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1 Basic Test Results

```
List of submitted files:
1
    Makefile
3 Map.h
   Matrix.cpp
4
   Matrix.h
   MyMatrix.cpp
   MyMatrix.h
8
   RegMatrix.cpp
   RegMatrix.h
9
   SparseMatrix.cpp
    SparseMatrix.h
11
    Vector.h
12
   Checking MyMatrix.cpp
14
15
   MyMatrix.cpp file exists
16
17
18
    Checking MyMatrix.h
19
   MyMatrix.h file exists
20
    cp: omitting directory /cs/course/2014/slabcpp/public/ex2/code_files/strategy_example
21
22
23
   Checking Makefile
24
   Makefile exists
25
26
    g++ -Wall -std=c++11 -c MyMatrix.cpp
27
    g++ -Wall -std=c++11 -c Matrix.cpp
28
   g++ -Wall -std=c++11 -c RegMatrix.cpp
    g++ -Wall -std=c++11 -c SparseMatrix.cpp
30
    g++ -Wall -std=c++11 MyMatrix.cpp Matrix.cpp RegMatrix.cpp SparseMatrix.cpp DemoMyMatrix.cpp -o DemoMyMatrix
31
    Testing DemoMyMatrix
33
34
35
36
    Done running the test.
37
    NOTE: The presubmission script does not stop on error. You need to go over its output
38
          and check that there are no ERRORs lines.
39
40
41
42
   = Checking coding style =
    _____
43
    ** Total Violated Rules
44
45
    ** Total Errors Occurs
    ** Total Violated Files Count: 0
46
```

2 Makefile

```
CC = g++ -Wall -std=c++11
1
    defaulf: all demo
3
4
5
    all: MyMatrix.o Matrix.o RegMatrix.o SparseMatrix.o
8
        $(CC) MyMatrix.cpp Matrix.cpp RegMatrix.cpp SparseMatrix.cpp DemoMyMatrix.cpp -o DemoMyMatrix
9
    MyMatrix.o: MyMatrix.cpp MyMatrix.h Matrix.h Map.h Vector.h
10
        $(CC) -c MyMatrix.cpp
11
12
13
    Matrix.o: Matrix.cpp Matrix.h
        $(CC) -c Matrix.cpp
14
15
    RegMatrix.o: RegMatrix.cpp RegMatrix.h Matrix.h Vector.h
16
        $(CC) -c RegMatrix.cpp
17
18
    SparseMatrix.o: SparseMatrix.cpp SparseMatrix.h Matrix.h Map.h
19
        $(CC) -c SparseMatrix.cpp
20
21
    matrix:
22
23
        $(CC) MyMatrix.cpp Matrix.cpp RegMatrix.cpp SparseMatrix.cpp main.cpp -o matrix
24
        matrix > matrix.out
25
26
        FC matrix.out roitest.out
27
28
29
        $(CC) MyMatrix.cpp Matrix.cpp RegMatrix.cpp SparseMatrix.cpp test.cpp -o test
        test > test.out
30
        FC test.out test_result
31
32
33
    tar:
         tar cvf ex2.tar MyMatrix.cpp Matrix.cpp RegMatrix.cpp SparseMatrix.cpp \
34
                MyMatrix.h Matrix.h RegMatrix.h SparseMatrix.h \
35
                Map.h Vector.h Makefile
36
37
38
    clean:
        rm -f *.o demo
39
    .PHONY: all tar clean test default matrix
41
```

3 Map.h

```
1  /**
2  * A map from unsigend int to double.
3  * This is simply a wrapper, or a typedef of the map STL
4  * Support iterators, assingment, and more methods.
5  */
6  #ifndef _MAP_H_
7  #define _MAP_H_
8
9  #include <map>
10  #include <utility>
11
12  typedef std::pair<unsigned int, unsigned int> Pair;
13  typedef std::map<Pair, double> Map;
14
15  #endif // _MAP_H_
```

4 Matrix.h

```
/**
1
2
    * Matrix.h
3
4
                     This class is an abstract class represents the acuall matrix variable
                     The matrix can be in 2 different way. regular and sparse.
                     regular - more or equal to half of the values are nor zero, contained in a vector
8
                     sparse - less than half are zero, contained in a map.
9
10
    * MyMatrix
                          - class constructor
11
                         - copy constructor
12
13
    * ~Matrix
                         - class destructor
14
15
    * copyInto
                          - copy the matrix and return the copy
16
17
18
19
    * my iterator:
             in order to be able to iterete on both matrix kind I spand many hours to create
20
21
             this (kind of) iterator.
             I didn't succeed to make it a different class and couldn't spent more time on it.
22
23
            The iterator use class member to store the current iterator(of the real iterator)
             and current row and column. Therefore only 1 iteretor can use at a time (what make a prablem
             with operator+ as mention there)
25
             every method have a boolen parameter "onlyNotZero" that is false by default.
26
27
             In case it get "true", the sparse iteretor will run only on non-zero element.
28
29
    * getFirst
                         - reset the iterator and return pointer to the first element
30
    * hasNext
                         - return true iff there next element
31
                          - increase the iterator and return the next element
33
34
35
    * getElem
                         - return the element in the (row, col) location
36
37
    * getRow
                        - return the row
38
39
40
                        - set the row
41
42
    * getCol
                        - return the column
43
                        - set the column
    * setCol
44
45
46
47
    #include <string>
   #include "Map.h"
49
   using namespace std;
50
51
   #ifndef _METRIX_H_
52
53
    #define _METRIX_H_
54
55
    * This class is an abstract class represents the acuall matrix variable
56
    * The matrix can be in 2 different way. regular and sparse.
57
    * regular - more or equal to half of the values are nor zero, contained in a vector
    * sparse - less than half are zero, contained in a map.
```

```
60
    class Matrix
 61
 62
     public:
 63
 64
         * class constructor
 65
         * set row and column
 66
 67
 68
         Matrix(unsigned int colSize, unsigned int rowSize);
 69
         * copy constructor
 70
 71
 72
         Matrix(const Matrix& other);
 73
         /**
 74
         * class desstructor
 75
         virtual ~Matrix();
 76
 77
 78
 79
          * copy the matrix and return the copy
 80
 81
         * pure virtual method
 82
         virtual Matrix* copyInto() = 0;
 83
 84
          * reset the iterator and return pointer to the first element
 85
 86
 87
         * pure virtual method
 88
         virtual double* getFirst(bool onlyNotZero = false) = 0;
 89
 90
              return true iff there next element
91
 92
 93
          * pure virtual method
94
 95
         virtual bool hasNext(bool onlyNotZero = false) = 0;
 96
         * increase the iterator and return the next element
97
          * pure virtual method
99
100
         virtual double* next(bool onlyNotZero = false) = 0;
101
102
          * return the element in the (row, col) location
103
104
          * pure virtual method
105
106
         virtual double getElem(const unsigned int row, const unsigned int col) const = 0;
107
108
109
          * return the row
110
111
112
         unsigned int getRow() const
113
             return _row;
114
         }
115
         /**
116
          * set the row
117
                                                     general_bad_style(max/5){implementation should be done
118
                                                     in cpp files not h files}
119
         void setRow(unsigned int other)
120
             _row = other;
121
122
         }
123
         * return the column
124
125
         unsigned int getCol() const
126
127
```

```
return _col;
128
          }
129
          /**

* set the column

*/
130
131
132
          void setCol(unsigned int other)
133
          {
134
             _col = other;
135
136
137
      private:
138
          unsigned int _row;
unsigned int _col;
139
140
141
142 };
143 #endif
```

5 Matrix.cpp

```
2
    * Matrix.cpp
3
    * General:
5
                    This class is an abstract class represents the acuall matrix variable
                    The matrix can be in 2 different way. regular and sparse.
6
                    regular - more or equal to half of the values are nor zero, contained in a vector
                    sparse - less than half are zero, contained in a map.
8
9
10
   #include <iterator>
11
    #include "Matrix.h"
12
   #include "Vector.h"
13
14
15
    using namespace std;
16
17
    Matrix::Matrix(unsigned int colSize, unsigned int rowSize)
18
        setRow(rowSize);
19
20
        setCol(colSize);
21
    }
22
23
    Matrix::Matrix(const Matrix& other)
24
25
        setRow(other.getRow());
        setCol(other.getCol());
26
   }
27
28
   Matrix::~Matrix()
29
30
31
        _row = 0;
        _col = 0;
32
33 }
```

6 MyMatrix.h

```
2
    * MyMatrix.h
3
    * General:
                      This class represents a matrix and can operate thing such as M+N, M*N, M==n
5
6
                     and more.
                     The matrix can be in 2 different way. regular and sparse.
                     regular - more or equal to half of the values are nor zero, contained in a vector
8
                     sparse - less than half are zero, contained in a map.
9
10
    * MuMatrix
                          - class constructor
11
12
                           create a new colSizeXrowSize matrix from the values in arr
13
14
                         - copy constructor
15
                         - string constructor
16
17
                          create a matrix from the givan string
18
                          - create a colSizeXrowSize matrix from the values in arr
    * newMatrix
19
20
21
    * ~MyMatrix
                           - class destructor
22
                           - assign the other matrix into this
23
24
25
    * operator<<
                        - ostream for the givan matrix
26
                           - add this matrix with the other one and return the new matrix
    * operator+
27
28
                        - add this matrix the other one
    * operator+=
29
30
    * operator-(unary)
                          - return matrix with the opposite sign of every value in the matrix
31
32
                           - decrease the other matrix from this one and return the new matrix
33
    * operator-
34
                        - and return the new matrix
    * operator-=
35
36
                           - multiply this matrix with the other one and return the new matrix
37
    * operator*
38
    * operator*=
                        - multiply this matrix with the other one
39
40
                        - return true iff all values are equals
41
    * operator==
42
                           - return the trace of the matrix. O if the matrix is not a square
    * trace
43
44
                           trace - the sum of the diagonal values
45
    * frobeniusNorm
                           - return the frobenius norm of the matrix
46
                           frobenius norm - sum of the matrix values square
47
48
49
    * is Empty
                         - return true if all values are zero
50
    * getMatrix
                          - return the matrix
51
52
    * setMatrix
                           - set the matrix
53
54
    * getZero
                         - return the zero counter
56
                         - set the zero counter
57
    * setZero
    * incZero
                         - increase the zero counter by 1
59
```

```
60
 61
     * decZero
                         - decrease the zero counter by 1
 62
 63
    * getRow
                        - return the row
 64
                        - set the row
 65
     * setRow
 66
     * getCol
                         - return the column
 67
 68
     * setCol
                        - set the column
 69
 70
 71
     * switching between matrix kinds.
 72
     * the way I implement the files, mostly for my own ease, most of the method are returning a new
 73
 74
         matrix created *after* the operation goes. which mean the matrix already created in the right
         form so there is no reason to switch anything.
 75
     * -----
 76
 77
     #include "Matrix.h"
 78
 79
    #include "RegMatrix.h"
     #include "SparseMatrix.h"
 80
    #include <string>
 81
 82 #include <iomanip>
 83 #include "Map.h"
 84
 85 #ifndef EPSLON
    #define EPSLON 0.000001
 86
 87
     #endif
 88 #ifndef PRECISON
 89 #define PRECISON 6
 90
     #endif
 91 #ifndef EMPTY_MAT
    #define EMPTY_MAT "0 \n"
 92
 93
     #endif
    #ifndef COMMA
 94
    #define COMMA " , "
 95
 96
     #endif
    #ifndef NEW_LINE
97
    # define NEW_LINE " \ n"
 98
    #endif
99
100
101
    using namespace std;
102
103
     #ifndef _MY_METRIX_H_
    #define _MY_METRIX_H_
104
105 /**
106
     * This class represents a matrix and can operate thing such as M + N, M*N, M == n
    * and more.
107
108
     * The matrix can be in 2 different way.regular and sparse.
     * regular - more or equal to half of the values are nor zero, contained in a vector
109
     * sparse - less than half are zero, contained in a map.
110
111
112
    class MyMatrix
113
     public:
114
115
         * class constructor
116
         * create a new colSizeXrowSize matrix from the values in arr
117
118
119
         MyMatrix(double arr[], unsigned int colSize, unsigned int rowSize);
120
         * copy constructor
121
122
         MyMatrix(const MyMatrix& other);
123
124
         /**
125
         * string constructor
         * create a matrix from the givan string
126
127
```

```
128
         MyMatrix(const string matrix);
129
          * create a colSizeXrowSize matrix from the values in arr
130
131
          * the method calculate the zero-valus sum then decide which matrix to create
132
         void newMatrix(double arr[], unsigned int colSize, unsigned int rowSize);
133
134
          * class destructor
135
136
         virtual ~MyMatrix();
137
138
139
          * assign the other matrix into this
140
141
142
          MyMatrix* operator=(const MyMatrix& other);
143
144
145
          * add this matrix with the other one and return the new matrix
146
147
          MyMatrix operator+(const MyMatrix& other) const;
148
149
150
          * add this matrix the other one
151
152
153
          MyMatrix operator += (const MyMatrix& other);
154
155
          * return matrix with the opposite sign of every value in the matrix
156
157
158
         MyMatrix operator-() const;
159
160
161
          * decrease the other matrix from this one and return the new matrix
162
163
          MyMatrix operator-(const MyMatrix& other) const;
164
165
          st and return the new matrix
166
167
          MyMatrix operator = (const MyMatrix& other);
168
169
170
171
          st multiply this matrix with the other one and return the new matrix
172
         {\tt MyMatrix\ operator*(const\ MyMatrix\&\ other)\ const;}
173
174
175
          * multiply this matrix with the other one
176
177
         MyMatrix operator*=(const MyMatrix& other);
178
179
180
          st return true iff all values are equals
181
182
          bool operator==(const MyMatrix& other) const;
183
184
185
          * return the trace of the matrix. O if the matrix is not a square
186
187
          * trace - the sum of the diagonal values
188
189
190
          double trace() const;
191
192
          * return the frobenius norm of the matrix
193
194
195
          * frobenius norm - sum of the matrix values square
```

```
196
         double frobeniusNorm() const;
197
198
199
          * ostream for the givan matrix
200
201
202
          friend ostream& operator << (ostream& os, const MyMatrix& matrix);
203
204
          * return true if all values are zero
205
206
207
         bool isEmpty() const;
208
          /**
209
210
          \ast return the matrix
211
         Matrix* getMatrix() const
212
213
             return _matrix;
214
         }
215
216
         * set the matrix
217
218
         void setMatrix(Matrix* other)
219
^{220}
221
             _matrix = other;
         }
222
223
          * return the zero counter
^{224}
225
226
         unsigned int getZero() const
227
^{228}
             return _zeroSum;
229
         /**
230
231
          * set the zero counter
232
         void setZero(unsigned int other)
233
234
             _zeroSum = other;
235
         }
236
237
          * increase the zero counter by 1
238
239
         void incZero()
240
241
            _zeroSum++;
242
         }
243
         /**
244
          * decrease the zero counter by 1
^{245}
246
247
         void decZero()
248
249
              _zeroSum--;
250
         }
251
         * return the row
252
253
         unsigned int getRow() const
254
255
             return _row;
^{256}
         }
257
258
         /**
          * set the row
259
260
261
         void setRow(unsigned int other)
262
263
             _row = other;
```

```
^{264}
          /**
* return the column
*/
265
266
267
268
           unsigned int getCol() const
269
270
               return _col;
271
           }
           /**
272
          * set the column
*/
273
274
           void setCol(unsigned int other)
275
276
           {
              _col = other;
277
278
279
280
      private:
281
          Matrix* _matrix;
282
          unsigned int _zeroSum;
unsigned int _row;
unsigned int _col;
283
284
285
286
     };
#endif
287
288
```

7 MyMatrix.cpp

```
2
    * MyMatrix.cpp
3
5
    * General:
                      This class represents a matrix and can operate thing such as M+N, M*N, M==n
6
                      and more.
                     The matrix can be in 2 different way. regular and sparse.
8
                     regular - more or equal to half of the values are nor zero, contained in a vector
                     sparse - less than half are zero, contained in a map.
9
10
11
12
    #include <sstream>
   #include <math.h>
13
14 #include <iterator>
15
    #include "MyMatrix.h"
   #include "Vector.h"
16
17
18
    using namespace std;
19
    MyMatrix::MyMatrix(double arr[], unsigned int colSize, unsigned int rowSize) :
21
22
                         _row(rowSize), _col(colSize)
23
        newMatrix(arr, colSize, rowSize);
24
25
    }
26
    MyMatrix::MyMatrix(const string other)
27
28
        string line, data;
29
30
        double* temp;
31
        char split_char = ',';
        unsigned int index;
32
33
        int row, col, curRow, curCol;
        istringstream split(other);
34
35
        row = 0;
        for (index = 0; index < other.length(); index++)</pre>
37
38
            if (other[index] == '\n')
            {
40
41
                 row++;
42
        }
43
44
        col = 1;
        index = 0;
45
        while (other[index] != '\n')
46
47
            index++;
48
            if (other[index] == ',')
49
50
                col++;
51
            }
53
        setRow(row);
54
        setCol(col);
56
        temp = new double[getRow()*getCol()];
57
        index = 0;
58
        curRow = 0;
59
```

```
60
         while (getline(split, line))
 61
              curCol = 0;
 62
 63
              istringstream split(line);
              while (getline(split, data, split_char))
 64
 65
                  (*(temp + curCol*getRow() + curRow)) = stod(data);
 66
 67
                  curCol++:
              }
 68
              curRow++;
 69
         }
 70
 71
          newMatrix(temp, col, row);
          delete[] temp;
 72
     }
 73
 74
     MyMatrix::MyMatrix(const MyMatrix& other)
 75
 76
          _row = other._matrix->getRow();
 77
          _col = other._matrix->getCol();
 78
 79
          _zeroSum = other._zeroSum;
          setMatrix(other._matrix->copyInto());
 80
     }
 81
 82
 83
 84
     st create a colSizeXrowSize matrix from the values in arr
 85
     * the method calculate the zero-valus sum then decide which matrix to create
 86
 87
     void MyMatrix::newMatrix(double arr[], unsigned int colSize, unsigned int rowSize)
 88
 89
          setZero(0);
          int size = getRow()*getCol();
 90
         for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
 91
 92
 93
              if (fabs(arr[i] - 0) < EPSLON)</pre>
              {
 94
 95
                  incZero();
              }
 96
         }
 97
          if ((float)getZero() / size <= 0.5)</pre>
 98
99
          {
              setMatrix(new RegMatrix(arr, getCol(), getRow()));
100
         }
101
102
         else
103
          {
              setMatrix(new SparseMatrix(arr, getCol(), getRow()));
104
         }
105
106
     }
107
108
     MyMatrix::~MyMatrix()
109
          _row = 0;
110
111
          _col = 0;
112
          delete _matrix;
     }
113
     /**
114
     * assign the other matrix into this
115
     * the assignment create a new matrix of the type of other (no need to switch)
116
117
     MyMatrix* MyMatrix::operator=(const MyMatrix& other)
118
119
          if (this == &other)
120
121
          {
122
              return this;
123
          setRow(other.getRow());
124
         setCol(other.getCol());
125
         delete _matrix;
126
127
         setMatrix(other.getMatrix()->copyInto());
```

```
128
          setZero(other.getZero());
          return this;
129
     }
130
131
132
     * add this matrix with the other one and return the new matrix
133
134
     * the method create an array of the new matrix to be then create a new matrix from it.
135
136
     * due some implementation difficulte i did it without the iterator
137
     * (i couldn't run my iterator in case both matrix are acually the same)
138
139
     MyMatrix MyMatrix::operator+(const MyMatrix& other) const
140
141
142
          //in case one of the matrix is zero
                                                                      Note that you handle reg and sparse matrix exactly
          if (isEmpty())
143
144
                                                                      in the same manner - this is good from the
              return other;
145
                                                                      polymorphic point of view, but maybe in some
         }
146
                                                                      operations you could've used the sparseness
          if (other.isEmpty())
147
                                                                      property to perform operations more efficiently
148
          {
149
              return *this;
          }
150
151
          double* tmpArr = new double[getRow() * getCol()]();
152
153
          for (unsigned int row = 0; row < getRow(); row++)</pre>
154
155
              for (unsigned int col = 0; col < getCol(); col++)</pre>
156
157
              {
158
                  tmpArr[getRow()*col + row] =
                      this->_matrix->getElem(row, col) + other._matrix->getElem(row, col);
159
              }
160
161
                                                                       badSparseUsage{If for example you
         MyMatrix temp(tmpArr, getCol(), getRow());
162
163
          delete[] tmpArr;
                                                                       add two 100*100 matrices containing
164
          return temp;
                                                                       only 2 non zero elements, isn't this a
165
                                                                       waste to go over all the elements?}
     }
166
167
168
     MyMatrix MyMatrix::operator+=(const MyMatrix& other)
169
          *this = *this + other;
170
171
          return *this;
     }
172
173
174
     * decrease the other matrix from this one and return the new matrix
175
176
177
     * the method create a new matrix then change all sign.
178
179
     * using my iterator method
180
      * in case of sparse matrix the iterator run only on non-zero values
181
     MyMatrix MyMatrix::operator-() const
182
183
184
          MyMatrix temp(*this);
          double* slot = temp.getMatrix()->getFirst(true);
185
          if (fabs(*slot) > EPSLON)
186
187
              *slot = -*slot;
188
189
         }
          while (temp.getMatrix()->hasNext(true))
190
191
              slot = temp.getMatrix()->next(true);
192
              if (fabs(*slot) > EPSLON)
193
              {
194
195
                  *slot = -*slot;
```

```
196
              }
197
198
          return temp;
199
200
     MyMatrix MyMatrix::operator-(const MyMatrix& other) const
201
202
          MyMatrix temp = -other;
203
204
          return *this + temp;
     }
205
206
207
     MyMatrix MyMatrix::operator-=(const MyMatrix& other)
208
          *this = *this - other;
209
210
          return *this;
     }
211
212
213
     * multiply this matrix with the other one and return the new matrix
214
215
216
     * the method create an array of the new matrix to be then create a new matrix from it.
217
     st due some implementation difficulte i did it without the iterator
218
219
220
     MyMatrix MyMatrix::operator*(const MyMatrix& other) const
221
          unsigned int tmpRow, tmpCol;
222
223
          double* tmpArr;
          tmpRow = this->getRow();
224
225
          tmpCol = other.getCol();
226
          tmpArr = new double[tmpRow * tmpCol]();
227
          for (unsigned int row = 0; row < tmpRow; row++)</pre>
228
229
              for (unsigned int col = 0; col < tmpCol; col++)</pre>
230
231
                  for (unsigned int i = 0; i < this->getCol(); i++)
232
233
                  {
                      tmpArr[tmpRow*col + row] +=
^{234}
                           this->getMatrix()->getElem(row, i)*other.getMatrix()->getElem(i, col);
235
                  }
236
              }
237
238
239
          MyMatrix temp(tmpArr, tmpRow, tmpCol);
          delete[] tmpArr;
240
241
          return temp;
^{242}
     }
243
244
     MyMatrix MyMatrix::operator*=(const MyMatrix& other)
^{245}
          *this = (*this) * other;
246
^{247}
          return *this;
248
249
250
     * return true iff all values are equals
251
252
     * using my iterator method
253
     * in case of sparse matrix the iterator run only on non-zero values
254
255
     bool MyMatrix::operator==(const MyMatrix& other) const
256
257
258
          //check some fast way to decide equality
          if (this == &other)
259
260
          {
261
              return true;
262
          if ((_zeroSum != other._zeroSum) || (getRow() != other.getRow()) || (getCol() != other.getCol()))
263
```

```
264
265
              return false;
266
267
         double* lhs = this->getMatrix()->getFirst(true);
268
         double* rhs = other.getMatrix()->getFirst(true);
269
270
         if (fabs(*lhs - *rhs) > EPSLON)
271
272
              return false;
273
         while (this->getMatrix()->hasNext(true) && this->getMatrix()->hasNext(true))
274
275
              lhs = this->getMatrix()->next(true);
276
              rhs = other.getMatrix()->next(true);
277
278
              if (fabs(*lhs - *rhs) > EPSLON)
279
              {
^{280}
                  return false;
281
282
283
          return true;
284
     }
285
     double MyMatrix::trace() const
286
287
288
          double sum = 0;
         if (getRow() != getCol())
289
290
291
              return sum;
         }
292
         for (unsigned int i = 0; i < getRow(); i++)</pre>
293
294
              sum += (getMatrix()->getElem(i, i));
295
         }
296
297
         return sum;
     }
298
299
300
     * return the frobenius norm of the matrix
301
302
     * frobenius norm - sum of the matrix values square
303
304
305
     * using my iterator method
     * in case of sparse matrix the iterator run only on non-zero values
306
307
     double MyMatrix::frobeniusNorm() const
308
309
310
          if (_zeroSum == getRow() * getCol())
311
         {
312
              return 0;
313
         double* data = getMatrix()->getFirst(true);
314
          double sum = (*data)*(*data);
315
316
          while (getMatrix()->hasNext(true))
317
              data = getMatrix()->next(true);
318
              sum += (*data)*(*data);
319
320
321
         return sum;
     }
322
323
324
325
     * ostream for the givan matrix
326
     * using my iterator method
327
328
     ostream& operator<<(ostream& os, const MyMatrix& matrix)
329
330
331
          if (matrix.isEmpty())
```

```
332
333
               os << EMPTY_MAT;
334
              return os;
          }
335
          double* iter = matrix.getMatrix()->getFirst();
336
          for (unsigned int r = 0; r < matrix.getMatrix()->getRow(); r++)
337
338
              os << setprecision(PRECISON + (int)log10(*iter)) << *iter;
for (unsigned int c = 1; c < matrix.getMatrix()->getCol(); c++)
339
340
341
                   os << COMMA;
342
                   iter = matrix.getMatrix()->next();
343
                   os << setprecision(PRECISON + (int)log10(*iter)) << *iter;
344
               }
345
346
               iter = matrix.getMatrix()->next();
               os << NEW_LINE;
347
          }
348
349
          return os;
     }
350
351
352
     bool MyMatrix::isEmpty() const
353
354
          return (_zeroSum == getRow() * getCol());
355
```

8 RegMatrix.h

```
2
    * RegMatrix.h
3
    * General:
                     This class represents regular matrix
5
                     the matrix contain more or equal than half zero, stored in a vector.
6
    * MyMatrix
                          - class constructor
8
9
                          create a new colSizeXrowSize sparse matrix from the values in arr
10
                         - copy constructor
11
12
    * ~Matrix
                        - class destructor
13
14
15
    * copyInto
                         - copy the matrix and return the copy
16
17
18
    * my iterator:
             in order to be able to iterete on both matrix kind I spand many hours to create
19
            this (kind of) iterator.
             I didn't succeed to make it a different class and couldn't spent more time on it.
21
            The iterator use class member to store the current iterator(of the real iterator)
22
            and current row and column. Therefore only 1 iteretor can use at a time (what make a prablem
            with operator+ as mention there)
24
25
             every method have a boolen parameter "onlyNotZero" that is false by default.
26
            In case it get "true", the sparse iteretor will run only on non-zero element.
27
28
    * getFirst
                          - reset the iterator and return pointer to the first element
29
30
   * hasNext
                        - return true iff there next element
31
                         - increase the iterator and return the next element
32
33
34
                       - return the element in the (row, col) location
    * getElem
35
36
37
38
   #include "Matrix.h"
    #include "Vector.h"
40
    #include "Map.h"
41
42
43
44
   using namespace std;
45
   #ifndef _REG_METRIX_H_
46
47
    #define _REG_METRIX_H_
48
49
50
    * This class represents regular matrix
    * the matrix contain more or equal than half zero, stored in a vector.
51
52
53
    class RegMatrix : public Matrix
54
   public:
56
       * class constructor
57
      * create a new colSizeXrowSize regular matrix from the values in arr
58
59
```

```
60
        RegMatrix(double arr[], unsigned int colSize, unsigned int rowSize);
61
         * copy constructor
62
63
        RegMatrix(const RegMatrix& other);
64
65
         * class desstructor
66
67
68
         ~RegMatrix();
69
70
71
        * copy the matrix and return the copy
72
        RegMatrix* copyInto();
73
74
        * reset the iterator and return pointer to the first element
75
76
        virtual double* getFirst(bool onlyNotZero = false);
77
78
             return true iff there next element
79
80
        virtual bool hasNext(bool onlyNotZero = false);
81
82
        st increase the iterator and return the next element
83
84
        virtual double* next(bool onlyNotZero = false);
85
86
        * return the element in the (row, col) location
87
88
        double getElem(const unsigned int row, const unsigned int col) const;
89
90
    private:
91
        Vector _matrix;
92
93
         //for the iterator
94
95
        Vector::iterator iter;
    };
96
97
    #endif
```

9 RegMatrix.cpp

```
2
    * RegMatrix.cpp
3
    * General:
                       This class represents regular matrix
5
 6
                       the matrix contain more or equal than half zero, stored in a vector.
8
9
     #include <iterator>
    #include "Vector.h"
10
    #include "RegMatrix.h"
11
    using namespace std;
13
14
15
     RegMatrix::RegMatrix(double arr[], unsigned int colSize, unsigned int rowSize):
    Matrix(colSize, rowSize)
16
17
18
         for (unsigned int r = 0; r < rowSize; r++)</pre>
19
20
             for (unsigned int c = 0; c < colSize; c++)</pre>
21
                  _matrix.push_back(*(arr + c*rowSize + r));
22
23
         }
24
25
     }
26
     {\tt RegMatrix}:: {\tt RegMatrix}({\tt const}\ {\tt RegMatrix} \&\ {\tt other})\ :\ {\tt Matrix}({\tt other})
27
28
         setRow(other.getRow());
29
30
         setCol(other.getCol());
31
         _matrix = other._matrix;
32
33
     RegMatrix::~RegMatrix()
34
35
36
         _matrix.clear();
37
    RegMatrix* RegMatrix::copyInto()
38
39
         RegMatrix* temp = new RegMatrix(*this);
40
41
         return temp;
    }
42
43
44
     double RegMatrix::getElem(const unsigned int row, const unsigned int col) const
45
         return _matrix[row*getCol() + col];
46
47
     double* RegMatrix::getFirst(bool onlyNotZero)
48
^{49}
50
         iter = _matrix.begin();
         return &(*iter++);
51
    }
52
53
     bool RegMatrix::hasNext(bool onlyNotZero)
54
55
         return iter != _matrix.end();
56
57
     double* RegMatrix::next(bool onlyNotZero)
58
59
```

```
60 return &(*iter++);
61 }
```

10 SparseMatrix.h

```
2
    * SparseMatrix.h
    * General:
                    This class represents sparse matrix
5
6
                    the matrix contain less than half are zero, stored in a map.
    * MyMatrix
                         - class constructor
8
9
                          create a new colSizeXrowSize sparse matrix from the values in arr
10
                        - copy constructor
11
12
    * ~Matrix
                        - class destructor
13
14
15
    * copyInto
                         - copy the matrix and return the copy
16
17
18
    * my iterator:
             in order to be able to iterete on both matrix kind I spand many hours to create
19
            this (kind of) iterator.
             I didn't succeed to make it a different class and couldn't spent more time on it.
21
            The iterator use class member to store the current iterator(of the real iterator)
22
           and current row and column. Therefore only 1 iteretor can use at a time (what make a prablem
            with operator+ as mention there)
24
25
            every method have a boolen parameter "onlyNotZero" that is false by default.
26
           In case it get "true", the sparse iteretor will run only on non-zero element.
27
28
    * getFirst
                         - reset the iterator and return pointer to the first element
29
30
   * hasNext
                        - return true iff there next element
31
                         - increase the iterator and return the next element
32
33
34
                       - return the element in the (row, col) location
    * getElem
35
36
37
38
   #include "Matrix.h"
   #include "Map.h"
40
41
   #ifndef EPSLON
42
    #define EPSLON 0.000001
43
44
    #endif
45
46
   using namespace std;
47
   #ifndef _SPARSE_METRIX_H_
48
49
   #define _SPARSE_METRIX_H_
50
51
   * This class represents sparse matrix
53
    * the matrix contain less than half are zero, stored in a map.
54
   class SparseMatrix : public Matrix
56
57
    public:
       * class constructor
59
```

```
60
          *\ create\ a\ \textit{new colSizeXrowSize sparse matrix from the values in arr}
 61
         SparseMatrix(double arr[], unsigned int colSize, unsigned int rowSize);
 62
 63
          * copy constructor
 64
65
         SparseMatrix(const SparseMatrix& other);
 66
 67
          st class desstructor
 68
 69
         virtual ~SparseMatrix();
 70
 71
          * copy the matrix and return the copy
 72
 73
 74
         SparseMatrix* copyInto();
 75
         st reset the iterator and return pointer to the first element
 76
 77
         virtual double* getFirst(bool onlyNotZero = false);
 78
 79
 80
              return true iff there next element
 81
         virtual bool hasNext(bool onlyNotZero = false);
 82
 83
          st increase the iterator and return the next element
 84
 85
         virtual double* next(bool onlyNotZero = false);
 86
 87
          * return the element in the (row, col) location
 88
 89
 90
         double getElem(const unsigned int row, const unsigned int col) const;
91
 92
     private:
 93
         Map _matrix;
94
 95
         //for the iterator
         Map::iterator iter;
 96
         unsigned int iterRow;
97
 98
         unsigned int iterCol;
99
          // double pointer to 0. use for the iterator for element of 0
100
         double empty = 0;
101
         double* emptySlot = ∅
102
     };
103
    #endif
104
```

11 SparseMatrix.cpp

```
2
    * SparseMatrix.cpp
3
    * General:
                     This class represents sparse matrix
5
6
                      the matrix contain less than half are zero, stored in a map.
8
9
    #include <math.h>
    #include "Map.h"
10
    #include "SparseMatrix.h"
11
12
    using namespace std;
13
14
15
    SparseMatrix::SparseMatrix(double arr[], unsigned int colSize, unsigned int rowSize) :
    Matrix(colSize, rowSize)
16
17
18
        Pair key;
        double val:
19
20
        for (unsigned int c = 0; c < colSize; c++)</pre>
21
22
             key.second = c;
             for (unsigned int r = 0; r < rowSize; r++)</pre>
23
24
             {
25
                 key.first = r;
26
                 val = *arr++;
                 if (fabs(val - 0) > EPSLON)
27
                     _matrix[key] = val;
29
                 }
30
31
             }
        }
32
    }
33
34
    SparseMatrix::SparseMatrix(const SparseMatrix& other) : Matrix(other)
35
37
        setRow(other.getRow());
38
        setCol(other.getCol());
        _matrix = other._matrix;
39
    }
40
41
    SparseMatrix* SparseMatrix::copyInto()
42
43
44
         SparseMatrix* temp = new SparseMatrix(*this);
        return temp;
45
    }
46
47
    SparseMatrix::~SparseMatrix()
48
^{49}
50
         _matrix.clear();
51
    double* SparseMatrix::getFirst(bool onlyNotZero)
53
54
55
        iter = _matrix.begin();
        iterRow = 0;
56
        iterCol = 0;
57
58
        //in case of the zer matrix
59
```

```
if (iter == _matrix.end())
 60
 61
 62
             return emptySlot;
 63
 64
         if ((iter->first.first == iterRow && iter->first.second == iterCol) || onlyNotZero)
 65
 66
             return &((*iter++).second);
 67
 68
         }
         else
 69
 70
         {
 71
             return emptySlot;
 72
     }
 73
 74
     bool SparseMatrix::hasNext(bool onlyNotZero)
75
 76
         if (onlyNotZero)
 77
 78
 79
             return iter != _matrix.end();
         }
 80
 81
         else
 82
         {
             return (iterRow != getRow() - 1) || iterCol != getCol() - 1;
 83
         }
 84
     }
 85
 86
 87
     double* SparseMatrix::next(bool onlyNotZero)
 88
 89
 90
          if (iterCol == getCol() - 1)
91
             iterCol = 0;
 92
 93
             iterRow++;
         }
94
 95
         else
96
         {
             iterCol++;
97
 98
         if ((iter->first.first == iterRow && iter->first.second == iterCol && iter != _matrix.end())
99
100
             || onlyNotZero)
101
          {
             return &(iter++)->second;
102
         }
103
         else
104
         {
105
106
             return emptySlot;
107
     }
108
109
     double SparseMatrix::getElem(const unsigned int row, const unsigned int col) const
110
111
112
         Pair key(row, col);
         if (_matrix.find(key) == _matrix.end())
113
114
             return 0;
115
         }
116
         return _matrix.at(key);
117
     }
118
```

12 Vector.h

```
1  /**
2  * A vector that contains doubles
3  * This is simply a wrapper, or a typedef of the template vector STL
4  * Support iterators, assingment, and more methods.
5  */
6  #ifndef _VECTOR_H_
7  #define _VECTOR_H_
8
9  #include <vector>
10  typedef std::vector<double> Vector;
11  typedef std::vector<std::vector<double> > Vector2D;
12
13  #endif // _VECTOR_H_
```