The Eclipse Parallel Tools Platform Project

EclipseCon 2005





Parallel Development Tools State of the Art

- Command-line compilers for Fortran and C/C++
 - Sometimes wrapped in a GUI
- Editors are vi, emacs and FRED (vintage 1960's)
- Dominant debugger is TotalView (proprietary)
 - Some use DDT (but guess what? it's proprietary)
- Plethora of stand-alone tools
 - Patform/vendor specific, e.g. DCPI
 - Open source, e.g. TAU, HPCToolkit
 - Proprietary, e.g. Vampir, Assure





Parallel Development Tools Limitations

- Many tools are specific to only one platform or vendor
- They do not interoperate, and never will
 - No integrated UI
 - No ability to share data
 - Functionality limited to that provided by tool
- They do not scale
 - Fine for 1990's machines
 - New machines will have 10,000+ processors





Parallel Development Tools Industry Best Practice (for everyone else)

- Integrated development environment (IDE)
 - Combines editor, compiler, debugger and other tools into a single consistent user interface
- Integrated management
 - Change control, build management, software quality policies
- Integrated testing
 - Automated unit testing, verification and validation activities
- Integrated documentation
 - On-the-fly documentation generation





Parallel Development Tools Why Change?

- Reinforce good software engineering practices
- Strengthen auditing
- Enhance work-flow
- Increase productivity
- Improve documentation
- Reduce time-to-delivery

Result = reduced development costs





Parallel Development Tools Barriers To Change

- Must support a range of architectures/platforms
- Must honor existing practices/processes
- Must be scalable and reliable
- Must provide core functionality
- Must be easy to adopt and support
- Must be future-proof





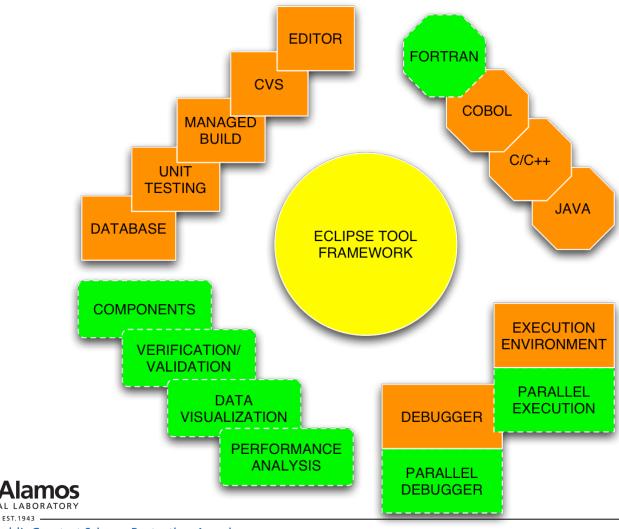
Parallel Tools Platform Project Objectives

- 1. Extend Eclipse to support parallel development tools
- Equip Eclipse with key tools needed to start developing parallel codes
- 3. Encourage existing parallel tool projects to support Eclipse
- Exploit enhanced capabilities to develop a new generation of parallel tools





Parallel Tools Platform Components





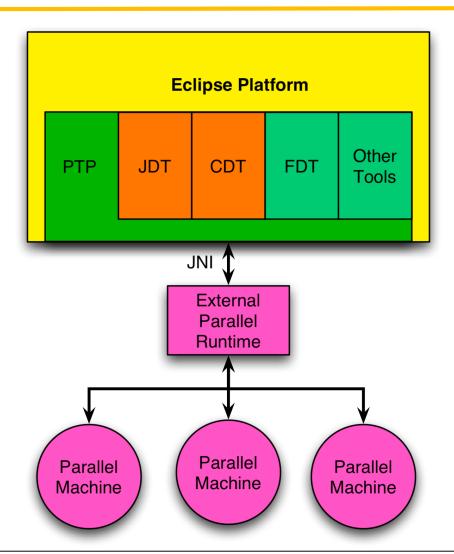
Parallel Tools Platform Components

- Parallel Execution Environment
 - Extends existing execution environment to support parallel programs
- Parallel Debugger
 - Adds parallel debugging support to Eclipse
- Tools Integration
 - Support the integration of a variety of parallel tools, e.g. performance, verification, visualization, components
- Fortran
 - Adds Fortran support to a similar level as C/C++





Parallel Tools Platform Architecture







Parallel Tools Platform Architecture

Parallel Tools Platform Plug-in

- Extends existing components where necessary (e.g. debug model)
- Adds new parallel functionality (e.g. parallel launch wizard, user interface components)
- Utilizes existing language support (e.g. CDT)
- Provides infrastructure to support other parallel tools
- Interfaces to external parallel runtime systems

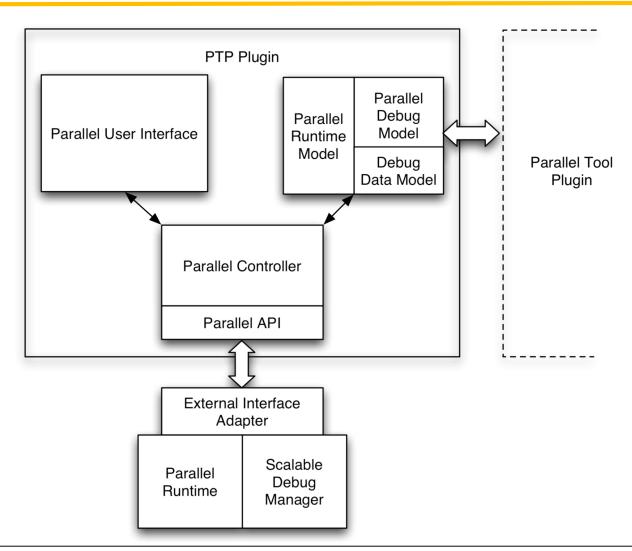
External Parallel Runtime

- Target OpenMPI runtime (not dependent on MPI)
- Should support other runtime systems (requires work)





Parallel Tools Platform Plugin Detail

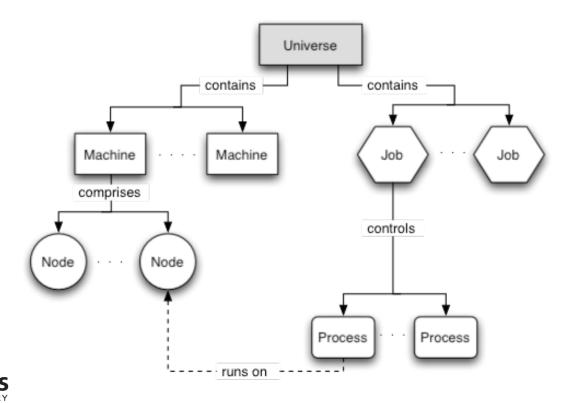






Parallel Tools Platform Parallel Model

- Runtime Model
 - Defines notion of *universe*, parallel machines, jobs, processes, etc.





Parallel Tools Platform Parallel Model

Debug Model

- Extends platform/CDT debug model to support parallel processes
- Support for group operations
- Scalable event management

Debug data model

- Efficient data handling and internal data manipulation
- Data representation is not UI centric
- Language independent (support for arbitrary data types)
- Efficient conversion to/from Java native types
- Efficient manipulation in intermediate form
- Value caching and lazy evaluation





Parallel Tools Platform Parallel Controller

- Controls interaction between PTP components and external runtime
- Manages debugger specific operations and event handling





Parallel Tools Platform Parallel User Interface

- Specifically designed to provide compact and scalable interface to parallel components
- Extends existing debug interface to support parallel processes, array viewing, and new visualization tools
- Launch Configuration
 - Specify resource requirements (e.g. number of processes, execution time, etc.) and interface to launch services





Parallel Tools Platform Parallel API

- High level interface for interacting with parallel machines, managing jobs, etc.
- High level API for managing debug operations
- Allows PTP to support different parallel runtime systems and parallel debug managers





Parallel Tools Platform Scalable Debug Manager

- External component
- Manages scalable and efficient debugging of enormous parallel programs
 - Launching processes under debug control
 - Communication with large numbers of processes
 - Efficient data transfers
 - Event management





Parallel Tools Platform Tool Integration

- Runtime Services
 - A range of services for launching, running and controlling parallel programs
- Debug Services
 - Services for managing parallel programs under debugger control
- User Interface Components
 - Reusable user interface components designed to be compact and scalable
- Tool Specific Services
 - Still being defined





Parallel Tools Platform End-User Support

- Many components of PTP support running and managing, rather than developing parallel programs
- Utilize RCP to provide an environment that targets the end-user, rather than the developer
- Deal with issues that are usually ignored:
 - How to manage program input and output data
 - Pre- and post-processing of data
 - Visualization, model coupling, etc.





Parallel Tools Platform Fortran Development Tools

- Still the predominant language for parallel scientific computing
- Support is essential for adoption of Eclipse in the parallel computing community
- Moving target:
 - Many standards: 66, 77, 90, 95, 2003
 - Substantial differences between versions
 - Then there's the extensions:
 - HPF, Cray, VAX, IBM, KAP, LS, etc.





Parallel Tools Platform Future Work

New parallel tools

– What new possibilities become available when tools are tightly integrated?

Advanced debugging

– Can the close integration of tools and debuggers lead to new debugging techniques?

Lightweight tools

— Can the developer or end-user benefit from an array of simple, useful tools?





Parallel Tools Platform Demo...





Conclusion

- Unique opportunity to move parallel development to best practice
- Designed to address scalability and performance issues from the beginning
- Potential to push the development of parallel tools into new areas
- Growing interest from the parallel scientific computing community
- Seeking YOUR support and involvement!



