## Eine Woche, ein Beispiel 5.28. dual spaces of oo-dim v.s.

 $Ref: \ http://staff.ustc.edu.cn/{\sim} wangzuoq/Courses/{15F-FA/index.html}$ 

F = IR or C. What would happen if  $IF = C_p$ ?

1. def 2. examples

1. def

Def. For any topo v.s. X, Y, define  $L(X,Y) = PL: X \rightarrow Y \mid L$  is linear and cont?

The dual space of X is defined as  $X' := L(X, IF) = PL: X \rightarrow IF \mid L$  is linear and cont?

We follow the notation of analysis in this document.

Other possibilities for the dual space:  $X^*$ ,  $X^*$ ,  $X^*$ , ...

Rmk. When X, Y are normed v.s., L(X,Y) is a normed v.s. I(X,Y)

Rmk. When X, Y are normed v.s., L(x, Y) is a normed v.s. with  $\|L\| = \sup_{\|x\|_X = 1} \|L(x)\|_Y$ 

On the other hand, we have the weak \*-topology on L(X,Y). the weakest topo s.t.

 $ev_x: L(x,Y) \longrightarrow Y \qquad L \longmapsto L(x)$ 

is cont for any xeX.

These two structures are not compatible with each other. Rmk. By Klein-Milman theorem, we can show that

some Banach spaces are not dual space.

2. initial examples.

For a bounded domain s2, we have

$$(L^{\infty}(\Omega))' \supset \dots \supset L^{q}(\Omega) \supset \dots \supset L^{q}(\Omega)$$

For arbitrary domain  $\Omega$ , we don't have inclusion. inclusion: cont inj map

https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4o5357/when-exactly-is-the-dual-of-l1-isomorphic-to-l-infty-via-the-natural-map https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/137677/what-is-the-predual-of-l1

Ex. Show that  $(c_0)' = l^1$ ,  $(l^p)' = (9, (l')' = l^\infty)$  by divect argument. Show that  $(l^\infty)' \not\supseteq l^1$ .

For  $\Omega = \mathbb{R}^n$ , we have  $(S(\Omega))$  is not defined for  $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ , traditionally)

$$\mathcal{D}(\Omega) \subset \mathcal{S}(\Omega) \subset \mathcal{E}(\Omega)$$

$$\mathcal{D}'(\Omega) \supset \mathcal{S}'(\Omega) \supset \mathcal{E}'(\Omega)$$

https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4730104/is-schwartz-space-canonical-in-any-sense
Schwartz Functions on Open Subsets of Rn: https://www.math.princeton.edu/events/schwartz-functions-open-subsets-rn-2022-02-28t213000
Schwartz functions on real algebraic varieties: https://arxiv.org/abs/1701.07334

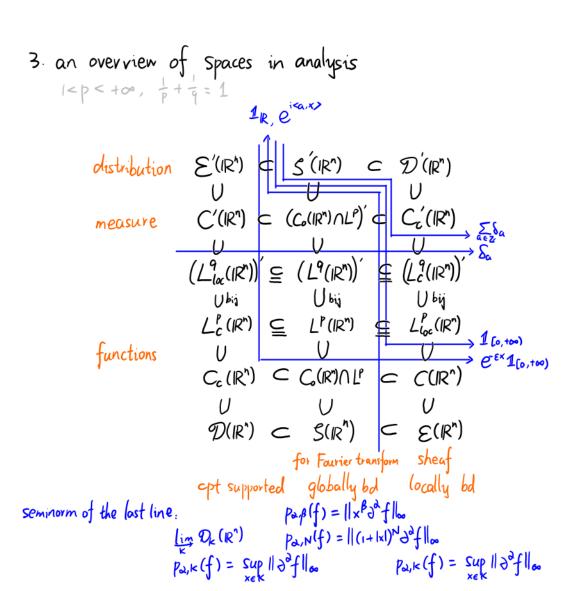
Rnk. For Hilbert space,  $H' \cong H$ . e.p.  $(H^s(\Omega))' \cong H^s(\Omega)$ For X: cpt Hausdorff space,  $C(X)' \subset Signed regular Borel measures]$ 

The following illusion is common and confusing:

The dual space of bigger space is bigger/smaller.

Actually, such illusions comes from  $f^*: W^* \longrightarrow V^*$  being injective/surjective. In fin dim case, dim  $V^*=\dim V < \dim W = \dim W^*$ .

In dense subspace case, it comes from the uniqueness of cont extension.



measure line: 
$$C'(\mathbb{R}^n)$$
: fcts of bounded variation  $C_o'(\mathbb{R}^n)$ : signed regular Bovel measures on  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .  $(C_c'(\mathbb{R}^n))^t$ : Radon measure  $\mathbb{Q}$ : is  $C_c'(\mathbb{R}^n)$  the signed Radon measure?

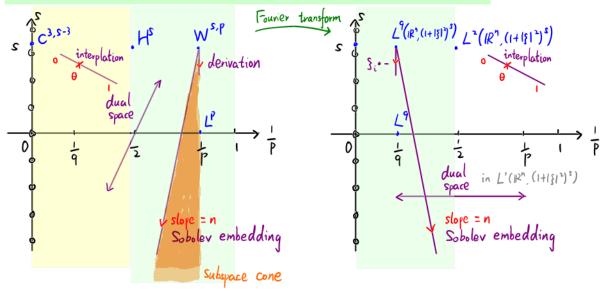
https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4448590/how-to-generalize-riesz-markov-kakutani-representation-theorem-from-c-cx-to-https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4500358/3-versions-of-riesz-markov-kakutani-theorem-from-c-cx-to-https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4500358/3-versions-of-riesz-markov-kakutani-theorem-from-c-cx-to-https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4500358/3-versions-of-riesz-markov-kakutani-theorem-from-c-cx-to-https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4500358/3-versions-of-riesz-markov-kakutani-theorem-from-c-cx-to-https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4500358/3-versions-of-riesz-markov-kakutani-theorem-from-c-cx-to-https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4500358/3-versions-of-riesz-markov-kakutani-theorem-from-c-cx-to-https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4500358/3-versions-of-riesz-markov-kakutani-theorem-from-c-cx-to-https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4500358/3-versions-of-riesz-markov-kakutani-theorem-from-c-cx-to-https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4500358/3-versions-of-riesz-markov-kakutani-theorem-from-c-cx-to-https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4500358/3-versions-of-riesz-markov-kakutani-theorem-from-c-cx-to-https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4500358/3-versions-of-riesz-markov-kakutani-theorem-from-c-cx-to-https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4500358/3-versions-of-riesz-markov-kakutani-theorem-from-c-cx-to-https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4500358/3-versions-of-riesz-markov-kakutani-theorem-from-c-cx-to-https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4500358/3-versions-of-riesz-markov-kakutani-theorem-from-c-cx-to-https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4500358/3-versions-of-riesz-markov-kakutani-theorem-from-c-cx-to-https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4500358/3-versions-of-riesz-markov-kakutani-theorem-from-c-cx-to-https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/4500358/3-versions-of-riesz-markov-kakutani-theorem-from-c-cx-to-https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/450036/3-versions-of-riesz-markov-kakutani-theorem-from-c-cx-to-https://math

The above diagram has many variations. For example,

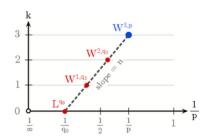
https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/221069/why-are-continuous-functions-not-dense-in-l-infty

In fact, in the middle, we can change various of Sobolev spaces.

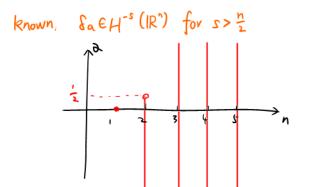
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sobolev\_inequality https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sobolev\_space https://arxiv.org/PS\_cache/arxiv/pdf/1104/1104.4345v2.pdf



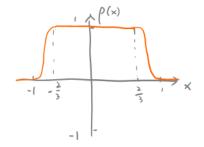
Cr, o(IRn). Hölder spaces



Ex. Draw Sa,  $p(1x1)(-\ln|x1)^{d}$  in the above figure.



when  $\rho(|x|)(-|n|x|)^{d} \in H^{1}(|R^{n})$ 



```
We mainly care about.
               - special element e.g. S
1. Element
                 - (singular) support
z. Set
                 - as a set, topo sp
- best structure? e.g. Fréchet?
                 - seg convergence
                 - criterion of seminorm/lin fct/map to be cont
                 - \rightarrow : cont? inj?
3. Map
                 - c: dense? (Use regularization/truncate)
                     https://math.stackexchange.com/questions/1802755/can-you-recover-a-distribution-from-mollification
                 - \subseteq : f \times \hookrightarrow Y if Im f & X have the same topo (topo embedding)
                 - cpt operators?
                 - Intersection compatible with 17? i.e. pullback squares?
4 More structures (add extra dimensions on the diagram)
                 - differential
                  \begin{array}{ll} -\Omega \subset \Omega' & \text{sheaf?} \\ -\text{Fourier transform} & \Rightarrow \text{ integral operators} \\ -\Omega \times \Omega' & \text{Schwarz kernel} & \Rightarrow \text{FM transform} \end{array} 
Rmk. For f: X \to Y a cont injective map between Fréchet spaces.
                    f is a topo embedding = every cont seminorm on X can be
                                                        extended to a cont seminorm on Y.
```

 $\mathbb{Q}$ . Can we generalize the field from  $\mathbb{R}$  or  $\mathbb{C}$  to  $K=\mathbb{Q}_p=\widehat{\mathbb{Q}}_p$ ?