## Eine Woche, ein Beispiel 11.7. Berkovich space

 $Ref: \ Spectral\ theory\ and\ analytic\ geometry\ over\ non-Archimedean\ fields\ by\ Vladimir\ G.\ Berkovich (we\ mainly\ follow\ this\ article)\\ +courses\ from\ Junyi\ Xie$ 

+An introduction to Berkovich analytic spaces and non-archimedean potential theory on curves

Goal: understand the beautiful picture copied from "An introduction to Berkovich analytic spaces and non-archimedean potential theory on curves"

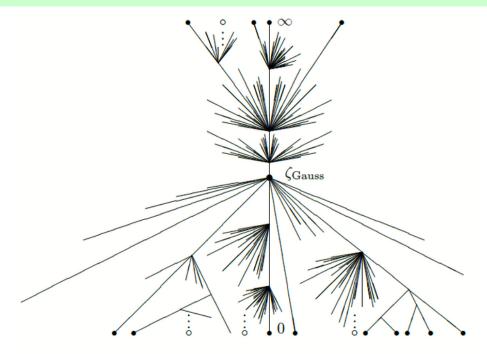


FIGURE 1. The Berkovich projective line (adapted from an illustration of Joe Silverman)

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1. Seminorm
1.1 Def (seminorm of abelian group) || - || \cdot M \longrightarrow |R_{>0}| s.t
         11011 =0
                                  norm: ||m|| = 0 => m=0
          ||f-g|| = ||f|| + ||g|| non-Archimedean: ||f-g|| ≤ max (||f||, ||g||)
 · Seminorm ⇒ topology
    Prop. (M, 1111) is Hausdorff (>> 1111 is norm
    Def (equivalence of norm)
 · sub, quotient, homomorphism
    Def (restricted seminorm)
    Def. (residue seminorm) 7. (M, 11-1/m) -> M/N induce the seminorm on M/N.
                        11 mll M/N := inf 1/m' 1/M
    Def (bounded /admissible) p.(M, ||-||_{M}) \longrightarrow (N, ||-||_{N})
          - bounded: 3C>0, 119(m)11N & C 11m11m
          - admissible. 5. (Wker p, 11-11quo) - (Imp, 11-11res)
                       induces equivalence of norm.

    quotient, TT, A<r-T>...
    comparison among norms, bounded.

 · Def related to valuation field
1.3. Def (seminorm of A-module, where A normed ving)
          seminorm group t 3 C>0, Ifm 1 5 Clif 11 IIml
  . ⊗₄
                  Seminormed ring

(Z, | |p)
(Q, | |w)
(Q, | |p)

(R, triv
                      valuation field
```

suppose A: Banach ring comm +1

M(A) .= ? bounded mult seminorms on A?

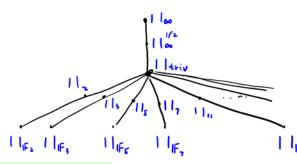
with top basis generated by Um, (a,b) = {11·11 € M(A) | 11 ml ∈ (a,b)} me A, (a.b) EIR

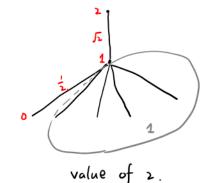
## E.g. A = (Z, 110)

We have

$$\mathcal{M}(\mathbb{Z},||_{\infty}) = \begin{cases} ||_{\text{triv}}| \\ ||_{p} : t \in (0,+\infty] \\ ||_{\mathbb{F}_{p}} : ||_{\mathbb{F}_{p}} : ||_{p} = ||_{1} \frac{p}{p+m} \end{cases}$$

Picture:





From this picture, we want to get: Bound relations among seminorms Topology