

# AVR328: USB Generic HID Implementation

## Features

- Supported by all Microsoft® O/S from Windows® 98SE and later
- Simple PC Interface with Read/Write Functions
- Up to 64Kbytes/s Full Duplex Transfer
- Runs on any AVR® USB microcontroller

## 1. Introduction

The aim of this document is to describe how to start and implement a USB application based on the HID class to transfer data between a PC and user equipment.

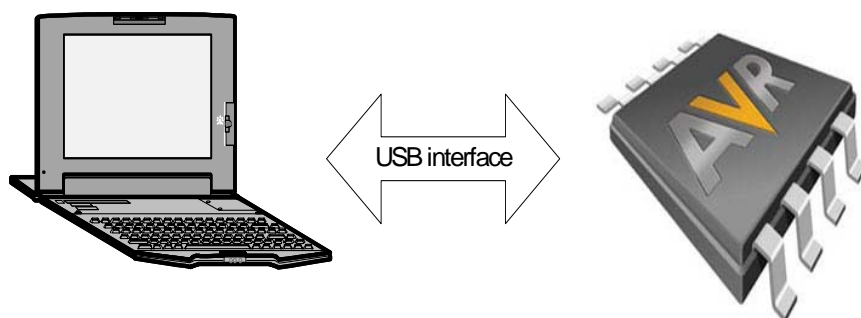
## 2. Description

The USB interface becomes very complex when the user data does not fit with USB standard classes (Mass Storage, Audio, Video...). Specific drivers must be developed, requiring a significant amount of development time.

Atmel has developed a solution to save time and development efforts. This solution is based on HID class. It ensures a full duplex transfer between the device and the PC (up to 64Kbytes/s). Adding to the data exchange, this application allows the user to upgrade firmware without any hardware setup.

The HID class is supported by all Microsoft O/S from Windows 98SE and later. It is also supported by most other O/S running on PCs (at time of publication).

A familiarity with the USB firmware architecture (Doc 7603, Included in the USB CD-ROM & Atmel website) and the HID specification (<http://www.usb.org/developers/hidpage>) is assumed.



8-bit **AVR**®  
Microcontrollers

Application Note

### 3. Hardware Requirements

The generic HID application requires the following hardware:

1. AVR USB evaluation board (STK525)
2. AT90USB microcontroller
3. USB cable (Standard A to Mini B)
4. PC running on Windows (98SE, ME, 2000, XP) with USB 1.1 or 2.0 host

### 4. Software Requirement

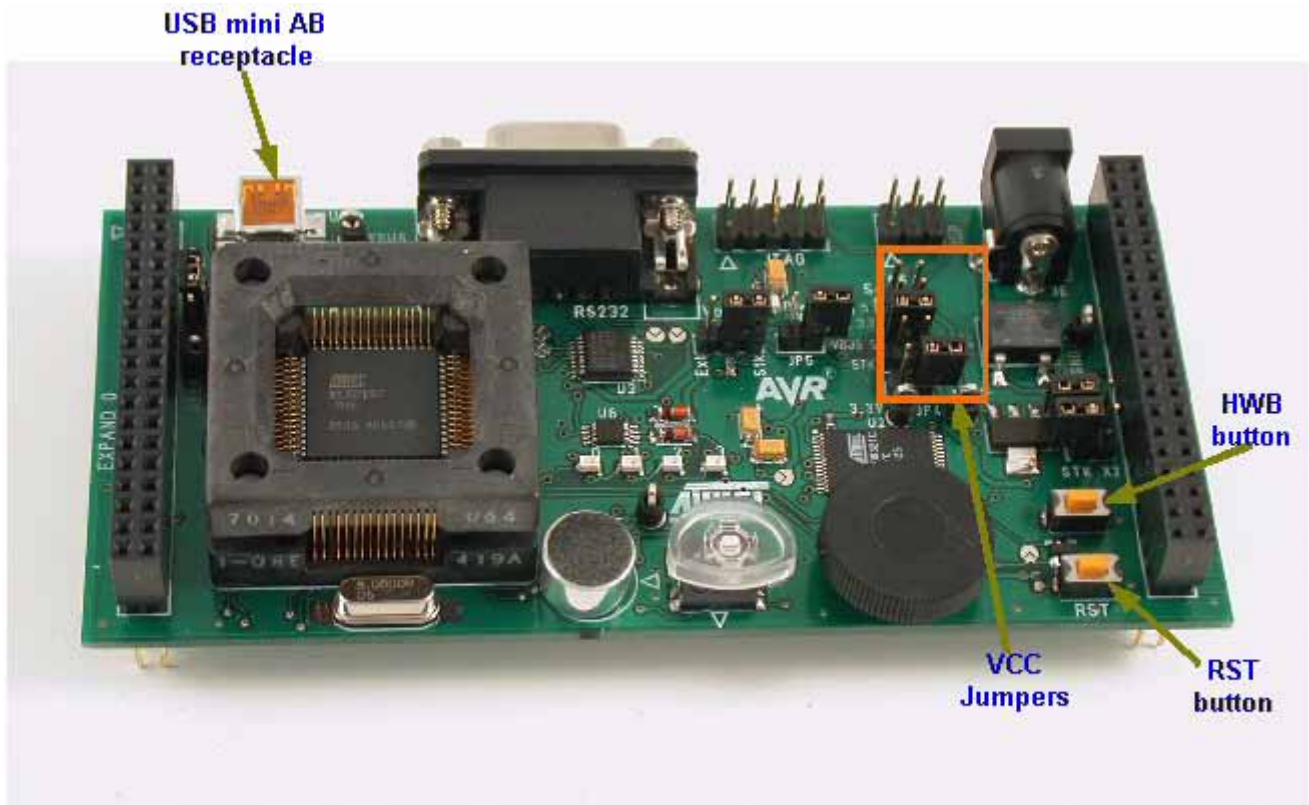
The software needed for this application include:

1. FLIP software (Device Firmware Upgrade tool)
2. usb\_hid\_generic.a90 (included in USB CD-ROM)
3. usb\_hid\_generic.exe (included in USB CD-ROM)

### 5. STK525 Default Settings

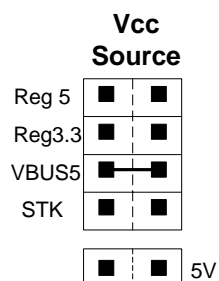
The STK525 board must be configured as below:

**Figure 5-1.** STK525 Board



All the jumpers should be open, only the Vcc Source jumper VBUS5 should be set as below:

Figure 5-2. Vcc Jumpers



## 6. Device Firmware Upgrade

The first thing to do before starting the demo is to load the hex file into the on-chip flash memory of the microcontroller. The “Flip” software is the tool used to upgrade the firmware (available freely in the USB CD-ROM or Atmel website).

The following steps should be completed to allow the device starting DFU mode, and load the hex file:

1. Install Flip software (Flip version 3.0 or above is required).
2. Connect the STK525 board to the PC using the USB cable (Standard A to Mini B).
3. Push the HWB (Hardware Bootloader) button
4. Push the RST (Reset) button
5. Release the RST button
6. Release the HWB button
7. If your hardware conditions explained above are correct, a new device detection wizard will be displayed. Please follow the instructions (the INF file is located in the USB subdirectory from Flip installation: “install path:\ATMEL\FLIP\FLIPx.x.x\usb”).

**Figure 6-1.** New Device Detection Wizard

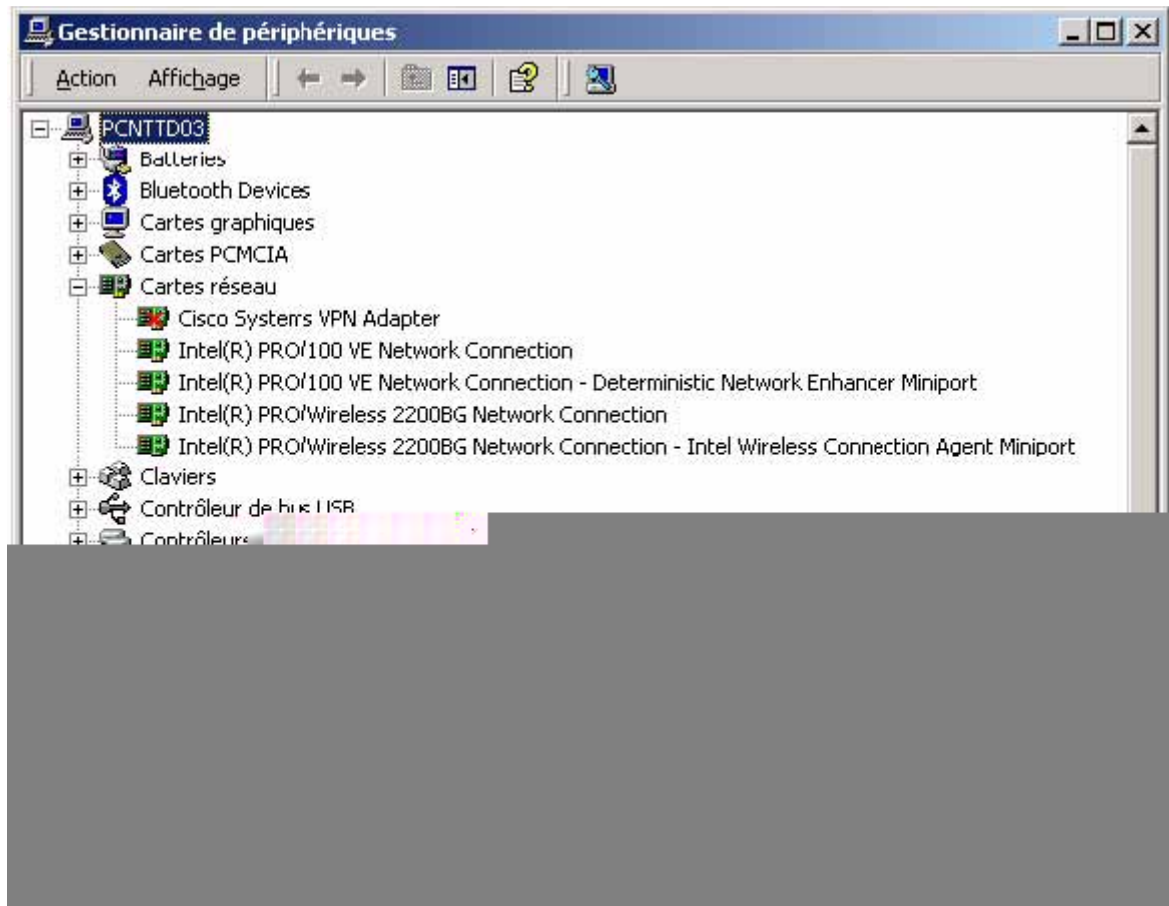


**Figure 6-2.** Driver Location



8. Check the Device Manager Figure 6-3. and you should see the same icon (juno icon) as shown in the figure below. If not, repeat step 2.

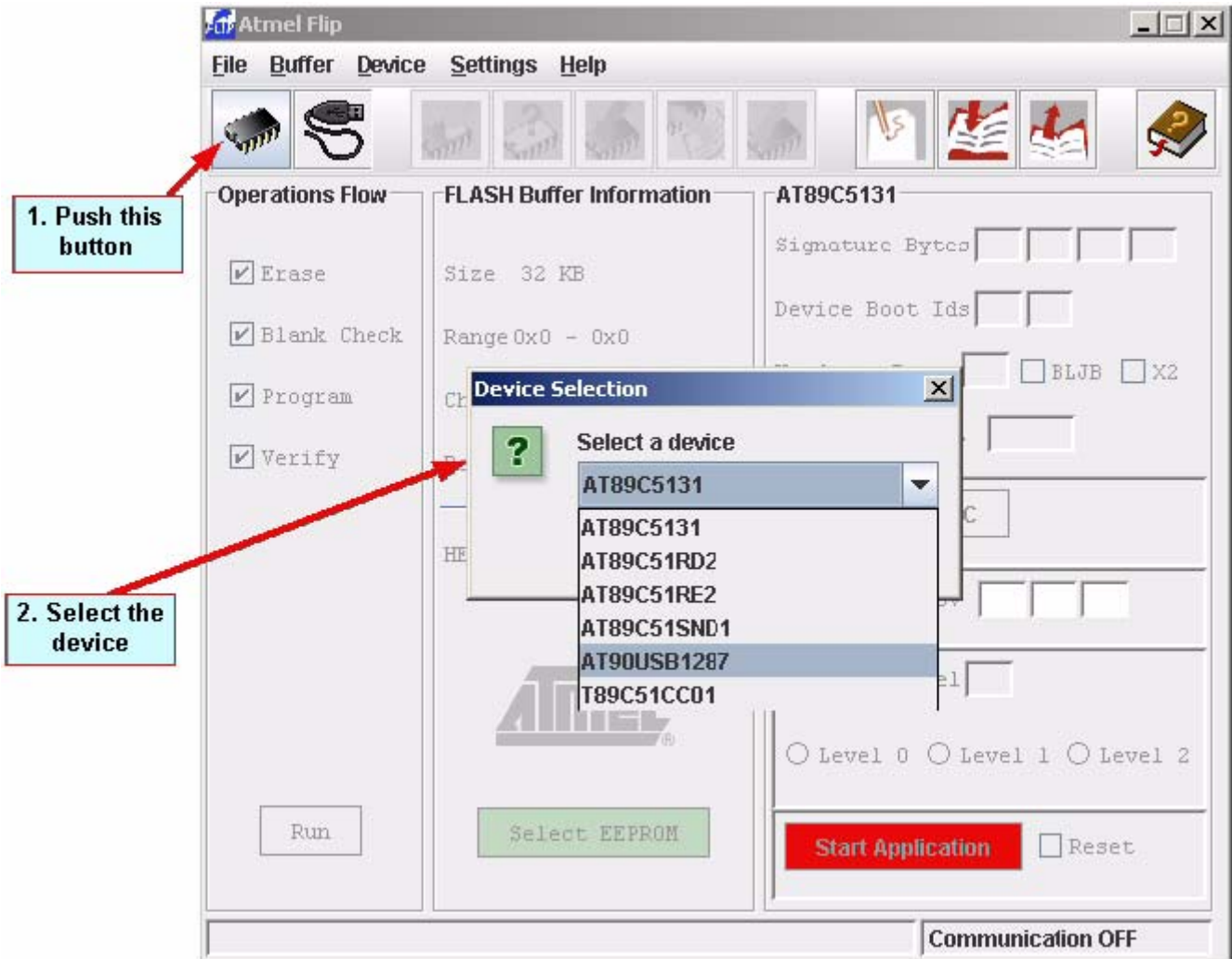
**Figure 6-3.** Device Manager



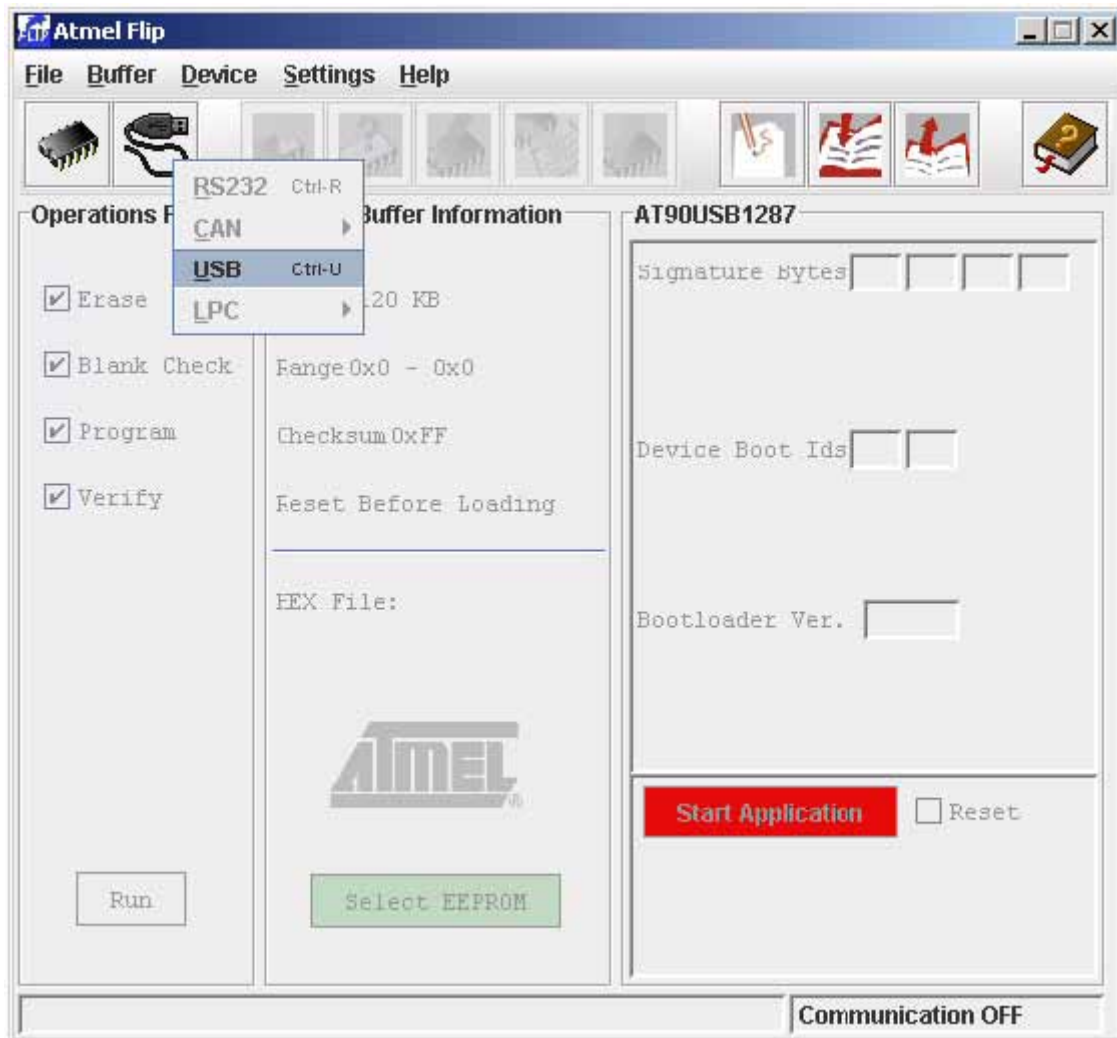
Once your device is in DFU mode, launch the Flip software and follow the instructions explained below, Figure 6-4.

1. Select AT90USB device

**Figure 6-4.** Device Selection



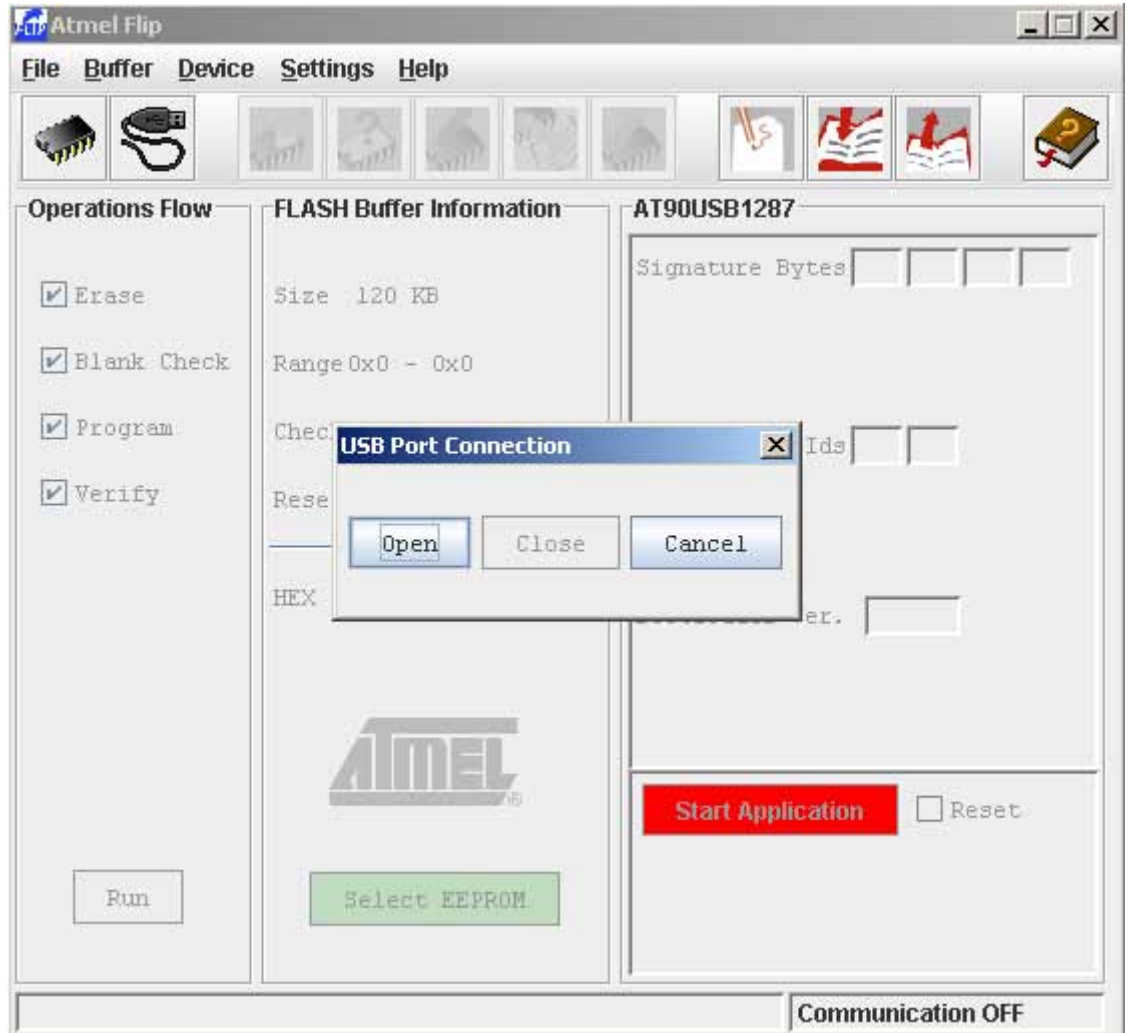
2. Select the USB as communication mode
  - a. USB Communication Mode





3. Open the communication

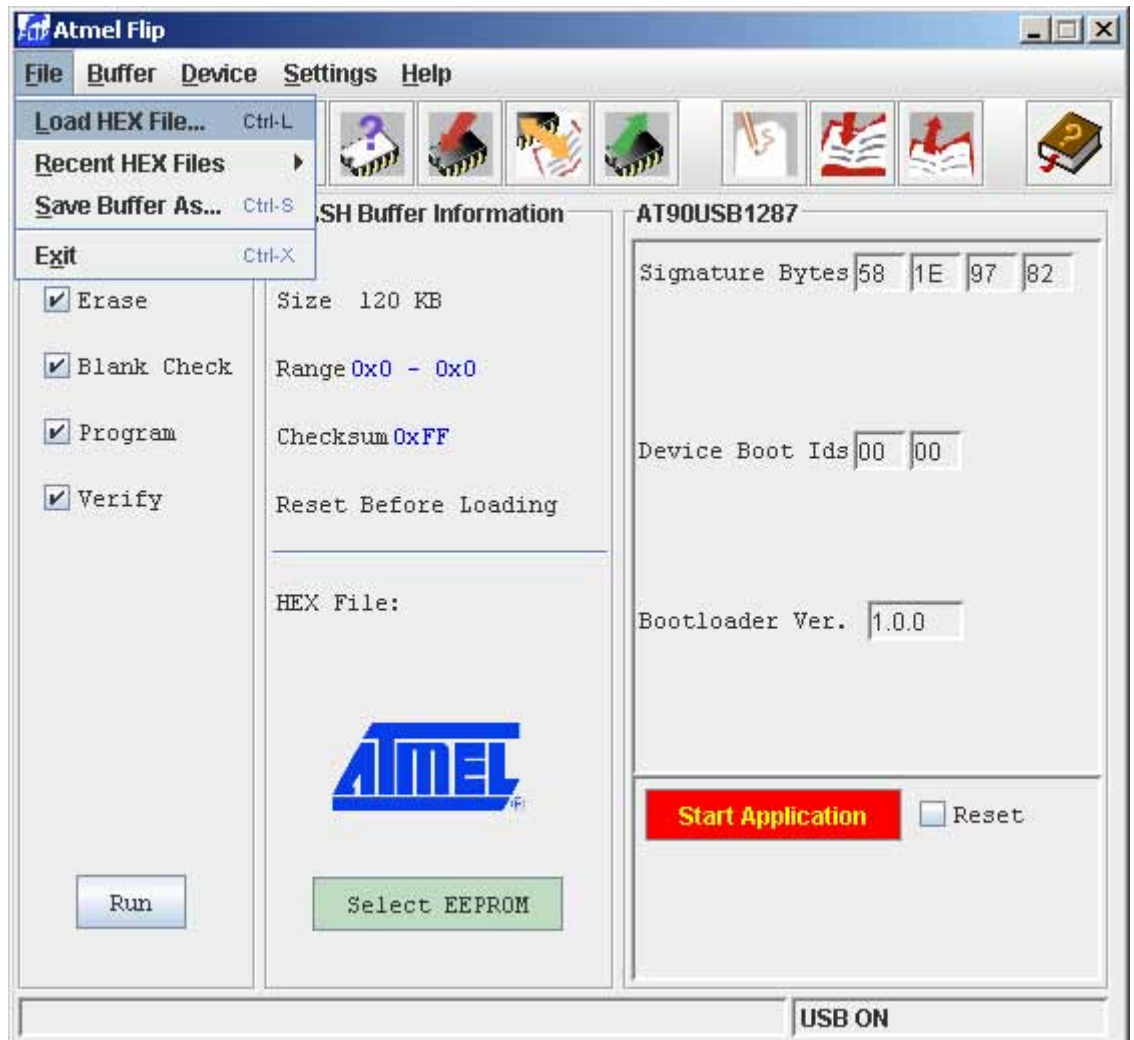
**Figure 6-5.** Open the USB Communication





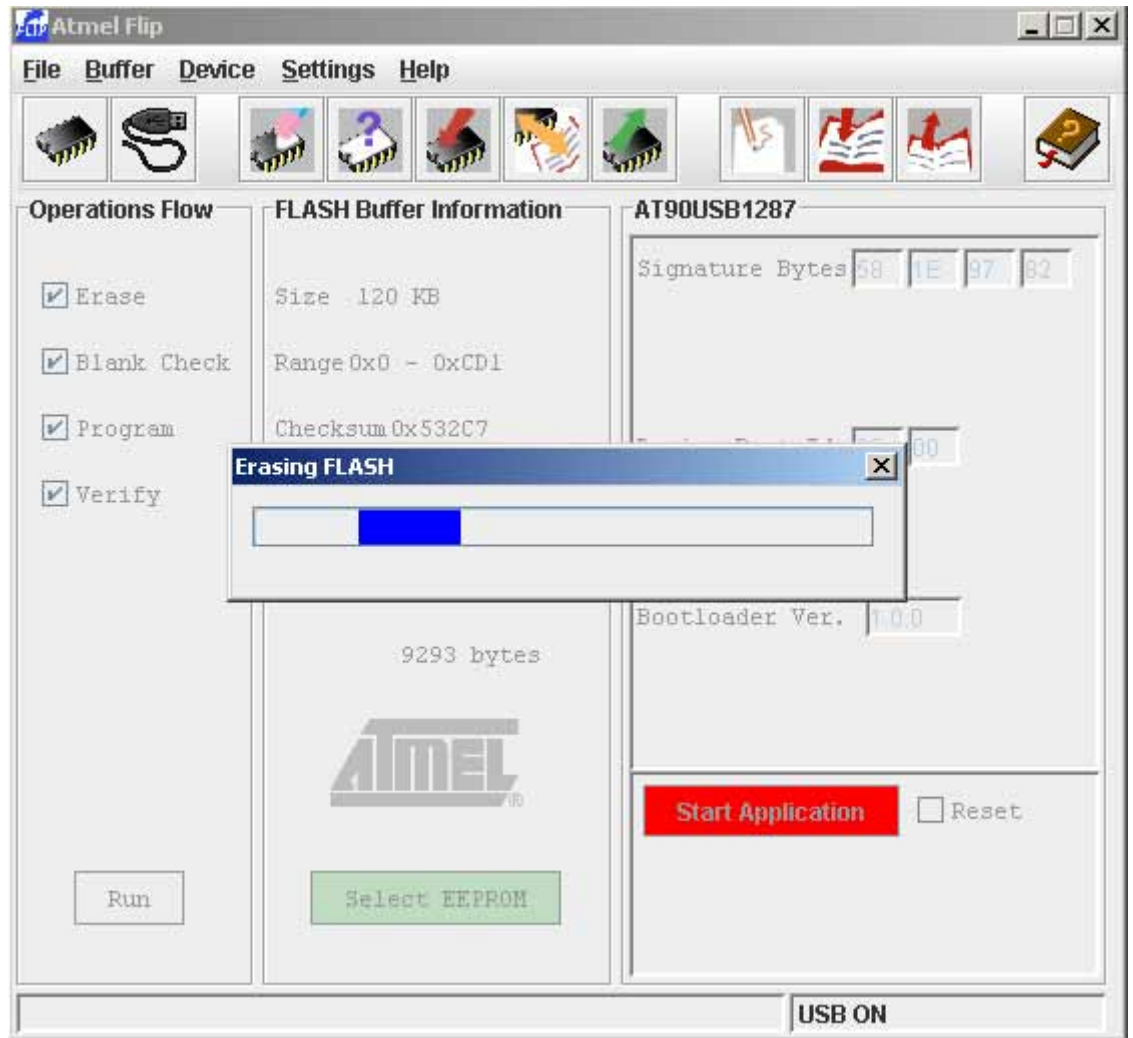
4. Choose the HEX file to load (the HEX file is including in USB CD-ROM: usb\_hid\_generic.a90)

**Figure 6-6.** HEX File to Load



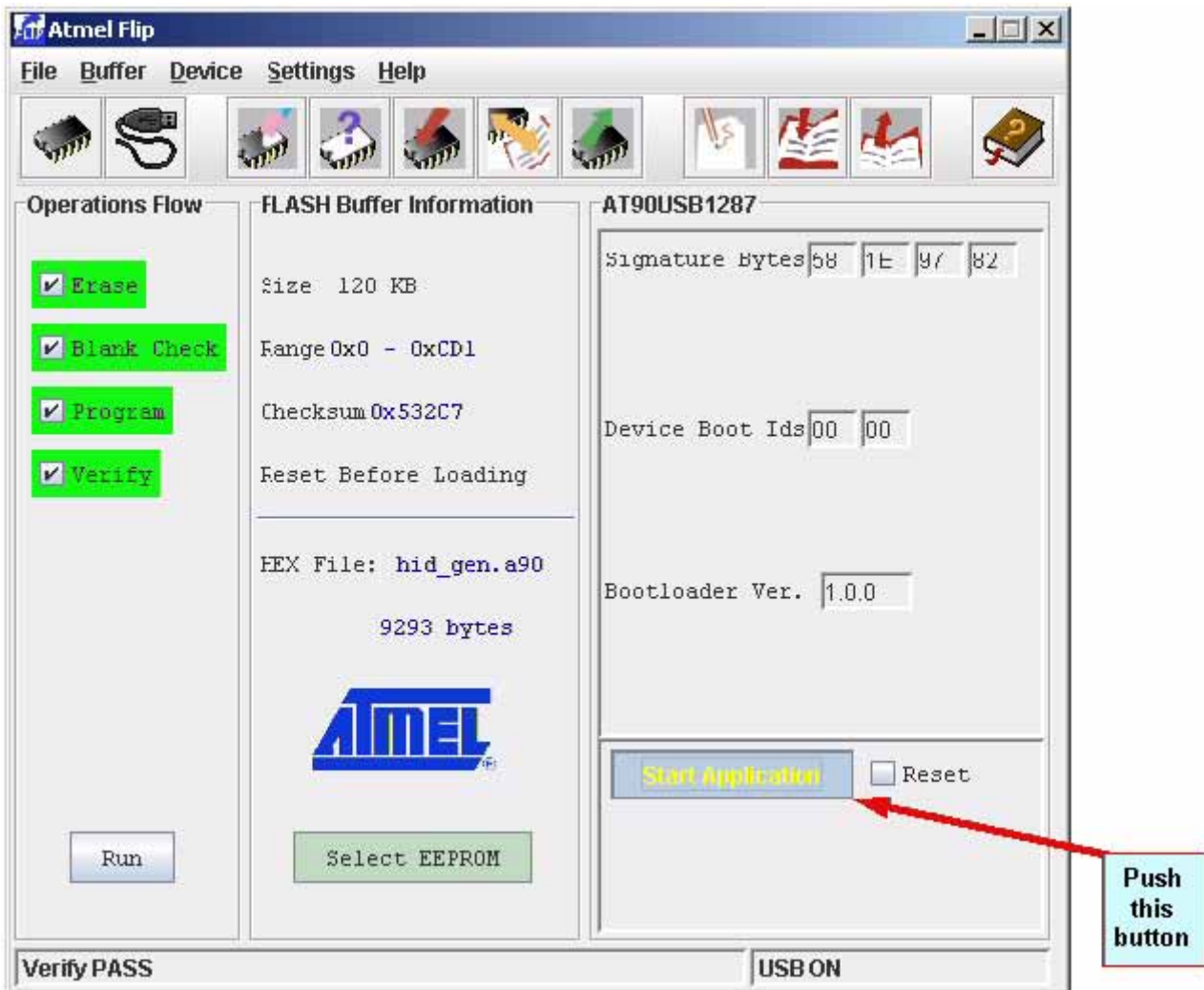
5. Load the HEX file (*Check Erase, Blank Check, Program and Verify, then Push Run button*)

**Figure 6-7.** HEX File Loading



6. Start the application

**Figure 6-8.** Start Application

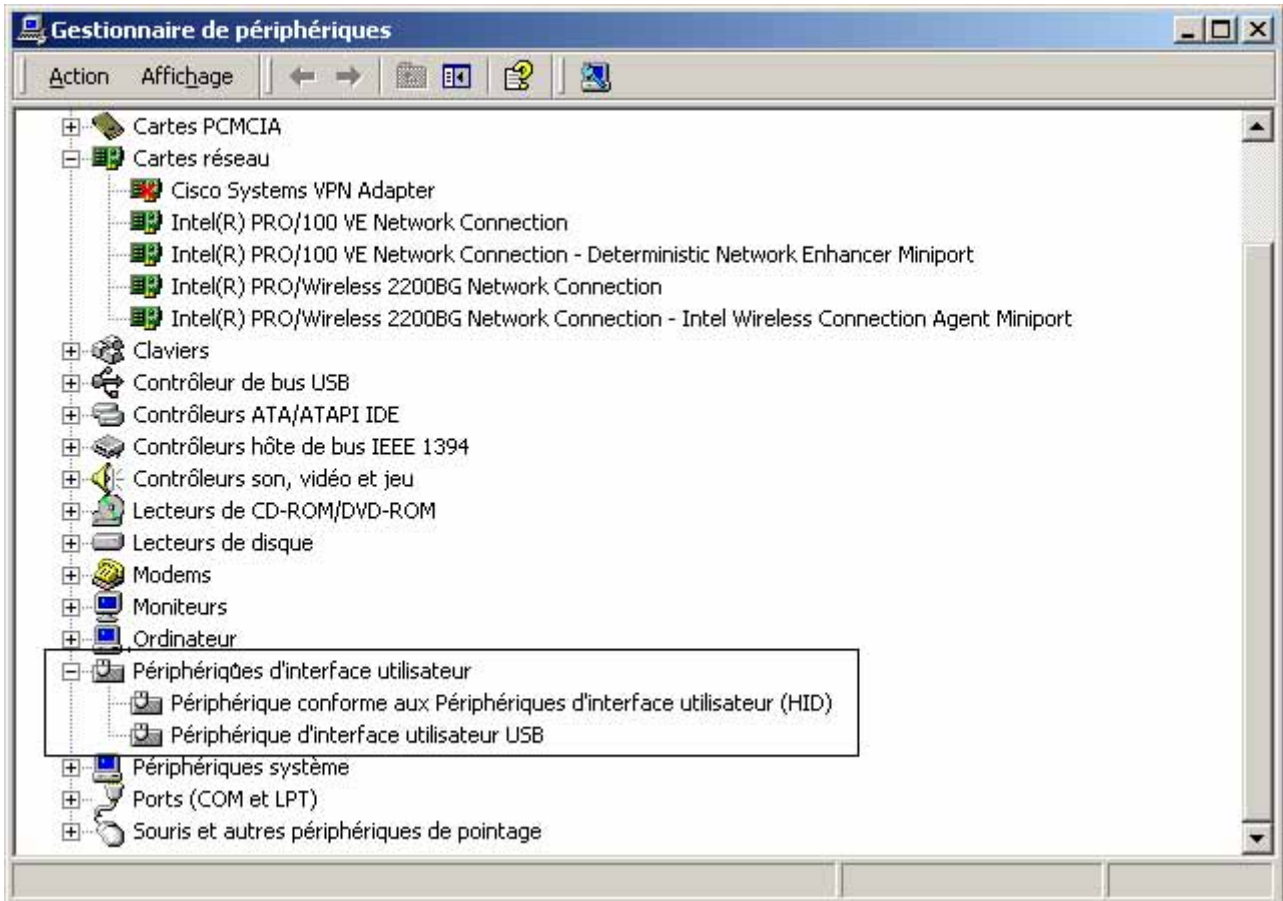


**Note:** The AT90USB bootloader will detach and jump into the user application when “Start Application” button is pressed.

## 7. Quick Start

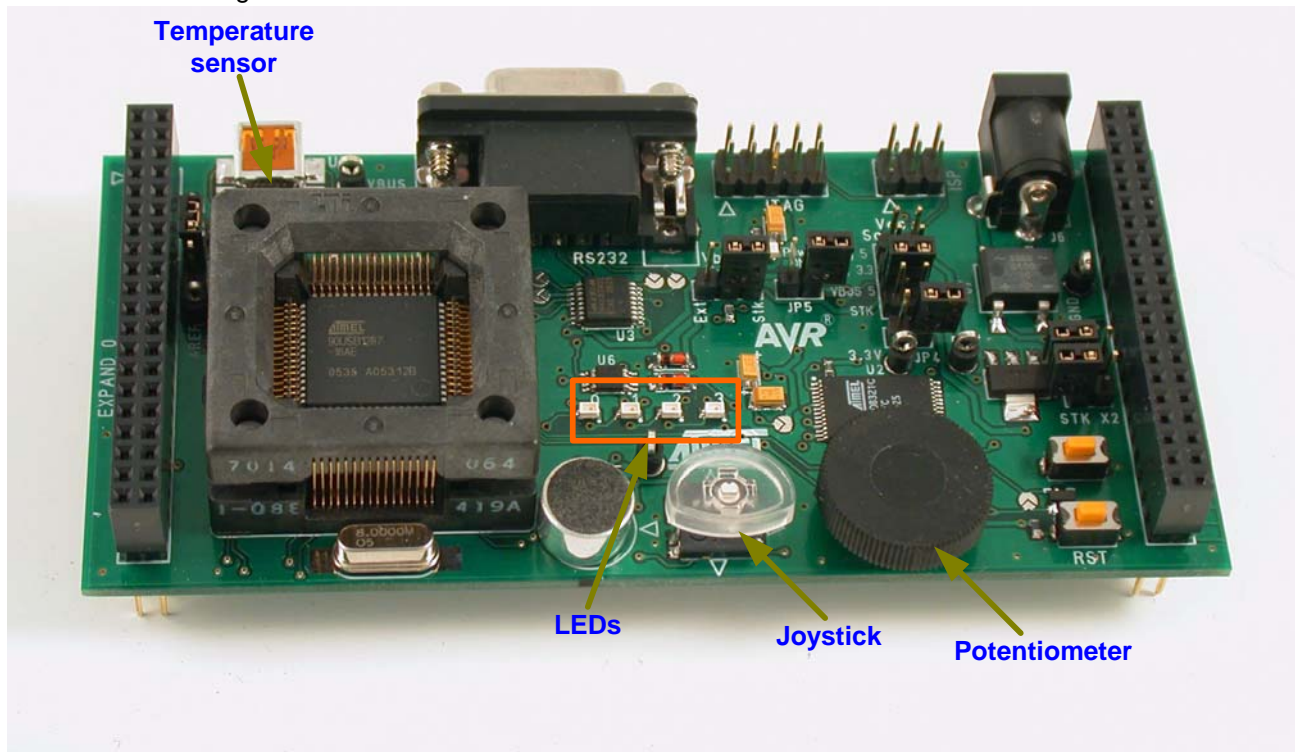
Once your device is programmed with *usb\_hid\_generic.a90* file, you can start the generic HID demo. Check that your device has enumerated as HID device (see Figure 7-1.), then launch the PC application (see Figure 7-3.) and start exchanging data between the PC and the STK525 (see Figure 7-2.).

Figure 7-1. HID Enumeration



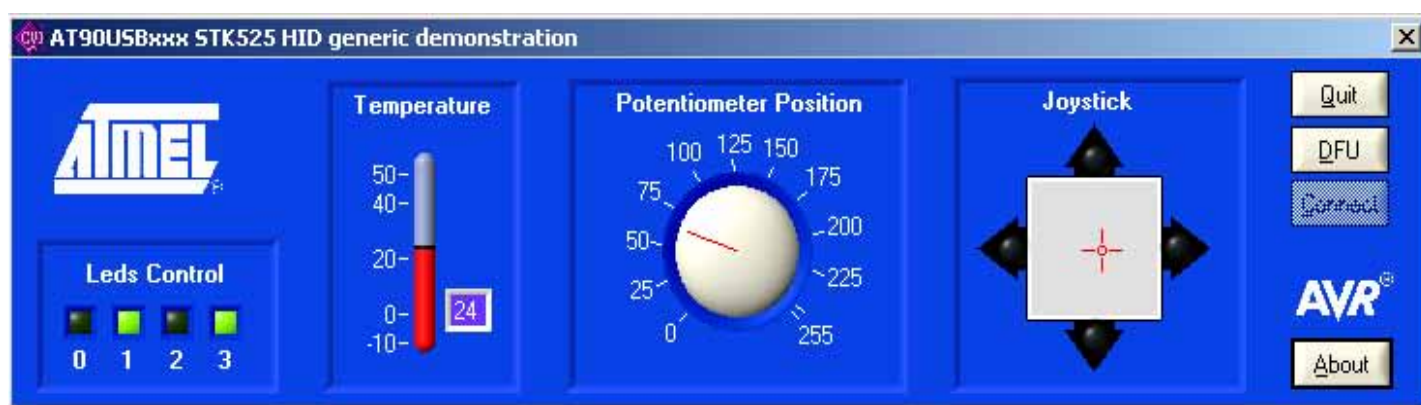
The figure below shows the Hardware used by the demo:

**Figure 7-2.** Hardware generic HID



The figure below shows the GUI used by the PC application

**Figure 7-3.** GUI generic HID



To move the pointer in one direction (up, down, left, right..), you have to push the joystick in the same direction.

The potentiometer controls the potentiometer, which displays on the screen an 8-bit coded value.

The temperature value is given by the temperature sensor.

To turn on/off the Leds, you have to click on the Leds Control buttons on the PC display.

Click on the DFU button to put the device in DFU mode, then use Flip software to upgrade your device (no hardware conditions needed).

## 8. Application Overview

The generic HID application is a simple data exchange between a PC and the device.

The USB data exchange for this application is based on two interrupt endpoints (one IN and one OUT) which contain the HID reports for the device application.

The PC asks the device if there is new data available each  $P$  time (polling interval time), the device will send the data if it is available, otherwise it will send a NAK (No Acknowledge) to tell the PC that there is no data available. The data package sent from the device to the PC is called report IN.

To send data to the device, the PC checks if there is new data available for the application each  $P$  time (polling interval time). Once data is available, the PC sends it to the device. This data package is called report OUT.

The report IN and the report OUT have the structures below:

**Figure 8-1.** Report IN structure

Bytes 4 to 7	Byte 3	Byte 2	Byte 1	Byte 0
Reserved	Temperature value	Potentiometer value	Joystick value	LEDs value

- LEDs value: This byte contains the current state (ON/OFF) of the LEDs.
- joystick value: This byte contains the joystick state (Active/Inactive) and the direction of the pointer.
- Potentiometer value: This byte contains the potentiometer value.
- Temperature value: This byte contains the temperature sensor value.

**Figure 8-2.** Report OUT structure

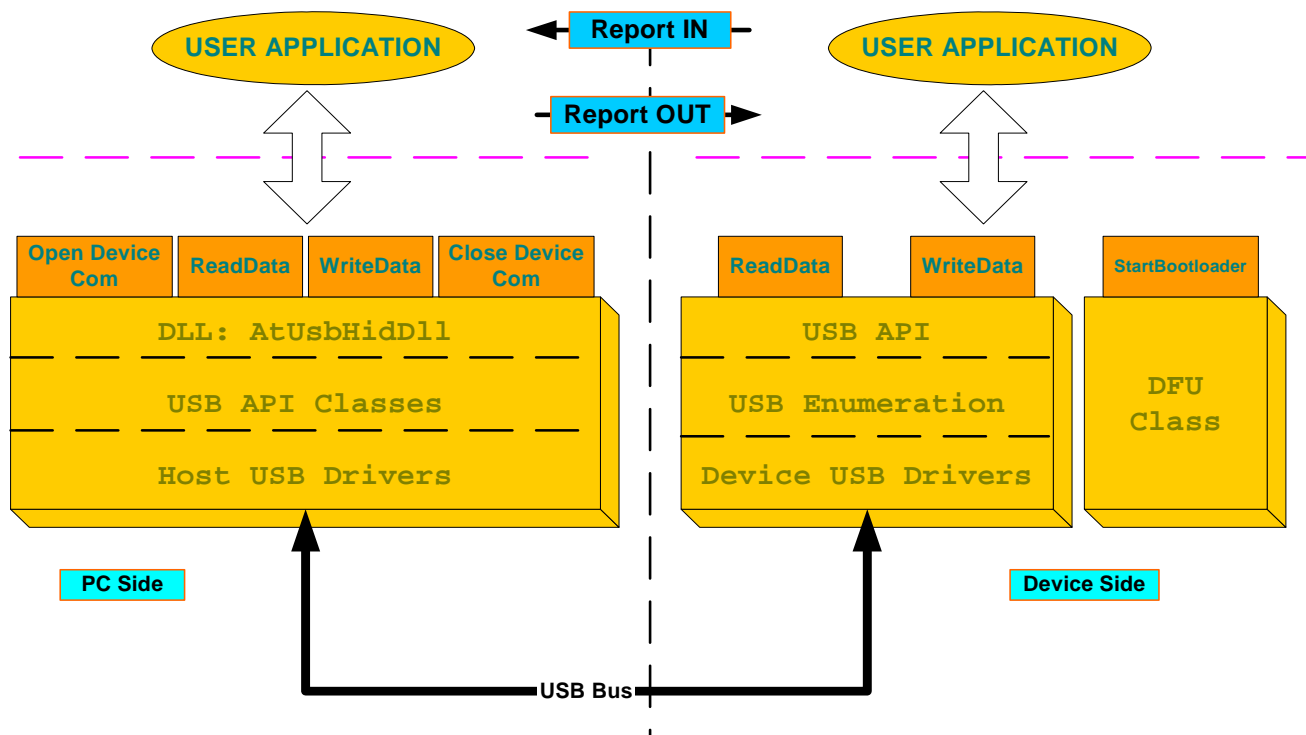
Bytes 5 to 7	Byte 4	Byte 3	Byte 2	Byte 1	Byte 0
Reserved	DFU value	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	LEDs value

LEDs value: This byte contains the new state of the LEDs.

DFU value: The values of these two bytes (byte 3: 0x55, byte 4: 0xAA) are used to put the device in DFU mode

Note: In this application we use 8 bytes for the report IN/OUT size. This size can be changed by the user. There is no maximum value of the report size, but a maximum of 64 bytes can be sent a time (see Section "Firmware", page 16 ).

Figure 8-3. Application Overview

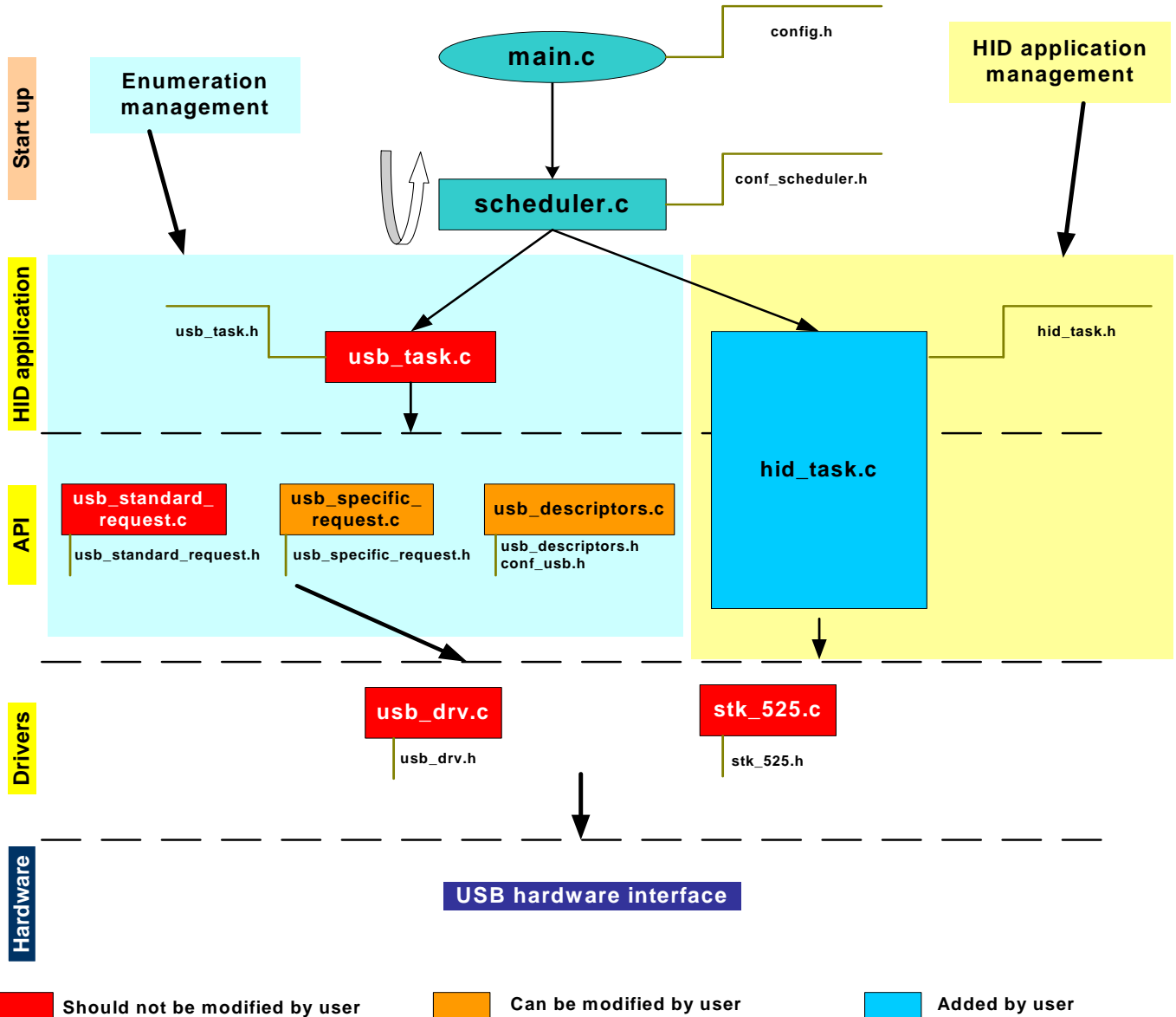




## 9. Firmware

As explained in the USB Firmware Architecture document (Doc 7603, included in the USB CD-ROM) all USB firmware packages are based on the same architecture (please refer to this document for more details).

**Figure 9-1.** Generic HID Firmware Architecture



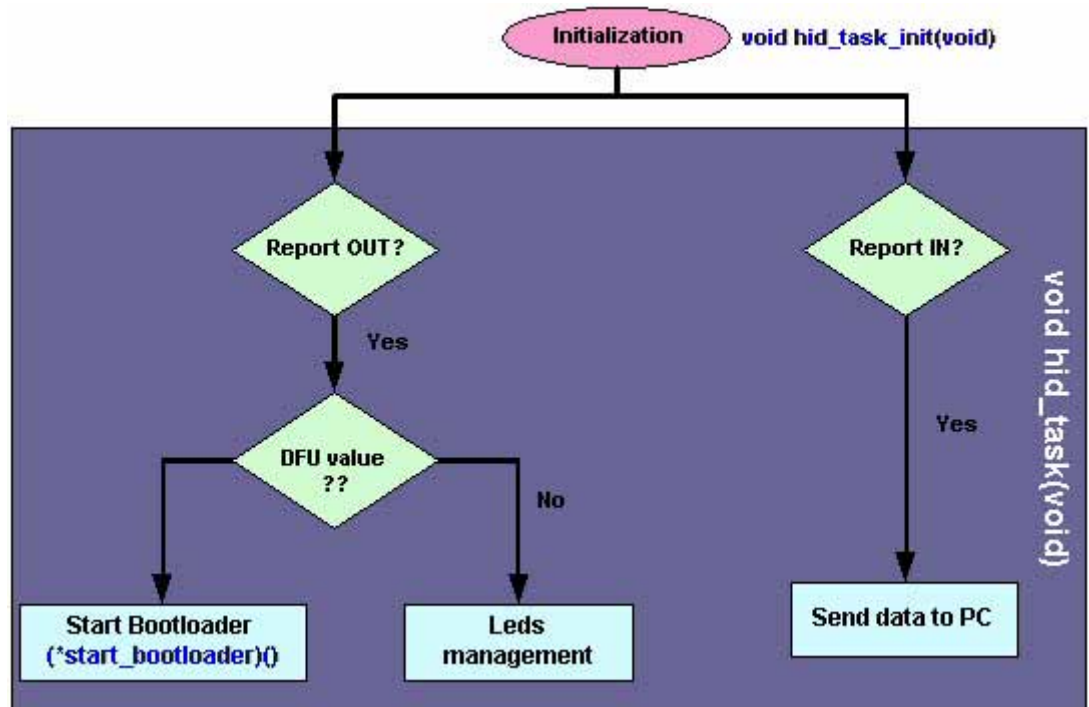
This section is dedicated to the HID module only. The customization of the files described hereafter allow the user to build his own Generic HID Application:

- `hid_task.c`
- `usb_descriptor.h`

## 9.1 hid\_task.c

This file contains the functions to initialize the device, manage the data transfer with the PC, and start the bootloader when the user wants to upgrade his firmware.

**Figure 9-2.** Generic HID Application



### 9.1.1 hid\_task\_init

This function performs the initialization of the device parameters and hardware resources (joystick, potentiometer...).

### 9.1.2 (\*start\_bootloader)

This function pointer allows the launch of the bootloader.

### 9.1.3 hid\_task

This function manages the data transfer, and the launch of the bootloader, once the DFU command is sent by the PC.

## 9.2 stk\_525.c.

This file contains all the routines to manage the STK525 board resources (Joystick, potentiometer, Temperature sensor, LEDs...). The user should not modify this file when using the STK525 board. Otherwise he have to build his own hardware management file.

## 9.3 Report length modification

As mentioned in Application Overview section, the user can modify the report IN/OUT length.

The report IN and report OUT lengths are defined in the file `usb_descriptor.h`:

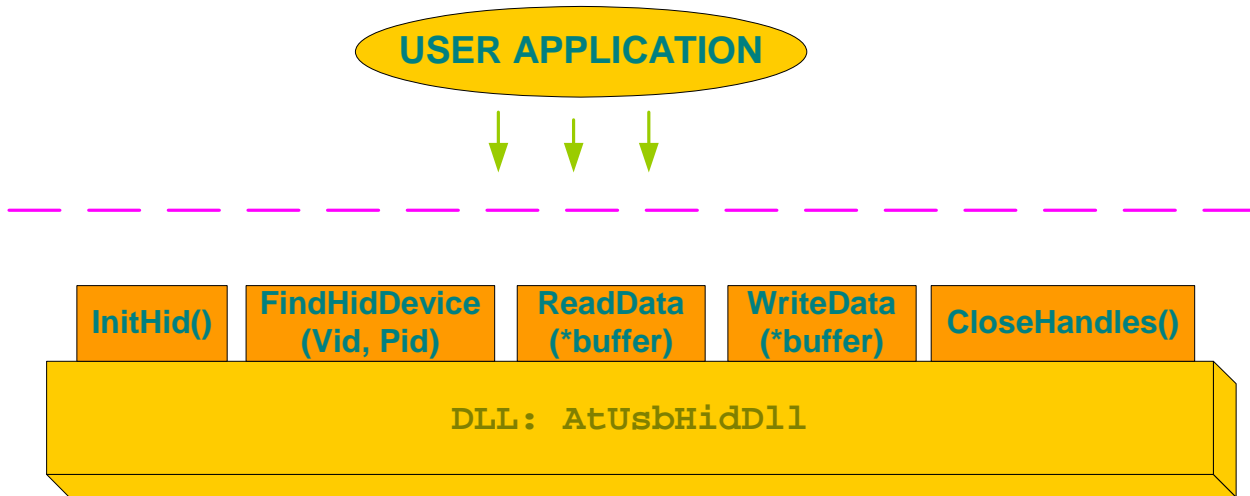
```
#define LENGTH_OF_REPORT_IN 8
#define LENGTH_OF_REPORT_OUT 8
```

## 10. PC Software

As shown in the [Figure 8-3](#), the Generic HID application requires a software package. This package contains a DLL (Dynamic Link Library) and a user application.

The DLL allows the user to interface with the host USB drivers and avoid a heavy development. This DLL contains five functions explained below:

**Figure 10-1.** HID DLL



### 10.0.1 InitHid

This function initializes all the application parameters. It should be called before any USB transfer.

Parameters: none.

### 10.0.2 FindHidDevice

This function returns true and creates the handle if the right device is found (the VID & PID are correct). Otherwise, it returns false.

Parameters: VID: The vendor ID of the device

PID: The Product ID of the device.

### 10.0.3 ReadData

This function ensures the reading of data sent by the device and saves it on the buffer.

Parameters: \*buffer: Pointer of the buffer on which data will be saved

### 10.0.4 WriteData

This function ensures the sending of data from the PC to the device. It also ensures the sending of the DFU command.

Parameters: \*buffer: Pointer of data buffer.

### 10.0.5 CloseHandles

This function closes all the handles and the threads. It should be called when you close the application.

Parameters : none.

#### **10.0.6    Limitation**

Do not unplug the device when the PC application is running (close the application before).

### **11. Related Documents**

AVR USB Datasheet (doc 7593)

USB Firmware Architecture (doc 7603)

USB HID class specification (doc 7602)



## Atmel Corporation

2325 Orchard Parkway  
San Jose, CA 95131, USA  
Tel: 1(408) 441-0311  
Fax: 1(408) 487-2600

## Regional Headquarters

### Europe

Atmel Sarl  
Route des Arsenaux 41  
Case Postale 80  
CH-1705 Fribourg  
Switzerland  
Tel: (41) 26-426-5555  
Fax: (41) 26-426-5500

### Asia

Room 1219  
Chinachem Golden Plaza  
77 Mody Road Tsimshatsui  
East Kowloon  
Hong Kong  
Tel: (852) 2721-9778  
Fax: (852) 2722-1369

### Japan

9F, Tonetsu Shinkawa Bldg.  
1-24-8 Shinkawa  
Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0033  
Japan  
Tel: (81) 3-3523-3551  
Fax: (81) 3-3523-7581

## Atmel Operations

### Memory

2325 Orchard Parkway  
San Jose, CA 95131, USA  
Tel: 1(408) 441-0311  
Fax: 1(408) 436-4314

### Microcontrollers

2325 Orchard Parkway  
San Jose, CA 95131, USA  
Tel: 1(408) 441-0311  
Fax: 1(408) 436-4314

La Chantrerie  
BP 70602  
44306 Nantes Cedex 3, France  
Tel: (33) 2-40-18-18-18  
Fax: (33) 2-40-18-19-60

### ASIC/ASSP/Smart Cards

Zone Industrielle  
13106 Rousset Cedex, France  
Tel: (33) 4-42-53-60-00  
Fax: (33) 4-42-53-60-01

1150 East Cheyenne Mtn. Blvd.  
Colorado Springs, CO 80906, USA  
Tel: 1(719) 576-3300  
Fax: 1(719) 540-1759

Scottish Enterprise Technology Park  
Maxwell Building  
East Kilbride G75 0QR, Scotland  
Tel: (44) 1355-803-000  
Fax: (44) 1355-242-743

### RF/Automotive

Theresienstrasse 2  
Postfach 3535  
74025 Heilbronn, Germany  
Tel: (49) 71-31-67-0  
Fax: (49) 71-31-67-2340

1150 East Cheyenne Mtn. Blvd.  
Colorado Springs, CO 80906, USA  
Tel: 1(719) 576-3300  
Fax: 1(719) 540-1759

### Biometrics/Imaging/Hi-Rel MPU/

### High Speed Converters/RF Datacom

Avenue de Rochepleine  
BP 123  
38521 Saint-Egreve Cedex, France  
Tel: (33) 4-76-58-30-00  
Fax: (33) 4-76-58-34-80

---

### Literature Requests

[www.atmel.com/literature](http://www.atmel.com/literature)

Disclaimer: The information in this document is provided in connection with Atmel products. No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property right is granted by this document or in connection with the sale of Atmel products. **EXCEPT AS SET FORTH IN ATMEL'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE LOCATED ON ATMEL'S WEB SITE, ATMEL ASSUMES NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER AND DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS, IMPLIED OR STATUTORY WARRANTY RELATING TO ITS PRODUCTS INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, OR NON-INFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL ATMEL BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, CONSEQUENTIAL, PUNITIVE, SPECIAL OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, DAMAGES FOR LOSS OF PROFITS, BUSINESS INTERRUPTION, OR LOSS OF INFORMATION) ARISING OUT OF THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THIS DOCUMENT, EVEN IF ATMEL HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.** Atmel makes no representations or warranties with respect to the accuracy or completeness of the contents of this document and reserves the right to make changes to specifications and product descriptions at any time without notice. Atmel does not make any commitment to update the information contained herein. Unless specifically provided otherwise, Atmel products are not suitable for, and shall not be used in, automotive applications. Atmel's products are not intended,

© Atmel Corporation 2006. **All rights reserved.** Atmel®, logo and combinations thereof, Everywhere You Are®, AVR®, STK® and others are registered trademarks or trademarks of Atmel Corporation or its subsidiaries. Windows® and others are registered trademarks or trademarks of Microsoft Corporation. Other terms and product names may be trademarks of others.



Printed on recycled paper.

7599A-AVR-01/06