Spatial analysis in for Marine Scientists



Selected online databases

European Marine Observation and Data Network (EMODnet):

http://www.emodnet.eu/

Copernicus Marine Environment Monitoring Service (CMEMS):

http://marine.copernicus.eu/

GlobColour: http://www.globcolour.info/

General Bathymetric Chart of the Oceans (GEBCO):

http://www.gebco.net/

Integrated Climate Data Center (UHH):

http://icdc.zmaw.de/projekte/easy-init/easy-init-ocean.html

Extract and overlay information

Map the two layers overlaid:

plot(raster)
plot(vector, add=TRUE)

Between vector and raster:

extract(raster, vector)

fun: if specified, aggregate the values per object

Between two vectors (points and polygons):

over(points, polygons)

NetCDF and multidimensional data

If **one** NetCDF file, create a **brick** object :

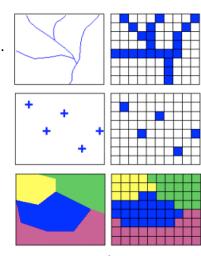
dir <- "folder/raster.nc"
brc <- brick(dir, varname="", lvar=)</pre>

If multiple NetCDF files, create a stack object :

```
dir.list<-list.files("folder/", pattern=".nc$")
stc <- stack(dir.list, varname="")</pre>
```

Loading vector and raster data in R

Vectors are made of points, lines or polygons. It is the natural format for the description of sites, either defined as areas (polygons) or points taken by a GPS. Vectors conserve the shape and spatial accuracy.



Raster is a matrix, i.e. a regular grid containing information for all the pixels uniformly distanced. The distance between the pixel is called the resolution. It is the natural format for remote sensing, model and interpolated dataset.

Load:

Shapefile (.shp) can be read in R with the rgdal package:

```
dir <- "folder/shape.shp"
name <- "shape"
shp <- readOGR(dir,name)</pre>
```

Most of the formats (.tif, .ascii, .bil, .nc) can be open with the raster package:

Load:

```
dir <- "folder/raster.tif"
rst <- raster(dir)</pre>
```

Visualize:

plot(...)

col: define the color pch: define the symbol cex: size of the symbol

Get attribute table:

@data

xlim, ylim:
limit the extent

Access information

proj4string()
bbox()
dim()

col: define the palette
breaks: manually define
the color breaks
maxpixels: number of
pixel to be plotted

See the resolution:

res()

Cheatsheet created by R. Frelat, 10.07.2017



SET GRAPHICAL PARAMETERS

the following can only be set with par()

par (...)

	•		
multiple plots	<pre>mfcol = c(nrow,ncol) mfrow = c(nrow,ncol)</pre>	plot margins (outer)	<pre>oma = c(bottom, left, top, right) default: c(0, 0, 0, 0) lines</pre>
plot margins	mar = c(bottom, left, top, right) default: c(5.1, 4.1, 4.1, 2.1) lines	query x & y limits	par ("usr")

CREATE A NEW PLOT

Histograms

bar labels border	names.arg = border =	breakpts	breaks =
fill color horizontal	col = horiz = TRUE	Line charts line type	<pre>plot(x, type = "1")</pre>
Box plots horizontal box labels	<pre>boxplot(x,) horizontal = TRUE names =</pre>	line width	"dashed" 2 "dotted" 3 lwd =
Dot plots dot labels	<pre>dotchart(x,) labels =</pre>	Scatterplots symbol	plot(x,) pch =

dotlabels labels =

Bar charts

abels	ann = FALSE	allow plott

barplot(height....)

axis la axis, tickmarks, xaxt = "n"yaxt = "n" and labels bty = "n"plot box

REMOVE

NOTE: Many of the parameters here can be also be set in par(). See R help for more options.

ADJUST

ting $out \ of \ plot \ xpd = TRUE$ region

hist(x...)

aspect ratio asp =

axis limits xlim =, ylim =

axis lines to xaxs = "i" yaxs = "i" (internal match axis limits axis calculation)

ADD TEXT

	location		size
axis labels subtitle title	<pre>xlab =, ylab = sub = main =</pre>	(magnifi all elements axis labels subtitle	cex = cex.lab = cex.sub =
font face	style font = 1 (plain)	tick mark labels title	<pre>cex.axis = cex.main =</pre>
2 (bold) 3 (italic) 4 (bold italic)	po text direction	osition las = 1 (horizontal)	
font family	<pre>family = "serif" "sans" "mono"</pre>	justification	adj = 0 .5 1 (left, center, right)

ADD TO AN EXISTING PLOT

	[any plot function] (, add = TRUE) x, add = TRUE)	Lines line style line width	<pre>lines (x,) lty = lwd =</pre>
Axes location	<pre>axis (side,) side = 1 2 3 4 (bottom, left, top, right)</pre>	color Points symbol	<pre>col = points (x,) pch =</pre>
tick mark: labels location remove rotate text	<pre>labels = at = tick = FALSE las = 1 (horizontal)</pre>	□ ○ △ + 0 1 2 3 ⊗ □ ■ • 13 14 15 16 color	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Axis labels location lines to skip	<pre>mtext (text,) side = 1 2 3 4 (bottom, left, top, right) line = (from plot</pre>	Text position (rel. to x,y)	text (x, y, text,) pos = 1 2 3 4 (below, left, above, right) (default=center)
position justification	region, default = 0) at = x or y-coord (depending on side) adj = 0 .5 1	Title axis labels subtitle title	<pre>title (main,) xlab =, ylab = sub = main =</pre>

(left, center, right)