Eine Woche, ein Beispiel 1.28 conormal bundle

1. conceptions describing the singularity 2. smooth mfld case

## 1. conceptions describing the singularity

$$\begin{aligned}
e \cdot g \\
\{\omega^2 = z^3\} & \{\omega^2 = 0\} & = \{v \in \mathbb{C}^2 \mid \langle v, d\omega \rangle = 0\} & \subseteq \mathbb{C}^2 \\
\{z_1^2 + z_2^3 + z_3^4 = 0\} & \{z_1^2 = 0\} & = \{v \in \mathbb{C}^3 \mid \langle v, adz_1 + bdz_2 \rangle = 0\} & \subseteq \mathbb{C}^3 \\
& \{for some (a, b) \in \mathbb{C}^2 - 0\}
\end{aligned}$$

Apart from these conceptions, we have topological cone:



 $\{w^2 = z^3\}$  with link  $S' \subseteq S^3$ 

singularity

 $\{z_1^2 + z_2^3 + z_3^4 = 0\}$ with link  $S^3/2/32 \subseteq S^5$ 

## 2. smooth mfld case

Def For  $X \subseteq V$  an immersion of smooth mflds,  $p \in X$ , the normal space  $N_p X$  at p is defined as

$$N_{p}X = \frac{T_{p}V}{T_{p}X}$$

(also denoted as  $(T_{V/X})_p, (T_XV)_p, \dots)$ 

and the conormal space  $(T_x^*V)_p$  at p is defined as

$$(T_{x}^{*}V)_{p} = \ker \left[T_{p}^{*}V \longrightarrow T_{p}^{*}X\right]$$

$$= \left\{ a \in T_{p}^{*}V \mid a(\vec{v}) = 0 \quad \forall \ \vec{v} \in T_{p}X \right\}$$

$$= \left(T_{p}X\right)^{\perp}$$

(also denoted as  $(T_{V/X})_p$ ,  $N_p^*X$ , )

One has SESs

$$o \longrightarrow T_p X \longrightarrow T_p V \longrightarrow N_p X \longrightarrow C$$

$$\circ \longrightarrow (T_X^*V)_p \longrightarrow T_p^*V \longrightarrow T_p^*X \longrightarrow 0$$

As v.b.,

$$\circ \longrightarrow \quad \top \, X \qquad \longrightarrow \quad \top \, V \qquad \longrightarrow \quad \mathsf{N} \, \, X \qquad \longrightarrow \quad \mathsf{O}$$

Rmk. When X is defined by equations, then  $(T_X^*V)_p$  is easier to compute than other spaces e.g. tangent space  $T_pX$ 

E.g. remove 
$$0 \in V$$
 to avoid singularity

For  $V = C^3$ ,

 $X = x^2 + y^3 + z^5 = 0$ , at  $p = (x_0, y_0, z_0) \in X$ ,

 $(T_X^*V)_p = \langle 2x_0 dx + 3y_0^2 dy + 5z_0^4 dz \rangle_C$ 
 $= \langle (df)_p \rangle_C$ 

where 
$$f: V \longrightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

$$(x,y,z) \longmapsto x^{2}+y^{3}+z^{5}$$

$$T_{p}^{*}X \cong \mathbb{C}^{3}/(df)_{p}>_{\mathbb{C}}$$

$$T_{p}X = \{\vec{v} \in T_{p}V \mid \Delta(\vec{v}) = 0 \quad \forall \Delta \in (T_{x}^{*}V)_{p}\}$$

$$= \{v_{x}\partial_{x}+v_{y}\partial_{y}+v_{z}\partial_{z}|zx_{o}v_{x}+3y_{o}^{*}v_{y}+5z_{o}^{*}v_{z}=0\}$$

$$\cong \mathbb{C}^{2}$$

$$N_{p}X \cong \mathbb{C}^{3}/T_{p}X$$

In conclusion, conormal space is more natural when spaces are defined by equations.