

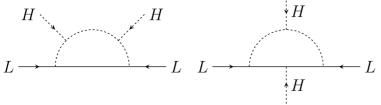
1-loop

Diego Restrepo

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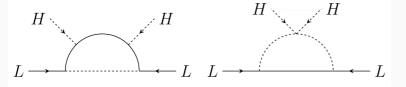


Figure 1. The four different 1-loop diagrams that can lead to genuine neutrino mass models [15]. Top line: T-I-1 (left) and T-I-2 (right), bottom T-I-3 (left) and T-3 (right).

Up to electro-weak triplets (Color singlets)

Florian Bonnet (Wurzburg U.), Martin Hirsch (Valencia U., IFIC), Toshihiko Ota (Munich, Max Planck Inst.), Walter Winter (Wurzburg U.) (Apr, 2012)

Published in: JHEP 07 (2012) 153 • e-Print: 1204.5862 [hep-ph]

D pdf

@ DOI

reference search

192 citations

$$-i\Sigma_{ij}^{\nu}(p) = \int \frac{d4k}{(2\pi)^4} (y_{in\alpha}) iS_F(k) (y_{jn\alpha}) i\Delta_F(p+k)$$

$$\chi_n \qquad \qquad \chi_n \qquad \qquad \chi$$

Figure 9.1: Generic one-loop neutrino mass contribution

$$M_{ij}^{\nu} = -\frac{y_{in\alpha}y_{jn\alpha}}{16\pi^2}m_{\chi_n}\left[\cot(\infty) + f\left(m_{\chi_n}, m_{S_\alpha}^2\right)\right]$$

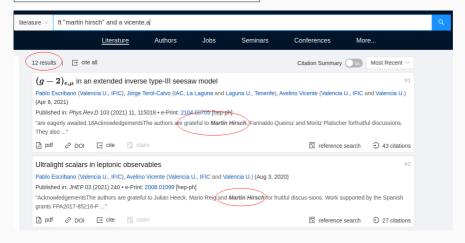
where

$$f\left(m_{\chi_n}^2, m_{S_\alpha}^2\right) = \frac{m_{S_\alpha}^2 \ln\left(m_{S_\alpha}^2\right) - m_{\chi_n}^2 \ln\left(m_{\chi_n}^2\right)}{m_{\chi_n}^2 - m_{S_\alpha}^2}$$

Up to electro-weak triplets (Color singlets)

$\textbf{Hirsch-subindex} \rightarrow \textbf{In the Acknowledgements section}$

ft "martin hirsch" and a AUTHOR

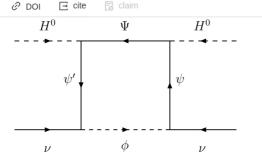


José W.F. Valle 16

Avelino Vicente 12

Diego Aristizabal 7

Diego Restrepo 7



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Figure 3. One-loop contribution to neutrino mass in the T1-3 models.

Ψ	ψ'	φ	ψ
1^F_{lpha}	$2_{1+\alpha}^F$	1_{α}^{S}	$2_{\alpha-1}^F$

Table 19. Model T1-3-A.

Up to electro-weak triplets (Color singlets)

118 citations

Result: 35 models

reference search



Diego Restrepo(Antioquia U.), Andrés Rivera(Antioquia U.), Marta Sánchez-Peláez(Antioquia U.), Oscar Zapata(Antioquia U.), Walter Tangarife(Tel Aviv U.)

PHYSICAL REVIEW D 92, 013005 (2015)

TABLE I. α set of scalars and Weyl fermions of the model.

Symbol	$(SU(2)_L, U(1)_Y)$	Z_2	Spin
S_{α}	(1,0)	_	0
N	(1,0)	_	1/2
\tilde{R}_{u} ,	(2,+1/2)	_	1/2
\tilde{R}_u , R_d	(2,-1/2)	_	1/2

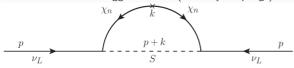


FIG. 1. One-loop Weyl-spinor Feynman rules [29] for the contributions to the neutrino mass, with three Majorana fermions (n = 1, 2, 3) and a singlet scalar S.

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(2,-1/2)	_	1/2
	$ \begin{array}{c} (1,0) \\ (1,0) \\ (2,+1/2) \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{cccc} (1,0) & - \\ (1,0) & - \\ (2,+1/2) & - \\ \end{array} $

Like the MSSM bino-Higgsino sector (arbitrary couplings)

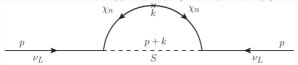


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$$M_{ij}^{\nu} = -\sum_{\alpha} \frac{h_{i\alpha}h_{j\alpha}}{16\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{3} (N_{3n})^2 m_{\chi_n} B_0(0; m_{\chi_n}^2, m_{S_\alpha}^2), \quad (6)$$

where $B_0(0; m_{\chi_n}^2, m_{S_\alpha}^2)$ is the B_0 Passarino-Veltman function [25] and (N_{mn}) are matrix elements of the rotation matrix \mathbf{N} . By using the identity

$$\sum_{n=1}^{3} (N_{3n})^2 m_n^{\chi} = (\mathbf{M}^{\chi})_{33} = 0, \tag{7}$$

we obtain the expected cancellation of divergent terms coming from the mass-independent term in B_0 , leading to the finite neutrino mass matrix

$$M_{ij}^{\nu} = \sum_{\alpha} \frac{h_{i\alpha} h_{j\alpha}}{16\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{3} (N_{3n})^2 m_{\chi_n} f(m_{S_\alpha}, m_{\chi_n})$$
 (8)

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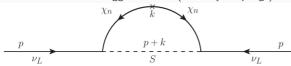
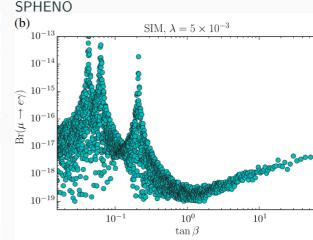


FIG. 1. One-loop Weyl-spinor Feynman rules [29] for the contributions to the neutrino mass, with three Majorana fermions (n = 1, 2, 3) and a singlet scalar S.



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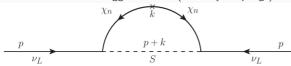
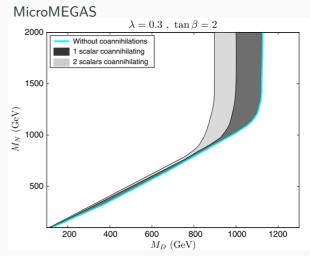


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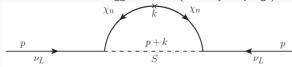
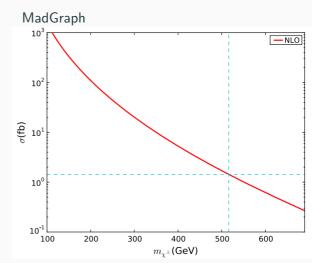


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minimal-lagrangians: Generating and studying dark matter model Lagrangians with just the particle content

Simon May (Garching, Max Planck Inst.) (Mar 18, 2020)

Published in: Comput.Phys.Commun. 261 (2021) 107773 • e-Print: 2003.08037 [hep-ph]

Published in: Comput.Phys.Commun. 261 (2021) 107773 • e-Print: 2003.08037 [hep-ph]
```

minimal-lagrangians 1.1.2

```
pip install minimal-lagrangians 😃
```

```
restrepo@tuxillo:~$ minimal-lagrangians T1-3-A 0
 -\frac{1}{5} M \varphi^2 \varphi^2
 -\lambda_1 (H^+ H) \phi^2 - \lambda_2 \phi^4
 - (M \psi \psi' \psi \psi' + H.c.) - (\frac{1}{2} M \Psi \Psi \Psi + H.c.)
 - (y_1 (H^{\uparrow} \psi') \Psi + H.c.) - (y_2 (H \psi) \Psi + H.c.) - (y_3 (L \psi') \varphi + H.c.)
restrepo@tuxillo:~$ minimal-lagrangians --format SARAH T1-3-A 0
LagBSMNoHC = - 1/2 Mphi2 phi.phi \
          - lambda1 conj[H].H.phi.phi - lambda2 phi.phi.phi;
LagBSMHC = - Mpsipsig psi.psig - 1/2 MCPsi CPsi.CPsi \
           - v1 conj[H].psig.CPsi - v2 H.psi.CPsi - v3 l.psig.phi;
The SARAH model files (T1_3_A_alpha 0.m, particles.m, parameters.m, SPheno.m)
have been written to the directory ./SARAH model T1 3 A alpha 0/
```

Latest version

Released: Apr 13, 2020

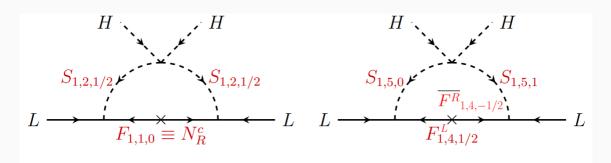


Figure 2. Two examples of dark matter models. To the left the original scotogenic model [47]; to the right an accidentally stable DM model, see text.

How ma	How many 1-loop neutrino mass models are there?					#4
	,			nta Maria U., Valparaiso), Ricardo Cepedello (Wurzburg U.), Juan C rgey Kovalenko (Andres Bello Natl. U.) (May 25, 2022)	Carlos Helo (La Serena	ι U. and
Published	Published in: JHEP 08 (2022) 023 • e-Print: 2205.13063 [hep-ph]					
pdf	€ DOI	cite	claim	F	reference search	→ 7 citations

Ex	it models	Dark matter models		
SM field in the loop	Only fields beyond the SM	Stabilizing symmetry	Accidentally stable	
38	368	115	203	
	406	318	3	
724				

Table 1: (i) use only scalars and fermions as BSM fields; and (ii) avoid stable charged relics. "Exits" as particles that can decay into standard model fields

1-loop Dirac neutrinos case

