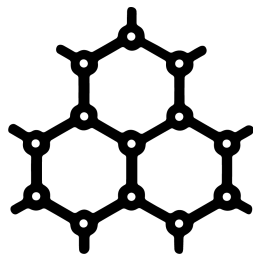


Biochar Carbon Credit Class

Ecosystem focus: Forests, Croplands, Grasslands



**Kulshan
Carbon
Trust**

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Disclaimer

This document has been prepared for informational and procedural purposes only. Its contents are not intended to constitute legal advice. Regen Network Development, Inc (RND) maintains the right to amend or depart from any procedure or practice referred to in this guideline as deemed necessary after reasonable notice and opportunity to comment by the affected parties.

This document is intended to be used in combination with:

- *Approved Methodology:* [Methodology for Biochar Utilization in Soil and Non-Soil Applications](#)
- *Methodology Appendix:* [In-Stand Surface Application of Biochar in Forestlands](#)
- [Regen Registry Program Guide](#)

Definitions

1. **Aggregate Project:** A project in which multiple independently managed projects at different sites or locations within the same geographic region are registered together as a single project to strategically reduce the amount of data required for monitoring, reporting, and verification.
2. **Crediting Period:** The finite length of time for which a Project Plan is valid, and during which a project can generate credits.
3. **Feedstock Provider:** the person or entity that provides the biomass used for pyrolysis.
4. **Biochar Producer:** the person or entity that creates biochar through pyrolysis of waste biomass feedstock.
5. **Biochar Processor:** the person or entity that further processes the biochar. This includes composting, grinding, mixing, or otherwise processing the biochar.
6. **Earth Steward:** The individual or organization that is implementing a Project Activity. This can be a farmer, rancher, conservationist, forester, fisherman, etc.
7. **Land Owner:** The individual or organization that holds title to the land where the project is occurring.
8. **Monitor:** An individual or organization that is contracted to measure the benefits / indicators defined in a given Credit Class based on the stipulations in the Approved Methodology.
9. **Project Developer:** The individual or organization responsible for the detailed management of the project. The project developer, who can be the land steward or a third party, handles detailed planning, design, construction and implementation of the project.
10. **Project Proponent:** The individual or organization that advocates for a project, identifies its requirements, and drives its initiation. The Project Proponent serves as the main point of contact with the Registry Agent throughout the course of the project and is responsible for initiating project registration, submission of all materials required by the Credit Class, Methodology, and Program Guide, and coordinating project actors. The Project Proponent must ensure correctness and compliance of all submitted documentation with the standards outlined in the Credit Class, Methodology, and Regen Registry Program Guide prior to to ensure credit quality. The Project Proponent receives the credits upon issuance and is responsible for coordinating sale and distribution between project actors.
11. **Project Plan:** The document used to apply for Project Registration under a given Credit Class. The Project Plan describes the Project Activity or Activities, demonstrates project eligibility requirements, establishes project boundaries, specifies project stakeholders, justifies application of the Credit Class and Methodology, and more.
12. **Project Registration Date:** the official date when a project commences.
13. **Project Activity:** The specific land management practice or conservation activity employed by a project to support ecological or social benefits.

14. Project Initial Monitoring Date: the date when the baseline measurement was performed.
15. Program Guide: a document specifying the rules and procedures of the Regen Registry.
16. Supply Chain Participants: those directly involved in the production of biochar and its application in soil.
17. Verification: a systematic, independent, and documented assessment by a qualified and impartial third party of the benefits' assertions for a specific reporting period.
18. Verifier: An individual or organization that is contracted to execute the verification requirements stipulated in a given Credit Class.

1. Introduction

Biochar is a carbon-rich, highly stable soil amendment produced when biomass is burned, or “pyrolyzed”, under low-oxygen conditions. Unlike other natural climate solutions, biochar does not replace a current practice but is instead an alternative to other uses of biomass, such as open burning or decomposition. If applied at scale, Project Drawdown¹ estimates that biochar can reduce carbon dioxide emissions by 1.36-3.00 gigatons by 2050. In addition to its carbon sequestration potential, biochar provides many ecosystem service co-benefits including water conservation and improved soil health.

The intent of this credit class is to provide an incentive structure that significantly increases the production and application of biochar by providing Biochar Producers and Earth Stewards with the necessary incentives to make this important work possible.

For buyers of this certificate, the aim is to provide a high-quality certificate that ensures that contributions are maximizing conservation values including the avoidance of emissions within the project, optimizing the flow of funds to the Biochar Producer and Earth Steward that are implementing the activities, and ensuring the product delivers the quality it promises.

For Earth Stewards and Biochar Producers, the aim is to provide payment to incentivize adoption, simplify the data collection process, and monitor in an appropriate manner. By creating a high-quality credit, the aim is to increase trust in the market to ensure stability and durability of the market.

This credit class follows the requirements in the Program Guide. Each section below includes specific adaptations for this credit class.

¹ <https://drawdown.org/solutions/biochar-production>

2. Credit Class Overview

The Biochar Carbon credit focuses on carbon removal and avoiding emissions that would have resulted from the decomposition of waste biomass. In the case of this eco-credit, carbon removal is the approved benefit that is monitored, quantified, and determines the number of credits issued. One credit is equivalent to the removal and storage of one metric ton of CO₂e.

The approved benefit of atmospheric regulation through carbon sequestration is driven by carbon removals and reductions through the production and application of biochar to soils. To ensure a net positive effect, aside from CO₂ removals from the atmosphere, it is also important to take into account significant greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions directly resulting from the *Project Activity*. These should be accounted for each year to accurately calculate creditable carbon change. Emissions sources attributable to the *Project Activity* might include emissions from sourcing, production, or application of biochar as defined by the approved methodology.²

3. Project Eligibility

3.1. Ecosystem Type Classification

This credit class applies to temperate forests and woodlands, croplands, and grasslands as defined in the RND Taxonomy.³ Biochar must be utilized in eligible soil applications including crop and grasslands as outlined in the approved methodology⁴, or the accompanying appendix, “In-stand surface application of biochar in forestlands”,⁵ for forest application.

Table 1. Highlights the appropriate application types and criteria suitable for each land type.

Ecosystem Type	Application Type	Other Criteria
Forest or Woodland	Surface level	Biochar should be applied as a unique soil amendment. ⁶
	Subsurface level	Not recommended
Cropland	Surface level	Biochar should be mixed with

² approved Methodology. Section 5, pg. 12-14. Available at:

<https://verra.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/10/VM0044-Methodology-for-Biochar-v1.00.pdf>

³ [RND Taxonomy Document](#)

⁴ Approved Methodology. Section 4. Eligible biochar end-use application criteria. Available at:

<https://verra.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/10/VM0044-Methodology-for-Biochar-v1.00.pdf>

⁵ Will add a link to the Appendix once published.

⁶ Will add a link to the Appendix once published.

	Subsurface level	other substrates. Biochar can be mixed with other substrates or applied as a unique soil amendment
Grassland	Surface level	Biochar should be mixed with other substrates.
	Subsurface level	Biochar can be mixed with other substrates or applied as a unique soil amendment

3.2. Project Activity

The Project Activity approved by this credit class is the production and application of biochar to soils as defined in the approved Methodology.⁷ For forest applications, appropriate activities are defined in the Methodology Appendix.⁸ Prior to project registration, prospective projects must meet the following eligibility requirements:

- a. Provide a health and safety plan as outlined in section 4 of the approved methodology.
- b. Show documentation of land ownership or approval for project activities from land owners.
- c. The feedstock used cannot be purpose grown. The Feedstock Provider must provide a signed attestation detailing the fate of the biomass feedstock in the absence of the project, as outlined in Appendix 2 of the approved methodology.

If these requirements are not adhered to, the project will be suspended until compliance is attained.

3.3. Land Ownership Type

This credit class accepts projects under public, private, tribal or community ownership, provided the Project Proponent can document appropriate consent from the owner, lessee, licensee, or easement holder, as applicable. Depending on the project phase, the Feedstock Provider, Biochar Producer and/or Earth Steward may be required to document permission from the land holder to access the property, remove biomass, conduct operations, or apply biochar.

⁷ Approved Methodology. Section 4, pg. 8-11. Available at: <https://verra.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/10/VM0044-Methodology-for-Biochar-v1.00.pdf>

⁸ Will add a link to the Appendix once published.

3.4. Project Start Date

Project Start Date: Projects run under this credit class will accept an adoption date that goes back up to 1 year prior to Project Registration Date. In order to claim a Project Start Date before the Project Registration Date, the Project Proponent must provide sufficient historical records as outlined in the approved Methodology.⁹ Lookback registration must be included in the baseline report submitted as part of project registration.

3.5. Crediting Period

The Crediting Period for this credit class is two years. Per the approved methodology, biochar must be applied to soils within one year of production. The monitoring report must be submitted by the Project Developers within one year of biochar application.

The Crediting Period does not include the permanence obligation defined in Section 5.3.

3.6. Regulatory Compliance

The Project Proponent will certify that Project Activities were conducted in compliance with applicable laws, regulations, permits, and other legally binding requirements, including mandatory provisions of the approved methodology.

4. Project Rules and Regulations

4.1. Approved Methodology

The approved methodologies for this credit class are:

- a. Methodology for the Utilization of Biochar in Soil and Non-Soil Applications.¹⁰
- b. Appendix: In-Stand Surface Application of Biochar in Forestlands,¹¹ provided that this appendix is used in conjunction with the approved methodology.

⁹ Approved Methodology. Section 6. Baseline Scenario: Step 2; providing evidence of the fate of waste biomass. Available at:

<https://verra.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/10/VM0044-Methodology-for-Biochar-v1.00.pdf>

¹⁰ Approved Methodology. Available at:

<https://verra.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/10/VM0044-Methodology-for-Biochar-v1.00.pdf>

¹¹ Will add a link to the Appendix once published.

4.2. Aggregate Projects

Aggregated projects are permitted in this credit class. The purpose of aggregating projects is to overcome the high transaction costs that inhibit small carbon removal projects from gaining access to carbon markets. Aggregated projects:

- a. May include separate ecosystem types and/or biomass feedstocks, provided that appropriate carbon yield calculations are used for each individual project.
- b. May include various biochar production methods (i.e. kilns, conservation burns, pit burns, etc.), provided that appropriate carbon yield calculations are used for each individual project.
- c. Must include an in-soil application type.
- d. Must be approved and registered by a single Project Developer.
- e. For forestry applications, transporting biomass feedstock between project sites prior to pyrolysis should be minimized in favor of on-site production and use.
- f. All aggregated projects should be within 200 km of all other such projects.

For each group of Aggregated Projects, Project Proponents will include a summary document applying the approved methodology to show the baseline scenario and emission calculations for each project within the application. This document shall be made available on the Project Page on the Regen Network website.

4.3. Project Plan

Any project run using this credit class must have an aligned Project Plan as outlined by Regen Registry.¹²

4.4. Monitoring Plan

As specified in the approved methodology,¹³ a monitoring plan is required for each project or aggregated projects. The relevant format of data collection is provided to the Biochar Producer, Biochar Processor, and Earth Steward at the beginning of the reporting period and shall be completed by the Biochar Producer, Biochar Processor, Earth Steward or Project Proponent, Monitor, or a combination thereof. Initial data collection shall be completed within one month of application. Reporting frequency shall comply with the approved methodology.

Monitoring will be in the form of collecting attestations that the biochar application continues without disruption.

¹²<https://library.regen.network/v/regen-registry-program-guide/project-development/project-registration/project-plan-template>

¹³ Approved Methodology. Section 9, pg. 35-49. Available at: <https://verra.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/10/VM0044-Methodology-for-Biochar-v1.00.pdf>

4.5. Monitoring Report

A monitoring report will be made available at the end of the Crediting Period and include the following information:

- a. Activities implemented during the Crediting Period
- b. Total CO₂e removed and avoided during the Crediting Period, including all carbon sequestration calculations, .

The values documented in this report will be used as the basis for issuing credits. All monitoring requirements from the approved methodology must be followed.

4.6. Project Renewal

Any project registered under this credit class is eligible for renewal upon satisfying the following conditions:

- a. The project has complied with applicable monitoring, reporting, and verification requirements during the prior Crediting Period.
- b. The Project Proponent has submitted a document containing information concerning changes from the prior year's project activities related to feedstock, production type, measurement method, project actors, project location(s), or application of the Approved Methodology.
- c. The Project Proponent has met all project aggregation requirements in section 4.2.

To renew a project, project developers must submit a new monitoring report.

5. GHG Removal and Emission Reduction Requirements

The credit class shall follow the GHG accounting requirements defined in the Program Guide.

5.1. Additionality

Proof of additionality is required and must be calculated in accordance with the approved methodology for this credit class.

Baselines may be calculated or assumed to be zero. These calculations are outlined in the approved methodology.¹⁴

¹⁴ Approved Methodology. Section 8, pg. 16-34. Available at:
<https://verra.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/10/VM0044-Methodology-for-Biochar-v1.00.pdf>

5.2. Leakage

Leakage is required to be accounted for in this credit class as defined in the approved methodology.¹⁵ Leakage refers to the unintended or indirect consequences of a carbon offset project that lead to an increase in greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions outside of the project boundary. Leakage occurs when the implementation of a carbon offset project causes a reduction in emissions in one location, but leads to an increase in emissions in another location, either within or outside the project boundary.

Leakage is required to be accounted for in this credit class. Within the context of biochar production and application, leakage can occur when:

- a. Leakage emissions may occur during transportation and must be calculated per the approved methodology when:
 - i. Biomass is transported >200 km to the production site
 - ii. Biochar is transported >200 km to the application site

The approved methodology outlines the process to estimate leakage emissions caused by projects registered under this credit class. To provide a conservative crediting estimate, leakage emissions are subtracted from the sequestration estimates.

5.3. Permanence Approach

This credit class does not require allocation to a permanence buffer. The permanence approach relies on the permanence adjustment factor used in the approved methodology. The permanence adjustment factor reflects a conservative estimate of the natural decay rate of biochar in soil applications such as in agriculture, forests, croplands, or grasslands.

Biochar is subject to two permanence risks, both of which are considered minimal based on the eligibility requirements outlined in Section 8.4 of the approved methodology:

- a. Implementation of activities that reverse carbon dioxide removals
- b. Major climate events

In the first case in which there is a reversal by the Earth Steward to conventional activities that discussions do not resolve, then the Earth Steward forfeits rights to future credits, and certificates in the buffer pool will be used to cover the gaps.

¹⁵ Approved Methodology. Section 8.3, pg. 30-32. Available at: <https://verra.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/10/VM0044-Methodology-for-Biochar-v1.00.pdf>

5.4. Buffer Pool

A buffer pool is required for this credit class. The buffer pool amounts are based on information from the Program Guide¹⁶ as well as the best available science regarding the permanence and the risks of biochar loss in soil applications.^{17,18}

For all projects registered using this credit, the credit issuer will apply a contribution of 10% of each credit issuance (as quantified by the latest monitoring report) to the Credit Class Buffer Pool.

The project buffer pool is intended to smooth fluctuations that can occur during the project period. These include but are not limited to:

- a. Changes in model accuracy due to verifications
- b. Deviation by the Earth Steward from planned activities
- c. Combustion of biochar as a result of inappropriate quenching
- d. Reversals in emission removals over the course of the project
- e. Unexpected weather and major climate events

In the case that there is an unexpected reversal of the project, credits in the buffer pool will be used to mitigate losses. In the event that the reversal outweighs the credits in the buffer pool, credits from the future Regen Registry communal buffer pool could be used to cover the difference.

The buffer pool credit issuances are considered fungible over time based on the quantity of carbon dioxide they represent. They can be used to cover losses within projects developed by the Project Proponent.

Excess credits held in the Buffer Pool at the end of the project are donated to the Credit Class Buffer Pool to cover potential losses for future projects registered under this Credit Class.

5.5. Verification

Verification is required for this credit class. The credit class administrator will ensure that verifiers meet the requirements as outlined in the credit class. Verifiers will submit a verification report to be included in project documentation prior to credit issuance.

- a. Verifier Requirements: In addition to internal quality assurance, monitoring reports should be audited by a third-party verifier, which may include an independent expert, practicing consultant, university staff, or non-governmental organization possessing the following capabilities:

¹⁶ [Regen Registry Program Guide](#)

¹⁷ Biochar: A Sustainable Approach for Improving Plant Growth and Soil Properties.

<https://doi.org/10.5772/intechopen.82151>

¹⁸ **Appendix**

- i. Scientific background concerning soil organic carbon and agricultural GHG.
 - ii. Quantification and methodologies.
 - iii. Regional knowledge.
 - iv. Professional reputation and peer recognition .
 - v. No conflict of interest with the project, the monitoring, reporting, and Verification process.
- b. Verifier Responsibilities:
 - i. Initial review of the GHG documentation and methodologies.
 - ii. Desk Verification of the following:
 - 1. Scope of calculations.
 - 2. Input data sets, any missing data, estimations, and assumptions.
 - 3. Calculation methodology and conversion factors used.
 - 4. Quality control procedures.
 - 5. Results & interpretation.

6. Issuing and Selling Credits

6.1. Credit Allocation

Carbon credits created during the Crediting Period (minus the credits dedicated to the buffer pool) will be equitably issued to supply chain participants as per the distribution agreed upon after the Project Developer has received attestation from the Earth Steward that the biochar has been appropriately applied to soil within one year of production.