## **HW ASSIGNMENT 3**

## **DSCI - 552**

1) In this problem we will perform Maximum Likelihood Estimation to find the parameters of a Gaussian Distribution. Consider the data distribution of **n** one dimensional points. Let them be denoted by the variable **X**. Then, if we assume they come from a Gaussian Distribution with mean  $\mu$  and Variance **V**, **X** comes from the probability distribution:

$$P(x \mid \mu, V) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi V}} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2V}}$$

Apply MLE on the above equation by using the following hints.

a) The probability values of the Gaussian Distribution over X is given by

$$P(X \mid \mu, V) = \prod_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi V}} e^{-\frac{(xi-\mu)^2}{2V}}$$

We need to maximize this to find the values of  $\mu$  and  $\mathbf{V}$ . That is done by partially derivating this equation with respect to  $\mu$  and  $\mathbf{V}$  separately, setting it to 0 and solving for the values

- b) Minimizing the log of a function is the same as maximizing the function itself. Take the log of the equation to minimize it.
- b) Derivative of log(x) is 1/x
- c) Derivative of f(g(x)) is f'(g(x)).g'(x)
- d)  $\log$  (ab) =  $\log$  a +  $\log$  b
- e)  $\log (e^x) = x$
- f)  $\log(a^b) = b \log a$



- One percent of men have the disease
- 90% of men who have the disease test positive on the home kit
- 8% of men who use the kit will have false positives.