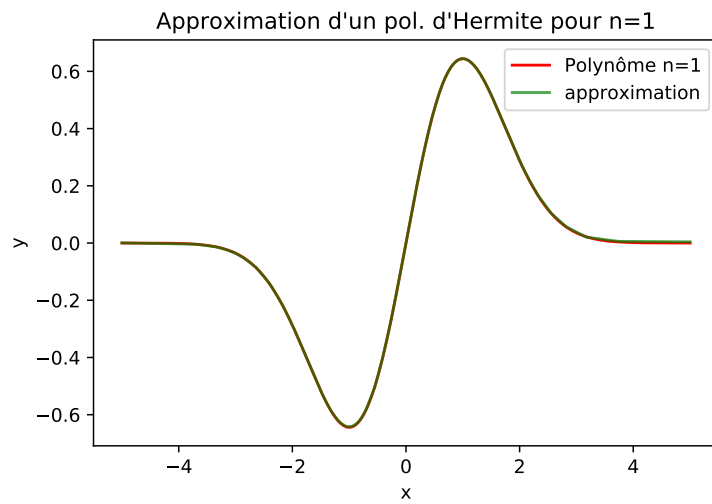


FIGURE 34 – $n=1$, 10001 pts. outputs : 200 200 1. Params : 40801. Trainable : 40801.

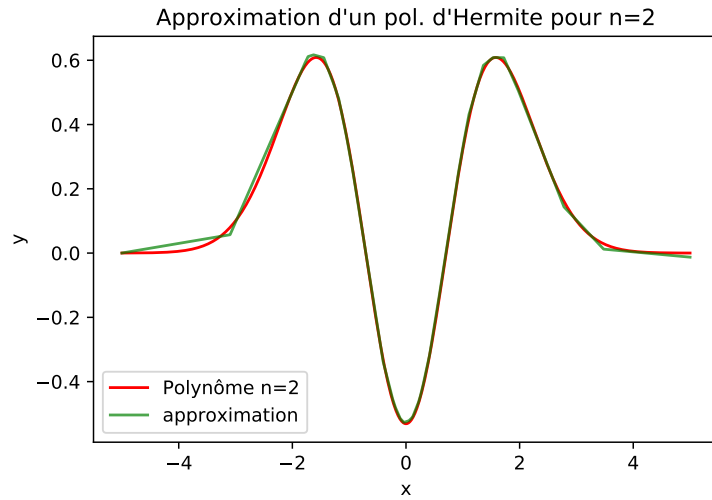


FIGURE 35 – $n=2$, 10001 pts. outputs : 20 20 1. Params : 481. Trainable : 481.

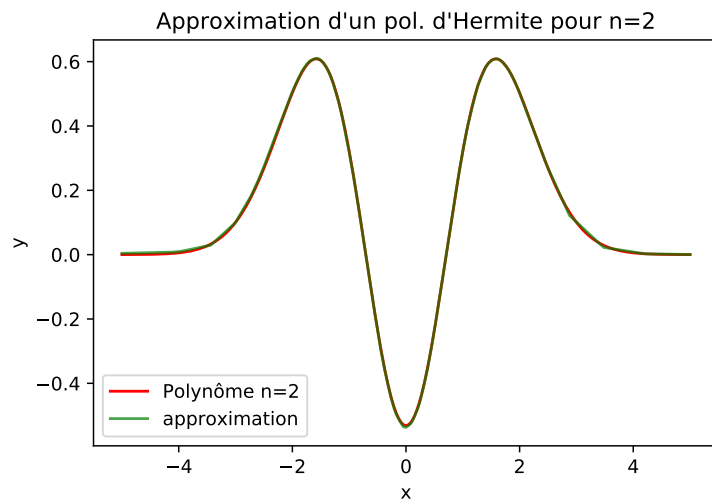


FIGURE 36 – $n=2$, 10001 pts. outputs : 200 200 1. Params : 40801. Trainable : 40801.

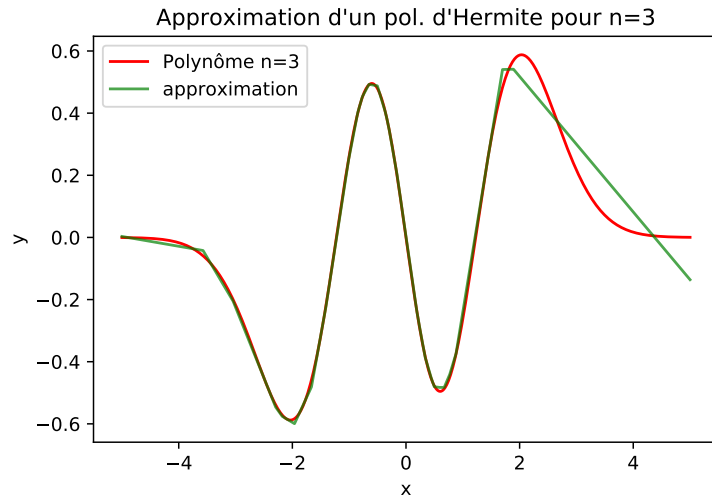


FIGURE 37 – $n=3$, 10001 pts. outputs : 20 20 1. Params : 481. Trainable : 481.

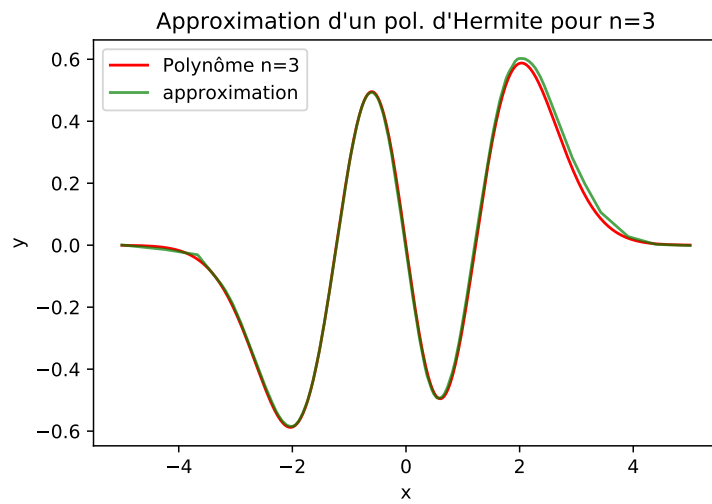


FIGURE 38 – $n=3$, 10001 pts. outputs : 200 200 1. Params : 40801. Trainable : 40801.

D Approximation des modules carrés des pol. d'Hermite par réseau de neurones (10001 pts)

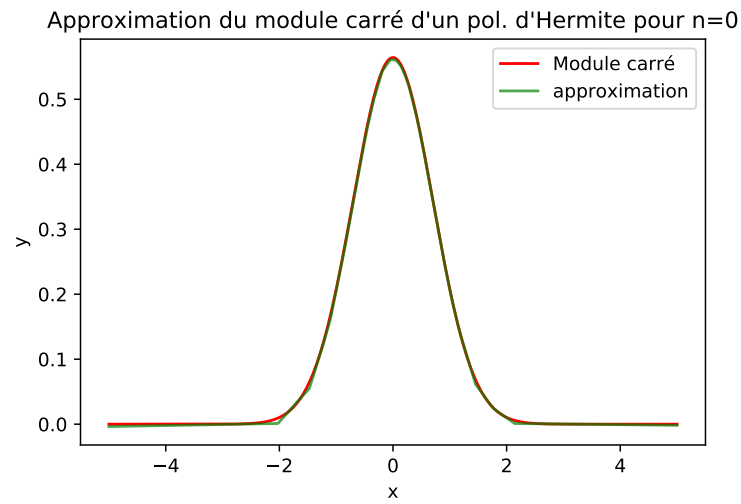


FIGURE 39 – $n=0$, 10001 pts. outputs : 20 20 1. Params : 481. Trainable : 481.

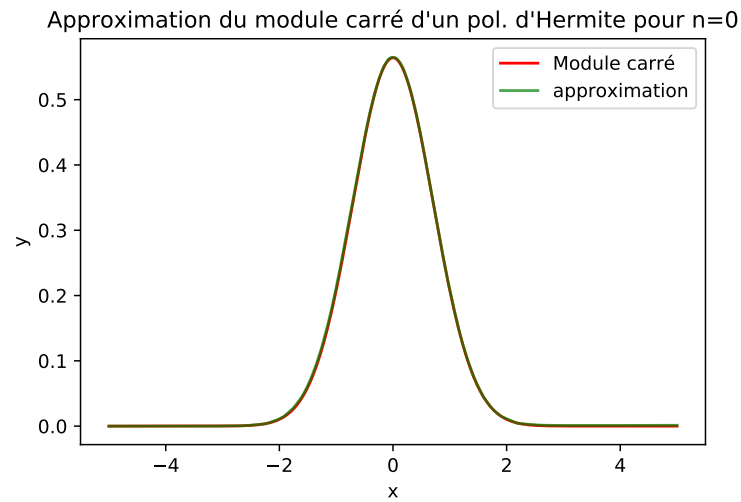


FIGURE 40 – $n=0$, 10001 pts. outputs : 200 200 1. Params : 40801. Trainable : 40801.

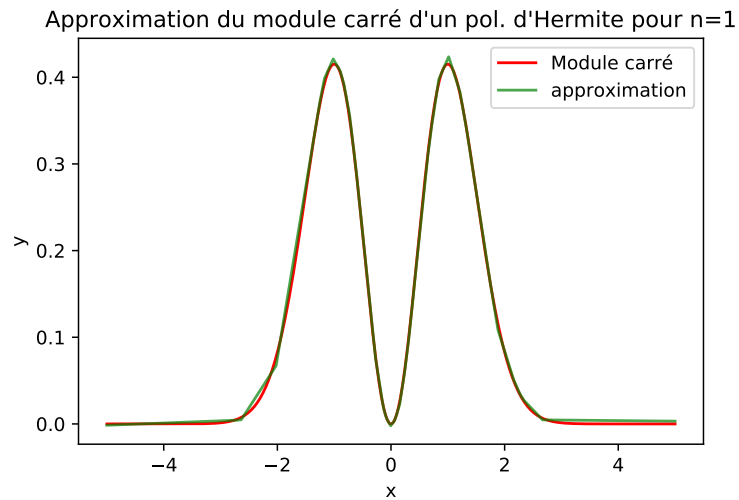


FIGURE 41 – $n=1$, 10001 pts. outputs : 20 20 1. Params : 481. Trainable : 481.

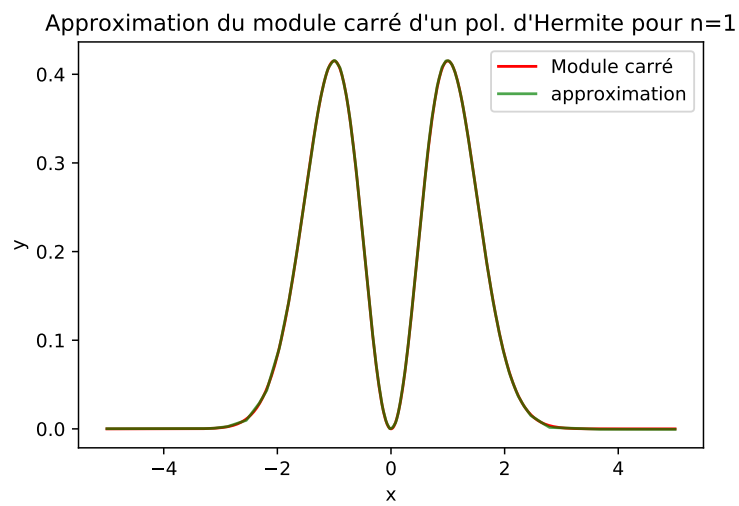


FIGURE 42 – $n=1$, 10001 pts. outputs : 200 200 1. Params : 40801. Trainable : 40801.

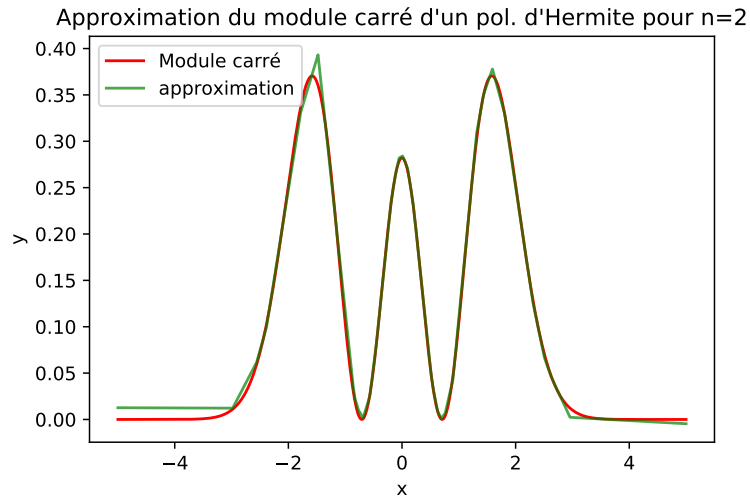


FIGURE 43 – $n=2$, 10001 pts. outputs : 20 20 1. Params : 481. Trainable : 481.

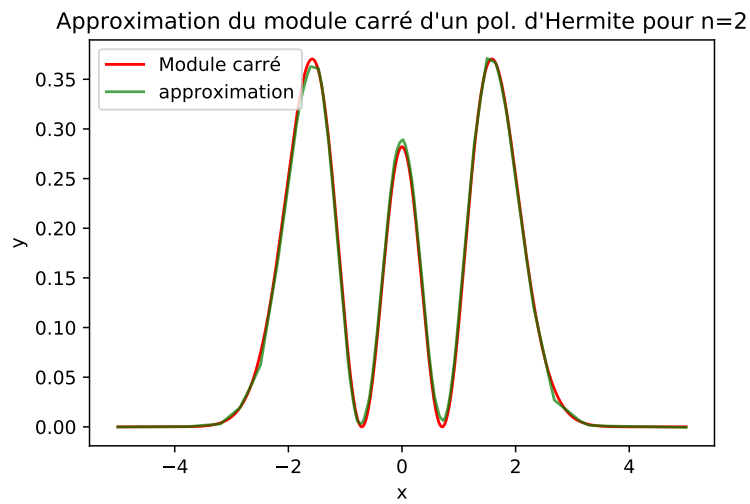


FIGURE 44 – $n=2$, 10001 pts. outputs : 200 200 1. Params : 40801. Trainable : 40801.

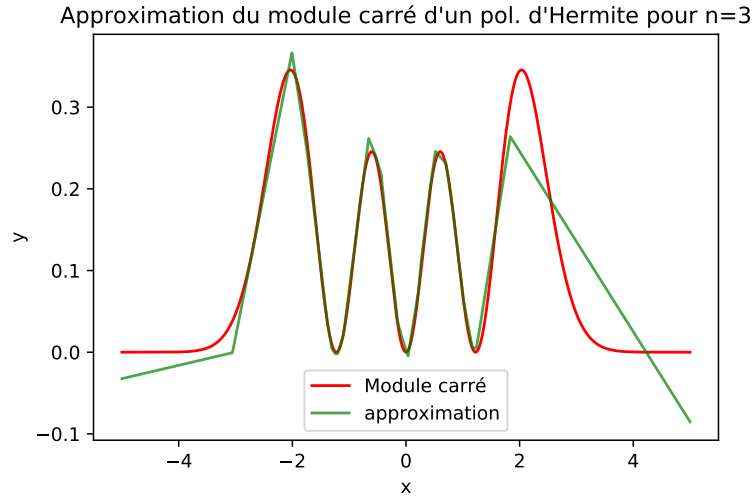


FIGURE 45 – $n=3$, 10001 pts. outputs : 20 20 1. Params : 481. Trainable : 481.

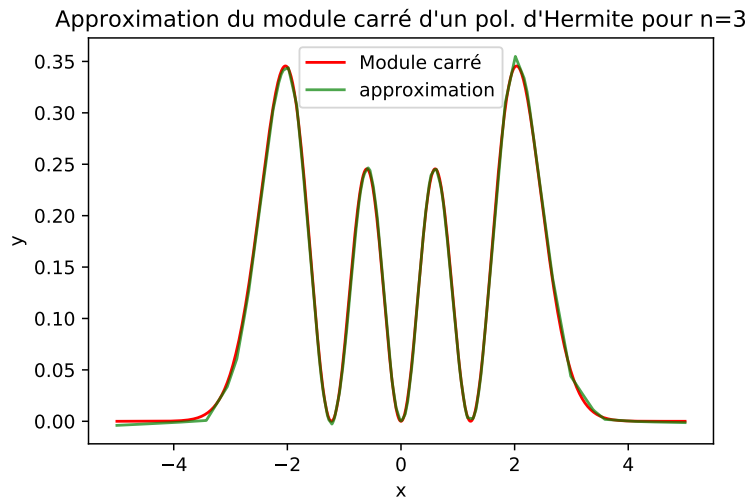


FIGURE 46 – $n=3$, 10001 pts. outputs : 200 200 1. Params : 40801. Trainable : 40801.