

Problem List

DescriptionEditorialSolutionsSubmissions

1874. Minimize Product Sum of Two Arrays

Premium

Solved

MediumTopicsCompaniesHint

The **product sum** of two equal-length arrays **a** and **b** is equal to the sum of **a[i] * b[i]** for all **0 <= i < a.length** (**0-indexed**).

- For example, if **a** = [1,2,3,4] and **b** = [5,2,3,1], the **product sum** would be 1*5 + 2*2 + 3*3 + 4*1 = 22.

Given two arrays **nums1** and **nums2** of length **n**, return the **minimum product sum** if you are allowed to **rearrange the order of the elements in nums1**.

Example 1:

Input: nums1 = [5,3,4,2], nums2 = [4,2,2,5]

Output: 40

Explanation: We can rearrange nums1 to become [3,5,4,2]. The product sum of [3,5,4,2] and [4,2,2,5] is 3*4 + 5*2 + 4*2 + 2*5 = 40.

Example 2:

Input: nums1 = [2,1,4,5,7], nums2 = [3,2,4,8,6]

Output: 65

Explanation: We can rearrange nums1 to become [5,7,4,1,2]. The product sum of [5,7,4,1,2] and [3,2,4,8,6] is 5*3 + 7*2 + 4*4 + 1*8 + 2*6 = 65.

Constraints:

- n == nums1.length == nums2.length
- 1 <= n <= 10⁵
- 1 <= nums1[i], nums2[i] <= 100

Seen this question in a real interview before?

YesNo

Accepted 19.2KSubmissions 21.5KAcceptance Rate 89.3%

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Hint 1

Hint 2

Similar Questions

Discussion (2)

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Python3Auto

1class Solution:

2def minProductSum(self, nums1: List[int], nums2: List[int]) -> int:

3

4 nums1 = sorted(nums1)

5 nums2 = sorted(nums2, reverse=True)

6

7 ans = 0

8

9 for i in range(0, len(nums1)):

10 ans += nums1[i] * nums2[i]

11

12 return ans

13

14

Ln 7, Col 16

TestcaseTest Result

AcceptedRuntime: 62 ms

Case 1

Case 2

Input

nums1 =

[5, 3, 4, 2]

nums2 =

[4, 2, 2, 5]

Output

-40

Expected