

# Local Langlands Correspondence for $GL_n$

As modifying files in the sciebo folder is prohibited, the corrected version of my portion (with the typo rectified) will be available in the Github directories:

Talk1:

[https://github.com/ramified/personal\\_handwritten\\_collection/raw/main/weeklyupdate/2023.04.23\\_\(non-split\)\\_reductive\\_group.pdf](https://github.com/ramified/personal_handwritten_collection/raw/main/weeklyupdate/2023.04.23_(non-split)_reductive_group.pdf)

Talk2 (this one):

[https://github.com/ramified/personal\\_handwritten\\_collection/raw/main/Langlands/GL\\_case.pdf](https://github.com/ramified/personal_handwritten_collection/raw/main/Langlands/GL_case.pdf)

↓ change to  $F$  after giving the talk

$K$ : local field      NA local field      +  $\mathbb{R}$  &  $\mathbb{C}$  case

$$\Gamma_K = \text{Gal}(K^{\text{sep}}/K)$$

$W_K$ : Weil group of  $K$

$$\text{NA case: } W_K = \Gamma_K \rtimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\mathbb{C} \text{ case: } W_{\mathbb{C}} = \mathbb{C}^{\times}$$

$$\mathbb{R} \text{ case: } W_{\mathbb{R}} := \mathbb{C}^{\times} \cup j\mathbb{C}^{\times} \subseteq \mathbb{H}^{\times}$$

Rep = sm rep

Irr = irr sm rep

$\Phi$  = adm irr sm rep

WDrep = Weil-Deligne rep

Let us first state the  $GL_n$  case for a NA local field  $K$ .

Thm (LLC for  $GL_n(K)$ , Harris-Taylor, Henniart, Scholze)

We have a natural bijection

$$\text{Irr}_{\mathbb{C}}(GL_n(K)) \longleftrightarrow \text{WDrep}_{\substack{n\text{-dim} \\ \text{Frob s.s.}}}(W_K)$$

||

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \rho: W_K \longrightarrow GL_n(\mathbb{C}) \\ + N \in \text{End}(\mathbb{C}^n) \\ + \text{compatibility} \end{array} \quad \rho(\text{Frob}) \text{ s.s.} \right\}$$

$n=1$

$$\chi: K^\times \longrightarrow \mathbb{C}^\times \longleftrightarrow \chi: W_K \longrightarrow W_K^{\text{ab}} \cong K^\times \xrightarrow{\chi} \mathbb{C}^\times$$

$n=2$

$$\begin{array}{ll} 1) & \chi \circ \det \longleftrightarrow \left( \begin{pmatrix} \chi & & \\ & \chi \cdot 1 \cdot 1_K & \\ & & \end{pmatrix}, 0 \right) \\ 2) & n\text{-Ind}_B^{GL_n}(\chi_1, \chi_2) \longleftrightarrow \left( \begin{pmatrix} \chi_1 & & \\ & \chi_2 & \\ & & \end{pmatrix}, 0 \right) \\ 3) & St \otimes (\chi \circ \det) \longleftrightarrow \left( \begin{pmatrix} \chi & & \\ & \chi \cdot 1 \cdot 1_K & \\ & & \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right) \\ 4) & c\text{-Ind}_{K^\times}^{GL(K)} \rho \longleftrightarrow \text{don't know how to describe} \end{array}$$

Let us try to work out  $n=1$  case. In that case,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{RHS} &= \{ \rho: W_K \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^\times \} \\ &= \{ \rho: W_K^{\text{ab}} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^\times \} \\ &\stackrel{\text{Artin}}{=} \{ \rho: K^\times \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^\times \} = \text{LHS} \end{aligned}$$

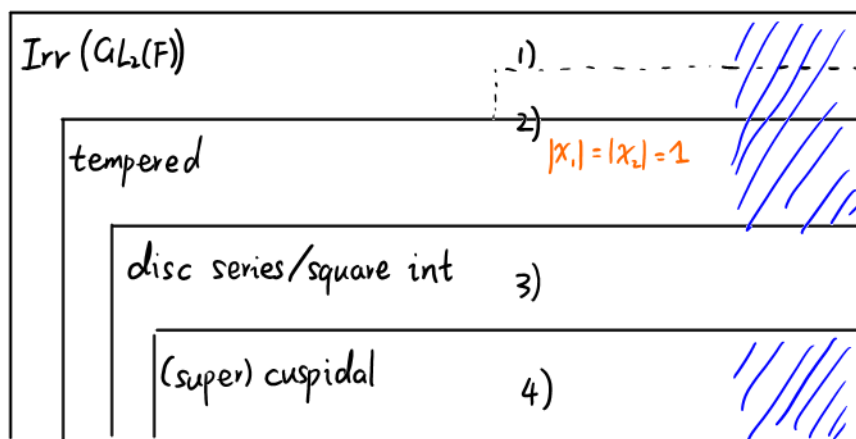
Rem. The key argument is the Artin map  
 $W_K^{\text{ab}} \cong K^\times$

For  $n=2$  case, we still have nice descriptions on both side.  
 However, it would already take the content of a whole book for us to comprehend the details of this case.

Thm (Langlands classification for  $\text{Irr}_{\mathbb{C}}(\text{GL}_2(K))$ )

We have a classification of  $\text{Irr}_{\mathbb{C}}(\text{GL}_2(K))$ .  $\chi: K^\times \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$

1) 1-dim	$\chi \cdot \det$	
2) principal series	$n\text{-Ind}_B^{\text{GL}_2}(X_1, X_2)$	$X_1 X_2^{-1} \neq \  \cdot \ ^\pm$
3) a twist of St by $\chi$	$\text{St} \otimes (\chi \cdot \det)$	
4) supercuspidal rep	$c\text{-Ind}_{K^\times}^{\text{GL}_2} \rho$	for some $\rho \in \text{Irr}(K^\times)$



/// (possibly) unramified  
 unitary?  
 ↑ def & results?

For the Archimedean case, we also want to construct such a correspondence. In this case, we have a relatively explicit description on both sides, since the structure of the Weyl gp is easier. Also, we don't need to worry about cuspidal reps here.

For avoiding technical conditions, we only state the LLC for  $GL_n(K)$ .

$K = \mathbb{R}$  or  $\mathbb{C}$ .

Thm (LLC for  $GL_n(K)$ )

We have a 1-to-1 correspondence

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \Phi(GL_n(K))/\sim & \longleftrightarrow & \left\{ \rho: W_K \longrightarrow GL_n(\mathbb{C}) \right\} \\ & & \text{semisimple as reps} \\ \downarrow \cong & & \\ \{ \text{Irr adm } (\gamma, U^\infty)\text{-modules} \} & & \end{array}$$

where

$U^\infty := O(n)$  or  $U(n)$

$\sim$ : up to infinitesimally equivalence  
i.e. induce the same  $(\gamma, U^\infty)$ -modules

For letting  $n=1$  case to be true, we have to ask at least

$$W_K^{ab} \cong K^\times$$

Also,  $W_K$  should be related to  $\Gamma_K$ .