Eine Woche, ein Beispiel
11.26 calculation of double point

Final goal. Fill in the tables in the next page. (for presentation, remove the il column)

Ref:

[Willians]: Langlands correspondence and Bezrukavnikov's equivalence calculations from Lukas Bonfert's note (don't forward this to anyone else).

$X = \mathbb{C}_{\mathcal{V}_{0}} \mathbb{C} = \left\{ (z_{1}, z_{1}) \in \mathbb{C}^{2} \middle| z_{1} z_{1} = 0 \right\}, \quad Z = \left\{ 0 \right\}, \quad \mathcal{U} = \mathbb{C}^{\times} \sqcup \mathbb{C}^{\times}$

ì¥	(3	<u>)</u>	7	Z	
(o,	١	,	ı	,	۱	,

	n	-2	-1	0	1
U	j*	0	0	0	0
50}	.* 1	0	0	Ø	0
	ù!	0	0	Q	0
	R _" L	0	0	Q	0

<u>@</u> _X[1] (-1,-1,-1,-1)

	/>	-2	-1	0	1
U	j*	0	Q	0	0
503	.* i	0	Q	o	0
	٠,	0	0	Q	Q
	R,∟	0	Q	0	0

perverse sheaf? by dim argument IC sheaf

<u> </u>		sheat			
	/>	-2	-1	0	1
U	j*	×/		×	×
50}	.* 1	>		X	×
	۲.	X	×	X	
	K,∟	_			

Rj*@u[1] (-1,0,0,0)

	/>	-2	-1	0	1
U	j*	0	Ø J	0	0
50}	.* i	0	Q²	Q	0
	٠.	0	0	0	0
	Κ _L L	0	Q²	Ø,	0
	r	0	Q²	Q	0

(R) = (R) = Qu[1])

j: Qu[1] (-1,0,0,0)

		-2	-1	0	1
U	j*	0	Q	0	0
80J	.* 1	0	0	0	0
	۲.	0	0	Qz	Q
	R _r ∟	0	0	0	0

π' Ø [-1] (-1,-1,-1,-1)

	/>	-2	- 1	0	1
U	j*	0	ଷ	0	0
503	.* 1	0	Q	Ø	0
	`.'	0	0	0	Q
	K,∟	0	Q	0	0

$X = X_3 = \{(z_1, z_1, z_3) \in \mathbb{C}^3 \mid z_1^2 + z_2^2 + z_3^2 = 0\}, \quad Z = \{0\}, \quad \mathcal{U} = X_3 - \{0\} = \mathbb{C}^{\times} - \text{bd over CIP}'$

ì¥	(3	(7	Z	
(o,	١	,	ı	,	۱)

	/s	-2	-1	0	1	2
U	j*	0	0	0	0	0
503	.* 1	0	o	Q	O	0
	ì.	0	0	Q	0	0
	R _r L	0	0	Q	0	0

<u>@</u> x[2] (1,1,1,1)

	>	-2	-1	0	1	2
U	j*	ଔ	0	0	0	0
503	.* i	8	٥	0	0	o
	٠.	0	S-xr	Z 2/272	2/2 <u>7</u> /	Q
	R _r L	Q	٥	0	0	0

Rj*@u[2] € (1,0,0,0)

10°(X) ~ 10°(X)							
	/>	-2	-1	0	1	2	
U	j*	Q	0	0	0	O	
503	.* 1	Q	Q	Q	Q	0	
	ì!	0	0	0	0	0	
	R,∟	Q	Q	Q	Q	o	
	D	0	0	<i>m</i>	0)		

0 P-3900

j: Qu[2] 6	^⁰ D [€] °(X) ~ ⁰D)3°(X)
(1,0,0,0)	>	-2

)		\ \ \	-2	-1	0	1	2
	U	j*	<u> </u>	0	0	0	0
	503	.* i	O	0	0	0	0
		ì!	0	Q	Q	Q	Q
		K,∟	0	0	0	0	0

π'Θ[-2] (1,1,1,1)

)		\ \ \	-2	- 1	0	1	2
	U	j*	Ø	0	0	0	0
	50 }	.* 1	Q	2 -×2	71. 74.71 → 21. 74.71	2/27 2/27	0
		· .	0	0	0	0	Q
		K,∟	Q	2 ×2	71 → 71 747 1	2/2Z	0

perverse sheaf sheaf - 1 1 -2 ٥ 2 × <u>u</u> × X × 503 X X R"C

Conclusion. \subseteq IC \subseteq Perv \subseteq Constructable \mathbb{Q} -coefficient $i_{1}\mathbb{Q}_{2}$ $\mathbb{Q}_{2}[2] \cong \pi^{!}\mathbb{Q}[-2]$ \mathbb{Z} -coefficient $i_{2}\mathbb{Z}$ \mathbb{Z} $\mathbb{Z}_{2}[2] \cong \pi^{!}\mathbb{Q}[-2]$ $\mathbb{Z}_{3}[2] \cong \pi^{!}\mathbb{Q}[-2]$ $\mathbb{Z}_{4}[2] \otimes \mathbb{Z}_{4}[2] \otimes \mathbb{Z}_{4}[2]$ $\mathbb{Z}_{5}[2] \otimes \mathbb{Z}_{4}[2]$ $\mathbb{Z}_{5}[2] \otimes \mathbb{Z}_{4}[2]$