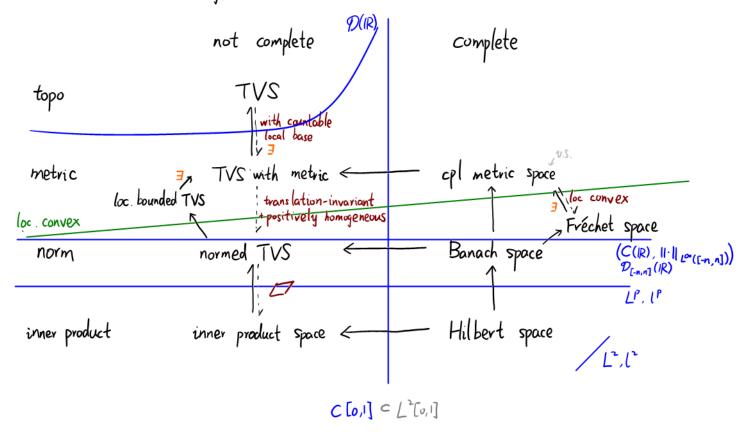
## Eine Woche, ein Beispiel 430 TVS = topological vector space

Ref:

Lec 1-7: http://staff.ustc.edu.cn/~wangzuoq/Courses/15F-FA/index.html

In this document, we don't worry about extra structure here, and we assume Hausdorff.



## 3: exists a metric

https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/3356421/example-of-a-locally-convex-topological-vector-space-which-is-not-metrizable

Rmk. There are two definitions of boundedness in metrizable TVS X, and they coincide if the metric is translation-invariant.

Def. (boundness for TVS)  $E \subset X \text{ is bounded if } \forall o \in U \text{ open, } \exists s > 0 \text{ s.t.}$   $\forall t > s \text{ } E \subset tU$ 

In this case,

 $\bar{E}$  is bounded  $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{bmatrix} \forall \{x_n\} \subset E, \{a_n\} \subseteq \mathbb{R} \text{ or } \mathbb{C}, \\ a_n \to 0 \Rightarrow a_n x_n \to 0 \end{bmatrix}$ 

Def (boundness for metric space)

Fix  $x_0 \in X$ . boundness does not depend on  $x_0$ .  $E \subset X$  is bounded if  $\exists r > 0$ ,  $E \subset B_{x_0}(r)$ .

Rmk. 1 For loc convex TVS with metric, all open balls are convex. 2 cpl metric space  $\Rightarrow$  2<sup>nd</sup> category.

## 1st category set

https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/1237159/understanding-the-definition-of-nowhere-dense-sets-in-abbotts-understanding-ana

Def. A closed subset ACX is nowhere dense if  $A^{c}$  is dense in X, i.e.,  $A^{o} = \phi$ 

Def. ACX is of 1st category, if

 $A \subset \bigcup_{i \in \mathbb{Z}_{22}} A_i$  for some  $A = \overline{A_i}$  nowhere dense.