```
In [1]: from plotting import *
    from CVZ import *
    %matplotlib inline
    # get simulation
    self = loadpickle('pickles/RVInformationGP_Nrvge10')
    #self = loadpickle('pickles/RVInformationGP')

In [2]: # write function that returns indices of planets of interest based on their
    def get_planets(tobs, g, N=0, sort=True):
        tobsinds = np.argsort(tobs[g]) if sort else np.arange(tobs[g].size)
        inds = np.arange(tobs.size)[g][tobsinds]
        return inds if N == 0 else inds[:int(N)]
```

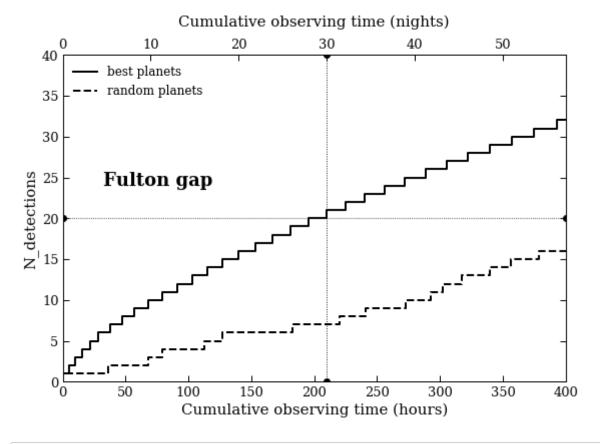
Measuring the 3σ mass of one temperate Earth-sized planet

```
In [3]: ind = 1451
        inds = np.array([ind])
        print 'Orbital period = %.3f days'%self.Ps_med[ind]
        print 'Planet radius = %.3f Earth radii'%self.rps_med[ind]
        print 'Planet mass = %.3f Earth masses'%self.mps_med[ind]
        print 'J = %.3f'%self.Jmags_med[ind]
        print 'Stellar effective temperature = %i K'%self.Teffs med[ind]
        Orbital period = 26.300 days
        Planet radius = 1.292 Earth radii
        Planet mass = 2.660 Earth masses
        J = 10.270
        Stellar effective temperature = 3284 K
In [4]: print 'Exposure time = %.2f minutes'%self.texps med N[ind]
        print 'RV precision = %.2f m/s'%self.sigmaRV phot med N[ind]
        print 'Median effective RV rms = %.2f m/s'%self.sigmaRV eff med N[ind]
        print 'Median number of RV measurements required = %.1f'%self.NrvGPs med N[j
        print 'Total observing time = %.1f hours (i.e. %.1f nights)'%(self.tobsGPs n
        tobs WP2 = self.tobsGPs med N[ind]
        Exposure time = 10.00 minutes
        RV precision = 2.98 \text{ m/s}
        Median effective RV rms = 7.86 m/s
        Median number of RV measurements required = 248.8
        Total observing time = 41.5 hours (i.e. 5.9 nights)
```

Measuring the 5σ mass of the 20 'best' planets around the Fulton gap

```
Nf1 = 20
In [5]:
                            scale = (.327/.189)**2 # 3 -> 5 sigma
                            g = (self.rps_med >= 1.5) & (self.rps_med <= 2) & (self.decs_med > -15)
                            tobs = np.append(0, np.cumsum(np.sort(self.tobsGPs_med_N[g]*scale)))
                             tobs2 = np.append(0, np.cumsum(self.tobsGPs_med_N[g]*scale))
                            Ndet= np.arange(tobs.size)
                             fig = plt.figure(figsize=(9,6))
                            ax1 = fig.add subplot(111)
                            ax1.plot(tobs, Ndet, 'k-', lw=2, drawstyle='steps', label='best planets') ax1.plot(tobs2, Ndet, 'k--', lw=2, drawstyle='steps', label='random planets
                            ax1.axhline(Nf1, ls=':', lw=.8), ax1.axvline(tobs[Ndet==Nf1], ls=':', lw=.9)
                             tobs_WP2 = np.append(tobs_WP2, tobs[Ndet==Nf1])
                             ax1.set_xlim((0,4e2)), ax1.set_ylim((0,40)), ax1.legend(loc='upper left', formula state in the state of 
                             ax1.set xlabel('Cumulative observing time (hours)'), ax1.set ylabel('N detec
                            ax1.text(.08, .6, 'Fulton gap', transform=ax1.transAxes, fontsize=18, weight
                            ax2 = ax1.twiny()
                            ax2.set_xlim((0,4e2/7)), ax2.set_xlabel('Cumulative observing time (nights)
```

Out[5]: ((0, 57.142857142857146), <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x1a18752250>)



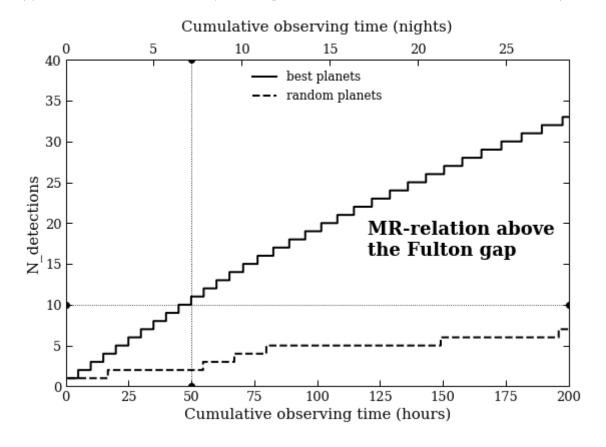
In [6]: # save TOI indices
 inds = np.append(inds, get_planets(self.tobsGPs_med_N, g, Nf1))

Extending the MR relation with 10 planets with $r_p \in [2, 4]R_{\oplus}$

```
Nf2 = 10
In [7]:
        q = (self.rps med > 2) & (self.rps med <= 4) & (self.decs med > -15)
        tobs = np.append(0, np.cumsum(np.sort(self.tobsGPs_med_N[g]*scale)))
        tobs2 = np.append(0, np.cumsum(self.tobsGPs_med_N[g]*scale))
        Ndet= np.arange(tobs.size)
        fig = plt.figure(figsize=(9,6))
        ax1 = fig.add_subplot(111)
        ax1.plot(tobs, Ndet, 'k-', lw=2, drawstyle='steps', label='best planets')
        ax1.plot(tobs2, Ndet, 'k--', lw=2, drawstyle='steps', label='random planets
        ax1.axhline(Nf2, ls=':', lw=.8), ax1.axvline(tobs[Ndet==Nf2], ls=':', lw=.9)
        tobs WP2 = np.append(tobs WP2, tobs[Ndet==Nf2])
        ax1.set_xlim((0,2e2)), ax1.set_ylim((0,40)), ax1.legend(loc='upper center',
        ax1.set_xlabel('Cumulative observing time (hours)'), ax1.set_ylabel('N_detect

        ax1.text(.6, .4, 'MR-relation above\nthe Fulton gap', transform=ax1.transAxe
        ax2 = ax1.twiny()
        ax2.set_xlim((0,2e2/7)), ax2.set_xlabel('Cumulative observing time (nights)
```

Out[7]: ((0, 28.571428571428573), <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x1a19d25510>)

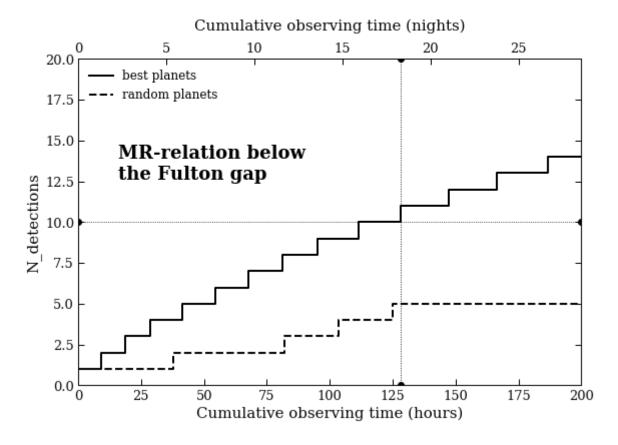


In [8]: inds = np.append(inds, get_planets(self.tobsGPs_med_N, g, Nf2))

Extending the MR relation with 10 more planets with $r_p \leq 1.5 R_{\oplus}$

```
In [9]:
                                             Nf3=10
                                               g = (self.rps med <= 1.5) & (self.decs med > -15)
                                              tobs = np.append(0, np.cumsum(np.sort(self.tobsGPs_med_N[g]*scale)))
                                              tobs2 = np.append(0, np.cumsum(self.tobsGPs_med_N[g]*scale))
                                              Ndet= np.arange(tobs.size)
                                               fig = plt.figure(figsize=(9,6))
                                               ax1 = fig.add subplot(111)
                                               ax1.plot(tobs, Ndet, 'k-', lw=2, drawstyle='steps', label='best planets')
                                              ax1.plot(tobs2, Ndet, 'k--', lw=2, drawstyle='steps', label='random planets
                                               ax1.axhline(Nf3, ls=':', lw=.8), ax1.axvline(tobs[Ndet==Nf3], ls=':', lw=.9)
                                               tobs WP2 = np.append(tobs WP2, tobs[Ndet==Nf3])
                                               ax1.set_xlim((0,2e2)), ax1.set_ylim((0,20)), ax1.legend(loc='upper left', formula state in the state of 
                                               ax1.set xlabel('Cumulative observing time (hours)'), ax1.set ylabel('N_detection of the control 
                                               ax1.text(.08, .63, 'MR-relation below\nthe Fulton gap', transform=ax1.trans&
                                              ax2 = ax1.twiny()
                                              ax2.set_xlim((0,2e2/7)), ax2.set_xlabel('Cumulative observing time (nights)
```

Out[9]: ((0, 28.571428571428573), <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x1a17418450>)



In [10]: inds = np.append(inds, get_planets(self.tobsGPs_med_N, g, Nf3))

DISREGARD** Measuring the 5σ masses TESS CVZ planets

```
In [11]: # set number of WP2 nights available for RV follow-up
total_nights = 95
tobs_remaining = total_nights*7. - tobs_WP2.sum()
```

```
In [12]:
          q = (is star in CVZ(self.ras med, self.decs med, 10).astype(bool)) & (self.decs med, 10).astype(bool)) & (self.decs med, 10).astype(bool))
          tobs = np.append(0, np.cumsum(np.sort(self.tobsGPs_med_N[g]*scale)))
          tobs2 = np.append(0, np.cumsum(self.tobsGPs_med_N[g]*scale))
          Ndet= np.arange(tobs.size)
          fig = plt.figure(figsize=(9,6))
          ax1 = fig.add_subplot(111)
          ax1.plot(tobs, Ndet, 'k-', lw=2, drawstyle='steps', label='best planets')
          ax1.plot(tobs2, Ndet, 'k--', lw=2, drawstyle='steps', label='random planets
          Njwst = int(Ndet[abs(tobs-tobs_remaining) == np.min(abs(tobs-tobs_remaining)
          tobs_WP2 = np.append(tobs_WP2, tobs_remaining)
          ax1.axhline(Njwst, ls=':', lw=.8), ax1.axvline(tobs_remaining, ls=':', lw=.9
          ax1.set_xlim((0,np.ceil(tobs_remaining/le2)*le2)), ax1.set_ylim((0,np.ceil())
          ax1.set xlabel('Cumulative observing time (hours)'), ax1.set ylabel('N detect

          ax1.text(.08, .6, 'TESS CVZ', transform=ax1.transAxes, fontsize=18, weight=
          ax2 = ax1.twiny()
          ax2.set_xlim((0,np.ceil(tobs_remaining/le2)*1e2/7)), ax2.set_xlabel('Cumulat
```

"\ng = (is_star_in_CVZ(self.ras_med, self.decs_med, 10).astype(bool)) & Out[12]: (self.decs_med >= -20) & (np.inld(np.arange(self.nstars), inds, invert=Tr ue)) & (self.Jmags_med < 12)\ntobs = np.append(0, np.cumsum(np.sort(self. tobsGPs_med_N[g]*scale)))\ntobs2 = np.append(0, np.cumsum(self.tobsGPs_me d N[g]*scale))\nNdet= np.arange(tobs.size)\nfig = plt.figure(figsize=(9, 6))\nax1 = fig.add_subplot(111)\nax1.plot(tobs, Ndet, 'k-', lw=2, drawsty le='steps', label='best planets')\nax1.plot(tobs2, Ndet, 'k--', lw=2, dra wstyle='steps', label='random planets')\nNjwst = int(Ndet[abs(tobs-tobs r emaining) == np.min(abs(tobs-tobs remaining))])\ntobs WP2 = np.append(tob s WP2, tobs remaining)\nax1.axhline(Njwst, ls=':', lw=.8), ax1.axvline(to bs_remaining, ls=':', lw=.9)\nax1.set_xlim((0,np.ceil(tobs_remaining/le2) *1e2)), ax1.set ylim((0,np.ceil(Njwst/1e1)*1e1)), ax1.legend(loc='upper l eft', fontsize=12)\nax1.set xlabel('Cumulative observing time (hours)'), ax1.set_ylabel('N_detections')\nax1.text(.08, .6, 'TESS CVZ', transform=a x1.transAxes, fontsize=18, weight='semibold')\nax2 = ax1.twiny()\nax2.set xlim((0,np.ceil(tobs remaining/le2)*le2/7)), ax2.set xlabel('Cumulative observing time (nights)', labelpad=12)\n"

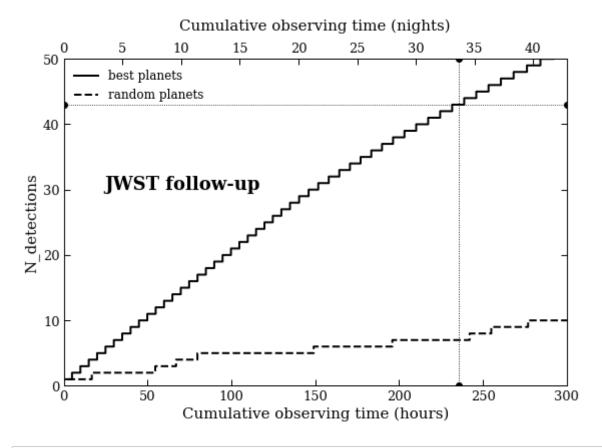
Measuring 5σ masses of TOIs amenable to transmission spectroscopy

```
In [13]: # get transmission signals
    Tps = self.Teffs_med * np.sqrt(rvs.Rsun2m(self.Rss_med)/(2*rvs.AU2m(rvs.semi mus = np.repeat(2, Tps.size)
    mus[self.rps_med <= 2] = 30.
    transmission_ppm = rvs.transmission_spectroscopy_depth(self.Rss_med, self.mg</pre>
```

```
gjwst = (np.inld(np.arange(self.nstars), inds, invert=True)) & (self.Jmags_n
In [14]:
         tobs = np.append(0, np.cumsum(np.sort(self.tobsGPs med N[gjwst]*scale)))
         tobs2 = np.append(0, np.cumsum(self.tobsGPs_med_N[gjwst]*scale))
         Ndet= np.arange(tobs.size)
         fig = plt.figure(figsize=(9,6))
         ax1 = fig.add_subplot(111)
         ax1.plot(tobs, Ndet, 'k-', lw=2, drawstyle='steps', label='best planets')
         ax1.plot(tobs2, Ndet, 'k--', lw=2, drawstyle='steps', label='random planets
         Njwst = int(Ndet[abs(tobs-tobs_remaining) == np.min(abs(tobs-tobs_remaining)
         tobs_WP2 = np.append(tobs_WP2, tobs_remaining)
         ax1.axhline(Njwst, ls=':', lw=.8), ax1.axvline(tobs_remaining, ls=':', lw=.9
         ax1.set_xlim((0,np.ceil(tobs_remaining/1e2)*1e2)), ax1.set_ylim((0,np.ceil())
         ax1.set_xlabel('Cumulative observing time (hours)'), ax1.set_ylabel('N_detect

         ax1.text(.08, .6, 'JWST follow-up', transform=ax1.transAxes, fontsize=18, we
         ax2 = ax1.twiny()
         ax2.set_xlim((0,np.ceil(tobs_remaining/1e2)*1e2/7)), ax2.set_xlabel('Cumulat
```

Out[14]: ((0, 42.857142857142854), <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x1a18cecd50>)



In [15]: inds = np.append(inds, get_planets(self.tobsGPs_med_N, gjwst, Njwst))
 print 'We detect %i random potential JWST targets in %.1f hours (i.e. %.1f r

We detect 43 random potential JWST targets in 235.4 hours (i.e. 33.6 nights)

Summary of WP2 time allocations and planet populations

In [16]: labels = ['1 temperature Earth-sized planet','%i planets at the Fulton gap'%
for i in range(tobs_WP2.size):
 print 'Measuring %s requires %.1f hours (i.e. %.1f nights).'%(labels[i],
print 'Total observing time for %i targets = %.1f hours (i.e. %.1f nights)'%

Measuring 1 temperature Earth-sized planet requires 41.5 hours (i.e. 5.9 nights).

Measuring 20 planets at the Fulton gap requires 210.0 hours (i.e. 30.0 nights).

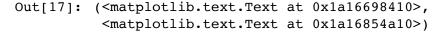
Measuring 10 planets above the Fulton gap requires 49.9 hours (i.e. 7.1 nights).

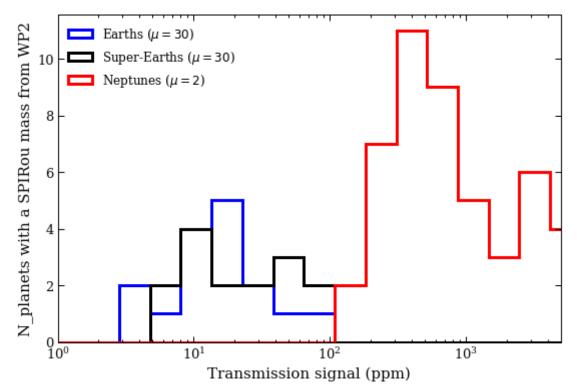
Measuring 10 planets below the Fulton gap requires 128.2 hours (i.e. 18.3 nights).

Measuring 43 JWST follow-up planets requires 235.4 hours (i.e. 33.6 nights).

Total observing time for 84 targets = 665.0 hours (i.e. 95.0 nights)

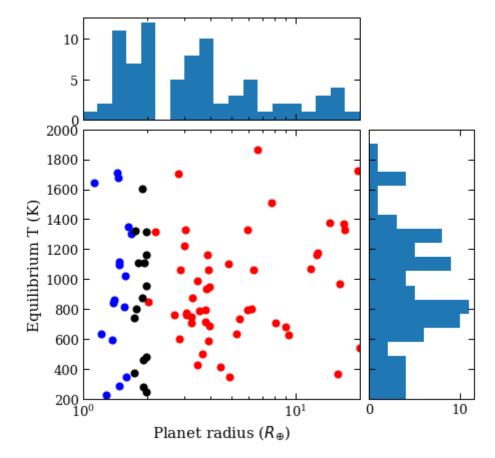
In [17]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(9,6))
 ax1 = fig.add_subplot(111)
 g1 = (np.inld(np.arange(self.nstars), inds)) & (self.rps_med <= 1.7)
 ax1.hist(transmission_ppm[g1], bins=np.logspace(0,4.3,20), histtype='step',
 g3 = (np.inld(np.arange(self.nstars), inds)) & (self.rps_med <= 2) & (self.rall)
 ax1.hist(transmission_ppm[g3], bins=np.logspace(0,4.3,20), histtype='step',
 g2 = (np.inld(np.arange(self.nstars), inds)) & (self.rps_med > 2)
 ax1.hist(transmission_ppm[g2], bins=np.logspace(0,4.3,20), histtype='step',
 ax1.set_xscale('log'), ax1.set_xlim((0,5e3)), ax1.legend(loc='upper left', fax1.set_xlabel('Transmission signal (ppm)'), plt.ylabel('N_planets with a SI





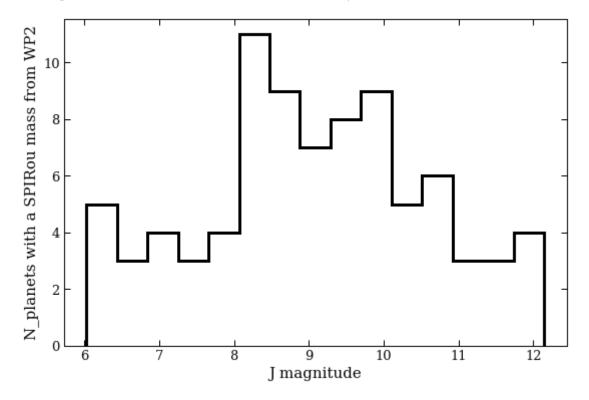
```
In [18]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
    gs = gridspec.GridSpec(7,7)
    ax1 = plt.subplot(gs[2:,:-2])
    ax2 = plt.subplot(gs[2:,-2:])
    ax3 = plt.subplot(gs[2:,-2:])
    ax1.scatter(self.rps_med[g1], Tps[g1], s=50, c='b'), ax1.set_xlim((1,20)), ax1.scatter(self.rps_med[g2], Tps[g2], s=50, c='r'), ax1.set_xscale('log')
    ax1.scatter(self.rps_med[g3], Tps[g3], s=50, c='k')
    ax1.set_xlabel('Planet radius ($R_{\oplus}$)'), ax1.set_ylabel('Equilibrium ax2.hist(self.rps_med[inds], bins=np.logspace(0,np.log10(20),20)), ax2.set_xax2.set_xticklabels('')
    ax3.hist(Tps[inds], bins=np.linspace(2e2,2e3,20), orientation='horizontal')
    ax3.set_ylim((2e2,2e3)), ax3.set_yticklabels('')
```

Out[18]: ((200.0, 2000.0), [])



In [19]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(9,6))
 ax1 = fig.add_subplot(111)
 ax1.hist(self.Jmags_med[inds], bins=15, histtype='step', color='k', lw=3)
 ax1.set_xlabel('J magnitude'), plt.ylabel('N_planets with a SPIRou mass from

Out[19]: (<matplotlib.text.Text at 0x1a17a76390>, <matplotlib.text.Text at 0x1a19338710>)



In []: