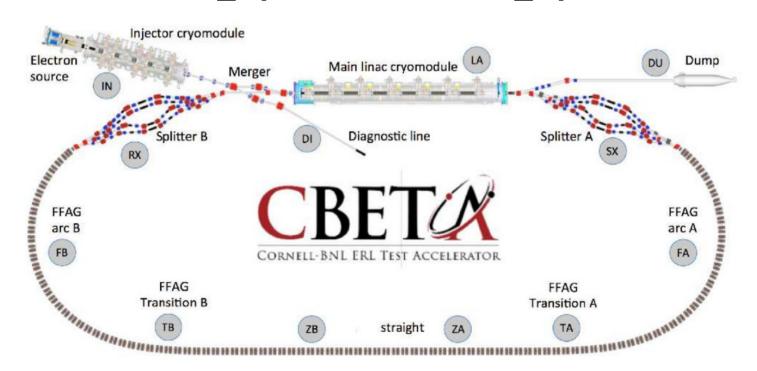
Wednesday's tutorial CBETA with field maps

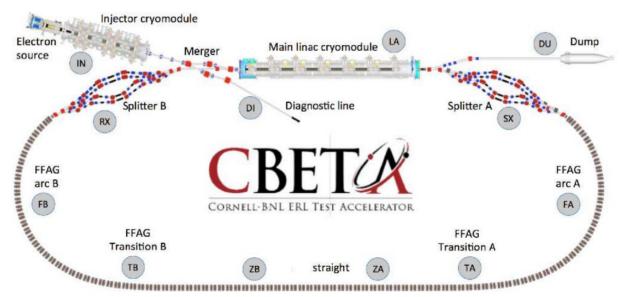
These slides come in complement to the detailed exercise_1.pdf and exercise_2.pdf.



EXERCISE 1

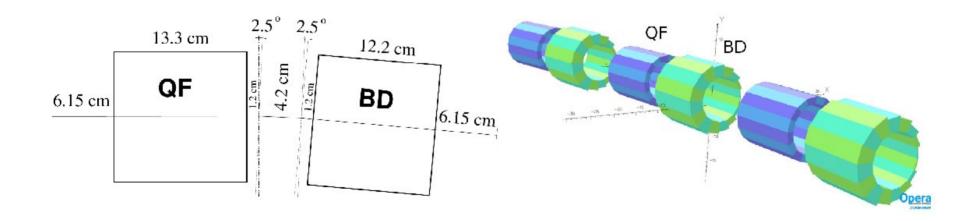
In this exercise we are interested in computing and plotting, at the four design energies: 42, 78, 114 and 150 MeV,

- the orbits,
- the betatron and dispersion functions, along the permanent magnet loop.

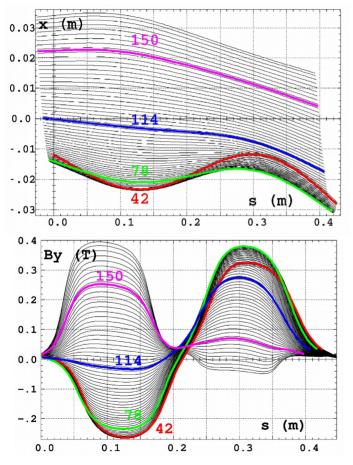


FA and FB arc cell

- This is the cell modeled in zgoubi
- it could use an analytical field model for QF and for BD, for instance 'MULTIPOL' since the previous tutorials (PSR, ESRF),
- however today we deal with a simulation based on the use of OPERA field maps, instead, keyword 'TOSCA' in zgoubi



1/ This is what we want to compute and plot: periodic orbits and field across an FA cell

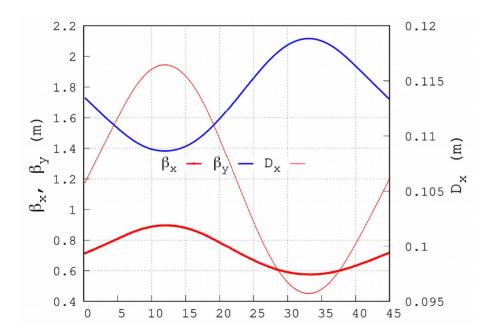


The FA (or FB) arc cell sequence, keywords in blue, field map file name in red

```
'DRIFT' FA.PIP03\1#1
5.600000000000001
          ! = (80cm - 13.3cm)/2
'TOSCA' FA.PIP03\FA.QUA03\1
-9.76000000E-04 1.00000000E+00 1.0000000E+00 1.0000000E+00
HEADER 8 ZroBXY
801 83 1 15.1 1.
./QF-V6p5 x+-4p1y+-1p3z+-40 stp1mm integral 2D.table
0000
2
.2
2 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
-33.35
          ! = (80cm - 13.3cm)/2
'DRIFT' FA.PIP03\1#2
1.2000000000000000
'CHANGREF' FA.PATCH03\1
ZR -2.49981490
'DRIFT' FA.BLK02\1#1
2.100000000000000
'MARKER' FA.BPM02\1
'DRIFT' FA.BLK02\1#2
2.100000000000000
'CHANGREF' FA.PATCH04\1
ZR -2.49981490
'DRIFT' FA.PIP04\1#1
1.2000000000000000
'DRIFT'
         ! = (80cm - 12.2cm)/2
'TOSCA' FA.PIP04\FA.QUA04\1
-9.76000000E-04 1.00000000E+00 1.00000000E+00 1.00000000E+00
HEADER_8 ZroBXY
801 83 1 15.1 1.0
./BD v6 x+-4p1 y+-1p3 x+-40 stp1mm integral 2D.table
0000
2
.2
2 0.0000000E+00 -1.9000000E-02 0.0000000E+00
-33.9
         ! = (80cm - 12.2cm)/2
'DRIFT' FA.PIP04\1#2
6.7000000000000000
```

2/ This is what we want to compute and plot now: optical functions across an FA cell.

Below is the case of 42 MeV energy:



The FA (or FB) arc cell sequence, keywords in blue, field map file name in red

```
'DRIFT' FA.PIP03\1#1
5.600000000000000
'DRIFT'
-33.35
           ! = (80cm - 13.3cm)/2
'TOSCA' FA.PIP03\FA.QUA03\1
00
-9.76000000E-04 1.00000000E+00 1.00000000E+00 1.00000000E+00
HEADER 8 ZroBXY
801 83 1 15.1 1.
/QF-V6p5 x+-4p1y+-1p3z+-40_stp1mm_integral_2D.table
0000
2
.2
2 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
'DRIFT'
-33.35
           ! = (80cm - 13.3cm)/2
 'DRIFT' FA.PIP03\1#2
1.2000000000000000
'CHANGREF' FA.PATCH03\1
ZR -2.49981490
'DRIFT' FA.BLK02\1#1
2.100000000000000
 'MARKER' FA.BPM02\1
 'DRIFT' FA.BLK02\1#2
2.1000000000000000
 'CHANGREF' FA.PATCH04\1
ZR -2.49981490
'DRIFT' FA.PIP04\1#1
1.2000000000000000
'DRIFT'
-33.9
         ! = (80cm - 12.2cm)/2
'TOSCA' FA.PIP04\FA.QUA04\1
0 0
-9.76000000E-04 1.00000000E+00 1.00000000E+00 1.00000000E+00
HEADER 8 ZroBXY
801 83 1 15.1 1.0
./BD v6 x+-4p1 y+-1p3 x+-40 stp1mm integral 2D.table
0000
2
.2
2 0.0000000E+00 -1.9000000E-02 0.0000000E+00
         ! = (80cm - 12.2cm)/2
 'DRIFT' FA.PIP04\1#2
6.7000000000000001#2
6.7000000000000000
```

3/ - Add the half-BD section

- Add a FIT[2] (vary optical functions at start to get macth at exit)

```
'MARKER' FA.MAR.BEG\1
'DRIFT' FA.PIP00A\1#1
1.2000000000000000
'DRIFT'
-36.95
           ! = (80cm - 6.1cm)/2 (50cm is field map extent)
'TOSCA' FA.PIP00A\FA.QUA00\1
-9.76000000E-04 1.00000000E+00 1.00000000E+00 1.00000000E+00
HEADER 8 ZroBXY
801 83 1 15.1 1.
./BDH-v6 x+-4p1 y+-1p3 z+-40 stp0p1 integral 2D.table
0000
2
2 0.0000000E+00 -1.9000000E-02 0.0000000E+00
'DRIFT'
-36.95
           ! = (80cm - 6.1cm)/2 (50cm is field map extent)
'DRIFT' FA.PIP00A\1#2
1.2000000000000000
'CHANGREF' FA.PATCH00\1
ZR -1.08747390
'DRIFT' FA.PIP00B\1
3.3000000
'FIT2'
                                  Figure out what these variables
1 30 0 [-3.,3.]
                                   and constraints are
1 31 0 [-200.,200.]
1 40 0 9.5
1 41 0 9.5
1 42 0 9.5
1 43 0 9.5
1 46 0 [-1..1.]
1 47 0 [-1..1.]
8 1e-10
3 1 2 #End -1.28235115E+00 .2 0 ! These are the orbit values and optical
3 1 3 #End -1.20023364E+02 2.0 ! functions, at end of periodic FA cell
0 1 1 #End 0.346084 .2 0
0 2 1 #End -2.542387 1. 0
0 3 3 #End 0.322542 .2 0
0 4 3 #End 1.996305 1. 0
0 1 6 #End -0.010223 .01 0
0 2 6 #End 0.076642 .02 0
```

Followed by the FA cell

```
'DRIFT' FA.PIP03\1#1
5.600000000000001
'DRIFT'
-33.35
          ! = (80cm - 13.3cm)/2
'TOSCA' FA.PIP03\FA.QUA03\1
-9.76000000E-04 1.00000000E+00 1.00000000E+00 1.00000000E+00
HEADER 8 ZroBXY
801 83 1 15.1 1.
./QF-V6p5 x+-4p1y+-1p3z+-40 stp1mm integral 2D.table
0000
2 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00 0.0000000E+00
-33.35
          ! = (80cm - 13.3cm)/2
'DRIFT' FA.PIP03\1#2
1.2000000000000000
'CHANGREF' FA.PATCH03\1
ZR -2.49981490
'DRIFT' FA.BLK02\1#1
2.1000000000000000
'MARKER' FA.BPM02\1
'DRIFT' FA.BLK02\1#2
2.1000000000000000
'CHANGREF' FA.PATCH04\1
ZR -2.49981490
'DRIFT' FA.PIP04\1#1
1.2000000000000000
'DRIFT'
        ! = (80cm - 12.2cm)/2
'TOSCA' FA.PIP04\FA.QUA04\1
-9.76000000E-04 1.00000000E+00 1.00000000E+00 1.00000000E+00
HEADER 8 ZroBXY
801 83 1 15.1 1.0
/BD v6 x+-4p1 y+-1p3 x+-40 stp1mm integral 2D.table
0000
2
2 0.0000000E+00 -1.9000000E-02 0.0000000E+00
-33.9
         ! = (80cm - 12.2cm)/2
'DRIFT' FA.PIP04\1#2
6.700000000000000
```

4/ This is what we want to check, eventually: orbits and optical functions along the complete permanent magnet return loop

