

# **Quick Setup Guide for VOICE-RA2L1 VUI Solution Kit**

Renesas Advanced (RA) Family - RA2 Series

# **Description**

Welcome to a Quick Setup Guide for VOICE-RA2L1 VUI Solution Kit. This guide will walk you through the setup required to exercise various features on the board, including all microphone inputs, speaker output and UART-to-USB communication. When migrating an application developed for another variant of the VOICE kit, cheat sheet in the final section can be used to quickly reconfigure the project for the new hardware target.

Objectives	Prerequisites  Renesas VOICE-RA2L1 VUI Solution Kit  Renesas Flexible Software Package platform installation, which includes:  e² studio 2022-04 or newer  FSP 4.0.0 or newer  GCC Arm Embedded 10.3 (2021.10) or newer  PC running Windows 10 64-bit or newer with at least one USB port.
Skill Level  Basic familiarity with embedded electronics  Basic understanding of C language  Understanding of how to import projects into e <sup>2</sup> studio (optional- for use with ready checkpoint projects).	Time  • 30 minutes for each section

# **Quick Setup Guide Sections**

0	Setting up the hardware	2
1	Installing BSP and creating an FSP project	3
2	Configuring and using serial communications	5
3	Configuring and using digital microphones	11
4	Configuring and using analog microphones	17
5	Configuring and using audio output	22

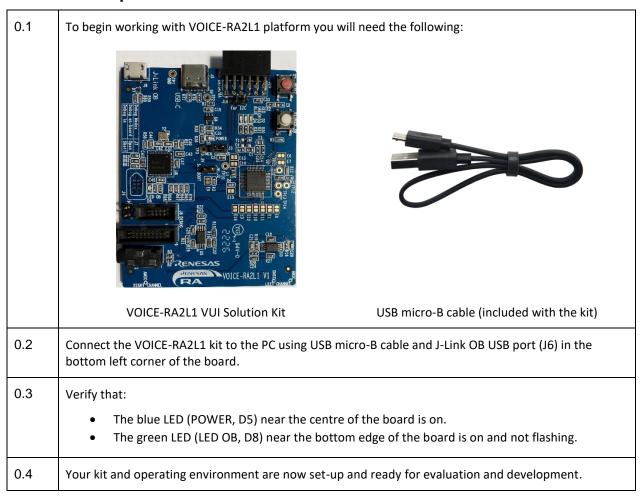


# 0 Setting up the hardware

### **Overview**

Following section describes in details steps required to create an e<sup>2</sup> studio workspace and set up a project for RA2L1-VOICE kit

# **Procedural Steps**



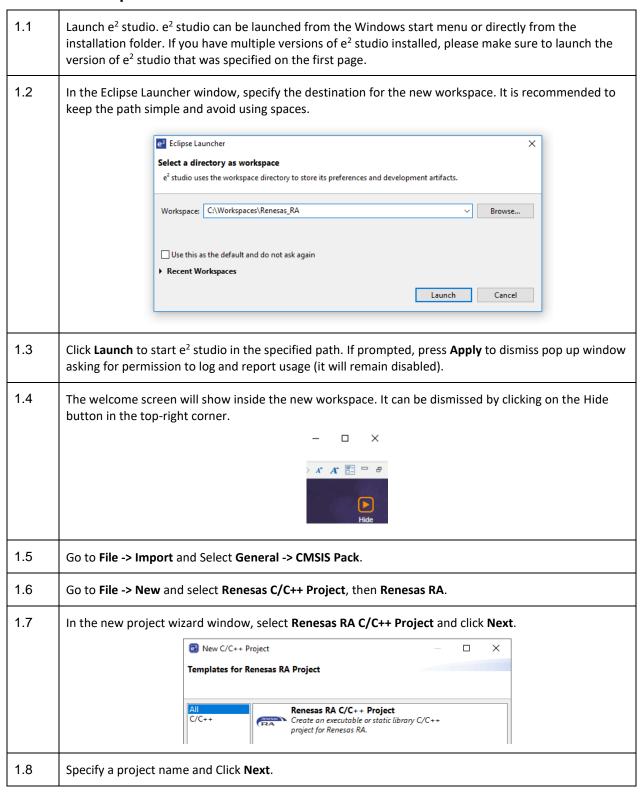
### **END OF SECTION**



# 1 Installing BSP and creating an FSP project

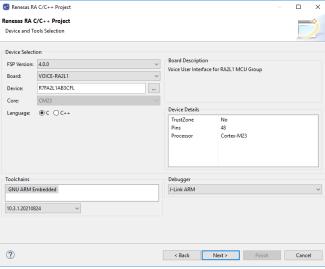
### **Overview**

Following section describes in details steps required to create an  $e^2$  studio workspace and set up a project for RA2L1-VOICE kit.





1.9 Select FSP version matching your BSP and FSP installation (e.g., **4.0.0**) and set Board to **VOICE-RA2L1**. Verify that the Debugger is set to **J-Link ARM** and click **Next**.



- 1.10 Select Flat (Non-TrustZone) Project and click Next.
- 1.11 On the next window, leave **Executable** and **No RTOS** selected. Click **Next**.
- 1.12 On the final page of the new project wizard select **Bare Metal Minimal** and click **Finish**.



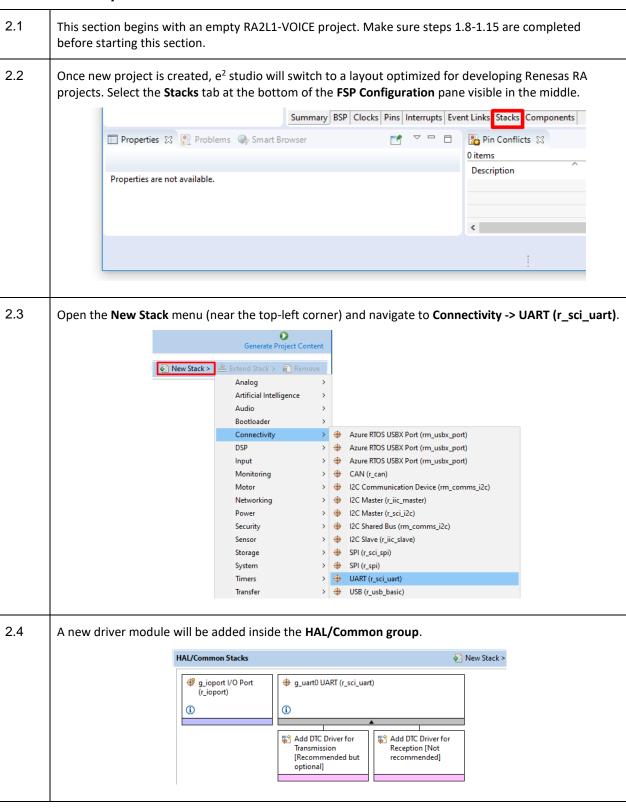
1.13 When prompted to open the **FSP Configuration perspective**, click **Open Perspective**. The project is now set up to begin evaluation and development using the VOICE kit.



# 2 Configuring and using serial communications

### **Overview**

Following section explains how to configure and operate basic UART write and read functionality on the VOICE kit.





2.5 Click on g uart0 UART (r sci uart) and go to the Properties tab. It can be found in the lower-left pane, directly under the Project Explorer. g\_uart0 UART (r\_sci\_uart) Value Settinas → Common Parameter Checking Default (BSP) FIFO Support Disable DTC Support Flow Control Support Disable 2.6 Set the following properties for g uart0. You may need to expand the chevrons to access all of the properties: Common -> FIFO Support Enable Common -> DTC Support Enable General -> Channel 3 Extra -> Receive FIFO Trigger Level One Interrupts -> Callback g\_uart0\_cb 2.7 Click on Add DTC Driver for Transmission box underneath g\_uart0 UART box and select New -> Transfer (r\_dtc). All properties should be left unchanged for this module. g\_uart0 UART (r\_sci\_uart) (i) Add DTC Driver for Add DTC Driver for Reception (Not Transmission [Recommended but Transfer (r\_dtc) 2.8 RA Configuration for this section is complete. Apply changes to the project source by clicking the Generate Project Content button in the top-right corner of the Configurator window. When prompted to Proceed with save and generate, tick the box next to Always save and generate without asking and click Proceed. 0 Generate Project Content 餐 New Stack > 🚣 Extend Stack > 🙀 Remove 2.9 The FSP Configurator will extract all the necessary drivers and generate the code based on the configuration provided in the Properties tab.



2.10 In the Project Explorer pane, expand the src folder in the project and open hal entry.c. > 🐉 Binaries > 🔊 Includes > 🕮 ra > 🕮 ra\_gen > 🕮 src > 📂 Debug > 📂 ra\_cfg > 🗁 script configuration.xml R7FA4E10D2CNE.pincfg ra\_cfg.txt RA2L1\_VOICE\_qsg\_uart\_4\_0\_0 Debug\_Flat.launch > (?) Developer Assistance 2.11 hal\_entry.c contains user application entry point (hal entry function) for RTOS-less projects. The R BSP WarmStart callback is provided for the user to specify additional functions to be called during the FSP initialization sequence (e.g., pin configuration). 2.12 hal\_entry.c can be used to exercise API of the various modules configured inside FSP Configurator using Developer Assist or by writing code manually. Following code can be used to completely replace contents of hal\_entry.c to perform basic UART write and read operations: #include "hal\_data.h"
#include "stdio.h" **FSP CPP HEADER** void R\_BSP\_WarmStart(bsp\_warm\_start\_event\_t event); FSP\_CPP\_FOOTER static volatile bool uart\_done; static volatile char uart rec; void hal\_entry(void) { fsp\_err\_t err; /\* Initialize SCI peripheral in UART mode \*/ err = R\_SCI\_UART\_Open(&g\_uart0\_ctrl, &g\_uart0\_cfg); if (FSP\_SUCCESS != err) { \_\_BKPT(0); } /\* Perform UART write \*/ err = R\_SCI\_UART\_Write(&g\_uart0\_ctrl, (void \*) "Hello from Renesas VOICE kit\r\n", 30); if (FSP SUCCESS != err) \_\_BKPT(0); } /\* Wait for interrupt & check for completion \*/ while (false == uart done) \_\_WFI(); uart\_done = false; { /\* Wait for interrupt & check for received data \*/ while ('\0' == uart\_rec) \_WFI(); char text\_buf[32] = {0};
snprintf(text\_buf, 32, "Received character: '%c'\r\n", uart\_rec); uart\_rec = '\0'; /\* Perform UART write \*/



```
err = R_SCI_UART_Write(&g_uart0_ctrl, (void *) text_buf, strlen(text_buf));
                                               if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
                                               {
                                                               _BKPT(0);
                                               }
                                                /* Wait for interrupt & check for completion */
                                               while (false == uart_done)
                                                          __WFI();
                                               uart_done = false;
                                    }
                         }
                         void g_uart0_cb(uart_callback_args_t * p_args)
                                    if (UART_EVENT_TX_COMPLETE == p_args->event)
                                               uart_done = true;
                                    }
                                    else if (UART_EVENT_RX_CHAR == p_args->event)
                                               uart_rec = (char) p_args->data;
                                    }
                                    else
                                    {}
                         }
                         void R_BSP_WarmStart(bsp_warm_start_event_t event)
                                    if (BSP_WARM_START_POST_C == event)
                                                /* C runtime environment and system clocks are setup. */
                                                /* Configure pins. */
                                               R_IOPORT_Open (&g_ioport_ctrl, g_ioport.p_cfg);
                                    }
                         }
2.13
                         The project is now ready to compile. Press the "hammer" icon to start building the project.
2.14
                         Once the build has finished, the console pane in the lower-right corner of e<sup>2</sup> studio will report zero
                         error and warnings:
                                                                                                                                       ※ | ⊕ ⊕ ⊕ | ∰ ⊕ | ■ □ □ □ □ □ □
                                                               CDT Build Console [RA4E1 VOICE_qsg_uart_3_7_0]

Building file: ./ra/rsp/sr/rsp/mc/ssp/mc/sl/bsp_group_irq.c

Building file: ./ra/rsp/sr/rsp/mc/sl/bsp_group_irq.c

Building file: ./ra/rsp/sr/rsp/mc/sl/bsp_io.c

Building file: ./ra/rsp/sr/rsp/mc/sl/bsp_io.c

Building file: ./ra/rsp/sr/rsp/mc/sl/bsp_io.c

Building file: ./ra/rsp/sr/rsp/mc/sl/bsp_rom_registers.c

Building file: ./ra/rsp/sr/rsp/mc/sl/bsp_sbrx.c

Building file: ./ra/rsp/sr/rsp/mc/sl/bsp_dens/sl/bsp_sbrx.c

Building file: ./ra/rsp/sr/rsp/mc/sl/bsp/mc/sl/bsp_sbrx.c

Building file: ./ra/rsp/sr/rsp/mc/ssp/mc/sl/bsp_dens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cdens/sl/bsp_cden
                                                                CDT Build Console [RA4E1_VOICE_qsg_uart_3_7_0]
                                                                 16:19:48 Build Finished. 0 errors, 0 warnings. (took 3s.487ms)
                                                                                   346M of 581M
                                                                                                                                                                                                                     4 m m = 7
2.15
                         The application is now ready to be programmed and run on the VOICE kit. Press the "bug" icon to begin
                         the debug session.
```



2.16 You may be prompted to update the J-Link debugger firmware. You can click Yes to update. It will take a few moments to complete. J-Link V6.64b Firmware update A new firmware version is available for the connected emulator Do you want to update to the latest firmware version? NOTE: Updating to the latest firmware version is strongly recommended. New features / improvements may not be available without a firmware update Yes No 2.17 Windows could also prompt you to allow the GDB server through your firewall. Click the checkbox to allow it through private networks, then **Allow** access. Windows Security Alert Windows Defender Firewall has blocked some features of this app Windows Defender Firewall has blocked some features of E2 Server GDB on all public and private Name: E2 Server GDB
Publisher: Renesas Electronics Europe Ltd Path: C:\users\bradrex\.eclipse \com.renesas.platform\_575122424\debugcomp\ra\e2-Allow E2 Server GDB to communicate on these networks: Private networks, such as my home or work network ☑ Public networks, such as those in airports and coffee shops (not recommended because these networks often have little or no security) What are the risks of allowing an app through a firewall? Allow access Cancel 2.18 e<sup>2</sup> studio will perform flash programming routines and prompt to switch to **Debug** perspective. Select the check box by Remember my decision and click Switch. 2.19 The debug session is now started, and the application is paused at its entry function (SystemInit() in Reset Handler). At this point, you can set up additional debug features such as variable and expressions views before the program is executed. 2.20 Renesas VOICE kits include an on-board debugger with USB-to-UART functionality. Open the serial terminal program of your choice (e.g. PuTTY or TeraTerm) to communicate with the UART interface configured earlier in this section (use the device manager to identify the correct COM port if needed, set baud rate to 115200). The Virtual COM (VCOM) port will stay live as long as the kit is connected to the host, even when the debug session has been terminated or the MCU has been reset. 2.21 Click the **Resume** button or press **F8** on the keyboard to start the application. 2.22 The Program will stop again, this time at the start of the main function. Low-level initialization routines are now completed. Press Resume or F8 again to resume the application and begin executing user code. 2.23 Go back to the serial terminal to observe the output from the VOICE kit. Experiment with various keyboard inputs to exercise UART read and write functionality (screenshot below shows PuTTY): ceived character: 'h' eceived character: eived character: ceived character: ceived character: ceived character: 'a'



2.24	Click the <b>Terminate</b> button or press <b>Ctrl + F2</b> on the keyboard to stop the application and terminate the debug session.	

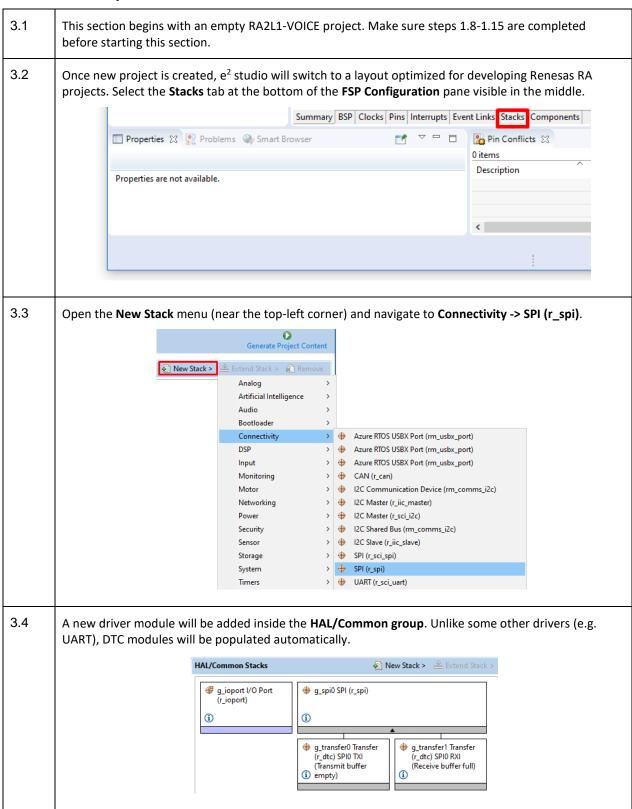
## **END OF SECTION**



# 3 Configuring and using digital microphones

### **Overview**

Following section explains how to configure and operate a digital microphone to capture audio input on the VOICE kit.





3.5	Click on <b>g_spi0 SPI (r_spi)</b> , go to the <b>Properties</b> tab and apply the following settings. You may need to expand the chevrons to access all of the properties:			
	·			
	Operating Mode     Callback	Slave		
	<ul><li>Callback</li><li>SPI Mode</li></ul>	g_spi0_cb		
	• SPI Wlode	SPI Operation		
3.6	Access the <b>New Stack</b> menu again and select <b>Timers -&gt; Timer, General PWM (r_gpt)</b> . Use <b>Properties</b> tab to configure following properties for this new module:			
	Common -> Pin Output	Support	Enabled	
	General -> Name		g_timer_sclk	
	General -> Channel		5	
	General -> Period		1024000	
	General -> Period Unit		Hertz	
	Output -> GTIOCB Outp	out Enabled	True	
3.7	Access the New Stack menu yet again and select Timers -> Timer, General PWM (r_gpt). Use Properties tab to configure following properties for this new module:			
	<ul> <li>General -&gt; Name</li> </ul>		g_timer_ws	
	<ul> <li>General -&gt; Channel</li> </ul>		6	
	<ul> <li>General -&gt; Mode</li> </ul>		PWM	
	<ul> <li>General -&gt; Period 32</li> <li>General -&gt; Period Unit Raw Counts</li> </ul>		32	
	Output -> Custom Waveform -> GTIOB -> Initial Output Level     Pin Level High			
	Output -> Custom Waveform -> GTIOB -> Compare Match Output Level Pin Level Toggle			
	Output -> Custom Waveform -> Custom Waveform Enable     Enabled			
	Output -> GTIOCB Out	out Enabled	True	
	Input -> Count Up Sour	ce	GTETRGB Failing Edge (c	heck the box).
3.8	Access the <b>New Stack</b> menu and navigate to <b>Timers -&gt; Port Output Enable for GPT (r_poeg)</b> . Use <b>Properties</b> tab to configure following properties for this new module:			
	General -> Name		g_poeg_ws	
	General -> Channel		1	
3.9	Access the New Stack menu yet Properties tab to configure follo General -> Name General -> Channel General -> Mode			VM (r_gpt). Use
	General -> Period		32	
	General -> Period Unit		Raw Counts	
	Output -> Custom Waveform -> GTIOB -> Initial Output Level     Pin Level High			
	<ul> <li>Output -&gt; Custom Waveform -&gt; GTIOB -&gt; Compare Match Output Level Pin Level Toggle</li> <li>Output -&gt; Custom Waveform -&gt; Custom Waveform Enable</li> </ul>			
	• Output > Custom \\/\ar		averulli fliable	LIIADICU
	•			
	<ul> <li>Output -&gt; Custom Wav</li> <li>Output -&gt; GTIOCB Output</li> <li>Input -&gt; Count Up So</li> </ul>	out Enabled	True GTETRGB Failing Edge	المحادة والمحاد



3.10 RA Configuration for this section is complete. Apply changes to the project source by clicking the Generate Project Content button in the top-right corner of the Configurator window. When prompted to Proceed with save and generate, tick the box next to Always save and generate without asking and click Proceed. - -Generate Project Conten 🜓 New Stack > 👱 Extend Stack > 🙀 Remove 3.11 The FSP Configurator will extract all the necessary drivers and generate the code based on the configuration provided in the Properties tab. 3.12 In the Project Explorer pane, expand the src folder in the project and open hal\_entry.c. > 🐉 Binaries > 🛍 Includes > 🕮 ra > 🕮 ra\_gen > 🕮 src > 📂 Debug > 🗁 ra\_cfg mail: configuration.xml R7FA4E10D2CNE.pincfg RA2I1\_VOICE\_qsg\_dmic\_4\_0\_0 Debug\_Flat.launch > ? Developer Assistance 3.13 hal\_entry.c contains user application entry point (hal\_entry function) for RTOS-less projects. The R BSP WarmStart callback is provided for the user to specify additional functions to be called during the FSP initialization sequence (e.g., pin configuration). 3.14 hal\_entry.c can be used to exercise API of the various modules configured inside FSP Configurator using Developer Assist or by writing code manually. Following code can be used to completely replace contents of hal\_entry.c to perform sound capture using the digital microphone on the VOICE kit: #include "hal\_data.h" FSP CPP HEADER void R\_BSP\_WarmStart(bsp\_warm\_start\_event\_t event); FSP\_CPP\_FOOTER #define DMIC\_BUF\_SIZE (2000) static uint32\_t dmic\_buf[2][DMIC\_BUF\_SIZE]; static volatile uint8\_t dmic\_idx; static volatile bool dmic\_done; static volatile bool dmic\_err; void hal\_entry(void) fsp\_err\_t err; /\* Open timer used for I2S BCLK output \*/ err = R\_GPT\_Open(&g\_timer\_sck\_ctrl, &g\_timer\_sck\_cfg); if(FSP\_SUCCESS != err) { \_BKPT(0); } err = R\_POEG\_Open(&g\_poeg\_ws\_ctrl, &g\_poeg\_ws\_cfg); if (FSP\_SUCCESS != err)

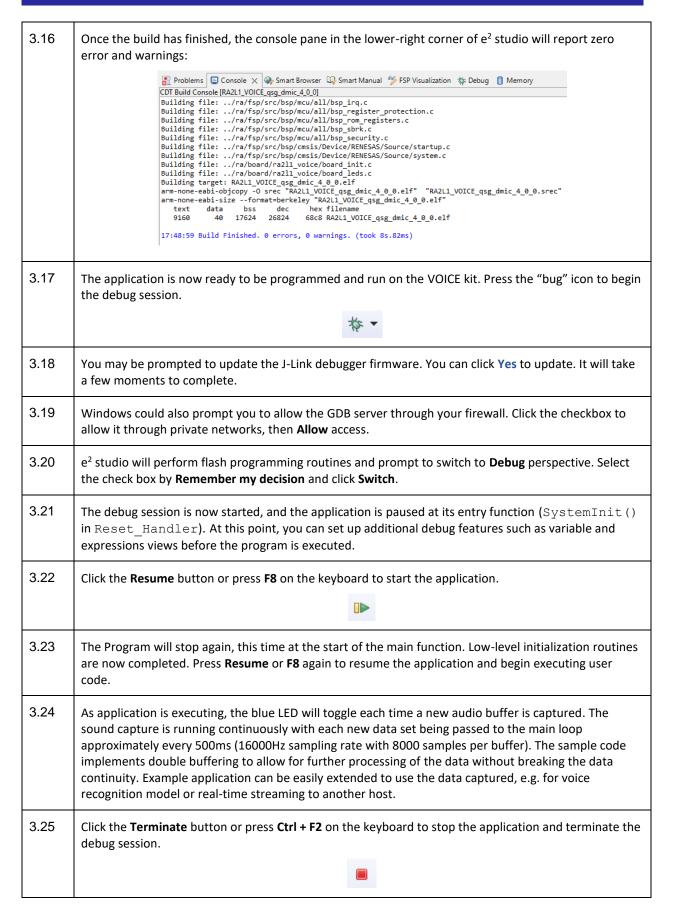


```
__BKPT(0);
    /* Open timer used for I2S WS output */
    err = R_GPT_Open(&g_timer_ws_ctrl, &g_timer_ws_cfg);
    if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
        __BKPT(0);
    }
    /* Delay slave select output by 1 clock wrt. I2S WS */
    err = R_GPT_CounterSet(&g_timer_ws_ctrl, g_timer_ws_cfg.period_counts - 13);
    if(FSP_SUCCESS != err)
         BKPT(0);
    }
    err = R_GPT_Open(&g_timer_ssl_ctrl, &g_timer_ssl_cfg);
    if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
    {
         BKPT(0);
    }
    err = R_GPT_CounterSet(&g_timer_ssl_ctrl, g_timer_ssl_cfg.period_counts - 14);
    if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
        __BKPT(0);
    }
    /* Start WS and SS timers */
    err = R_GPT_Start(&g_timer_ws_ctrl);
    if(FSP_SUCCESS != err)
        __BKPT(0);
    }
    err = R_GPT_Start(&g_timer_ssl_ctrl);
    if(FSP_SUCCESS != err)
        __BKPT(0);
    }
    /* Initialize SPI peripheral */
    err = R_SPI_Open(&g_spi_i2s_ctrl, &g_spi_i2s_cfg);
    if(FSP_SUCCESS != err)
        __BKPT(0);
    }
    err = R_GPT_Start(&g_timer_sck_ctrl);
    if(FSP_SUCCESS != err)
    {
        __BKPT(0);
    }
    /* Set up the initial I2S read */
    err = R_SPI_Read(&g_spi_i2s_ctrl, dmic_buf[dmic_idx], DMIC_BUF_SIZE,
SPI_BIT_WIDTH_32_BITS);
    if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
        __BKPT(0);
    }
    while (1)
        /* Wait for interrupt & check for event */
        while ((false == dmic_done) && (false == dmic_err))
            __WFI();
        if (true == dmic_err)
        {
            dmic_err = false;
            /* Restart SPI peripheral to clear the <u>underrun</u> error state */
```



```
R_SPI_Close(&g_spi_i2s_ctrl);
                     R_SPI_Open(&g_spi_i2s_ctrl, &g_spi_i2s_cfg);
                     do
                     {
                          /* Repeat this request if it fails */
                          err = R_SPI_Read(&g_spi_i2s_ctrl, dmic_buf, DMIC_BUF_SIZE,
         SPI_BIT_WIDTH_32_BITS);
                     while (FSP_SUCCESS != err);
                 }
                 else // (true == dmic_done)
                     dmic_done = false;
                      /* Trim and align data down to 16-bit */
                     for (int i = 0; i < DMIC_BUF_SIZE; i++)</pre>
                          dmic_buf[dmic_idx ^ 1][i] = (dmic_buf[dmic_idx ^ 1][i] >> 15) & 0xFFFF;
                     }
                     /** Data in dmic_buf[dmic_idx ^ 1] can be used at this point */
                      /* Toggle blue LED to indicate buffer received */
                     bsp_io_level_t level;
                     R_IOPORT_PinRead(&g_ioport_ctrl, BSP_IO_PORT_02_PIN_12, &level);
                     R_IOPORT_PinWrite(&g_ioport_ctrl, BSP_IO_PORT_02_PIN_12, !level);
                 }
             }
         }
         void g_spi_cb(spi_callback_args_t * p_args)
             if (SPI_EVENT_TRANSFER_COMPLETE == p_args->event)
                  /* Change index of the active write buffer */
                 dmic_idx ^= 1;
                 /* Start subsequent I2S read */
                 \label{eq:r_spi_read} $$R_SPI_Read(\&g_spi_i2s_ctrl, dmic_buf[dmic_idx], DMIC_BUF_SIZE, $$SPI_BIT_WIDTH_32_BITS)$;
                 dmic_done = true;
             }
             else if (SPI EVENT ERR MODE UNDERRUN == p args->event)
                 /* SPI peripheral wasn't ready when data was sent */
                 dmic_err = true;
             }
             else
             {}
         }
         void R_BSP_WarmStart(bsp_warm_start_event_t event)
             if (BSP_WARM_START_POST_C == event)
                 /* C runtime environment and system clocks are setup. */
                  /* Configure pins. */
                 R_IOPORT_Open (&g_ioport_ctrl, g_ioport.p_cfg);
             }
         }
3.15
         The project is now ready to compile. Press the "hammer" icon to start building the project.
```





#### **END OF SECTION**

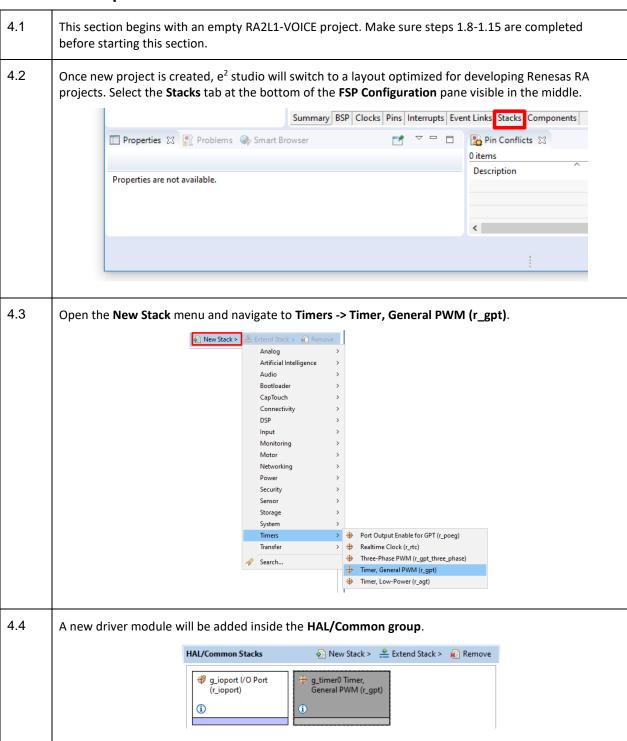




# 4 Configuring and using analog microphones

### **Overview**

Following section explains how to configure and operate a pair of analog microphones to capture audio input on the VOICE kit.





4.5		<b>gpt)</b> , go to the <b>Properties</b> tab and apply the following	
	settings. You may need to expand the che	evrons to access all of the properties:	
	General -> Channel	2	
	General -> Period	16000	
	General -> Period Unit	Hertz	
4.6	Access the <b>New Stack</b> menu again and sel following properties for this new module:	lect <b>Analog -&gt; ADC (r_adc)</b> . Use <b>Properties</b> tab to configure	
	Input -> Channel Scan Mask	Channel 0 + Channel 1 (check both boxes)	
	Interrupts -> Normal/Group A Tri	igger GPT <b>2</b> COUNTER OVERFLOW	
4.7	Access the <b>New Stack</b> menu yet again and <b>Properties</b> tab to configure following prop	d select <b>Transfer -&gt; Data Transfer Controller (DTC)</b> . Use perties for this new module:	
	• Name	g_transfer0	
	<ul> <li>Transfer Size</li> </ul>	4 Bytes	
	<ul> <li>Destination Address Mode</li> </ul>	Incremented	
	<ul> <li>Activation Source</li> </ul>	ADCO SCAN END	
	<ul> <li>Callback</li> </ul>	g_transfer0_cb	
4.8	g_adc0 is highlighted in red to indicate that configuring g_adc0 to trigger ADC conversion on timer overflow requires ELC driver. Use <b>New Stack</b> menu and navigate to <b>System -&gt; Event Link Controller</b> (r_elc). No configuration is needed for this module.		
4.9 RA Configuration for this section is complete. Apply changes to the project source by cl Generate Project Content button in the top-right corner of the Configurator window. Very to Proceed with save and generate, tick the box next to Always save and generate with click Proceed.		op-right corner of the Configurator window. When prompted ne box next to <b>Always save and generate without asking</b> and	
		Generate Project Content	
	New Stack	> 🐣 Extend Stack > 🖟 Remove	
4.10	The FSP Configurator will extract all the no configuration provided in the <b>Properties</b> t	ecessary drivers and generate the code based on the tab.	
4.11 In the <b>Project Explorer</b> pane, expand the <b>src</b> folder in the project and open <b>hal_er</b>		src folder in the project and open hal_entry.c.	
	> ﷺ Binaries > ඣ Includes > ఊ ra   Includes   A ra   Properties of the configuration of the c	ration.xml IOD2CNE.pincfg ct /OICE_qsg_amic_4_0_0 Debug_Flat.launch	



- 4.12 hal entry.c contains user application entry point (hal entry function) for RTOS-less projects. The R BSP WarmStart callback is provided for the user to specify additional functions to be called during the FSP initialization sequence (e.g., pin configuration).
- 4.13 hal\_entry.c can be used to exercise API of the various modules configured inside FSP Configurator using Developer Assist or by writing code manually. Following code can be used to completely replace contents of hal entry.c to perform sound capture using the digital microphone on the VOICE kit:

```
#include "hal data.h"
FSP CPP HEADER
void R_BSP_WarmStart(bsp_warm_start_event_t event);
FSP_CPP_FOOTER
#define AMIC BUF SIZE (2000)
static uint32_t amic_buf[2][AMIC_BUF_SIZE];
static volatile uint8_t amic_idx;
static volatile bool amic_done;
void hal_entry(void)
{
    fsp_err_t err;
    /* Initialize ELC peripheral */
    err = R_ELC_Open(&g_elc_ctrl, &g_elc_cfg);
    if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
    {
        __BKPT(0);
    }
    /* Enabled configured ELC links */
    err = R_ELC_Enable(&g_elc_ctrl);
    if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
        __BKPT(0);
    }
    /* Initialize the ADC peripheral */
    err = R_ADC_Open(&g_adc0_ctrl, &g_adc0_cfg);
    if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
         BKPT(0);
    }
    /* Enable ADC scanning on microphone channels */
    err = R_ADC_ScanCfg(&g_adc0_ctrl, &g_adc0_channel_cfg);
    if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
    {
        __BKPT(0);
    }
    /* Enable ADC scanning */
    err = R_ADC_ScanStart(&g_adc0_ctrl);
    if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
        __BKPT(0);
    }
    /* Initialize the DCT peripheral */
    //err = R_DMAC_Open(&g_transfer0_ctrl, &g_transfer0_cfg);
    err = R_DTC_Open(&g_transfer0_ctrl, &g_transfer0_cfg);
    if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
    {
         _BKPT(0);
    }
    /* Set the DCT to capture from ADC registers into amic_buf */
    err = R_DTC_Reset(&g_transfer0_ctrl, (void *) R_ADC0->ADDR, amic_buf[amic_idx],
AMIC_BUF_SIZE);
```



```
if (FSP SUCCESS != err)
                  _BKPT(0);
             }
             /* Initialize timer used to limit the sampling rate */
             err = R_GPT_Open(&g_timer0_ctrl, &g_timer0_cfg);
             if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
             {
                  BKPT(0);
             }
             /* Start the timer */
             err = R_GPT_Start(&g_timer0_ctrl);
             if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
                 __BKPT(0);
             }
             while (1)
                 /* Wait for interrupt & check for event */
                 while (false == amic_done)
                     __WFI();
                 amic_done = false;
                 /** Data in amic_buf[amic_idx ^ 1] can be used at this point */
                 /* Toggle green LED to indicate buffer received */
                 bsp io level t level;
                 R_IOPORT_PinRead(&g_ioport_ctrl, BSP_IO_PORT_02_PIN_13, &level);
                 R_IOPORT_PinWrite(&g_ioport_ctrl, BSP_IO_PORT_02_PIN_13, !level);
             }
         }
         void g_transfer0_cb(adc_callback_args_t * p_args)
             /* Change index of the active write buffer */
             amic_idx ^= 1;
             /* Start subsequent ADC capture */
             R_DTC_Reset(&g_transfer0_ctrl, (void *) R_ADC0->ADDR, amic_buf[amic_idx], AMIC_BUF_SIZE);
             amic done = true;
             /* Suppress compiler warning for unused p_args */
             FSP_PARAMETER_NOT_USED(p_args);
         }
         void R_BSP_WarmStart(bsp_warm_start_event_t event)
             if (BSP_WARM_START_POST_C == event)
                 /* C runtime environment and system clocks are setup. */
                 /* Configure pins. */
                 R_IOPORT_Open (&g_ioport_ctrl, g_ioport.p_cfg);
             }
         }
4.14
         The project is now ready to compile. Press the "hammer" icon to start building the project.
4.15
         Once the build has finished, the console pane in the lower-right corner of e<sup>2</sup> studio will report zero
         error and warnings:
```



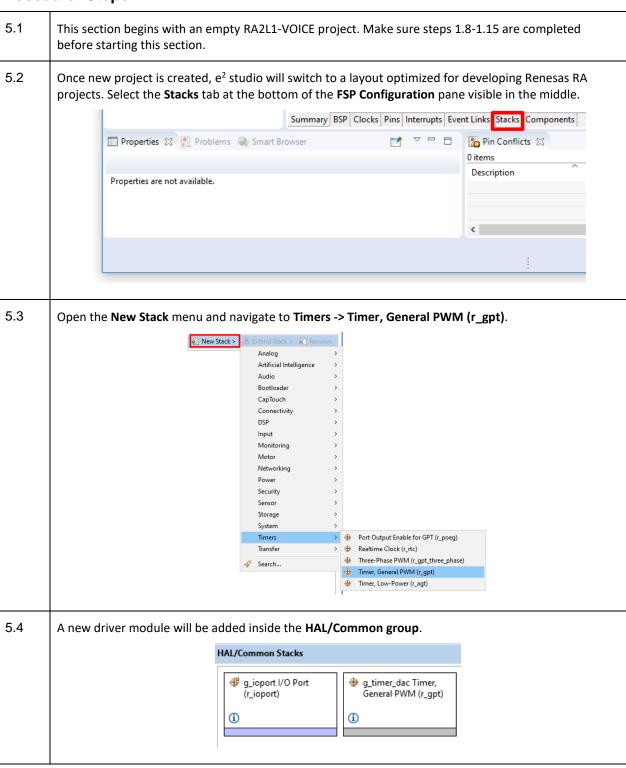
	Problems □ Console × → Smart Browser → Smart Manual → FSP Visualization → Debug ↑ Mem	
	CDT Build Console [RA2L1_VOICE_qsg_amic_4_0_0] Extracting support files	
	18:10:10 **** Build of configuration Debug for project RA2L1_VOICE_qsg_amic_4_0_0 **** make -r -j4 all	
	arm-none-eabi-sizeformat=berkeley "RA2L1_VOICE_qsg_amic_4_0_0.elf" text data bss dec hex filename	
	6624 24 17512 24160 5e60 RA2L1_VOICE_qsg_amic_4_0_0.elf	
	18:10:11 Build Finished. 0 errors, 0 warnings. (took 490ms)	
4.16	The application is now ready to be programmed and run on the VOICE kit. Press the "bug" icon to begin the debug session.	
	₩ *	
4.17	You may be prompted to update the J-Link debugger firmware. You can click <b>Yes</b> to update. It will take a few moments to complete.	
4.18	Windows could also prompt you to allow the GDB server through your firewall. Click the checkbox to allow it through private networks, then <b>Allow</b> access.	
4.19	e <sup>2</sup> studio will perform flash programming routines and prompt to switch to <b>Debug</b> perspective. Select the check box by <b>Remember my decision</b> and click <b>Switch</b> .	
4.20	The debug session is now started, and the application is paused at its entry function (SystemInit() in Reset_Handler). At this point, you can set up additional debug features such as variable and expressions views before the program is executed.	
4.21	Click the <b>Resume</b> button or press <b>F8</b> on the keyboard to start the application.	
4.22	The Program will stop again, this time at the start of the main function. Low-level initialization routines are now completed. Press <b>Resume</b> or <b>F8</b> again to resume the application and begin executing user code.	
4.23	As application is executing, the green LED will toggle each time a new audio buffer is captured. The sound capture is running continuously with each new data set being passed to the main loop approximately every 500ms (16000Hz sampling rate with 8000 samples per buffer). The sample code implements double buffering to allow for further processing of the data without breaking the data continuity. Example application can be easily extended to use the data captured, e.g. for voice recognition model or real-time streaming to another host.	
4.24	Click the <b>Terminate</b> button or press <b>Ctrl + F2</b> on the keyboard to stop the application and terminate the debug session.	



# 5 Configuring and using audio output

### **Overview**

Following section explains how to configure and operate an on-chip DAC to output audio on the VOICE kit.





5.5	Click on <b>g_timer_dac Timer</b> , <b>General PWM (r_gpt)</b> , go to the <b>Properties</b> tab and apply the following settings. You may need to expand the chevrons to access all of the properties:		
	<ul> <li>General -&gt; Channel</li> <li>General -&gt; Period</li> <li>16</li> </ul>	timer_dac* 000 ertz	
		umber is recommended to avoid name conflict with project (e.g. for analog and digital microphones). Timer sounds to play back.	
5.6	Access the <b>New Stack</b> menu again and select <b>Analog -&gt; DAC (r_dac)</b> . Use <b>Properties</b> tab to configure following properties for this new module:		
	Data Format     Le	ft Justified	
5.7	Access the <b>New Stack</b> menu yet again and select <b>Transfer -&gt; Data Transfer Controller (DTC)</b> . Use <b>Properties</b> tab to configure following properties for this new module:		
		transfer_dac	
		Bytes cremented	
		TS COUNTER OVERFLOW	
5.8	* Changing DMAC instance name and channel number is recommended to avoid name conflict with other DMAC instances that might be used in the project (e.g. used for analog microphones).  RA Configuration for this section is complete. Apply changes to the project source by clicking the		
	Generate Project Content button in the top-right corner of the Configurator window. When prompted to Proceed with save and generate, tick the box next to Always save and generate without asking and click Proceed.		
	Generate Project Content		
		Extend Stack > 🙀 Remove	
5.9	The FSP Configurator will extract all the necessary drivers and generate the code based on the configuration provided in the <b>Properties</b> tab.		
5.10	In the <b>Project Explorer</b> pane, expand the <b>src</b> folder in the project and open <b>hal_entry.c</b> .		
> 25 ra_gen			
	✓ 😂 src → 🖻 guitar.c → 🖻 hal_entry.c		
> ├── Debug > ├── ra_cfg > ├── script ∰ configuration.xml			
		on.xml	
	☐ R7FA4E10D2CNE.pincfg ☐ ra_cfg.txt		
		EE_qsg_dac_4_0_0 Debug_Flat.launch	
l	у детсторит	i	



- 5.11 hal\_entry.c contains user application entry point (hal\_entry function) for RTOS-less projects. The R\_BSP\_WarmStart callback is provided for the user to specify additional functions to be called during the FSP initialization sequence (e.g., pin configuration).
- hal\_entry.c can be used to exercise API of the various modules configured inside FSP Configurator using Developer Assist or by writing code manually. Following code can be used to completely replace contents of hal entry.c to perform sound capture using the digital microphone on the VOICE kit:

```
contents of hal_entry.c to perform sound capture using the digital microphone on the VOICE kit:
#include "hal data.h"
FSP CPP HEADER
void R_BSP_WarmStart(bsp_warm_start_event_t event);
FSP_CPP_FOOTER
extern uint8_t audio_samples[130032];
static volatile bool dac_done;
void hal_entry(void)
    fsp_err_t err;
    /* Initialize the DAC peripheral */
    err = R_DAC_Open(&g_dac0_ctrl, &g_dac0_cfg);
    if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
    {
         _BKPT(0);
    }
    /* Enable DAC output */
    err = R_DAC_Start(&g_dac0_ctrl);
    if (FSP SUCCESS != err)
    {
        __BKPT(0);
    }
    /* Initialize the DTC peripheral */
    err = R_DTC_Open(&g_transfer_dac_ctrl, &g_transfer_dac_cfg);
    if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
    {
        __BKPT(0);
    }
    /* Initialize the timer used to control the sampling rate */
    err = R_GPT_Open(&g_timer_dac_ctrl, &g_timer_dac_cfg);
    if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
    {
        __BKPT(0);
    }
    /* Start the timer */
    err = R_GPT_Start(&g_timer_dac_ctrl);
    if (FSP SUCCESS != err)
        __BKPT(0);
    }
    while (1)
        ^{*} Start <u>playback</u> by setting DMA to transfer audio samples to the DAC ^{*}/
        err = R_DTC_Reset(&g_transfer_dac_ctrl, audio_samples, (void *) R_DAC->DADR,
                            sizeof(audio_samples) / sizeof(uint16_t));
        if (FSP_SUCCESS != err)
        {
              BKPT(0);
        /* Wait for interrupt & check for event */
        while (false == dac_done)
            __WFI();
        dac_done = false;
```



```
/* Wait before starting the <code>playback</code> again */
                  R_BSP_SoftwareDelay(2, BSP_DELAY_UNITS_SECONDS);
              }
         }
         void g_transfer_dac_cb(timer_callback_args_t * p_args)
              /* Use this callback to end the playback or restart the DMA
               * with more samples to play longer tracks */
              /* Signal that last sample has been sent to DAC */
              dac done = true:
              /* Suppress compiler warning for unused p_args */
              FSP_PARAMETER_NOT_USED(p_args);
         }
         void R_BSP_WarmStart(bsp_warm_start_event_t event)
              if (BSP_WARM_START_POST_C == event)
                  /* C runtime environment and system clocks are setup. */
                  /* Configure pins. */
                  R_IOPORT_Open (&g_ioport_ctrl, g_ioport.p_cfg);
              }
         }
5.13
         The example project provides guitar.c file which includes an example track stored as array of PCM
         inside const unsigned char audio samples[130032]. You can replace this file with your own samples
         and/or buffer them in another array in on-chip SRAM. With DAC set to left-justified in step 5.6, the
         audio samples should be provided in unsigned 16-bit mono PCM format (regardless of whether the
         storage type in the code is 8, 16 or 32-bit). To convert any audio file to this format, use ffmpeg and
         execute the following:
                ffmpeg.exe -i {input_file} -acodec pcm_u16le -f u16le -ac 1 -ar 16000 {output_file}
         Where {input_file} and {output_file} are replaced by the path to input and output, respectively.
         "16000" after the "-ar" is the output sampling rate setting and should match timer rate set in step 5.5.
         Raw audio files output by ffmpeg can be included in the project either by converting them to a C array
         or by creating an assembly file with .incbin directive to inline the file.
5.14
         The project is now ready to compile. Press the "hammer" icon to start building the project.
5.15
         Once the build has finished, the console pane in the lower-right corner of e<sup>2</sup> studio will report zero
         error and warnings:
                                                    □ Console ×
                             CDT Build Console [RA2L1_VOICE_qsg_dac_4_0_0]
                             Extracting support files...
18:41:26 **** Build of configuration Debug for project RA2L1_VOICE_qsg_dac_4_0_0
                             make -r -j4 all
                             arm-none-eabi-size --format=berkeley "RA2L1_VOICE_qsg_dac_4_0_0.elf"
                                                          hex filen
                                           1488 136840 21688 RA2L1_VOICE_qsg_dac_4_0_0.elf
                             135328
                             18:41:27 Build Finished. 0 errors, 0 warnings. (took 507ms)
5.16
         The application is now ready to be programmed and run on the VOICE kit. Press the "bug" icon to begin
         the debug session.
```



5.17	You may be prompted to update the J-Link debugger firmware. You can click <b>Yes</b> to update. It will take a few moments to complete.
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5.24	Click the <b>Terminate</b> button or press <b>Ctrl + F2</b> on the keyboard to stop the application and terminate the debug session.

For further information and inquiries please contact: <a href="mailto:rai-cs@dm.renesas.com">rai-cs@dm.renesas.com</a>

**END OF THE QUICK SETUP GUIDE** 

