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MaZX`

ZXDiagram

NEW IN 13.2

```
ZXDiagram [\{expr_1, expr_2, ...\}]
```

constructs a ZX diagram from ZX expressions $expr_1$, $expr_2$, ... and stores it as ZXObject.

 $ZXDiagram [obj_1, obj_2, ..., \{expr_1, expr_2, ...\}]$

constructs a ZX diagram on top of the existing ZXObjects $obj_1, obj_2, ...$

Details and Options

- $\begin{tabular}{ll} & \textbf{Valid ZX expressions include Z[k_1, k_2, ...][$phase$] for the Z spiders, X[k_1, k_2, ...][$phase$] for the X spiders, H[k_1, k_2, ...] for the Hadamard gates, B[k_1, k_2, ...] for the Hadamard gates, B[$ diamond gates.
- The links between spiders take form $Z[i_1, i_2, ...][phase] \rightarrow Z[k_1, k_2, ...][phase], Z[i_1, i_2, ...][phase] \rightarrow X[k_1, k_2, ...][phase], X[i_1, i_2, ...][phase], X[i$ $X[i_1, i_2, ...][phase] \rightarrow X[k_1, k_2, ...][phase]$. The phase part [phase] in spider specifications may be dropped if the same spider appears with a phase value somewhere in the ZX expression.
- The Hadamard gates may also be involved in ZX links. However, it can one and only one incoming and outgoing link.
- To generate ZX links, Q3 function Chain may be useful.
- Within ZXDiagram, Rule [→], is regarded as Chain. This simplifies the DirectedEdge specifications in a ZX expression. For example, a→b→c→... is equivalent to Chain [a, b, c, ...], which generates a series of DirectedEdges $\{a \rightarrow b, b \rightarrow c, c \rightarrow ...\}$.

▼ Examples (17)

In[1]:= Needs["MaZX`"]

→ Basic Examples (7)

Here is a simple example of ZX diagram. Note that how specifying DirectedEdges have been simplified by using Chain.

In[1]:= ZXDiagram[{Chain[i, Z[1][Pi/2], X[1][Pi], o]}]



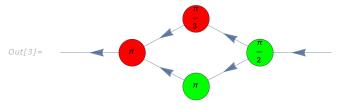
Specifying the ZX links may be simplified even further by using $a \rightarrow b \rightarrow c \rightarrow ...$ Note that this works only within ZXDiagram.

$$In[2]:= ZXDiagram[\{i \rightarrow Z[1][Pi/2] \rightarrow X[1][Pi] \rightarrow o\}]$$

$$Out[2]= \frac{\pi}{2}$$

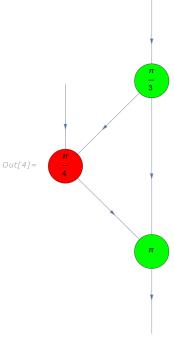
Using $\dots \to \{a, b\} \to \dots = \{\dots \to a \to \dots, \dots \to b \to \dots\}$ is another method for simplifying your specifications.

```
In[3]:= ZXDiagram[\{i \rightarrow Z[1][Pi/2] \rightarrow \{Z[2][Pi], X[2][Pi/3]\} \rightarrow X[1][Pi] \rightarrow 0\},
           GraphLayout -> "SpringElectricalEmbedding"]
```

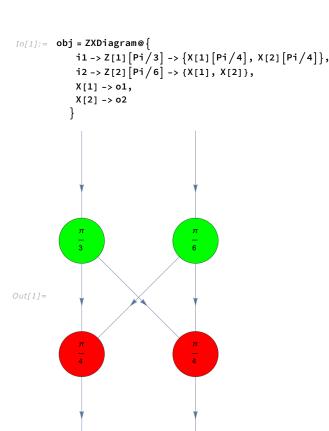


Here, note that the second Z spider does come with a phase specification. This is because the phase value π must be clear from the previous specification $z_{[1][Pi]}$ of the same spider.

```
In[4]:= ZXDiagram@{
             ii \rightarrow X[1][Pi/4] \rightarrow Z[1][Pi] \rightarrow o,
             i2 -> Z[2][Pi/3] -> Z[1],
            Z[2] -> X[1]
```



Consider a ZX diagram.



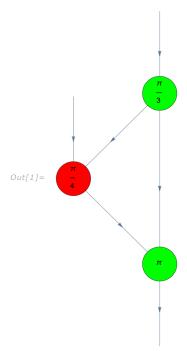
Calculate the corresponding operator expression.

$$\begin{split} & \text{In[2]:=} \quad \text{op = ExpressionFor[obj]} \\ & \text{Out[2]=} \quad \left(\frac{1}{8} + \frac{i}{8}\right) \left(1 + \sqrt{2}\right) \, \left| \Theta_{01}\Theta_{02} \right\rangle \left\langle \Theta_{i1}\Theta_{i2} \right| + \frac{1}{8} \, \left(-1\right)^{1/6} \left(\left(1 + i\right) - 2 \, \left(-1\right)^{1/4}\right) \, \left| \Theta_{01}\Theta_{02} \right\rangle \left\langle \Theta_{i1}\mathbf{1}_{i2} \right| + \\ & \frac{1}{8} \, \left(-1\right)^{1/3} \, \left(\left(1 + i\right) - 2 \, \left(-1\right)^{1/4}\right) \, \left| \Theta_{01}\Theta_{02} \right\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{1}_{i1}\Theta_{i2} \right| - \left(\frac{1}{8} - \frac{i}{8}\right) \, \left(1 + \sqrt{2}\right) \, \left| \Theta_{01}\Theta_{02} \right\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{1}_{i1}\mathbf{1}_{i2} \right| + \left(\frac{1}{8} - \frac{i}{8}\right) \, \left| \Theta_{01}\mathbf{1}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \Theta_{i1}\Theta_{i2} \right| + \\ & \left(\frac{1}{8} - \frac{i}{8}\right) \, \left(-1\right)^{1/6} \, \left| \Theta_{01}\mathbf{1}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \Theta_{i1}\mathbf{1}_{i2} \right| + \left(\frac{1}{8} - \frac{i}{8}\right) \, \left(-1\right)^{1/3} \, \left| \Theta_{01}\mathbf{1}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{1}_{i1}\Theta_{i2} \right| + \left(\frac{1}{8} + \frac{i}{8}\right) \, \left| \Theta_{o1}\mathbf{1}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{1}_{i1}\mathbf{1}_{i2} \right| + \\ & \left(\frac{1}{8} - \frac{i}{8}\right) \, \left| \mathbf{1}_{o1}\mathbf{0}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \Theta_{i1}\mathbf{0}_{i2} \right| + \left(\frac{1}{8} - \frac{i}{8}\right) \, \left(-1\right)^{1/6} \, \left| \mathbf{1}_{o1}\mathbf{0}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \Theta_{i1}\mathbf{1}_{i2} \right| + \left(\frac{1}{8} - \frac{i}{8}\right) \, \left(-1\right)^{1/3} \, \left| \mathbf{1}_{o1}\mathbf{0}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{0}_{i1}\mathbf{0}_{i2} \right| + \\ & \left(\frac{1}{8} + \frac{i}{8}\right) \, \left| \mathbf{1}_{o1}\mathbf{0}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{1}_{i1}\mathbf{1}_{i2} \right| - \left(\frac{1}{8} + \frac{i}{8}\right) \, \left(-1 + \sqrt{2}\right) \, \left| \mathbf{1}_{o1}\mathbf{1}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \Theta_{i1}\mathbf{0}_{i2} \right| + \left(\frac{1}{8} + \frac{i}{8}\right) \, \left(-1\right)^{1/6} \, \left(1 + \sqrt{2}\right) \, \left| \mathbf{1}_{o1}\mathbf{1}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \Theta_{i1}\mathbf{1}_{i2} \right| + \\ & \left(\frac{1}{8} + \frac{i}{8}\right) \, \left(-1\right)^{1/3} \, \left(1 + \sqrt{2}\right) \, \left| \mathbf{1}_{o1}\mathbf{1}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{1}_{i1}\mathbf{0}_{i2} \right| + \left(\frac{1}{8} - \frac{i}{8}\right) \, \left(-1\right)^{1/6} \, \left(1 + \sqrt{2}\right) \, \left| \mathbf{1}_{o1}\mathbf{1}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \Theta_{i1}\mathbf{1}_{i2} \right| + \\ & \left(\frac{1}{8} + \frac{i}{8}\right) \, \left(-1\right)^{1/3} \, \left(1 + \sqrt{2}\right) \, \left| \mathbf{1}_{o1}\mathbf{1}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{0}_{i1}\mathbf{1}_{i2} \right| + \left(\frac{1}{8} + \frac{i}{8}\right) \, \left(-1\right)^{1/6} \, \left(1 + \sqrt{2}\right) \, \left| \mathbf{1}_{o1}\mathbf{1}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{0}_{i1}\mathbf{1}_{i2} \right| + \\ & \left(\frac{1}{8} + \frac{i}{8}\right) \, \left(-1\right)^{1/3} \, \left(1 + \sqrt{2}\right) \, \left| \mathbf{1}_{o1}\mathbf{1}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{0}_{i1}\mathbf{1}_{i2} \right| + \\ & \left(\frac{1}{8} + \frac{i}{8}\right) \, \left(-1\right)^{1/3} \, \left(1 + \sqrt{2}\right) \, \left| \mathbf{1}_{o1}\mathbf{1}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{0}_{i1}\mathbf{1}_{i2} \right| + \\ & \left(\frac{1}{8} + \frac{i}{8}\right) \, \left(-1\right)^{1/3} \, \left(1 + \sqrt{2}\right) \, \left| \mathbf{1}_{o1}\mathbf{1}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \mathbf{0}_{i1}\mathbf{1}_{i2} \right| + \\ & \left(\frac{1}{$$

Calculate the matrix representation of the ZX diagram.

```
In[3]:= mat = Matrix[obj] // N;
                                                                                                                                                                         MatrixForm[mat]
Out[3]//MatrixForm=
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         0.301777 + 0.301777 \, \mathrm{i} \\ \phantom{0.301777 \, \mathrm{i}} \phantom
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         0.125 + 0.125 i
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       0.125 + 0.125 i
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```

```
In[4]:= mat - Matrix[op] // N // Chop // MatrixForm
```



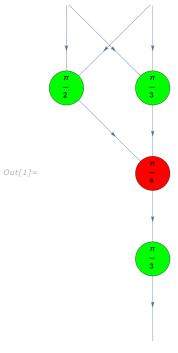
Out[1]//MatrixForm=

In[2]:= Matrix[op] - Matrix[obj] // N // Chop // MatrixForm

Out[2]//MatrixForm=

$$\left(\begin{smallmatrix}0&0&0&0\\0&0&0&0\end{smallmatrix}\right)$$

```
In[1]:= obj = ZXDiagram@{
            Z[2][Pi/3], Z[1][Pi/2], Z[3][Pi/3],
{i1, i2} -> Z[{1, 3}] -> X[1][Pi/4] -> Z[2] -> 0
         op = ExpressionFor[obj]
         mat = Matrix[obj];
         mat // SimplifyThrough // MatrixForm
```



$$\begin{array}{llll} \textit{Out[1]$=$} & \frac{1}{4} \left(\left(1+i \right) + \sqrt{2} \, \right) \, \left| \theta_o \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_{i1} \theta_{i2} \, \right| + \frac{ \left(-1 \right)^{5/6} \, \left(1+ \, \left(-1 \right)^{1/4} \right) \, \left| \theta_o \right\rangle \left\langle 1_{i1} 1_{i2} \, \right| }{2 \, \sqrt{2}} \, \\ & & \frac{ \left(-1 \right)^{1/3} \, \left(-1+ \, \left(-1 \right)^{1/4} \right) \, \left| 1_o \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_{i1} \theta_{i2} \, \right| }{2 \, \sqrt{2}} + \frac{ \left(-1 \right)^{1/6} \, \left(-1+ \, \left(-1 \right)^{1/4} \right) \, \left| 1_o \right\rangle \left\langle 1_{i1} 1_{i2} \, \right| }{2 \, \sqrt{2}} \end{array}$$

Out[1]//MatrixForm=

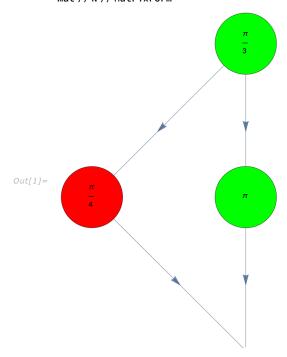
In[2]:= Matrix[op] - Matrix[obj] // N // Chop // MatrixForm

Out[2]//MatrixForm=

$$\left(\begin{smallmatrix}0&0&0&0\\0&0&0&0\end{smallmatrix}\right)$$

In this example, the output vertex has two incident edges.

```
In[1]:= obj = ZXDiagram@{
            Z[1][Pi/3], X[1][Pi/4], Z[2][Pi],
            Z[1] \rightarrow \{X[1], Z[2]\} \rightarrow 0
        op = ExpressionFor[obj]
        mat = Matrix[obj];
        mat // N // MatrixForm
```



$$\textit{Out[1]} = \begin{array}{cc} \frac{1}{2} \, \left(1 + \, \left(-1 \right)^{\, 1/4} \right) \, \, \left| \theta_o \right. \right\rangle \, - \, \frac{1}{2} \, \, \left(-1 \right)^{\, 1/3} \, \left(1 + \, \left(-1 \right)^{\, 1/4} \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \right. \right\rangle$$

Out[1]//MatrixForm=

(0.853553 + 0.353553 i -0.12059 - 0.915976 i

In[2]:= Matrix[op] - Matrix[obj] // N // Chop // MatrixForm

Out[2]//MatrixForm=

0

```
In[1]:= obj = ZXDiagram@{
             Z[1][Pi/3], X[1][Pi/4], Z[2][Pi], Z[3][0],
            Z[1] \rightarrow \{X[1], Z[2]\} \rightarrow Z[3] \rightarrow 0
        op = ExpressionFor[obj]
        mat = Matrix[obj];
        mat // N // MatrixForm
```

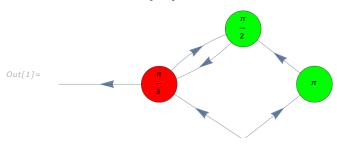
$$Out[1] = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + (-1)^{1/4} \right) \left| \theta_o \right\rangle - \frac{1}{2} (-1)^{1/3} \left(1 + (-1)^{1/4} \right) \left| 1_o \right\rangle$$

$$Out[1] / MatrixForm = \begin{pmatrix} 0.853553 + 0.353553 & i \\ -0.12059 - 0.915976 & i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$In[2] := ZXLayers[Graph@obj]$$

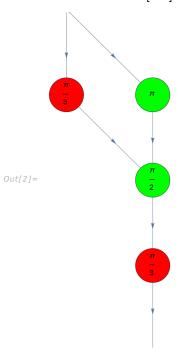
$$Out[2] = \left\{ \left\{ Z_1 \left(\frac{\pi}{3} \right) \right\}, \left\{ X_1 \left(\frac{\pi}{4} \right), Z_2 (\pi) \right\}, \left\{ Z_3 (0) \right\}, \left\{ o \right\} \right\}$$

This example shows a common mistake you can make in ZX expression. Note that just changing the phase of the spider x[1][Pi/3] does not fix it because there is a loop of the directed edges.



Maybe, this was the intended diagram.

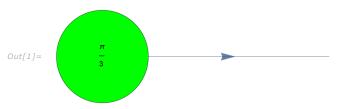
 $In[2]:= obj = ZXDiagram@\{i \rightarrow \{Z[1][Pi], X[1][Pi/3]\} \rightarrow Z[2][Pi/2] \rightarrow X[2][Pi/3] \rightarrow o\}$ op = ExpressionFor[obj] // ToZBasis



$$\text{Out[2]=} \quad \frac{1}{4} \, \left(1 + \, (-1)^{\, 1/3} \right)^2 \, \left| \theta_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{1}{4} \, \, \text{i} \, \left(-1 + \, (-1)^{\, 2/3} \right) \, \left| \theta_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{1}{4} \, \left(1 - \, (-1)^{\, 2/3} \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{1}{4} \, \left(1 - \, (-1)^{\, 2/3} \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{4} \, \left(1 - \, (-1)^{\, 2/3} \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{4} \, \left(1 - \, (-1)^{\, 2/3} \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{4} \, \left(1 - \, (-1)^{\, 2/3} \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{4} \, \left(1 - \, (-1)^{\, 2/3} \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \left| 1_o \, \right\rangle \left\langle 1_i \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \right| \, + \, \frac{3}{8} \, \left(-\text{i} + \, \sqrt{3} \, \right) \, \, \right$$

Scope (9)

▼ Either input or output (but not both) (1)



In[2]:= op = ExpressionFor[obj]

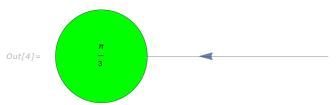
$$\textit{Out[2]} = \left| 0_o \right\rangle + \left(-1 \right)^{1/3} \left| 1_o \right\rangle$$

In[3]:= obj = ZXDiagram@{X[1][Pi/3] -> o}
 op = ExpressionFor[obj] // ToXBasis

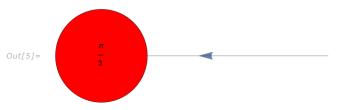


Out[3]=
$$\left|+_{o}\right\rangle + \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + i \sqrt{3}\right) \left|-_{o}\right\rangle$$

In[4]:= obj = ZXDiagram@{i -> Z[1][Pi/3]}
 op = ExpressionFor[obj]



$$Out[4] = \langle 0_i \mid + (-1)^{1/3} \langle 1_i \mid$$



Out[5]=
$$\langle +_i \mid + \frac{1}{2} (1 + i \sqrt{3}) \langle -_i \mid$$

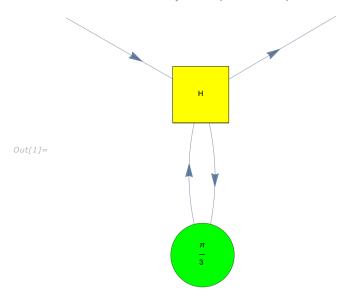
→ Hadamard date (2)

Let us compare the above result with the usual algebraic calculation.

In a ZX expression, the Hadamard gate can have one and only one input and output links.

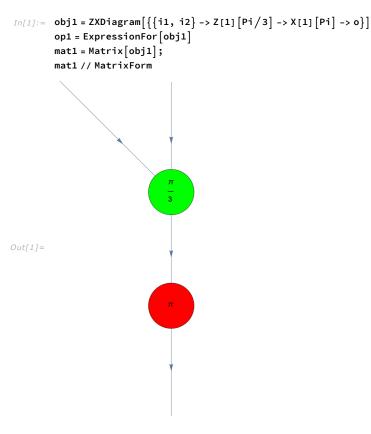
 $In[1]:= obj = ZXDiagram@{i \rightarrow H[1] \rightarrow Z[1][Pi/3] \rightarrow H[1] \rightarrow o}$

ZXDiagram: Wrong arities for some Hadamard gates: $\{H_1 \rightarrow \{2, 2\}\}$. Every Hadamard gate should have one and only one input and output link.



→ Joining two ZXObjects (3)

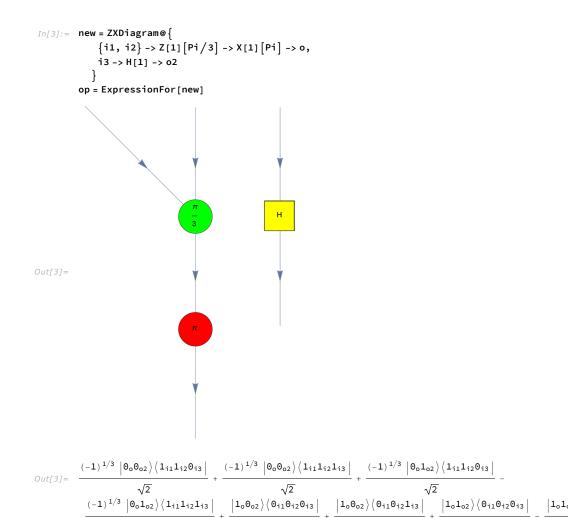
Here is one ZX diagram.



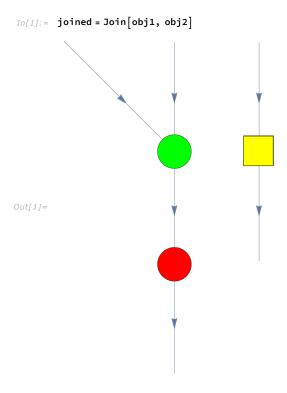
$$\begin{array}{lll} \textit{Out[1]} = & (-1)^{1/3} \; \left| \theta_o \right> \left< \mathbf{1}_{11} \mathbf{1}_{12} \; \right| \; + \; \left| \mathbf{1}_o \right> \left< \theta_{11} \theta_{12} \; \right| \\ \\ \textit{Out[1]} \textit{//MatrixForm} = & \\ & \left(\begin{array}{ccc} 0 & 0 & e^{\frac{i \pi}{3}} \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right) \end{array}$$

Here is another one.

If you want to combine the above two ZX diagrams, usually, you have to put all those ZX expression in the above two diagrams again in the new one.

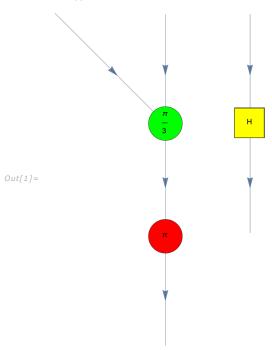


To avoid, you can just combine them using Join.



If you just add to an already existing ZX diagram, then just include the previous one in the ZX expression.

 $In[1]:= obj3 = ZXDiagram[{obj1, i3 -> H[1] -> o2}]$ op3 = ExpressionFor[obj3] mat3 = Matrix[obj3]; mat3 // MatrixForm



Out[1]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{e^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{e^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{e^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{e^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

◆ Controlled-NOT (CNOT) gate (2)

In[1]:= Let[Qubit, S] qc = QuantumCircuit[CNOT[S[1], S[2]]]



```
In[2]:= cnot = ZXDiagram[{B[1],
                           i1 -> Z[1][0] -> o1,
                           i2 -> X[2][0] -> o2,
                           Z[1] \rightarrow X[2],
                         VertexCoordinates -> {
                              i1 -> {-1, 1}, i2 -> {-1, -1},
                              o1 -> \{1, 1\}, o2 -> \{1, -1\}, B[1] -> \{1, 0\}
                    op = ExpressionFor[cnot] // ToZBasis
                    mat = Matrix[cnot];
                    mat // MatrixForm
  \textit{Out[2]} = \quad \left| \theta_{\text{ol}} \theta_{\text{o2}} \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_{\text{il}} \theta_{\text{i2}} \right| + \\ \left| \theta_{\text{ol}} 1_{\text{o2}} \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_{\text{il}} 1_{\text{i2}} \right| + \\ \left| 1_{\text{ol}} \theta_{\text{o2}} \right\rangle \left\langle 1_{\text{il}} 1_{\text{i2}} \right| + \\ \left| 1_{\text{ol}} 1_{\text{o2}} \right\rangle \left\langle 1_{\text{il}} \theta_{\text{i2}} \right| 
Out[2]//MatrixForm=
                      1 0 0 0
                      0 1 0 0
                      0 0 0 1
```

0 0 1 0

```
In[3]:= cnot = ZXDiagram[
              {Z[1][0], Z[2][0], H[1], B[1],
                i1 -> Z[1] -> o1,
                i2 \rightarrow H[2] \rightarrow Z[2] \rightarrow H[3] \rightarrow o2,
               Z[1] \rightarrow H[1] \rightarrow Z[2],
              VertexCoordinates -> {
                 i1 \rightarrow \{-2, 1\}, i2 \rightarrow \{-2, -1\},
                 01 \rightarrow \{2, 1\}, 02 \rightarrow \{2, -1\},
                 Z[1][0] \rightarrow \{0, 1\}, Z[2][0] \rightarrow \{0, -1\},
                 H[1] \rightarrow \{0, 0\}, H[2] \rightarrow \{-1, -1\}, H[3] \rightarrow \{1, -1\},
                 B[1] \rightarrow \{1, 0\}
           op = ExpressionFor[cnot] // ToZBasis
           mat = Matrix[cnot];
           mat // MatrixForm
 Out[3]//MatrixForm=
            1 0 0 0
             0 1 0 0
             0 0 0 1
            0 0 1 0
```

An interesting variation is the following ZX diagram.

```
In[1]:= cnot = ZXDiagram[
           {Z[1][0], X[1][Pi], B[1],
            i1 -> Z[1] -> o1,
            i2 -> X[1] -> o2,
            Z[1] \rightarrow X[1],
           {\tt VertexCoordinates} \to \big\{
             i1 \rightarrow \{-1, 1\}, i2 \rightarrow \{-1, -1\},
             o1 -> \{1, 1\}, o2 -> \{1, -1\}, B[1] -> \{1, 0\}
         op = ExpressionFor[cnot] // ToZBasis
         mat = Matrix[cnot];
         mat // MatrixForm
 Out[1]=
 Out[1]//MatrixForm=
         0 1 0 0
          1 0 0 0
          0 0 1 0
         0 0 0 1
```

It corresponds to the following quantum circuit.

```
In[2]:= Let[Qubit, S]
       qc = QuantumCircuit[CNOT[{S[1]} -> {0}, S[2]]]
```

 ✓ Controlled-Z (CZ) gate (1)

```
In[1]:= cz = ZXDiagram[
                         {Z[1][0], Z[2][0], B[1],}
                           i1 -> Z[1] -> o1,
                           i2 -> Z[2] -> o2,
                          Z[1] \rightarrow H[1] \rightarrow Z[2],
                        {\tt VertexCoordinates} \to \big\{
                             i1 \rightarrow \{-1, 1\}, i2 \rightarrow \{-1, -1\}, o1 \rightarrow \{1, 1\}, o2 \rightarrow \{1, -1\},
                             Z[1][0] \rightarrow \{0, 1\}, Z[2][0] \rightarrow \{0, -1\},
                             H[1] \rightarrow \{0, 0\}, B[1] \rightarrow \{1, 0\}
                    op = ExpressionFor[cz]
                   mat = Matrix[cz];
                   mat // MatrixForm
   Out[1]=
   \textit{Out[1]} = \quad \left| \textbf{0}_{o1} \textbf{0}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \textbf{0}_{i1} \textbf{0}_{i2} \right| + \\ \left| \textbf{0}_{o1} \textbf{1}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \textbf{0}_{i1} \textbf{1}_{i2} \right| + \\ \left| \textbf{1}_{o1} \textbf{0}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \textbf{1}_{i1} \textbf{0}_{i2} \right| - \\ \left| \textbf{1}_{o1} \textbf{1}_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \textbf{1}_{i1} \textbf{1}_{i2} \right|
Out[1]//MatrixForm=
                     (1000
                      0 1 0 0
                      0 0 1 0
                     0 0 0 -1
              ✔ Properties & Relations (1)
```

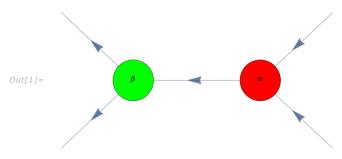
✓ Identity (1)

This is one of the most common diagram.

$$In[1]:= obj = ZXDiagram[\{\{i1, i2\} -> X[1][\alpha] -> Z[1][\beta] -> \{01, 02\}\},$$

$$GraphLayout -> "SpringElectricalEmbedding"]$$

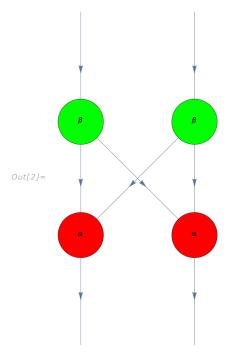
$$op1 = ExpressionFor[obj]$$

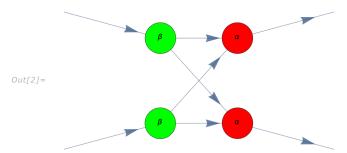


$$\begin{split} \textit{Out[1]$=} & \frac{\left(1+e^{i\,\alpha}\right)\,\left|\theta_{o1}\theta_{o2}\right\rangle\left\langle\theta_{i1}\theta_{i2}\right|}{2\,\,\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\left(-1+e^{i\,\alpha}\right)\,\left|\theta_{o1}\theta_{o2}\right\rangle\left\langle\theta_{i1}1_{i2}\right|}{2\,\,\sqrt{2}} - \\ & \frac{\left(-1+e^{i\,\alpha}\right)\,\left|\theta_{o1}\theta_{o2}\right\rangle\left\langle1_{i1}\theta_{i2}\right|}{2\,\,\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\left(1+e^{i\,\alpha}\right)\,\left|\theta_{o1}\theta_{o2}\right\rangle\left\langle1_{i1}1_{i2}\right|}{2\,\,\sqrt{2}} - \frac{e^{i\,\beta}\,\left(-1+e^{i\,\alpha}\right)\,\left|1_{o1}1_{o2}\right\rangle\left\langle\theta_{i1}\theta_{i2}\right|}{2\,\,\sqrt{2}} + \\ & \frac{e^{i\,\beta}\,\left(1+e^{i\,\alpha}\right)\,\left|1_{o1}1_{o2}\right\rangle\left\langle\theta_{i1}1_{i2}\right|}{2\,\,\sqrt{2}} + \frac{e^{i\,\beta}\,\left(1+e^{i\,\alpha}\right)\,\left|1_{o1}1_{o2}\right\rangle\left\langle1_{i1}\theta_{i2}\right|}{2\,\,\sqrt{2}} - \frac{e^{i\,\beta}\,\left(-1+e^{i\,\alpha}\right)\,\left|1_{o1}1_{o2}\right\rangle\left\langle\theta_{i1}1_{i2}\right|}{2\,\,\sqrt{2}} \end{split}$$

The above diagram is equivalent to the following two diagrams.

```
In[2]:= new = ZXDiagram[{
              i1 \rightarrow Z[1][\beta] \rightarrow \{X[1][\alpha], X[2][\alpha]\},
              X[1] \rightarrow o1, X[2] \rightarrow o2,
              i2 \rightarrow Z[2][\beta] \rightarrow \{X[1], X[2]\}
            }]
          fun = ZXDiagram[{new},
             VertexCoordinates -> \{i1 -> \{-1, 1\}, i2 -> \{-1, 0\}, o1 -> \{1, 1\}, o2 -> \{1, 0\}\},\
             EdgeStyle -> Arrowheads[{{0.05, 0.8}}]
         op2 = ExpressionFor[new]
```





$$\begin{aligned} \text{Out} [2] &= & \frac{1}{8} \left(1 + e^{i\,\alpha} \right)^2 \, \left| \theta_{o1} \theta_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_{i1} \theta_{i2} \right| + \frac{1}{8} \, e^{i\,\beta} \, \left(-1 + e^{i\,\alpha} \right)^2 \, \left| \theta_{o1} \theta_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_{i1} 1_{i2} \right| + \\ & \frac{1}{8} \, e^{i\,\beta} \, \left(-1 + e^{i\,\alpha} \right)^2 \, \left| \theta_{o1} \theta_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle 1_{i1} \theta_{i2} \right| + \frac{1}{8} \, e^{2\,i\,\beta} \, \left(1 + e^{i\,\alpha} \right)^2 \, \left| \theta_{o1} \theta_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle 1_{i1} 1_{i2} \right| + \frac{1}{8} \, \left(1 - e^{2\,i\,\alpha} \right) \, \left| \theta_{o1} 1_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_{i1} \theta_{i2} \right| - \\ & \frac{1}{8} \, e^{i\,\beta} \, \left(-1 + e^{2\,i\,\alpha} \right) \, \left| \theta_{o1} 1_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_{i1} 1_{i2} \right| - \frac{1}{8} \, e^{i\,\beta} \, \left(-1 + e^{2\,i\,\alpha} \right) \, \left| \theta_{o1} 1_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle 1_{i1} \theta_{i2} \right| - \\ & \frac{1}{8} \, e^{2\,i\,\beta} \, \left(-1 + e^{2\,i\,\alpha} \right) \, \left| \theta_{o1} 1_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle 1_{i1} 1_{i2} \right| + \frac{1}{8} \, \left(1 - e^{2\,i\,\alpha} \right) \, \left| 1_{o1} \theta_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_{i1} \theta_{i2} \right| - \frac{1}{8} \, e^{i\,\beta} \, \left(-1 + e^{2\,i\,\alpha} \right) \, \left| 1_{o1} \theta_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_{i1} 1_{i2} \right| - \\ & \frac{1}{8} \, e^{i\,\beta} \, \left(-1 + e^{2\,i\,\alpha} \right) \, \left| 1_{o1} \theta_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle 1_{i1} \theta_{i2} \right| - \frac{1}{8} \, e^{2\,i\,\beta} \, \left(-1 + e^{2\,i\,\alpha} \right) \, \left| 1_{o1} \theta_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle 1_{i1} 1_{i2} \right| + \\ & \frac{1}{8} \, e^{i\,\beta} \, \left(1 + e^{i\,\alpha} \right)^2 \, \left| 1_{o1} 1_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_{i1} 1_{i2} \right| + \frac{1}{8} \, e^{i\,\beta} \, \left(1 + e^{i\,\alpha} \right)^2 \, \left| 1_{o1} 1_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle 1_{i1} 1_{i2} \right| + \\ & \frac{1}{8} \, e^{i\,\beta} \, \left(1 + e^{i\,\alpha} \right)^2 \, \left| 1_{o1} 1_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_{i1} 1_{i2} \right| + \frac{1}{8} \, e^{i\,\beta} \, \left(1 + e^{i\,\alpha} \right)^2 \, \left| 1_{o1} 1_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle 1_{i1} 1_{i2} \right| + \\ & \frac{1}{8} \, e^{i\,\beta} \, \left(1 + e^{i\,\alpha} \right)^2 \, \left| 1_{o1} 1_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_{i1} 1_{i2} \right| + \frac{1}{8} \, e^{i\,\beta} \, \left(1 + e^{i\,\alpha} \right)^2 \, \left| 1_{o1} 1_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle 1_{i1} 1_{i2} \right| + \\ & \frac{1}{8} \, e^{i\,\beta} \, \left(1 + e^{i\,\alpha} \right)^2 \, \left| 1_{o1} 1_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_{i1} 1_{i2} \right| + \frac{1}{8} \, e^{i\,\beta} \, \left(1 + e^{i\,\alpha} \right)^2 \, \left| 1_{o1} 1_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle 1_{i1} 1_{i2} \right| + \\ & \frac{1}{8} \, e^{i\,\beta} \, \left(1 + e^{i\,\alpha} \right)^2 \, \left| 1_{o1} 1_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_{i1} 1_{i2} \right| + \\ & \frac{1}{8} \, e^{i\,\beta} \, \left(1 + e^{i\,\alpha} \right)^2 \, \left| 1_{o1} 1_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_{i1} 1_{i2} \right| + \\ & \frac{1}{8} \, e^{i\,\beta} \, \left(1 + e^{i\,\alpha} \right)^2 \, \left| 1_{o1} 1_{o2} \right\rangle \left\langle \theta_{i1} 1_{i2} \right| + \\ & \frac{1}{8} \, e^{i\,\beta} \, \left(1 + e^{i\,\alpha} \right)^2 \, \left| 1_{o1} 1_{o2} \right\rangle \left$$

 $In[3]:= \alpha = \beta = 0;$ Matrix[obj] // SimplifyThrough // MatrixForm Matrix[new] // SimplifyThrough // MatrixForm

Out[3]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 \\ \end{pmatrix}$$

Out[3]//MatrixForm=

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccccc} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \end{array} \right)$$



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Related Links

• R. Duncan, A. Kissinger, S. Perdrix, and J. van de Wetering, Quantum 4, 279 (2020), "Graph-theoretic Simplification of Quantum Circuits with the ZX-calculus."