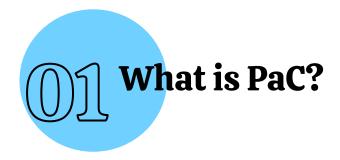
### Practical policy-as-code



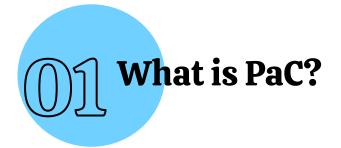
Graziano Casto - Developer Relations @ Mia-Platform



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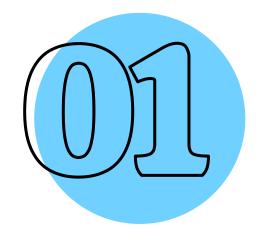


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## What I talk about when I talk about policy-as-code.

#### What exactly policies are?

A policy is a set of rules that govern the behaviour of a software service.

It simply describe invariants that must hold in a software system.

### Policy!== Auth\*

Authorization is a special kind of policy that often dictates which people or machine can run which action on which resources.

Authentication is how people or machines prove they are who they say they are.



# Policy-as-code is an approach to policy management in which policies are defined, updated, and enforced using code.



#### **Visibility**

When policies are defined in code, it's easy for all stakeholders to use the code to understand what is happening within a system.



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#### **Accuracy**

When teams define and manage policies using code, they avoid the risk of making configuration mistakes when managing a system manually.



#### **Visibility**

When policies are defined in code, it's easy for all stakeholders to use the code to understand what is happening within a system.

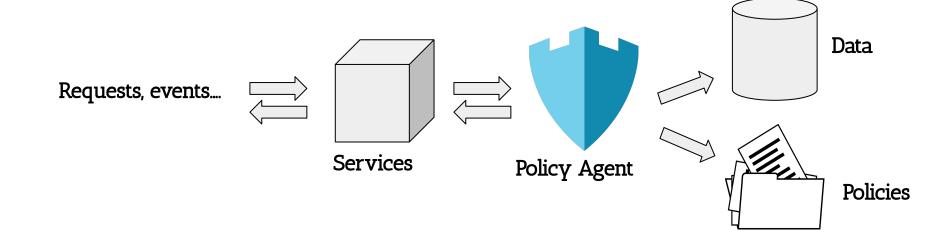
#### **Accuracy**

When teams define and manage policies using code, they avoid the risk of making configuration mistakes when managing a system manually.

#### **Testing**

When policies are written in code, it's easy to validate them using automated auditing tools.

#### **Policy Decoupling**





# How to implement policy decoupling for API enforcement

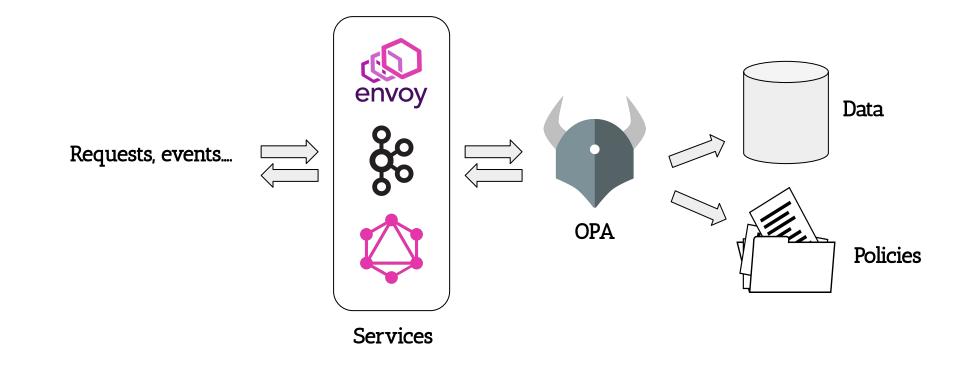
#### **Open Policy Agent**

Open Policy Agent (OPA) is an open-source CNCF graduated project.

It provides a high-level declarative language (Rego) that lets you specify policy as code and simple APIs to offload policy decision-making from your software.



#### **Open Policy Agent Architecture**



#### **Securing APIs with OPA**

```
package policies
default allow := false
# Allow users to get their own salaries.
allow if {
  input.method == "GET"
  input.path == ["finance", "salary", input.user]
```

#### **Authentication approach**

Role-based access control (RBAC) is a

method of regulating access to a specific resource based on the roles of individual users within your organization.

#### **Authentication approach**

Role-based access control (RBAC) is a method of regulating access to a specific resource based on the roles of individual users within your organization.

Attribute-based access control

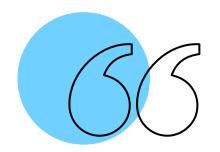
(ABAC) is another authorization method built on top of RBAC that allow you to define your security model also on user or request attribute.

#### Rönd

It's an open-source lightweight Kubernetes sidecar container that helps you protect your APIs with simple security policies.

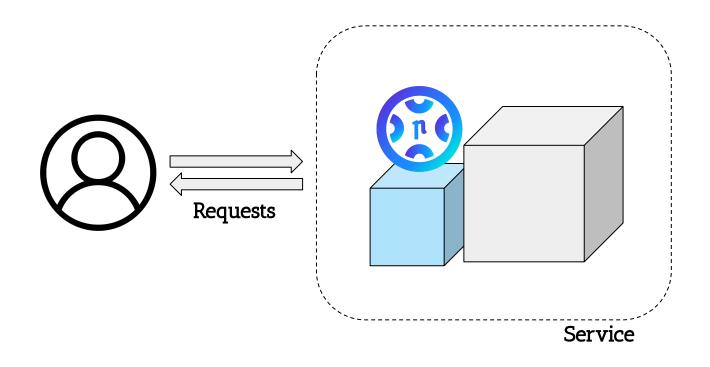
It uses OPA as security engine for validating authorization rules, and leverages Rego language for writing the security policies.



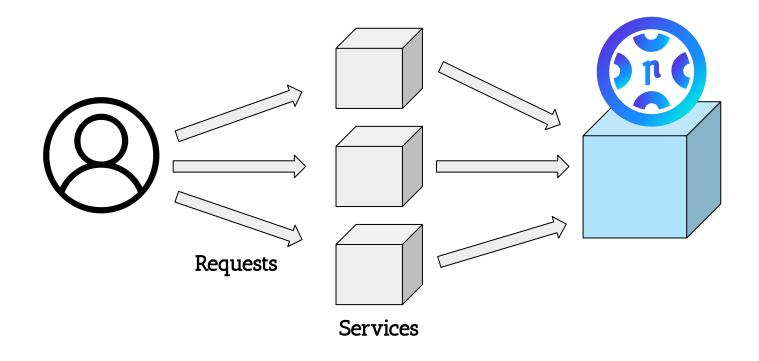


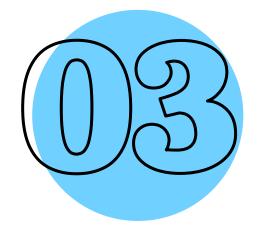
Rönd is an authorization mechanism, but it also natively allows you to build an RBAC solution by defining the concepts of Roles, Permissions, and User Groups as building blocks.

#### Run as sidecar container...



#### ...or as a standalone service





## Securing APIs with Rönd: a real world example

#### $\rightarrow$ GET /store-info

All requests are accepted even if without an Authorization header.



#### → GET /store-info

All requests are accepted even if without an Authorization header.

#### → POST /receipt

Only authenticated requests are accepted.

Users with role *Salesman* can add only receipts for their store, *StoreManager* can add receipts on the entire chain.



#### → GET /store-info

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#### → GET /receipt

Only authenticated requests are accepted.

Users with role *Salesman* can access the receipts without the payments and customer sensitive data, *StoreManager* can access the receipts also with payment and customer data...



#### How we get info about user roles?

```
import axios from 'axios';
const options = {
 method: 'GET',
  url: 'http://myawsomeservice/store-info',
 headers: {
    Authorization: 'eyJhbGci0iJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJyb2xlIjoiU2FsZXNtYW4iLCJzdG9yZXMi0lsxXX0.nYs1YVnFJ-
2MmldTZw_kaevMfL5V-MdC26KPVv-kICo'
};
trv {
  const { data } = await axios.request(options);
  console.log(data);
} catch (error) {
  console.error(error);
```

#### How we get info about user roles?

```
headers: {
   Authorization: 'eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJyb2xlIjoiU2FsZXNtYW4iLCJzdG9yZXMiOlsxXX0.nYs1YVnFJ-
2MmldTZw kaevMfL5V-MdC26KPVv-kICo'
```

#### How we get info about user roles?

```
headers: {
   Authorization: 'eyJhbGci0iJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJyb2xlIjoiU2FsZXNtYW4iLCJzdG9yZXMi0lsxXX0.nYs1YVnFJ-
2MmldTZw_kaevMfL5V-MdC26KPVv-kICo'
                                                                                 "role": "Salesman",
                                                                                 "stores": [1]
```

```
"paths":{
   "/store-info":{
      "get":{
         "x-rond":{
            "requestFlow":{
               "policyName":"allow_all"
```

```
"/store-info":{
   "get":{
      "x-rond":{
         "requestFlow":{
            "policyName":"allow_all"
```

routes.json

```
"x-rond":{
  "requestFlow":{
      "policyName":"allow_all"
```

routes.json

```
"x-rond":{
   "requestFlow":{
      "policyName":"allow_all"
```

```
package policies

allow_all {
   true
}
```

policies.rego

routes.json

#### → GET /store-info

All requests are accepted even if without an Authorization header.

#### → POST /receipt

Only authenticated requests are accepted.

Users with role *Salesman* can add only receipts for their store, *StoreManager* can add receipts on the entire chain.

#### → GET /receipt

Only authenticated requests are accepted.

Users with role *Salesman* can access the receipts without the payments and customer sensitive data, *StoreManager* can access the receipts also with payment and customer data...



#### Define a Rego complex policy

```
const options = {
 method: 'POST',
 url: 'http://myawsomeservice/receipt',
 headers: {Authorization:
eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCl6IkpXVCJ9.eyJyb2xlIjoiU3RvcmVNYW5hZ2VyIiwic3RvcmVzIjpbMV19.jYcCyUjy'
oFaRg20fcZptDtIHow3UWbwZgbdAjfV3nc'},
 data: {
   store: 1,
    receipt_nbr: '0001-0001',
   date: '2024-01-02',
    total_price: 100,
    currency: 'EUR',
    items: [{product_code: 'EA-001', qty: 1, price: 100}],
    payments: [{payment_method: 'DIGITAL_PAYMENT', amount: 100}]
};
try {
 const { data } = await axios.request(options);
 console.log(data);
} catch (error) {
 console.error(error);
```

```
url: 'http://myawsomeservice/receipt',
 headers: {Authorization:
 eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJyb2xlIjoiU3RvcmVNYW5hZ2VyIiwic3RvcmVzIjpbMV19.jYcCyUjy'
oFaRg20fcZptDtIHow3UWbwZgbdAjfV3nc'},
  data: {
```

```
data: {
   store: 1,
   receipt_nbr: '0001-0001',
   date: '2024-01-02',
   total price: 100,
   currency: 'EUR',
   items: [{product_code: 'EA-001', qty: 1, price: 100}],
   payments: [{payment_method: 'DIGITAL_PAYMENT', amount: 100}]
```

```
Define a Rego function
 url: 'http://myawsomeservice/receipt',
                                                                                                                to check if the role of
 headers: {Authorization:
                                                                                                                the user performing the
 eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJyb2xlIjoiU3RvcmVNYW5hZ2VyIiwic3RvcmVzIjpbMV19.jYcCyUjy-
oFaRg20fcZptDtIHow3UWbwZgbdAjfV3nc'},
                                                                                                                request is the same
                                                                                                                required to perform the
                                                                                                                requested action.
                                                              user_has_role(required_role) {
                                                                authorization_jwt := input.request.headers["Authorization"][0]
                                                                decoded_jwt_data := io.jwt.decode(authorization_jwt)
                                                                decoded jwt := decoded jwt data[1]
                                                                role := decoded_jwt["role"]
                                                                role == required role
```

```
user_has_role(required_role) {
```

Define a Rego function to check if the role of the user performing the request is the same required to perform the requested action.

```
user_has_role(required_role) {
   authorization_jwt := input.request.headers["Authorization"][0]
   decoded_jwt_data := io.jwt.decode(authorization_jwt)
   decoded_jwt := decoded_jwt_data[1]
   role := decoded_jwt["role"]
   role == required_role
}
```

```
Define a Rego function
                                                                                                        to check if the role of
                                                                                                        the user performing the
                                                                                                        request is the same
                                                                                                        required to perform the
                                                                                                        requested action.
                                                          authorization_jwt := input.request.headers["Authorization"][0]
                                                            decoded_jwt_data := io.jwt.decode(authorization_jwt)
                                                            decoded_jwt := decoded_jwt_data[1]
```

```
Define a Rego function
                                                                                                        to check if the role of
                                                                                                        the user performing the
                                                                                                        request is the same
                                                                                                        required to perform the
                                                                                                        requested action.
                                                          authorization_jwt := input.request.headers["Authorization"][0]
                                                            decoded_jwt_data := io.jwt.decode(authorization_jwt)
"role": "Salesman",
                                                            decoded_jwt := decoded_jwt_data[1]
"stores": [1]
```

```
Define a Rego function
                                                                                                    to check if the role of
                                                                                                    the user performing the
                                                                                                    request is the same
                                                                                                    required to perform the
                                                                                                    requested action.
                                                        "role": "Salesman",
                                                          role := decoded_jwt["role"]
                                                          role == required_role
```

```
user_belongs_to_store(required_store) {
                                                       decoded_jwt := decoded_jwt_data[1]
```

Define a Rego function to check if the user is assigned to the store which the request insists on.

```
user_belongs_to_store(required_store) {
  authorization_jwt := input.request.headers["Authorization"][0]
  decoded_jwt_data := io.jwt.decode(authorization_jwt)
  decoded_jwt := decoded_jwt_data[1]
  stores := decoded_jwt["stores"]
  some store in stores
  store == required_store
}
```

Define a Rego function to check if the user is assigned to the store which the request insists on.

```
user_belongs_to_store(required_store) {
   authorization_jwt := input.request.headers["Authorization"][0]
   decoded_jwt_data := io.jwt.decode(authorization_jwt)
   decoded_jwt := decoded_jwt_data[1]
   stores := decoded_jwt["stores"]
   some store in stores
   store == required_store
}
```

```
Define a Rego function
                                                                                                         to check if the user is
                                                                                                         assigned to the store
                                                                                                         which the request
                                                                                                         insists on.
                                                          authorization_jwt := input.request.headers["Authorization"][0]
                                                            decoded_jwt_data := io.jwt.decode(authorization_jwt)
                                                            decoded_jwt := decoded_jwt_data[1]
```

```
Define a Rego function
                                                                                                         to check if the user is
                                                                                                         assigned to the store
                                                                                                         which the request
                                                                                                         insists on.
                                                          authorization_jwt := input.request.headers["Authorization"][0]
                                                            decoded_jwt_data := io.jwt.decode(authorization_jwt)
"role": "Salesman",
                                                            decoded_jwt := decoded_jwt_data[1]
"stores": [1]
```

```
Define a Rego function
                                                                                                       to check if the user is
                                                                                                       assigned to the store
                                                                                                       which the request
                                                                                                       insists on.
                                                         stores := decoded_jwt["stores"]
"stores": [1]
                                                           some store in stores
                                                           store == required_store
```

```
"/receipt": {
  "post": {
    "x-rond": {
      "requestFlow": {
        "policyName": "allow_create_new_receipt"
  "get": {...}
```

```
"requestFlow": {
  "policyName": "allow_create_new_receipt"
```

```
"requestFlow": {
  "policyName": "allow_create_new_receipt"
```

```
. . .
allow_create_new_receipt {
  user_has_role("StoreManager")
  store := input.parsed_body.store
  user belongs to store(store)
```

```
. . .
user_has_role(required_role) {
  authorization_jwt := input.request.headers["Authorization"][0]
  decoded_jwt_data := io.jwt.decode(authorization_jwt)
  decoded jwt := decoded jwt data[1]
  role := decoded_jwt["role"]
  role == required_role
 user_has_role("StoreManager")
```

```
. . .
user belongs to store(required store) {
  authorization_jwt := input.request.headers["Authorization"][0]
  decoded_jwt_data := io.jwt.decode(authorization_jwt)
  decoded_jwt := decoded_jwt_data[1]
  stores := decoded_jwt["stores"]
  some store in stores
  store == required_store
  store := input.parsed_body.store
  user belongs to store(store)
```

## The APIs to secure

#### → GET /store-info

All requests are accepted even if without an Authorization header.

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#### → GET /receipt

Only authenticated requests are accepted.

Users with role *Salesman* can access the receipts without the payments and customer sensitive data, *StoreManager* can access the receipts also with payment and customer data...



```
• • •
import axios from 'axios';
const options = {
  method: 'GET',
  url: 'http://myawsomeservice/receipt',
  headers: {
    Authorization: 'eyJhbGci0iJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJyb2xlIjoiU2FsZXNtYW4iLCJzdG9yZXMi0lsxXX0.nYs1YVnFJ-
2MmldTZw_kaevMfL5V-MdC26KPVv-kICo'
};
try {
  const { data } = await axios.request(options);
  console.log(data);
} catch (error) {
  console.error(error);
```

```
"store": 1,
  "receipt_nbr": "0001-0001",
  "date": "2024-01-02",
  "total_price": 100.00,
  "currency": "EUR",
  "customer": {
   "name": "John",
   "last_name": "Doe",
   "birth date": "1970-01-01",
    "vat_nbr": "45784578457",
    "email": "mario.rossi@gmail.com"
 },
  "items": [
      "product_code": "EA-001",
     "qty": 1,
      "price": 100.00
  "payments": [
      "payment_method": "DIGITAL_PAYMENT",
      "amount": 100.00
```

We have to remove *customer* and *payments* information form the response for *Salesman* users.

```
"customer": {
   "name": "John",
   "last_name": "Doe",
   "birth date": "1970-01-01",
    "vat_nbr": "45784578457",
    "email": "mario.rossi@gmail.com"
  "payments": [
      "payment_method": "DIGITAL_PAYMENT",
      "amount": 100.00
```

```
• • •
      "get": {
        "x-rond": {
          "requestFlow": {
            "policyName": "allow_access_receipt",
          "responseFlow": {
            "policyName": "protect_receipt_info"
```

```
• • •
          "requestFlow": {
            "policyName": "allow_access_receipt",
```

```
"requestFlow": {
                                                                     First of all check that the request is
            "policyName": "allow_access_receipt",
                                                                     authenticated and that the user belongs
                                                                     to StoreManager of Salesman role.
                                              allow_access_receipt {
                                                user_has_role("StoreManager")
                                                user_has_role("Salesman")
```

```
"responseFlow": {
  "policyName": "protect_receipt_info"
```

```
"responseFlow": {
 "policyName": "protect_receipt_info"
```

```
protect_receipt_info [response] {
   user_has_role("StoreManager")
   response := input.response.body
} {
   user_has_role("Salesman")
   receipt_response_list := input.response.body
   result := [new_item |
       item := receipt_response_list[_]
       new_item = object.remove(item, ["customer", "payments"])
   ]
   response := result
}
```



Based on the role of the user performing the request we filter the response to remove *customer* and *payments* object from the response in case the user is a *Salesman*.

```
user_has_role("StoreManager")
  response := input.response.body
```

```
user_has_role("Salesman")
  receipt_response_list := input.response.body
  result := [new_item |
   item := receipt_response_list[_]
   new_item = object.remove(item, ["customer", "payments"])
  response := result
```



PaC: your swiss knife for policy management



**1911 PaC:** your swiss knife for policy management

**Open Policy Agent: the tool for policy decoupling** 



**1911 PaC:** your swiss knife for policy management

**Open Policy Agent: the tool for policy decoupling** 

**1988** Rönd: implement your RBAC architecture with ease

# Q&A Time

Feel free to ask any question now or reach me around the conference to have a chat!

Leave your feedback here! →



https://bit.ly/feedback-graz



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https://bit.ly/feedback-graz