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Programming Model

35	24	23	0
	X – Index Register		
	Y – Index Register		
	U – User stack pointer		
0000	S – Hardware stack pointer		
PC			
	A	B	
	DPR	0	

A,B registers concatenate to form D register

Configurations

The rf6809 core may be configured to use 12-bit bytes which increases the address range to 36-bits. The rf6809 core may also be configured to support many instructions compatible with the 6309 processor.

Instruction Prefixes

rf6809 makes use of instruction prefixes to extend the addressing modes available. There are two prefixes FAR, and OUTER, which indicate to use a far address or outer indexing.

FAR

FAR when applied to extended addressing indicates to use a full 24-bit/triple byte address rather than a 16 bit one.

When the FAR prefix is applied to indirect addressing the prefix indicates that the indirect address is 24-bit. This allows the use of a 24-bit indirect address to reach anywhere in memory.

Opcode: 0x15

OUTER

The OUTER prefix indicates that the index register is applied after retrieving an indirect address. Normally the index register is used in the calculation of the indirect address.

When configured for 12-bit bytes the OUTER prefix is not used as there are sufficient bits in the index post-byte to encode outer indexing mode.

Opcode: 0x1B

Additional Instructions

JMP FAR – performs a jump using a 24-bit extended address.

Opcode: 0x8F

JSR FAR – performs a jump to subroutine using a 24-bit extended address. The full 24-bit program counter is stored on the stack.

Opcode: 0xCF

RTF – performs a far return from subroutine by loading a full 24-bit program counter from the stack.

Opcode: 0x38

Indirect addresses must reside within the first 64k bank of memory.

Differences from the 6809

The program counter is a full 24-bit register. The JMP and JSR instructions modify only the low order 16 bits of the program counter. To modify the full 24-bits use the JMP FAR and JSR FAR instructions. A return from a far subroutine may be done using the RTF instruction.

During interrupt processing the entire 24-bit program counter is stacked. The RTI instruction also loads the entire 24-bit program counter.

If 6309 instructions are enabled then the E, F registers are pushed onto the stack for interrupts except for the FIRQ. The RTI instruction will also reload the E, F registers.

Control Registers

There are several control registers mapped into the address space.

Address	Access	Register Usage
FF..FE0	RO	Core ID – used to identify core in multi-core application. Reflects the value of the coreid_i input.
FF..FE1	WO	Checkpoint register. If checkpointing is enabled this register must be written within one second, or an NMI will occur.
FF..FE4/5	RO	high order bits of millisecond count
FF.FF6/7	RO	low order bits of millisecond count

The millisecond count register contains a count of the number of milliseconds since the last reset.

Checkpoint Register

The core may be configured to include a checkpoint register and timer. When checkpointing is present an NMI will be generated if the checkpoint register is not written to within one second.

Hardware:

This is a softcore implementation of a 6809 compatible processor. As such no attempt was made to duplicate the 6809's bus cycle activity. Instructions may not execute in the same number of clock cycles as the 6809. Instructions in some circumstances execute in fewer clock cycles.

Push / Pull Post-byte

When 6309 instructions are enabled, and the core is configured for 12-bit bytes the push and pull instructions may include pushing and pulling of accumulators E and F. The push / pull order is outlined below.

CCR	Lower memory address
A	
B	
E	
F	
DP	
X	
Y	
U or S	
PC	higher memory address

Push / pull post-byte (12-bit bytes)

11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
~	~	F	E	PC	U or S	Y	X	DP	B	A	CCR

6309 Instructions Not supported

PSHSW, PULSW, PSHUW, PULUW

TFM

Divide instructions

Memory bit manipulation instructions.

The Q register and associated instructions.

Size

12-bit bytes, 6309 support: 8000 LUTs 5 block rams, 1 DSP

12-bit bytes, no 6309 support 6500 LUTs, 5 block rams, 1 DSP.

Instruction Set Description for 12-bit Bytes

The Index Post-byte

The indexed addressing mode specification field is twelve bits in size.

Bits rr specifies one of the index registers, XR, YR, SP, or UP

Bits dddddddd specifies a nine-bit displacement.

The 'i' bit indicates one level of indirection is added for the data fetch.

The 'o' bit indicates that indexing is applied after indirection.

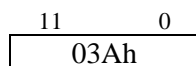
Ndx Pattern		
0rrddddddddd	EA = ,R + 9 bit offset	
1rrri00000000	EA = ,R+	
1rrri00000001	EA = ,R++	
1rrri00000010	EA = ,R-	
1rrri00000011	EA = ,--R	
1rrri0000100	EA = ,R + 0 offset	
1rrri0000101	EA = ,R + ACCB offset	
1rrri0000110	EA = ,R + ACCA offset	
1rrri0001000	EA = ,R + 12 bit offset	
1rrri0001001	EA = ,R + 24 bit offset	
1rrri0001010	EA = ,R + 36 bit offset	
1rrri0001011	EA = ,R + D offset	
1rrri0001100	EA = ,PC + 12 bit offset	
1rrri0001101	EA = ,PC + 24 bit offset	
1rrri0001110	EA = ,PC + 36 bit offset	
1rrri0001111	EA = [,Address]	

ABX – Add B Accumulator to X

Description

The B accumulator is added to the X register.

Instruction Format: INH



Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

ADCA – Add with Carry to Accumulator A

Description

The source operand is added to accumulator A including a carry.

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		089h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		099h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0A9h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0B9h	

Flags Affected:

H set if there is a carry out of bit 4, otherwise cleared

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		↑		↑	↑	↑	↑

ADCB – Add with Carry to Accumulator B

Description

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		0C9h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		0D9h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0E9h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0F9h	

Flags Affected:

H set if there is a carry out of bit 4, otherwise cleared

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		↑		↑	↑	↑	↑

ADCD – Add with Carry to Accumulator D

Description

The source operand is added to accumulator D including a carry.

*This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction supported is configured.

Instruction Format: IMM

35	24	23	12	11	0
Immed Lo		Immed Hi		189h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		199h	

Instruction Format: NDX

	23	12	11	0
As needed	Ndx12	1A9h		

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		1B9h	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 23, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

ADCR – Add with Carry Register to Register

Description

Add register to register with carry.

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: INH

23	20	19	16	15	12	11	0
~		r0		r1			131h

r0/r1		r0/r1	
0	D	8	A
1	X	9	B
2	Y	10	CC
3	U	11	DP
4	S	12	0
5	PC	13	0
6	W	14	E
7	resv	15	F

Flags Affected:

N set equal to the most significant bit of the result

Z set if result value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit from the most significant bit, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

ADDA – Add to Accumulator A

Description

The source operand is added to accumulator A. The carry is not included in the addition but is generated as a result flag.

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		08Bh	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		09Bh	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0ABh

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0BBh	

Flags Affected:

H set if there is a carry out of bit 4, otherwise cleared

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		↑		↑	↑	↑	↑

ADDB – Add to Accumulator B

Description

The source operand is added to accumulator B. The carry is not included in the addition but is generated as a result flag.

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		0CBh	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		0DBh	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0EBh

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0FBh	

Flags Affected:

H set if there is a carry out of bit 4, otherwise cleared

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		↑		↑	↑	↑	↑

ADDD – Add to Accumulator D

Description

The source operand is added to accumulator D. The carry is not included in the addition but is generated as a result flag.

Instruction Format: IMM

35	24	23	12	11	0
Immed Lo			Immed Hi		0C3h

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		0D3h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0E3h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo			Address Hi		0F3h

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 23, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

ADDE – Add to Accumulator E

Description

The source operand is added to accumulator E. The carry is not included in the addition but is generated as a result flag.

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		28Bh	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		29Bh	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	2ABh

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		2BBh	

Flags Affected:

H set if there is a carry out of bit 4, otherwise cleared

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		↑		↑	↑	↑	↑

ADDF – Add to Accumulator F

Description

The source operand is added to accumulator F. The carry is not included in the addition but is generated as a result flag.

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		2CBh	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		2DBh	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	2EBh

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		2FBh	

Flags Affected:

H set if there is a carry out of bit 4, otherwise cleared

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		↑		↑	↑	↑	↑

ADDR – Add Register to Register

Description

Add register to register.

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: INH

23 20	19 16	15 12	11	0
~	r0	r1	13lh	

r0/r1		r0/r1	
0	D	8	A
1	X	9	B
2	Y	10	CC
3	U	11	DP
4	S	12	0
5	PC	13	0
6	W	14	E
7	resv	15	F

Flags Affected:

N set equal to the most significant bit of the result

Z set if result value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit from the most significant bit, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

ADDW – Add to Accumulator W

Description

The source operand is added to accumulator W. The carry is not included in the addition but is generated as a result flag.

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: IMM

35	24	23	12	11	0
Immed Lo		Immed Hi		18Bh	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		19Bh	

Instruction Format: NDX

	23	12	11	0
As needed	Ndx12	1ABh		

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		1BBh	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 23, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

ANDA – Bitwise ‘And’ to Accumulator A

Description

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		084h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		094h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0A4h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0B4h	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

ANDB – Bitwise ‘And’ to Accumulator B

Description

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		0C4h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		0D4h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0E4h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0F4h	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

ANDCC – Bitwise ‘And’ to Condition Code Reg

Description

This instruction can be used to clear bits in the condition code register. A common use is to clear the interrupt mask bits.

Instruction Format: INH

23	12	11	0
Immed12		01Ch	

Flags Affected:

Flags for which the immediate constant has a zero bit will be cleared, other flags will not be affected.

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

ANDD – Bitwise ‘And’ to Accumulator D

Description

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: IMM

35	24	23	12	11	0
Immed Lo		Immed Hi		184h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		194h	

Instruction Format: NDX

	23	12	11	0
As needed	Ndx12	1A4h		

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		1B4h	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

ANDR – Bitwise ‘And’ Register to Register

Description

And register to register.

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: INH

23 20	19 16	15 12	11	0
~	r0	r1	134h	

r0/r1		r0/r1	
0	D	8	A
1	X	9	B
2	Y	10	CC
3	U	11	DP
4	S	12	0
5	PC	13	0
6	W	14	E
7	resv	15	F

Flags Affected:

N set equal to the most significant bit of the result

Z set if result value is zero, otherwise cleared

V cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

ASL – Arithmetic Shift Left Memory

Description

Memory is read, bits are shifted to the left by one bit, then the result is written back to memory. A zero is shifted into the least significant bit and the most significant bit is captured in the carry result flag.

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		008h	

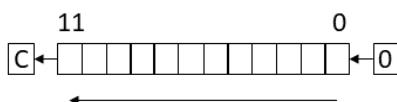
Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	068h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		078h	

Operation:



Flags Affected:

H setting is undefined

N set equal to bit 11 of the result

Z set if result value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set to the exclusive or of bits 10 and 11

C set to the original value of bit 11

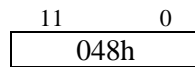
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		?		↑	↑	↑	↑

ASLA – Arithmetic Shift Left Accumulator A

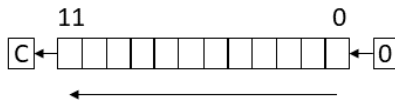
Description

Bits in the accumulator A are shifted once to the left. A zero is shifted into the least significant bit and the most significant bit is captured in the carry result flag.

Instruction Format: INH



Operation:



Flags Affected:

H setting is undefined

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set to the exclusive or of accumulator bits 10 and 11

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

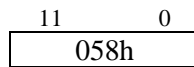
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		?		↑	↑	↑	↑

ASLB – Arithmetic Shift Left Accumulator B

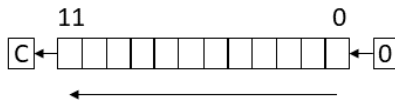
Description

Bits in the accumulator B are shifted once to the left. A zero is shifted into the least significant bit and the most significant bit is captured in the carry result flag.

Instruction Format: INH



Operation:



Flags Affected:

H setting is undefined

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set to the exclusive or of accumulator bits 10 and 11

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

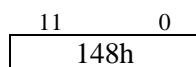
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		?		↑	↑	↑	↑

ASLD – Arithmetic Shift Left Accumulator D

Description

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: INH



Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set to the exclusive or of accumulator bits 22 and 23

C set if there is a carry out of bit 23, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

ASR – Arithmetic Shift Right Memory

Description

Memory is read, bits are shifted to the left by one bit, then the result is written back to memory. A zero is shifted into the least significant bit and the most significant bit is captured in the carry result flag.

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		007h	

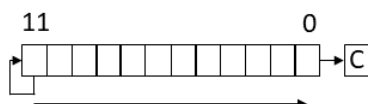
Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	067h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		077h	

Operation:



Flags Affected:

H setting is undefined

N set equal to bit 11 of the result

Z set if result value is zero, otherwise cleared

C set to the original value of bit 0

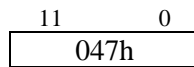
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		?		↓	↓		↓

ASRA – Arithmetic Shift Right Accumulator A

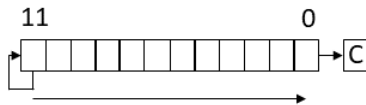
Description

Bits in the accumulator A are shifted once to the right. The sign bit is shifted into the most significant bit and the least significant bit is captured in the carry result flag.

Instruction Format: INH



Operation:



Flags Affected:

H setting is undefined

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 0, otherwise cleared

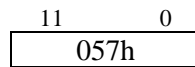
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		?		↑	↑		↑

ASRB – Arithmetic Shift Right Accumulator B

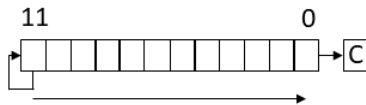
Description

Bits in the accumulator B are shifted once to the right. The sign bit is shifted into the most significant bit and the least significant bit is captured in the carry result flag.

Instruction Format: INH



Operation:



Flags Affected:

H setting is undefined

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

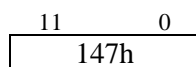
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		?		↑	↑		↑

ASRD – Arithmetic Shift Right Accumulator D

Description

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: INH



Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 0, otherwise cleared

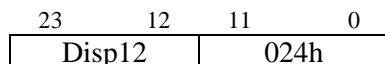
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑		↑

BCC – Branch if Carry Clear

Description

BCC performs a PC relative branch using a 12-bit sign extended displacement if the carry flag bit is clear in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL



Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

BCS – Branch if Carry Set

Description

BCC performs a PC relative branch using a 12-bit sign extended displacement if the carry flag bit is set in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

23	12	11	0
Disp12		025h	

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

BEQ – Branch if Equal

Description

BEQ performs a PC relative branch using a 12-bit sign extended displacement if the zero-flag bit is set in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

23	12	11	0
Disp12		027h	

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

BGE – Branch if Greater or Equal

Description

BGE performs a PC relative branch using a 12-bit sign extended displacement if the negative-flag bit and overflow flag bit are both clear, or are both set in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

23	12	11	0
Disp12	02Ch		

Operation:

if ((cc.n = 1 and cc.v = 1) or (cc.n = 0 and cc.v = 0))

PC = PC + sign extend(displ2)

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

BGT – Branch if Greater Than

Description

BGT performs a PC relative branch using a 12-bit sign extended displacement if the negative-flag bit and overflow flag bit are both clear, or are both set and the zero-flag bit is clear in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

23	12	11	0
Disp12	02Eh		

Operation:

if ((cc.n = 1 and cc.v = 1) or (cc.n = 0 and cc.v = 0)) and cc.z = 0)

PC = PC + sign extend(displ2)

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

BHI – Branch if Higher

Description

BHI performs a PC relative branch using a 12-bit sign extended displacement if the zero-flag bit and carry flag bit are both clear in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

23	12	11	0
Disp12	022h		

Operation:

if (cc.z = 0 and cc.c = 0)

PC = PC + sign extend(disp12)

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

BHS – Branch if Higher or Same

Description

BHS performs a PC relative branch using a 12-bit sign extended displacement if the carry flag bit is clear in the condition codes register.

This is an alternate mnemonic for the [BCC](#) instruction.

Instruction Format: REL

23	12	11	0
Disp12	024h		

Operation:

if (cc.c = 0)

PC = PC + sign extend(disp12)

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

BITA – Bitwise ‘And’ to Accumulator A

Description

This instruction works in the same manner as the [ANDA](#) instruction except that the result is discard and accumulator A is not updated. Only the result status flags are updated.

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		085h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		095h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0A5h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0B5h	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

BITB – Bitwise ‘And’ to Accumulator B

Description

This instruction works in the same manner as the [ANDB](#) instruction except that the result is discard and accumulator B is not updated. Only the result status flags are updated.

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		0C5h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		0D5h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0E5h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0F5h	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

BITD – Bitwise ‘And’ to Accumulator D

Description

This instruction works in the same manner as the [ANDD](#) instruction except that the result is discarded and accumulator D is not updated. Only the result status flags are updated.

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		185h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		195h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	1A5h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		1B5h	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

BLE – Branch if Less or Equal

Description

BLE performs a PC relative branch using a 12-bit sign extended displacement if the negative-flag bit and overflow flag bit are different or the zero-flag bit is set in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

23	12	11	0
Disp12	02Fh		

Operation:

if ((cc.n <> cc.v) or (cc.z))

PC = PC + sign extend(disp12)

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

BLO – Branch if Lower

Description

BLO performs a PC relative branch using a 12-bit sign extended displacement if the carry-flag bit is set in the condition codes register.

This is an alternate mnemonic for the [BCS](#) instruction.

Instruction Format: REL

23	12	11	0
Disp12	025h		

Operation:

if (cc.c)

$PC = PC + \text{sign extend}(\text{disp12})$

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

BLS – Branch if Lower or the Same

Description

BLS performs a PC relative branch using a 12-bit sign extended displacement if the carry-flag bit is set or the zero-flag bit is set in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

23	12	11	0
Disp12	023h		

Operation:

if (cc.c or cc.z)

$PC = PC + \text{sign extend}(\text{disp12})$

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

BLT – Branch if Less Than

Description

BLT performs a PC relative branch using a 12-bit sign extended displacement if the negative-flag bit is not equal to the overflow-flag bit in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

23	12	11	0
Disp12	02Dh		

Operation:

if (cc.n <> cc.v)

PC = PC + sign extend(displ2)

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

BMI – Branch if Minus

Description

BMI performs a PC relative branch using a 12-bit sign extended displacement if the negative-flag bit is set in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

23	12	11	0
Disp12		02Bh	

Operation:

if (cc.n)

$PC = PC + \text{sign extend}(\text{disp12})$

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

BRA – Branch Always

Description

BRA always performs a PC relative branch using a 12-bit sign extended displacement.

Instruction Format: REL

23	12	11	0
Disp12		020h	

Operation:

$$PC = PC + \text{sign extend}(\text{disp12})$$

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

BRN – Branch Never

Description

BRA never performs a PC relative branch using a 12-bit sign extended displacement. It is effectively a two-byte NOP instruction. The displacement may contain any useful value.

Instruction Format: REL

23	12	11	0
Disp12		021h	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

BSR – Branch To Subroutine

Description

BSR performs a PC relative branch using a 12-bit sign extended displacement after pushing the address of the next instruction on the stack.

Instruction Format: REL

23	12	11	0
Disp12	08Dh		

Operation:

$SP = SP - 2$

$Memory[SP] = PC$

$PC = PC + \text{sign extend}(\text{disp12})$

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

BVC – Branch if Overflow Clear

Description

BVC performs a PC relative branch using a 12-bit sign extended displacement if the overflow flag bit is clear in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

23	12	11	0
Disp12	028h		

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

BVS – Branch if Overflow Set

Description

BCC performs a PC relative branch using a 12-bit sign extended displacement if the overflow flag bit is set in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

23	12	11	0
Disp12		029h	

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

CLR – Clear Memory

Description

Zero is written to memory.

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		00Fh	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	06Fh

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		07Fh	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

N clear

Z set

V clear

C clear

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				0	1	0	0

CLRA – Clear Accumulator A

Description

A zero is loaded into accumulator A.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
04Fh	

Operation:

Acca = 0

Flags Affected:

N cleared

Z is set

V is cleared

C is cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				0	1	0	0

CLRB – Clear Accumulator B

Description

A zero is loaded into accumulator B.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
05Fh	

Operation:

Accb = 0

Flags Affected:

N cleared

Z is set

V is cleared

C is cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				0	1	0	0

CLRD – Clear Accumulator D

Description

A zero is loaded into accumulator D.

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
14Fh	

Operation:

Accd = 0

Flags Affected:

N cleared

Z is set

V is cleared

C is cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				0	1	0	0

CLRE – Clear Accumulator E

Description

A zero is loaded into accumulator E.

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
24Fh	

Operation:

Acca = 0

Flags Affected:

N cleared

Z is set

V is cleared

C is cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				0	1	0	0

CLRF – Clear Accumulator F

Description

A zero is loaded into accumulator F.

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
25Fh	

Operation:

$\text{Accf} = 0$

Flags Affected:

N cleared

Z is set

V is cleared

C is cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				0	1	0	0

CLRW – Clear Accumulator W

Description

A zero is loaded into accumulator W.

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
15Fh	

Operation:

Accw = 0

Flags Affected:

N cleared

Z is set

V is cleared

C is cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				0	1	0	0

CMPA – Compare to Accumulator A

Description

This instruction performs a subtract operation and discards the result. The result status flags are updated.

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		081h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		091h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0A1h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0B1h	

Flags Affected:

H the state of this bit is undefined

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		?		↑	↑	↑	↑

CMPB – Compare to Accumulator B

Description

This instruction performs a subtract operation and discards the result. The result status flags are updated.

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		0C1h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		0D1h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0E1h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0F1h	

Flags Affected:

H the state of this bit is undefined

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		?		↑	↑	↑	↑

CMPD – Compare to Accumulator D

Description

This instruction performs a subtract operation and discards the result. The result status flags are updated.

Instruction Format: IMM

35	24	23	12	11	0
Immed Lo		Immed Hi		183h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		193h	

Instruction Format: NDX

	23	12	11	0
As needed	Ndx12	1A3h		

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		1B3h	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 23, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

CMPE – Compare to Accumulator E

Description

This instruction performs a subtract operation and discards the result. The result status flags are updated.

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		281h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		291h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	2A1h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		2B1h	

Flags Affected:

H the state of this bit is undefined

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		?		↑	↑	↑	↑

CMPF – Compare to Accumulator F

Description

This instruction performs a subtract operation and discards the result. The result status flags are updated.

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		2C1h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		2D1h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	2E1h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		2F1h	

Flags Affected:

H the state of this bit is undefined

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		?		↑	↑	↑	↑

CMPR – Compare Register to Register

Description

Compare two registers.

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: INH

23	20	19	16	15	12	11	0
~		r0		r1			137h

r0/r1		r0/r1	
0	D	8	A
1	X	9	B
2	Y	10	CC
3	U	11	DP
4	S	12	0
5	PC	13	0
6	W	14	E
7	resv	15	F

Flags Affected:

N set equal to the most significant bit of the result

Z set if result value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of the most significant bit, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↕	↕	↕	↕

CMPS – Compare to Stack Pointer

Description

This instruction performs a subtract operation and discards the result. The result status flags are updated.

Instruction Format: IMM

35	24	23	12	11	0
Immed Lo			Immed Hi		18Ch

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		19Ch	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	1ACh

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo			Address Hi		1BCh

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the stack pointer

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 23, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

CMPU – Compare to User Stack Pointer

Description

This instruction performs a subtract operation and discards the result. The result status flags are updated.

Instruction Format: IMM

35	24	23	12	11	0
Immed Lo		Immed Hi		183h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		193h	

Instruction Format: NDX

	23	12	11	0
As needed	Ndx12	1A3h		

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		1B3h	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the user stack pointer

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 23, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

CMPW – Compare to Accumulator W

Description

This instruction performs a subtract operation and discards the result. The result status flags are updated.

Instruction Format: IMM

35	24	23	12	11	0
Immed Lo		Immed Hi		081h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		091h	

Instruction Format: NDX

	23	12	11	0
As needed	Ndx12	0A1h		

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0B1h	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 23, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

CMPX – Compare to X Index Register

Description

This instruction performs a subtract operation and discards the result. The result status flags are updated.

Instruction Format: IMM

35	24	23	12	11	0
Immed Lo		Immed Hi		08Ch	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		09Ch	

Instruction Format: NDX

	23	12	11	0
As needed	Ndx12	0ACh		

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0BCh	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the index register

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 23, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

CMPY – Compare to Y Index Register

Description

This instruction performs a subtract operation and discards the result. The result status flags are updated.

Instruction Format: IMM

35	24	23	12	11	0
Immed Lo		Immed Hi		18Ch	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		19Ch	

Instruction Format: NDX

	23	12	11	0
As needed	Ndx12	1ACh		

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		1BCh	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the index register

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 23, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

COM – Complement Memory

Description

Memory is read, complemented then written.

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12			003h

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed			Ndx12
			063h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		073h	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

N clear

Z set

V clear

C clear

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	1

COMA – Complement Accumulator A

Description

The ones complement of accumulator A is loaded into accumulator A.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
043h	

Operation:

Acca = ~Acca

Flags Affected:

N is set to bit 11 of the result

Z is set if the result is zero

V is cleared

C is set

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	1

COMB – Complement Accumulator B

Description

The ones complement of accumulator A is loaded into accumulator B.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
053h	

Operation:

$Accb = \sim Accb$

Flags Affected:

N is set to bit 11 of the result

Z is set if the result is zero

V is cleared

C is set

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	1

COMD – Complement Accumulator D

Description

The ones complement of accumulator D is loaded into accumulator D.

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
143h	

Operation:

$Accd = \sim Accd$

Flags Affected:

N is set to bit 23 of the result

Z is set if the result is zero

V is cleared

C is set

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	1

CWAI – Wait For Interrupt

Description

This instruction waits for an interrupt to occur and may be used to clear bits in the condition code register. The condition code register is bitwise anded with an immediate value. The E bit in the condition code register is set and the entire machine state is stored on the stack.

Instruction Format: INH

23	12	11	0
Immed12	03Ch		

Flags Affected:

Flags for which the immediate constant has a zero bit will be cleared, other flags will not be affected.

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

DAA – Decimal Adjust after Addition

Description

The value in accumulator A is adjusted after an addition to be consistent with a BCD number.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
019h	

Operation:

Acca = 0

Flags Affected:

N is set to the value of bit 11 of the result

Z is set if the result is zero, otherwise cleared

V is undefined

C is set if there is a carry out from bit 11

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	?	↑

DEC – Decrement Memory

Description

Memory is read, decremented and written.

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12			00Ah

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed			Ndx12
			06Ah

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		07Ah	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

N is set to the value of bit 11 of the result

Z is set if the result is zero.

V is set if the original value was \$800

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	

DECA – Decrement Accumulator A

Description

Accumulator A is decremented by one.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
04Ah	

Operation:

$Acca = Acca - 1$

Flags Affected:

N is set to the value of bit 11 of the result

Z is set if the result is zero.

V is set if the original value was \$800

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↕	↕	↕	

DECB – Decrement Accumulator B

Description

Accumulator B is decremented by one.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
05Ah	

Operation:

$$\text{Accb} = \text{Accb} - 1$$

Flags Affected:

N is set to the value of bit 11 of the result

Z is set if the result is zero.

V is set if the original value was \$800

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	

DECD – Decrement Accumulator D

Description

Accumulator D is decremented by one.

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
14Ah	

Operation:

$$\text{Accd} = \text{Accd} - 1$$

Flags Affected:

N is set to the value of bit 23 of the result

Z is set if the result is zero.

V is set if the original value was \$800000

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	

EORA – Bitwise Exclusive ‘Or’ to Accumulator A

Description

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		088h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		098h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0A8h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0B8h	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

EORB – Bitwise Exclusive ‘Or’ to Accumulator B

Description

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		0C8h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		0D8h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0E8h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0F8h	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

EORD – Bitwise Exclusive ‘Or’ to Accumulator D

Description

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		188h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		198h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	1A8h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		1B8h	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

EXG – Exchange Registers

Description

Exchange two registers.

Instruction Format: INH

23	20	19	16	15	12	11	0
~		r0		r1			01Eh

r0/r1		r0/r1	
0	D	8	A
1	X	9	B
2	Y	10	CC
3	U	11	DP
4	S	12	0
5	PC	13	0
6	W	14	E
7	resv	15	F

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

INC – Increment Memory

Description

Memory is read, incremented and written.

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12			00Ch

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed			Ndx12
			06Ch

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		07Ch	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

N is set to the value of bit 11 of the result

Z is set if the result is zero.

V is set if the original value was \$7FF

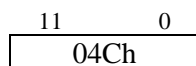
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	

INCA – Increment Accumulator A

Description

Accumulator A is incremented by one.

Instruction Format: INH



Operation:

$Acca = Acca + 1$

Flags Affected:

N is set to the value of bit 11 of the result

Z is set if the result is zero.

V is set if the original value was \$7FF

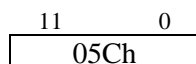
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↕	↕	↕	

INCB – Increment Accumulator B

Description

Accumulator B is incremented by one.

Instruction Format: INH



Operation:

$$\text{Accb} = \text{Accb} + 1$$

Flags Affected:

N is set to the value of bit 11 of the result

Z is set if the result is zero.

V is set if the original value was \$7FF

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	

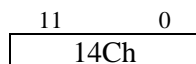
INCD – Increment Accumulator D

Description

Accumulator D is incremented by one.

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: INH



Operation:

$$\text{Accd} = \text{Accd} + 1$$

Flags Affected:

N is set to the value of bit 23 of the result

Z is set if the result is zero.

V is set if the original value was \$7FFFFFFF

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	

JMP – Unconditional Jump

Description

Load the program counter with the source operand.

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		00Eh	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	06Eh

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		07Eh	

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

JSR –Jump to Subroutine

Description

Push the address of the next instruction on the stack, then perform a jump operation.

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		09Dh	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0ADh

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0BDh	

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LBCC – Long Branch if Carry Clear

Description

LBCC performs a PC relative branch using a 24-bit sign extended displacement if the carry flag bit is clear in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

35	24	23	12	11	0
Disp lo		Disp hi		124h	

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LBCS – Long Branch if Carry Set

Description

LBCS performs a PC relative branch using a 24-bit sign extended displacement if the carry flag bit is set in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

35	24	23	12	11	0
Disp lo		Disp hi		125h	

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LBEQ – Long Branch if Equal

Description

LBEQ performs a PC relative branch using a 24-bit sign extended displacement if the zero-flag bit is set in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

35	24	23	12	11	0
Disp lo		Disp hi		127h	

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LBGE – Long Branch if Greater or Equal

Description

LBGE performs a PC relative branch using a 24-bit sign extended displacement if the negative-flag bit and overflow flag bit are both clear, or are both set in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

35	24	23	12	11	0
Disp lo		Disp hi		12Ch	

Operation:

if ((cc.n = 1 and cc.v = 1) or (cc.n = 0 and cc.v = 0))

PC = PC + sign extend(dis24)

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LBGT – Long Branch if Greater Than

Description

LBGT performs a PC relative branch using a 24-bit sign extended displacement if the negative-flag bit and overflow flag bit are both clear, or are both set and the zero-flag bit is clear in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

35	24	23	12	11	0
Disp lo		Disp hi		12Eh	

Operation:

if ((cc.n = 1 and cc.v = 1) or (cc.n = 0 and cc.v = 0)) and cc.z = 0)

PC = PC + sign extend(dis24)

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LBHI – Branch if Higher

Description

LBHI performs a PC relative branch using a 24-bit sign extended displacement if the zero-flag bit and carry flag bit are both clear in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

35	24	23	12	11	0
Disp lo		Disp hi		122h	

Operation:

if (cc.z = 0 and cc.c = 0)

PC = PC + sign extend(dis24)

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LBHS – Long Branch if Higher or Same

Description

LBHS performs a PC relative branch using a 24-bit sign extended displacement if the carry flag bit is clear in the condition codes register.

This is an alternate mnemonic for the [BCC](#) instruction.

Instruction Format: REL

35	24	23	12	11	0
Disp lo		Disp hi		124h	

Operation:

if (cc.c = 0)

PC = PC + sign extend(dis24)

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LBLE – Branch if Less or Equal

Description

LBLE performs a PC relative branch using a 24-bit sign extended displacement if the negative-flag bit and overflow flag bit are different or the zero-flag bit is set in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

35	24	23	12	11	0
Disp lo		Disp hi		12Fh	

Operation:

if ((cc.n <> cc.v) or (cc.z))

PC = PC + sign extend(dis24)

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LBLO – Long Branch if Lower

Description

LBLO performs a PC relative branch using a 24-bit sign extended displacement if the carry-flag bit is set in the condition codes register.

This is an alternate mnemonic for the [LBCS](#) instruction.

Instruction Format: REL

35	24	23	12	11	0
Disp lo	Disp hi	125h			

Operation:

if (cc.c)

$PC = PC + \text{sign extend}(\text{disp24})$

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LBSL – Long Branch if Lower or the Same

Description

LBSL performs a PC relative branch using a 24-bit sign extended displacement if the carry-flag bit is set or the zero-flag bit is set in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

35	24	23	12	11	0
Disp lo	Disp hi	123h			

Operation:

if (cc.c or cc.z)

$PC = PC + \text{sign extend}(\text{disp24})$

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LBLT – Long Branch if Less Than

Description

LBLT performs a PC relative branch using a 24-bit sign extended displacement if the negative-flag bit is not equal to the overflow-flag bit in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

35	24	23	12	11	0
Disp lo		Disp hi		12Dh	

Operation:

if (cc.n <> cc.v)

PC = PC + sign extend(dis24)

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LBMI – Long Branch if Minus

Description

LBMI performs a PC relative branch using a 24-bit sign extended displacement if the negative-flag bit is set in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

35	24	23	12	11	0
Disp lo		Disp hi		12Bh	

Operation:

if (cc.n)

$PC = PC + \text{sign extend}(\text{disp24})$

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LBNE – Long Branch if Not Equal

Description

LBEQ performs a PC relative branch using a 24-bit sign extended displacement if the zero-flag bit is clear in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

35	24	23	12	11	0
Disp lo		Disp hi		126h	

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LBPL – Long Branch if Plus

Description

LBPL performs a PC relative branch using a 24-bit sign extended displacement if the negative-flag bit is clear in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

35	24	23	12	11	0
Disp lo		Disp hi		12Ah	

Operation:

if (cc.n = 0)

$PC = PC + \text{sign extend}(\text{disp24})$

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LBRA – Long Branch Always

Description

LBRA always performs a PC relative branch using a 24-bit sign extended displacement.

Instruction Format: REL

35	24	23	12	11	0
Disp lo		Disp hi		016h	

Operation:

$$PC = PC + \text{sign extend}(\text{disp24})$$

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LBRN – Long Branch Never

Description

LBRN never performs a PC relative branch using a 24-bit sign extended displacement. It is effectively a three-byte NOP instruction. The displacement may contain any useful value.

Instruction Format: REL

35	24	23	12	11	0
Disp lo		Disp hi		121h	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LBSR – Long Branch To Subroutine

Description

LBSR performs a PC relative branch using a 24-bit sign extended displacement after pushing the address of the next instruction on the stack.

Instruction Format: REL

35	24	23	12	11	0
Disp lo		Disp hi		017h	

Operation:

$SP = SP - 2$

$Memory[SP] = PC$

$PC = PC + \text{sign extend}(\text{disp24})$

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LBVC – Long Branch if Overflow Clear

Description

LBVC performs a PC relative branch using a 24-bit sign extended displacement if the overflow flag bit is clear in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

35	24	23	12	11	0
Disp lo		Disp hi		128h	

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LBVS – Long Branch if Overflow Set

Description

LBVS performs a PC relative branch using a 24-bit sign extended displacement if the overflow flag bit is set in the condition codes register.

Instruction Format: REL

35	24	23	12	11	0
Disp lo		Disp hi		129h	

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LDA – Load Accumulator A

Description

The source operand is loaded into accumulator A.

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		086h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		096h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0A6h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0B6h	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

LDB – Load Accumulator B

Description

The source operand is loaded into accumulator B.

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		0C6h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		0D6h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0E6h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0F6h	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

LDD – Load Accumulator D

Description

The source operand is loaded into accumulator B.

Instruction Format: IMM

35	24	23	12	11	0
Immed Lo		Immed Hi		0CCh	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		0DCh	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0ECh

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0FCh	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator (bit 11 of accumulator A)

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

LEAS – Load Effective Address Into S

Description

The address of the source operand is loaded into the stack pointer.

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	032h

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LEAU – Load Effective Address Into U

Description

The address of the source operand is loaded into the user stack pointer.

Instruction Format: NDX

	23	12	11	0
As needed	Ndx12	033h		

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

LEAX – Load Effective Address Into X

Description

The address of the source operand is loaded into the stack pointer.

Instruction Format: NDX

	23	12	11	0
As needed	Ndx12	030h		

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
					↑		

LEAY – Load Effective Address Into Y

Description

The address of the source operand is loaded into the stack pointer.

Instruction Format: NDX

	23	12	11	0
As needed	Ndx12	031h		

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
					↑		

LSL – Logical Shift Left Memory

Description

Memory is read, bits are shifted to the left by one bit, then the result is written back to memory. A zero is shifted into the least significant bit and the most significant bit is captured in the carry result flag.

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		008h	

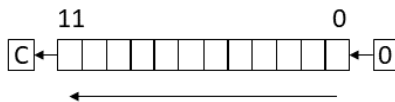
Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	068h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		078h	

Operation:



Flags Affected:

H setting is undefined

N set equal to bit 11 of the result

Z set if result value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set to the exclusive or of bits 10 and 11

C set to the original value of bit 11

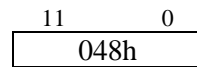
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		?		↑	↑	↑	↑

LSLA – Logical Shift Left Accumulator A

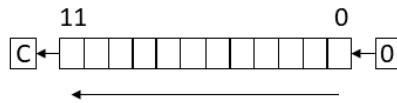
Description

Bits in the accumulator A are shifted once to the left. A zero is shifted into the least significant bit and the most significant bit is captured in the carry result flag.

Instruction Format: INH



Operation:



Flags Affected:

H setting is undefined

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set to the exclusive or of accumulator bits 10 and 11

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

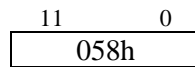
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		?		↑	↑	↑	↑

LSLB – Logical Shift Left Accumulator B

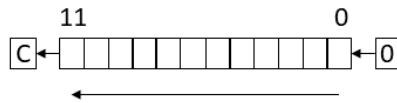
Description

Bits in the accumulator B are shifted once to the left. A zero is shifted into the least significant bit and the most significant bit is captured in the carry result flag.

Instruction Format: INH



Operation:



Flags Affected:

H setting is undefined

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set to the exclusive or of accumulator bits 10 and 11

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

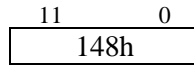
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		?		↑	↑	↑	↑

LSLD – Logical Shift Left Accumulator D

Description

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: INH



Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set to the exclusive or of accumulator bits 22 and 23

C set if there is a carry out of bit 23, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

LSR – Logical Shift Right Memory

Description

Memory is read, bits are shifted to the right by one bit, then the result is written back to memory. A zero is shifted into the most significant bit and the least significant bit is captured in the carry result flag.

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		004h	

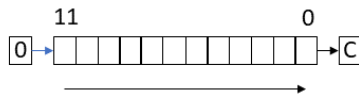
Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	064h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		074h	

Operation:



Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the result
Z set if result value is zero, otherwise cleared
C set to the original value of bit 0

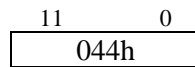
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑		↑

LSRA – Logical Shift Right Accumulator A

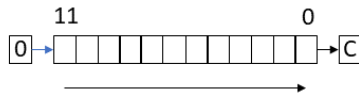
Description

Bits in the accumulator A are shifted once to the right. A zero is shifted into the most significant bit and the least significant bit is captured in the carry result flag.

Instruction Format: INH



Operation:



Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 0, otherwise cleared

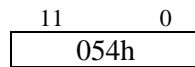
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑		↑

LSRB – Logical Shift Right Accumulator B

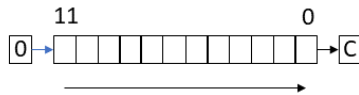
Description

Bits in the accumulator B are shifted once to the right. A zero is shifted into the most significant bit and the least significant bit is captured in the carry result flag.

Instruction Format: INH



Operation:



Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 0, otherwise cleared

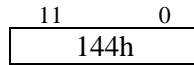
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑		↑

LSRD – Logical Shift Right Accumulator D

Description

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: INH



Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 0, otherwise cleared

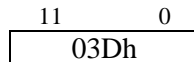
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑		↑

MUL – Multiply

Description

Accumulators A and B are multiplied, and the resulting product is placed in D.

Instruction Format: INH



Operation:

$$\text{Accd} = \text{Acca} * \text{Accb}$$

Flags Affected:

Z is set if the result is zero, otherwise cleared

C is set to the new value of bit 11 of accumulator B

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
					↑		↑

NEG – Negate Memory

Description

Memory is read, negated, then written.

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		000h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	060h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		070h	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of memory

Z set if value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if the original value is \$800

C cleared if the original value was zero

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

NEGA – Negate Accumulator A

Description

Accumulator A is negated.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
040h	

Operation:

acca = -acca

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if the original value is \$800

C cleared if the original value was zero

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

NEGB – Negate Accumulator B

Description

Accumulator B is negated.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
050h	

Operation:

accb = -accb

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if the original value is \$800

C cleared if the original value was zero

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

NEGD – Negate Accumulator D

Description

Accumulator D is negated.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
140h	

Operation:

accd = -accd

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if the original value is \$800000

C cleared if the original value was zero

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

NOP – No Operation

Description

This instruction does not perform any operation.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
012h	

Operation:

none

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

ORA – Bitwise ‘Or’ to Accumulator A

Description

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		08Ah	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		09Ah	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0AAh

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0BAh	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

ORB – Bitwise ‘Or’ to Accumulator B

Description

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		0CAh	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		0DAh	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0EAh

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0FAh	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

ORCC – Bitwise ‘Or’ to Condition Code Reg

Description

This instruction can be used to set bits in the condition code register. A common use is to set the interrupt mask bits.

Instruction Format: INH

23	12	11	0
Immed12		01Ah	

Flags Affected:

Flags for which the immediate constant has a one bit will be set, other flags will not be affected.

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

ORD – Bitwise ‘Or’ to Accumulator D

Description

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		18Ah	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		19Ah	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	1AAh

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		1BAh	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

PSHS – Push onto Stack

Description

This instruction is used to store registers to the stack.

Instruction Format: INH

23	12	11	0
Post-byte		034h	

Registers are pushed from higher memory addresses to lower memory addresses in the order outlined below.

CCR	Lower memory address
A	
B	
E	
F	
DP	
X	
Y	
U or S	
PC	higher memory address

Push / pull post-byte (12-bit bytes)

11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
~	~	F	E	PC	U or S	Y	X	DP	B	A	CCR

Flags Affected:

Flags for which the immediate constant has a one bit will be set, other flags will not be affected.

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

PSHU – Push onto User Stack

Description

This instruction is used to store registers to the user stack.

Instruction Format: INH

23	12	11	0
Post-byte			036h

Registers are pushed from higher memory addresses to lower memory addresses in the order outlined below.

CCR	Lower memory address
A	
B	
E	
F	
DP	
X	
Y	
U or S	
PC	higher memory address

Push / pull post-byte (12-bit bytes)

11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
~	~	F	E	PC	U or S	Y	X	DP	B	A	CCR

Flags Affected:

Flags for which the immediate constant has a one bit will be set, other flags will not be affected.

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

PULS – Pull from Stack

Description

This instruction is used to load registers from the stack.

Instruction Format: INH

23	12	11	0
Post-byte		035h	

Registers are pulled from lower memory addresses to higher memory addresses as in the order outlined below.

CCR	Lower memory address
A	
B	
E	
F	
DP	
X	
Y	
U or S	
PC	higher memory address

Push / pull post-byte (12-bit bytes)

11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
~	~	F	E	PC	U or S	Y	X	DP	B	A	CCR

Flags Affected:

Flags for which the immediate constant has a one bit will be set, other flags will not be affected.

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

PULU – Pull from User Stack

Description

This instruction is used to load registers from the user stack.

Instruction Format: INH

23	12	11	0
Post-byte		037h	

Registers are pulled from lower memory addresses to higher memory addresses as in the order outlined below.

CCR	Lower memory address
A	
B	
E	
F	
DP	
X	
Y	
U or S	
PC	higher memory address

Push / pull post-byte (12-bit bytes)

11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
~	~	F	E	PC	U or S	Y	X	DP	B	A	CCR

Flags Affected:

Flags for which the immediate constant has a one bit will be set, other flags will not be affected.

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

ROL – Rotate Left Memory

Description

Memory is read, bits are shifted to the left by one bit, then the result is written back to memory. The most significant bit is captured in the carry result flag. The original carry bit is shifted into the least significant memory bit.

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		009h	

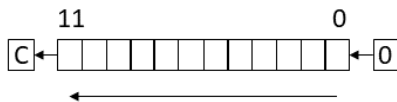
Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	069h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		079h	

Operation:



Flags Affected:

H setting is undefined

N set equal to bit 11 of the result

Z set if result value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set to the exclusive or of bits 10 and 11

C set to the original value of bit 11

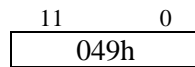
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		?		↑	↑	↑	↑

ROLA – Rotate Left Accumulator A

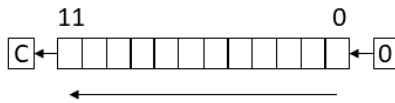
Description

Bits in the accumulator A are shifted once to the left. The most significant bit is shifted into the carry and carry shifted into the least significant bit.

Instruction Format: INH



Operation:



Flags Affected:

H setting is undefined

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set to the exclusive or of accumulator bits 10 and 11

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

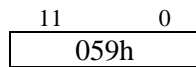
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		?		↑	↑	↑	↑

ROLB – Rotate Left Accumulator B

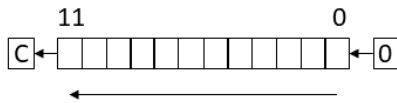
Description

Bits in the accumulator B are shifted once to the left. The most significant bit is shifted into the carry and carry shifted into the least significant bit.

Instruction Format: INH



Operation:



Flags Affected:

H setting is undefined

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set to the exclusive or of accumulator bits 10 and 11

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

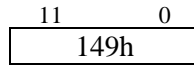
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		?		↑	↑	↑	↑

ROLD – Rotate Left Accumulator D

Description

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: INH



Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set to the exclusive or of accumulator bits 22 and 23

C set if there is a carry out of bit 23, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

ROR – Rotate Right Memory

Description

Memory is read, bits are shifted to the right by one bit, then the result is written back to memory. The least significant bit is captured in the carry result flag. The original carry bit is shifted into the most significant memory bit.

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		006h	

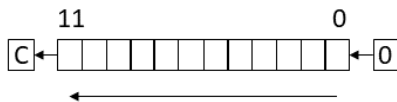
Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	066h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		076h	

Operation:



Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the result
Z set if result value is zero, otherwise cleared
V set to the exclusive or of bits 10 and 11
C set to the original value of bit 0

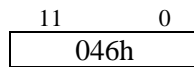
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

RORA – Rotate Right Accumulator A

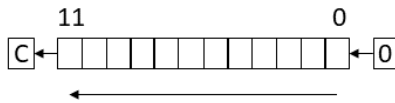
Description

Bits in the accumulator A are shifted once to the right. The least significant bit is shifted into the carry and carry shifted into the most significant bit.

Instruction Format: INH



Operation:



Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set to the exclusive or of accumulator bits 10 and 11

C set if there is a carry out of bit 0, otherwise cleared

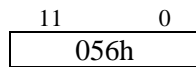
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

RORB – Rotate Right Accumulator B

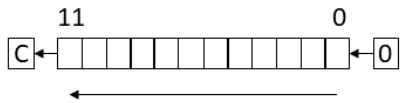
Description

Bits in the accumulator B are shifted once to the right. The least significant bit is shifted into the carry and carry shifted into the most significant bit.

Instruction Format: INH



Operation:



Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set to the exclusive or of accumulator bits 10 and 11

C set if there is a carry out of bit 0, otherwise cleared

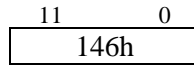
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

RORD – Rotate Right Accumulator D

Description

- This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction support is configured.

Instruction Format: INH



Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set to the exclusive or of accumulator bits 22 and 23

C set if there is a carry out of bit 0, otherwise cleared

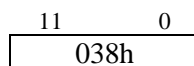
E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

RTF – Return From Far Subroutine

Description

RTF returns from a far subroutine by loading the program bank and program counter from stack. Note that often the program counter may be pulled from the stack at the same time as other registers using the PULS instruction.

Instruction Format: INH



Operation:

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

RTI – Return From Interrupt

Description

RTI restores the state of the machine from the stack and is used at the end of an interrupt processing routine to return to the interrupted code.

If 6309 instruction support is enabled and the entire machine state was stacked, then the E, F registers will be restored from the stack.

Registers are restored from lower to higher memory addresses as outlined in the table below.

CCR	Lower memory address
A	
B	
E	
F	
DP	
X	
Y	
U or S	
PC Bank	higher memory address
PC	

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
03Bh	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

RTS – Return From Subroutine

Description

RTS returns from a subroutine by loading the program counter from stack. Note that often the program counter may be pulled from the stack at the same time as other registers using the PULS instruction.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
039h	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

SBCA – Subtract with Carry from Accumulator A

Description

The source operand is subtracted from accumulator A including a carry.

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		082h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		092h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0A2h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0B2h	

Flags Affected:

H set if there is a carry out of bit 4, otherwise cleared

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		↑		↑	↑	↑	↑

SBCB – Subtract with Carry from Accumulator B

Description

The source operand is subtracted from accumulator B including a carry.

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		0C2h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		0D2h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0E2h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0F2h	

Flags Affected:

H set if there is a carry out of bit 4, otherwise cleared

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		↑		↑	↑	↑	↑

SBCD – Subtract with Carry from Accumulator D

Description

The source operand is subtracted from accumulator D including a carry.

*This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction supported is configured.

Instruction Format: IMM

35	24	23	12	11	0
Immed Lo		Immed Hi		182h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		192h	

Instruction Format: NDX

	23	12	11	0
As needed	Ndx12	1A2h		

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		1B2h	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 23, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

SEX – Sign Extend

Description

Sign-extend the value from accumulator B into accumulator A.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
01Dh	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator B

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↕			

STA – Store Accumulator A

Description

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		097h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0A7h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0B7h	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

STB – Store Accumulator B

Description

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		0D7h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0E7h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0F7h	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

STD – Store Accumulator D

Description

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		0DDh	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0EDh

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0FDh	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

STS – Store Stack Pointer

Description

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		1DFh	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	1EFh

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		1FFh	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the stack pointer

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

STU – Store User Stack Pointer

Description

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		0DFh	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0EFh

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0FFh	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the stack pointer

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

STX – Store X Register

Description

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		09Fh	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0AFh

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0BFh	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the X register

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

STY – Store Y Register

Description

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		19Fh	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	1AFh

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		1BFh	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the Y register

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V always cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

SUBA – Subtract from Accumulator A

Description

The source operand is subtracted from accumulator A. Carry is not included in the subtraction but is still generated as a result flag.

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		080h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		090h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0A0h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0B0h	

Flags Affected:

H set if there is a carry out of bit 4, otherwise cleared

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		↑		↑	↑	↑	↑

SUBB – Subtract from Accumulator B

Description

The source operand is subtracted from accumulator B. Carry is not included in the subtraction but is still generated as a result flag.

Instruction Format: IMM

23	12	11	0
Immed12		0C0h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		0D0h	

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed		Ndx12	0E0h

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0F0h	

Flags Affected:

H set if there is a carry out of bit 4, otherwise cleared

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
		↑		↑	↑	↑	↑

SUBD – Subtract from Accumulator D

Description

The source operand is subtracted from accumulator D. Carry is not included in the subtraction but is still generated as a result flag.

Instruction Format: IMM

35	24	23	12	11	0
Immed24				083h	

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12		093h	

Instruction Format: NDX

	23	12	11	0
As needed	Ndx12	0A3h		

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		0B3h	

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V set if overflow occurred, otherwise cleared

C set if there is a carry out of bit 11, otherwise cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	↑	↑

SWI – Software Interrupt

Description

SWI stores the entire state of the machine onto the stack then vectors to the SWI processing routine. Interrupts are masked by the SWI instruction.

If 6309 instruction support is enabled and the entire machine state was stacked, then the E, F registers will be restored from the stack.

Registers are restored from lower to higher memory addresses as outlined in the table below.

CCR	Lower memory address
A	
B	
E	
F	
DP	
X	
Y	
U or S	
PC Bank	higher memory address
PC	

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
03Fh	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
	1		1				

SWI2 – Software Interrupt

Description

SWI stores the entire state of the machine onto the stack then vectors to the SWI2 processing routine.

If 6309 instruction support is enabled and the entire machine state was stacked, then the E, F registers will be restored from the stack.

Registers are restored from lower to higher memory addresses as outlined in the table below.

CCR	Lower memory address
A	
B	
E	
F	
DP	
X	
Y	
U or S	
PC Bank	higher memory address
PC	

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
13Fh	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

SWI3 – Software Interrupt

Description

SWI stores the entire state of the machine onto the stack then vectors to the SWI3 processing routine.

If 6309 instruction support is enabled and the entire machine state was stacked, then the E, F registers will be restored from the stack.

Registers are restored from lower to higher memory addresses as outlined in the table below.

CCR	Lower memory address
A	
B	
E	
F	
DP	
X	
Y	
U or S	
PC Bank	higher memory address
PC	

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
13Fh	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

SYNC – Halt and Wait for Interrupt

Description

SYNC activates the address and data bus tristate controls while waiting for an interrupt.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
013h	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

TFR – Transfer Registers

Description

Transfer register to register.

If a 24-bit register is transferred to a twelve-bit one the twelve-bit register is set to the lower order 12-bits of the 24-bit register.

If accumulator A or B is transferred to a 24-bit register, the most significant 12-bits of the destination are set to \$FFF, while the low order byte of the destination is set to the value of the accumulator register.

For other twelve-bit registers (CC or DP) the twelve-bit register value is copied to both the upper and lower bytes of the 24-bit register.

Transfers involving the PC use only the two low order bytes of the PC.

Transfer Type	Register	
24 to 12	Any	Low order 12-bits from source copied to destination
12 to 24	A, B, E, or F	Lower order 12-bits set to accumulator, high order bits set to \$FFF
12 to 24	CCR, DP	Source copied to both high and low order bytes of destination.

Instruction Format: INH

23 20	19 16	15 12	11	0
~	r0	r1	01Fh	

r0/r1		r0/r1	
0	D	8	A
1	X	9	B
2	Y	10	CC
3	U	11	DP
4	S	12	0
5	PC	13	0
6	W	14	E
7	resv	15	F

Flags Affected:

No flags are affected unless the transfer is into the CCR register.

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C

TST – Test Memory

Description

Memory is tested against the value zero.

Instruction Format: DP

23	12	11	0
Offset12			00Dh

Instruction Format: NDX

23	12	11	0
As needed			Ndx12
			06Dh

Instruction Format: EXT

35	24	23	12	11	0
Address Lo		Address Hi		07Dh	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of memory

Z set if value is zero, otherwise cleared

V cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

TSTA – Test Accumulator A

Description

Accumulator A is tested against the value zero.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
04Dh	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

TSTB – Test Accumulator B

Description

Accumulator B is tested against the value zero.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
05Dh	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

TSTD – Test Accumulator D

Description

Accumulator D is tested against the value zero.

*This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction supported is configured.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
14Dh	

Operation:

accd = -accd

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

TSTE – Test Accumulator E

Description

Accumulator E is tested against the value zero.

*This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction supported is configured.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
24Dh	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

TSTF – Test Accumulator F

Description

Accumulator F is tested against the value zero.

*This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction supported is configured.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
25Dh	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 11 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

TSTW – Test Accumulator W

Description

Accumulator W is tested against the value zero.

*This instruction is available only if 6309 instruction supported is configured.

Instruction Format: INH

11	0
15Dh	

Operation:

Flags Affected:

N set equal to bit 23 of the accumulator

Z set if accumulator value is zero, otherwise cleared

V cleared

E	F	H	I	N	Z	V	C
				↑	↑	0	

