

Problem List

3032. Count Numbers With Unique Digits II

Premium

Solved

Easy

Topics

Companies

Hint

Given two **positive** integers `a` and `b`, return the count of numbers having **unique** digits in the range `[a, b]` (**inclusive**).

Example 1:

Input: `a = 1, b = 20`
Output: `19`
Explanation: All the numbers in the range `[1, 20]` have unique digits except `11`. Hence, the answer is `19`.

Example 2:

Input: `a = 9, b = 19`
Output: `10`
Explanation: All the numbers in the range `[9, 19]` have unique digits except `11`. Hence, the answer is `10`.

Example 3:

Input: `a = 80, b = 120`
Output: `27`
Explanation: There are `41` numbers in the range `[80, 120]`, `27` of which have unique digits.

Constraints:

- `1 <= a <= b <= 1000`

Seen this question in a real interview before? 1/5

Yes

No

Accepted **2.4K** | Submissions **2.7K** | Acceptance Rate **87.2%**

Topics

Companies

Hint 1

Similar Questions

Discussion (3)

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</> Code

Python3

Auto

```
1 class Solution:
2     def numberCount(self, a: int, b: int) -> int:
3
4         count = 0
5
6         for i in range(a, b+1):
7             if len(str(i)) == len(set(str(i))):
8                 count += 1
9
10        return count
```

Ln 10, Col 21

Testcase

Test Result

Accepted

Runtime: 42 ms

Case 1

Case 2

Case 3

Input

a =

1

b =

20

Output

19

Expected