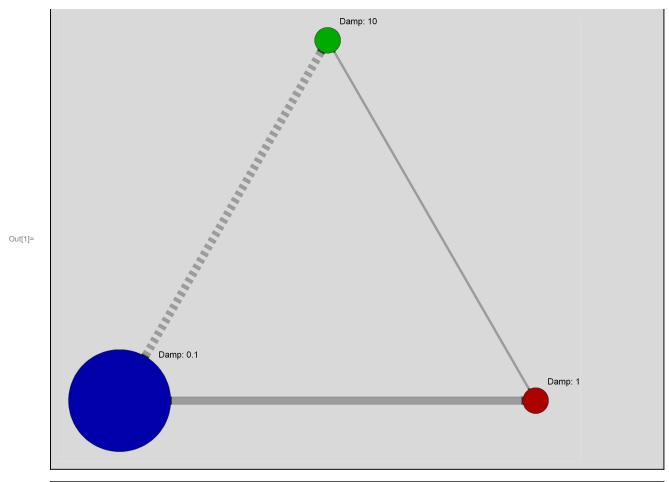
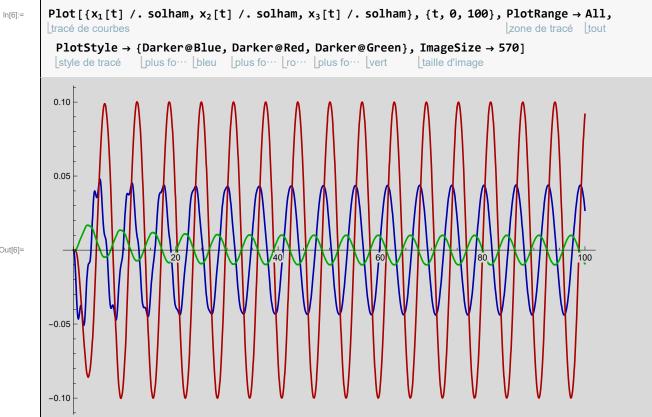
## Synthetic Test Case Overview



In [2]:= 
$$H = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ \frac{417}{17} & -\frac{40}{17} & \frac{40}{17} & \frac{1}{10} & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{40}{17} & \frac{21}{17} & -\frac{4}{17} & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{40}{17} & -\frac{4}{17} & \frac{21}{17} & 0 & 0 & 10 \end{pmatrix};$$

eqnham = Flatten [FullSimplify [ 
$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 + H.  $\begin{bmatrix} x_1[t] \\ x_2[t] \\ x_3[t] \\ x_$ 

```
solham = NDSolve[
In[5]:=
                    résolveur numérique d'équations différentielles
             {eqnham[1] == 0, eqnham[2] == 0, eqnham[3] == 0, eqnham[4] == Cos[t + 1.7], eqnham[5] == 0,
               eqnham[[6]] = 0, x_1[0] = 0, x_2[0] = 0, x_3[0] = 0, p_1[0] = 0, p_2[0] = 0, p_3[0] = 0\},
             \{x_1,\,x_2,\,x_3,\,p_1,\,p_2,\,p_3\},\,\{\text{t, 0, 100}\},\,\text{Method} \rightarrow \texttt{"ImplicitRungeKutta"}]\,;
                                                           méthode
```



Out[6]=

### Stochastic ODE & Data Generation

```
proc = ItoProcess \left[\left\{\left\{a[t], b[t], c[t], -\frac{a[t]}{10} - \frac{417 x[t]}{17} + \frac{40 y[t]}{17} - \frac{40 z[t]}{17} + \frac{40 z[t]}{17}
  In[65]:=
                                                          -b[t] + \frac{40\,x[t]}{17} - \frac{21\,y[t]}{17} + \frac{4\,z[t]}{17} \,, \, -10\,c[t] - \frac{40\,x[t]}{17} + \frac{4\,y[t]}{17} - \frac{21\,z[t]}{17} \Big\},
                                                      \{\{0\}, \{0\}, \{0\}, \{1/3\}, \{1/3\}, \{1/3\}\}, \{x[t], y[t], z[t], a[t], b[t], c[t]\}\},\
                                                \{\{x, y, z, a, b, c\}, \{0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0\}\}, \{t, 0\}\};
                                      time = 50;
                                      resolution = 10^{-3};
                                      path = RandomFunction[proc, {0., time, resolution}, Method → "StochasticRungeKutta"];
                                      ListLinePlot[path, PlotStyle → {Darker@Blue, Darker@Red, Darker@Green,
                                     __tracé de liste de ligne __style de tracé __plus fo··· _bleu __plus fo··· __ro··· _plus fo··· _vert
                                                      Lighter@Blue, Lighter@Red, Lighter@Green}, PlotRange → All, ImageSize → 570]
                                                     plus clair bleu plus clair ro… plus clair vert zone de tracé tout taille d'image
                                          1.5
                                          1.0
                                         0.5
Out[65]=
                                      -1.0
                                      -1.5
```

Discrete Frequencies

```
N = \frac{\text{time}}{1, 5}
In[8]:=
           valeu 7umérique
           {7.95775, 39.7887}
Out[8]=
```

```
tsfulldata = Flatten[Normal@
In[81]:=
                     aplatis
                             forme normale
           RandomFunction[proc, \{0., time, resolution\}, Method \rightarrow "StochasticRungeKutta"], 1]; \\
           fonction aléatoire
                                                            méthode
        samples = Length[tsfulldata] - 1;
                  longueur
        tssignal = Table[tsfulldata[k, 2, i], {i, 1, 6}, {k, 1, samples}];
        tsderivative =
                tsfulldata[k+1,2,i] - tsfulldata[k,2,i] , {i,1,6}, {k,1, samples}];
tsfulldata[k+1,1] - tsfulldata[k,1]
         Table
        matrixsignal = Sum[{tssignal[;;,k]}^{T}.{tssignal[;;,k]}, {k, 1, samples}] / samples;
                        somme
        matrixderivativesignal =
         Sum[{tssignal[];; , k]]}<sup>T</sup>.{tsderivative[[4;; 6, k]]}, {k, 1, samples}] / samples;
        colorlist = {Darker@Blue, Darker@Red, Darker@Green,
                     plus fo··· bleu plus fo··· ro··· plus fo··· vert
          Lighter@Blue, Lighter@Red, Lighter@Green};
          plus clair | bleu | plus clair | ro··· | plus clair | vert
        fouriersignal = Table[Fourier[tssignal[i]], {i, 1, 6}];
                         table transformée de Fourier discrète
        fourierderivative = Table[Fourier[tsderivative[i]], {i, 1, 6}];
                             table transformée de Fourier discrète
        fouriermatrixsignal = Table[
                               table
          Re[Conjugate[{fouriersignal[[;;,k]]}].{fouriersignal[[;;,k]]}, {k, 1, samples}];
        fouriervectorderivativesignal = Table[Re[Conjugate[fourierderivative[i, k]]]
                                           table p. conjugué
             fouriersignal[;;, k]], {i, 1, 6}, {k, 1, samples}];
        fourierdynamic = Table[Abs[fourierderivative[i + 3, k]] +
                          table valeur absolue
             H[4;; 6, ;;][i, ;;].fouriersignal[;;, k]], {i, 1, 3}, {k, 1, samples}];
        GraphicsGrid[Partition[Table[ListPlot[tssignal[i]], PlotRange → {{0, All}, All},
```

Joined → True, PlotStyle → colorlist[i], ImageSize → 190], {i, 1, 6}], 3]]

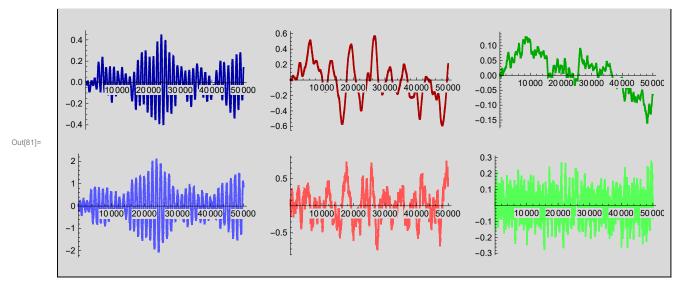
zone de tracé

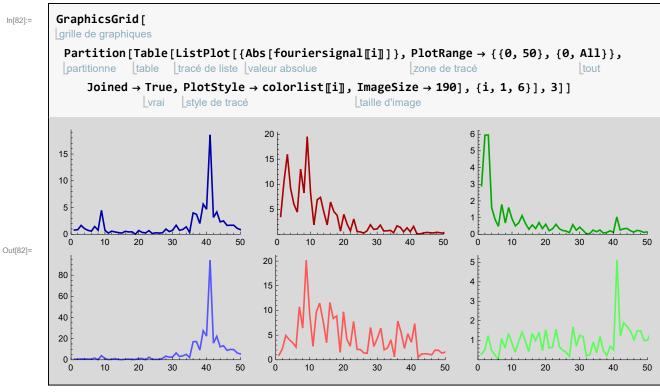
taille d'image

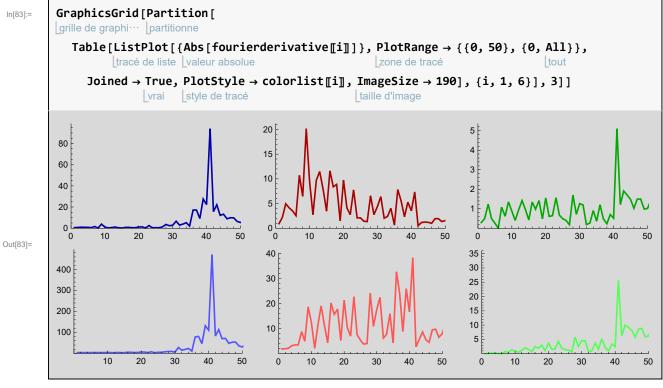
tout tout

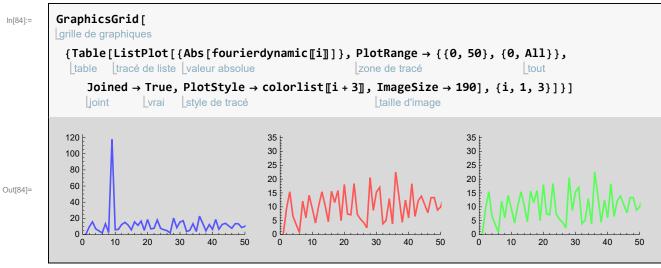
partitionne table tracé de liste

vrai style de tracé





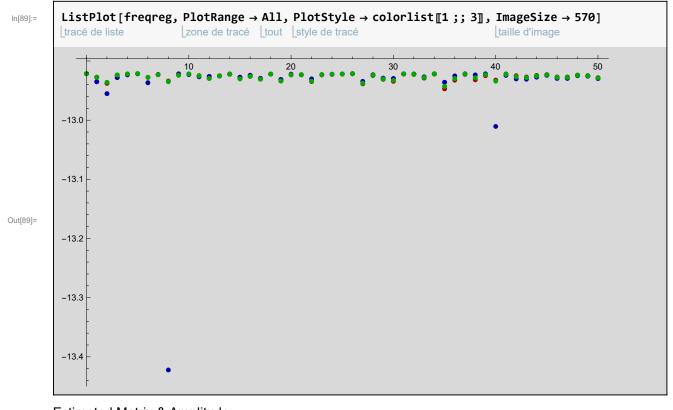




### Log-Likelihood Regression

In[88]:=

```
localizationreg = Table \begin{bmatrix} varmat = \begin{pmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & b_2 & c_1 & 0 & 0 \\ b_1 & a_2 & b_3 & 0 & c_2 & 0 \\ b_2 & b_3 & a_3 & 0 & 0 & c_3 \end{pmatrix};
                                \textbf{NMinimize} \Big[ \Big\{ \textbf{Tr} \big[ \textbf{varmat}^\intercal. \textbf{varmat}. \textbf{matrixsignal} \big] + \textbf{2} \, \textbf{Tr} \big[ \textbf{varmat}. \textbf{matrixderivative signal} \big] + \textbf{3} \, \textbf{3} \, \textbf{4} \, \textbf{4} \, \textbf{4} \, \textbf{5} \, \textbf{5} \, \textbf{5} \, \textbf{6} \, \textbf
                                                                                  \frac{1}{2} \gamma^2 - \frac{2 \gamma}{\sqrt{\text{samples}}} \left( \text{Tr}[\{\text{varmat}[1, ;;]]\}^{\mathsf{T}}.\{\text{varmat}[1, ;;]]\}.\text{fouriermatrixsignal}[] \right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                        k + 1]] + 2 fouriervectorderivativesignal[3 + 1, k + 1]].varmat[1, ;;] +
                                                                                                                                                    Abs [fourierderivative [3 + 1, k + 1]] ^{2}) ^{1/2}, \gamma \ge 0 \&\& c_1 \ge 0 \&\& c_2 \ge 0 \&\& c_3 \ge 0 \&\& a_1 \ge 0 \&\& a_2 \ge 0 \&\& a_3 \ge 0 \&\& a_4 \ge 0 \&\& a_4 \ge 0 \&\& a_4 \ge 0 \&\& a_5 \ge 0 \&
                                                                                                  0 \& a_2 \ge 0 \& a_3 \ge 0 \Big\}, \{a_1, a_2, a_3, b_1, b_2, b_3, c_1, c_2, c_3, \gamma\} \Big], \{1, 1, 3\}, \{k, 0, 50\} \Big];
    freqreg = Table[{k, localizationreg[[l, k + 1, 1]]}, {l, 1, 3}, {k, 0, 50}];
```



Estimated Matrix & Amplitude

```
siteest = 1;
In[90]:=
        frequest = 8;
        Grid[{{MatrixForm[varmat /. localizationreg[siteest, frequest + 1, 2]],
              apparence matricielle
            "γ = " ~~ ToString[γ /. localizationreg[siteest, frequest + 1, 2]]]}}]
                      convertis en chaîne de caractères
                                           0.0698741
           24.7743
                    -2.07591
                                 2.3514
                                                          0
          -2.07591 1.35923 -0.101915
                                               0
                                                      0.925181
                                                                    0
                                                                            \gamma = 1.04081
Out[90]=
           2.3514 -0.101915 1.25028
                                               0
                                                          0
                                                                 9.59457
```

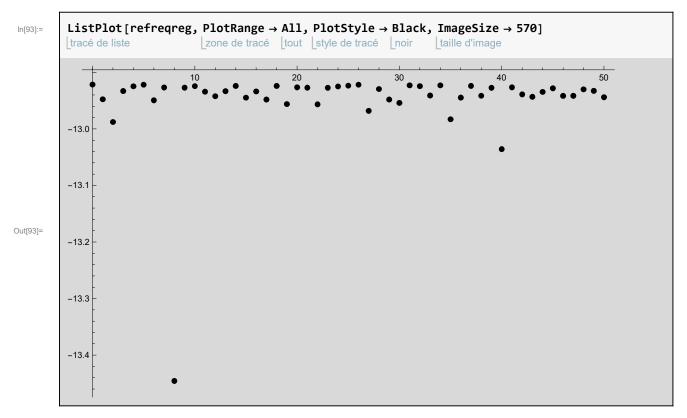
#### **Ground Truth**

```
Grid[{{MatrixForm[N@H[4;; 6, ;;]]], "γ = 1"}}]
In[91]:=
               Lapparence m. Lvaleur numérique
          24.5294 - 2.35294
                               2.35294
                                         0.1 0. 0.
          -2.35294 1.23529 -0.235294 0. 1. 0.
                                                        \gamma = 1
Out[91]=
          2.35294 - 0.235294 1.23529
                                          0. 0. 10.
```

# Log-Likelihood Spatial Relaxation

```
In[92]:=
```

```
relocalizationreg = Table \begin{bmatrix} varmat = \begin{pmatrix} a_1 & b_1 & b_2 & c_1 & 0 & 0 \\ b_1 & a_2 & b_3 & 0 & c_2 & 0 \\ b_2 & b_3 & a_3 & 0 & 0 & c_3 \end{pmatrix};
             \textbf{NMinimize} \Big[ \Big\{ \textbf{Tr} \big[ \textbf{varmat}^\intercal. \textbf{varmat}. \textbf{matrixsignal} \big] + \textbf{2} \, \textbf{Tr} \big[ \textbf{varmat}. \textbf{matrixderivative signal} \big] + \textbf{3} \, \textbf{3} \, \textbf{4} \, \textbf{4} \, \textbf{4} \, \textbf{5} \, \textbf{5} \, \textbf{5} \, \textbf{6} \, \textbf
                                 \frac{1}{2} \left( \gamma_1^2 + \gamma_2^2 + \gamma_3^2 \right) - \left( \frac{2 \gamma_1}{\sqrt{\text{samples}}} \left( \text{Tr} [\{\text{varmat}[1, ;;]]\}^{\mathsf{T}}. \{\text{varmat}[1, ;;]] \right).
                                                                                            fouriermatrixsignal[k + 1]] + 2 fouriervectorderivativesignal[3 +
                                                                                                         1, k + 1].varmat[[1, ;;]] + Abs[fourierderivative[[3 + 1, k + 1]]]<sup>2</sup>)<sup>1/2</sup> +
                                                     \frac{2\gamma_2}{\sqrt{\text{samples}}} \left( \text{Tr}[\{\text{varmat}[2, ;;]]\}^{\mathsf{T}}.\{\text{varmat}[2, ;;]\}.\text{fouriermatrixsignal}[k+1]] + \frac{2\gamma_2}{\sqrt{\text{samples}}} \right)
                                                                              2 fouriervectorderivativesignal[3 + 2, k + 1].varmat[2, ;;] +
                                                                            Abs[fourierderivative[3 + 2, k + 1]]<sup>2</sup>)<sup>1/2</sup> + \frac{2 \gamma_3}{\sqrt{\text{samples}}}
                                                          (Tr[{varmat[3, ;;]]}<sup>T</sup>.{varmat[3, ;;]]}.fouriermatrixsignal[k + 1]]] +
                                                                              2 fouriervectorderivativesignal[3 + 3, k + 1].varmat[3, ;;] +
                                                                            Abs[fourierderivative[3 + 3, k + 1]]^{2},
                           \gamma_1 \geq 0 \&\& \ \gamma_2 \geq 0 \&\& \ \gamma_3 \geq 0 \&\& \ c_1 \geq 0 \&\& \ c_2 \geq 0 \&\& \ c_3 \geq 0 \&\& \ a_1 \geq 0 \&\& \ a_2 \geq 0 \&\& \ a_3 \geq 0 \Big\},
                       \{a_1, a_2, a_3, b_1, b_2, b_3, c_1, c_2, c_3, \gamma_1, \gamma_2, \gamma_3\}, \{k, 0, 50\};
 refreqreg = Table[{k, relocalizationreg[k + 1, 1]}, {k, 0, 50}];
```



#### Estimated Matrix & Amplitude

```
frequest = 8;
In[94]:=
         Grid[{{MatrixForm[varmat /. relocalizationreg[frequest + 1, 2]]},
                  apparence matricielle
              "(\gamma_1, \gamma_2, \gamma_3) = " ~~ ToString[\{\gamma_1, \gamma_2, \gamma_3\} /. relocalizationreg[frequest + 1, 2]]}}]
                                     convertis en chaîne de caractères
            24.7661 -2.08956 2.49514 0.0687766
                                                                 0
            -2.08956 1.48441 0.169378
                                                     0
                                                             1.07486
                                                                           0
                                                                                     (\gamma_1, \gamma_2, \gamma_3) = \{1.03953, 0.167\}
Out[94]=
            2.49514 0.169378 0.413976
                                                     0
                                                                 0
                                                                       9.81136
```

#### **Ground Truth**

```
Grid[{{MatrixForm[N@H[4;; 6, ;;]]], "γ = 1"}}]
In[95]:=
               lapparence m·· valeur numérique
        grille
          24.5294
                    -2.35294
                                          0.1 0.
                                2.35294
                                                  0.
          -2.35294 1.23529 -0.235294 0.
                                              1.
                                                  0.
                                                        γ = 1
Out[95]=
          2.35294 - 0.235294 1.23529
                                          0. 0. 10.
```