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Description Accepted Editorial Solutions Submissions

3263. Convert Doubly Linked List to Array I

Solved

Premium

Easy Topics

You are given the `head` of a **doubly linked list**, which contains nodes that have a `next` pointer and a `previous` pointer.

Return an integer array which contains the elements of the linked list **in order**.

Example 1:

```
Input: head = [1,2,3,4,3,2,1]
Output: [1,2,3,4,3,2,1]
```

Example 2:

```
Input: head = [2,2,2,2,2]
Output: [2,2,2,2,2]
```

Example 3:

```
Input: head = [3,2,3,2,3,2]
Output: [3,2,3,2,3,2]
```

Constraints:

- The number of nodes in the given list is in the range `[1, 50]`.
- $1 \leq \text{Node.val} \leq 50$

Seen this question in a real interview before? 1/5

Yes No

Accepted 7,881 / 8.3K | Acceptance Rate 94.9%

Topics

Similar Questions

Discussion (15)

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20 15 0 Online Expected

Code

Python3 • Auto

```
1 """
2 # Definition for a Node.
3 class Node:
4     def __init__(self, val, prev=None, next=None):
5         self.val = val
6         self.prev = prev
7         self.next = next
8 """
9 class Solution:
10     def toArray(self, root: 'Optional[Node]') -> List[int]:
11         res = []
12
13         while root:
14             res.append(root.val)
15             root = root.next
16
17         return res
18
19
```

Ln 9, Col 16

Testcase | Test Result

Accepted Runtime: 37 ms

Case 1 Case 2 Case 3

Input

```
head =
[1,2,3,4,3,2,1]
```

Output

```
[1,2,3,4,3,2,1]
```