

An Immediate Multi-Party Generalization of ID-NIKE from Constrained PRF

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Asymmetric Crypto Overview



Eve

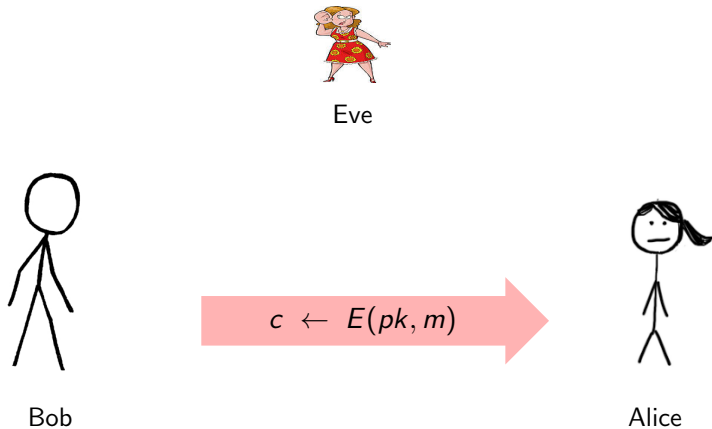


Bob

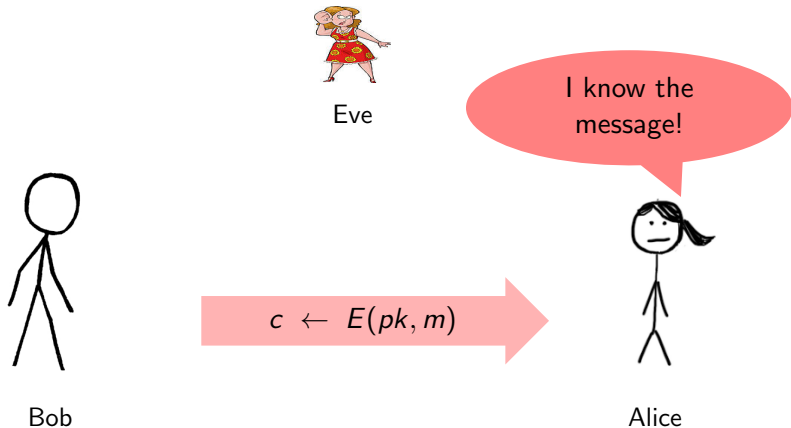


Alice

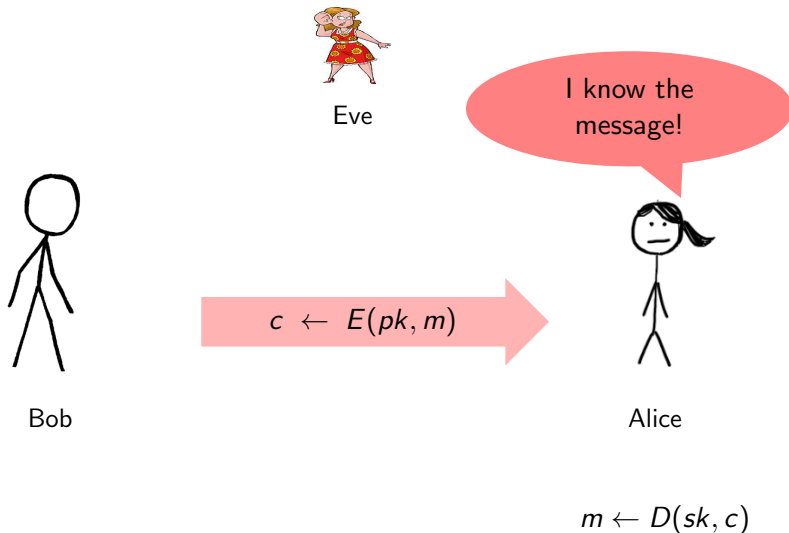
Asymmetric Crypto Overview



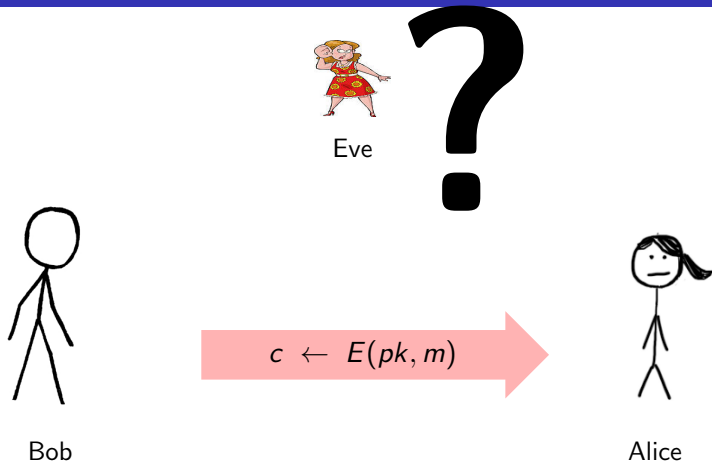
Asymmetric Crypto Overview



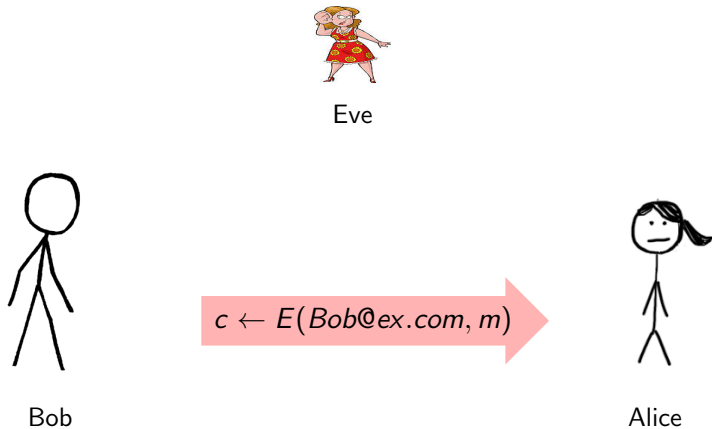
Asymmetric Crypto Overview



Asymmetric Crypto Overview



Asymmetric Crypto Overview



Constrained PRF

Definition

A PRF is a function $F : \mathcal{K} \times \mathcal{X} \rightarrow \mathcal{Y}$ such that there is a polynomial algorithm to evaluate $F(k, \cdot)$, $k \in \mathcal{K}$

- A constrained PRF (cPRF) is similar to a PRF, with an additional set of constrained keys \mathcal{K}_c such that a key $k_s \in \mathcal{K}_c$ enables the evaluation of F only in a certain subset $S \in \mathcal{X}$.



Definition

Let $F : \mathcal{K} \times \mathcal{X}^2 \rightarrow \mathcal{Y}$ be a PRF. Then, $\forall w \in \mathcal{X}$, a left/right cPRF supports two constrained keys k_w^L and k_w^R that enable the evaluation of F at all points $(w, x) \in \mathcal{X}^2$, respectively $(x, w) \in \mathcal{X}^2$.

Left/Right cPRF, Bit-Fixing cPRF

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Let $F : \mathcal{K} \times \mathcal{X}^2 \rightarrow \mathcal{Y}$ be a PRF. Then, $\forall w \in \mathcal{X}$, a left/right cPRF supports two constrained keys k_w^L and k_w^R that enable the evaluation of F at all points $(w, x) \in \mathcal{X}^2$, respectively $(x, w) \in \mathcal{X}^2$.

Definition

Let $F : \mathcal{K} \times \{0, 1\}^N \rightarrow \mathcal{Y}$ be a PRF. Then, $\forall v \in \{0, 1, ?\}^N$, a bit-fixing cPRF supports a constrained key k_v that enables the evaluation of F at all points $x \in \{0, 1\}^N$ that satisfy the pattern v .

Left/Right cPRF, Bit-Fixing cPRF

Definition

Let $F : \mathcal{K} \times \mathcal{X}^2 \rightarrow \mathcal{Y}$ be a PRF. Then, $\forall w \in \mathcal{X}$, a left/right cPRF supports two constrained keys k_w^L and k_w^R that enable the evaluation of F at all points $(w, x) \in \mathcal{X}^2$, respectively $(x, w) \in \mathcal{X}^2$.

Definition

Let $F : \mathcal{K} \times \{0, 1\}^N \rightarrow \mathcal{Y}$ be a PRF. Then, $\forall v \in \{0, 1, ?\}^N$, a bit-fixing cPRF supports a constrained key k_v that enables the evaluation of F at all points $x \in \{0, 1\}^N$ that satisfy the pattern v .

Example

When $v := 0?1$, $k_{0?1}$ enables the evaluation of $F(k_{0?1}, 011)$ and $F(k_{0?1}, 001)$

Boneh-Waters ID-NIKE [BW'13]



Bob



Alice

Boneh-Waters ID-NIKE [BW'13]



Bob

$$F(k_{Bob}, (Bob, \cdot))$$
$$F(k_{Bob}, (\cdot, Bob))$$



Alice

Boneh-Waters ID-NIKE [BW'13]



Bob

$$\begin{aligned} &F(k_{Bob}, (Bob, \cdot)) \\ &F(k_{Bob}, (\cdot, Bob)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &F(k_{Alice}, (Alice, \cdot)) \\ &F(k_{Alice}, (\cdot, Alice)) \end{aligned}$$



Alice

Boneh-Waters ID-NIKE [BW'13]

We have a common secret key:
 $F(msk, (Alice, Bob))$



Bob

$$\begin{aligned} &F(k_{Bob}, (Bob, \cdot)) \\ &F(k_{Bob}, (\cdot, Bob)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &F(k_{Alice}, (Alice, \cdot)) \\ &F(k_{Alice}, (\cdot, Alice)) \end{aligned}$$



Alice

- $\text{Setup}(\lambda)$:
 - let $F : \mathcal{K} \times \mathcal{X}^2 \rightarrow \mathcal{Y}$ be $\text{PRF}^{L/R}$, $\text{msk} \leftarrow^R \mathcal{K}$
 - outputs msk
- $\text{Extract}(\text{msk}, id_i)$:
 - computes $F.\text{constrain}(\text{msk}, \{(id_i, \cdot)\})$ to obtain $k_{id_i}^L$ and $F.\text{constrain}(\text{msk}, \{(\cdot, id_i)\})$ to obtain $k_{id_i}^R$
 - outputs $sk_{id_i} = (k_{id_i}^L, k_{id_i}^R)$
- $\text{KeyGen}(sk_{id_i}, id_j)$ outputs:

$$k_{id_i, id_j} = \begin{cases} F(\text{msk}, (id_i, id_j)) & \text{if } id_i < id_j \\ F(\text{msk}, (id_j, id_i)) & \text{if } id_i > id_j \end{cases}$$

Multi-Party ID-NIKE from cPRF

$$F(k_{Bob}, (Bob, \cdot, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{Bob}, (\cdot, Bob, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{Bob}, (\cdot, \cdot, Bob))$$



Bob

$$F(k_{Alice}, (Alice, \cdot, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{Alice}, (\cdot, Alice, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{Alice}, (\cdot, \cdot, Alice))$$



Alice

Multi-Party ID-NIKE from cPRF

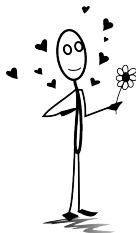
$$F(k_{Bob}, (Bob, \cdot, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{Bob}, (\cdot, Bob, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{Bob}, (\cdot, \cdot, Bob))$$



Bob



John



Alice

$$F(k_{Alice}, (Alice, \cdot, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{Alice}, (\cdot, Alice, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{Alice}, (\cdot, \cdot, Alice))$$

Multi-Party ID-NIKE from cPRF

$$F(k_{Bob}, (Bob, \cdot, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{Bob}, (\cdot, Bob, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{Bob}, (\cdot, \cdot, Bob))$$

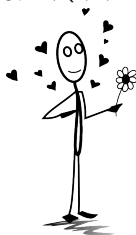


Bob

$$F(k_{John}, (John, \cdot, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{John}, (\cdot, John, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{John}, (\cdot, \cdot, John))$$



John

$$F(k_{Alice}, (Alice, \cdot, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{Alice}, (\cdot, Alice, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{Alice}, (\cdot, \cdot, Alice))$$



Alice

Multi-Party ID-NIKE from cPRF

$$F(k_{Bob}, (Bob, \cdot, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{Bob}, (\cdot, Bob, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{Bob}, (\cdot, \cdot, Bob))$$



Bob

$$F(k_{John}, (John, \cdot, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{John}, (\cdot, John, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{John}, (\cdot, \cdot, John))$$



John

$$F(k_{Alice}, (Alice, \cdot, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{Alice}, (\cdot, Alice, \cdot))$$

$$F(k_{Alice}, (\cdot, \cdot, Alice))$$



Alice

Secret Shared Key:

$$F(msk, (Alice, Bob, John))$$

Multi-Party ID-NIKE from cPRF

- $\text{Setup}(\lambda)$:
 - let $F : \mathcal{K} \times \mathcal{X}^N \rightarrow \mathcal{Y}$ be PRF^{bf} , $\text{msk} \leftarrow^R \mathcal{K}$
 - outputs msk
- $\text{Extract}(\text{msk}, id_i)$:
 - computes $F.\text{constrain}(\text{msk}, \{(id_i, \cdot, \dots, \cdot)\})$ to obtain $k_{id_i}^1$,
 $F.\text{constrain}(\text{msk}, \{(\cdot, id_i, \cdot, \dots, \cdot)\})$ to obtain $k_{id_i}^2, \dots$,
 $F.\text{constrain}(\text{msk}, \{(\cdot, \dots, \cdot, id_i)\})$ to obtain $k_{id_i}^N$
 - outputs $sk_{id_i} = (k_{id_i}^1, \dots, k_{id_i}^N)$
- $\text{KeyGen}(sk_{id_i}, \{id_1, \dots, id_N\})$ outputs:

$$k_{id_1, \dots, id_N} = F(\text{msk}, (id_{\pi(1)}, id_{\pi(2)}, \dots, id_{\pi(N)}))$$

where $id_{\pi(1)} < id_{\pi(2)} < \dots < id_{\pi(N)}$ (in lexicographic order)

Thank you!