ABC vn 1.4da: Guide to running the research modelling and data assimilation system

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1 Introduction

1.1 The ABC model

The ABC model and data assimilation system (vn 1.4da) is a combined 2D (longitude/height) convective-scale toy model (currently dry dynamics) and variational data assimilation system. The model equations are as follows:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + B\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla u + C \frac{\partial \tilde{\rho}'}{\partial x} - fv = 0, \tag{1a}$$

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial t} + B\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla v + fu = 0, \tag{1b}$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} + B\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla w + C \frac{\partial \tilde{\rho}'}{\partial z} - b' = 0, \tag{1c}$$

$$\frac{\partial \tilde{\rho}'}{\partial t} + B\nabla \cdot (\tilde{\rho}\mathbf{u}) = 0, \tag{1d}$$

$$\frac{\partial b'}{\partial t} + B\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla b' + A^2 w = 0. \tag{1e}$$

The prognostic variables are as follows: u is the zonal wind, v is the meridional wind, w is the vertical wind, $\mathbf{u}=(u,v,w)$ is the wind vector, $\tilde{\rho}$ is a density-like variable (where $\tilde{\rho}'$ is the perturbation, $\tilde{\rho}=\tilde{\rho}_0+\tilde{\rho}'$, where in this model, $\tilde{\rho}_0=1$), and b' is a buoyancy-like variable (for meteorologists, b' is related to potential temperature, θ' , by $b'=g\theta'/\theta_{\rm R}$, where g is the acceleration due to gravity and $\theta_{\rm R}$ is the reference potential temperature of 273K). The dimension variables are as follows: x is longitudinal distance, z is vertical distance, and t is time. Constant parameters to be chosen by the user are as follows: A (units s^{-1}) is the static stability (equivalent to the pure gravity wave frequency), B (dimensionless) multiplies the advection and divergence terms, and C (units m^2s^{-2}) relates density perturbations to pressure perturbations, $p'=C\rho_0\tilde{\rho}'$, where ρ_0 is a reference density. The value of \sqrt{BC} is the pure acoustic wave speed). These parameters give the model its "ABC" name. The remaining constant is f, which is the Coriolis parameter.

There is also a tracer transport equation, which advects a tracer, q, with the wind vector \mathbf{u} , and not by the modified winds, $B\mathbf{u}$:

$$\frac{\partial q}{\partial t} + \mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla q = 0. \tag{2}$$

The model is run in a 2D slice (longitude/height) geometry. All variables are considered constant in the meridional direction. The model grid is an Arakawa-C grid in the horizontal and a Charney-Phillips grid in the vertical (Fig. 1). The horizontal resolution of the model is 1.5km, there are 360

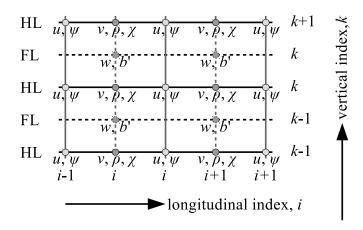


Figure 1: The arrangement of variables on the toy model's grid: an Arakawa-C grid in the horizontal and a Charney-Phillips grid in the vertical. Note the abbreviations: FL=Full Level and HL=Half Level.

grid-points in the horizontal, and 60 vertical levels. The scientific rational for this model is given in (author?) [1].

The code is set-up as a number of master subroutines, each designed to do a particular job (such as running the model from specified initial conditions, to performing a data assimilation cycle; there are other routines, e.g. for calibrating the control variable transform, and generating synthetic observation). This guide comprises the following sections, in Sect. 2 we give the full list of master routines; in Sect. 3 we describe how the software is downloaded and installed (also stating which software libraries are required), and in Sect. 4 (which makes up the bulk of this documentation) we describe how each master routine is used.

1.2 Difference between this and the previous software version

Although the code for the ABC model is exactly the same as in the previous released version of this system (vn 1.0), the organisation of the code is different (e.g. the master program Main.f90 in vn 1.0 is only for running the model and doing linear analysis; these have separate master routines in vn 1.4da). Another difference is that, while vn 1.0 used NAG routine libraries for eigen analysis and fast Fourier transforms, vn 1.4da uses free software libraries as documented in Sect. 3.

2 List of master routines

The code is written in Fortran-90, and the master routines are run inside bash script wrappers. The recommeded operating system to run the code is Linux. Scientific documentation is provided on the model [1] and on the data assimilation (in preparation). Each of these master routines is associated with a top-level Fortran 90 subroutine (.f90), and for some a top-level python routine (.py) for plotting the results. There are also examples (labelled with the respective master routine name) available.

Master routine	Purpose
Master_prepareABC_InitState	Inputs a UM dump and generates a single 2D
(Sect. 4.1)	longitude/height slice set of fields that is suitable as a set
	of initial initialised initial conditions for the ABC model.
Master RunNLModel (Sect.	Makes a single run of the ABC model from a specified set
- 4.2)	of initial conditions.
Master_Linear_Analysis (Sect. 4.3)	Analyses the linear modes of the ABC model.
Master_Calibration (Sect. 4.4)	Runs any of the required stages of computation to
	compute data needed to specify the background error
	covariance matrix used in the data assimilation (specifies
	all aspects of the control variable transform according to
	implemented options). There are nominally five stages,
	and so this code is run five times in succession.
Master_TestSuite (Sect. 4.5)	Tests various aspects of the components of the data
	assimilation system (adjoint and inverse tests of the
	control variable transforms, and linearization tests of the
	ABC model and observation operators).
$Master_ImpliedCov$ (Sect. 4.6)	Computes a selection of implied covariances (selected
	columns of $\mathbf{U}\mathbf{U}^{\mathrm{T}})$ between the model variables.
Master_RawCov (Sect. 4.7)	Computes raw covariances from a population of states
	(can be compared to the implied covariances).
Master_MakeBgObs (Sect. 4.8)	Generates a set of synthetic observations for assimilating
	(and outputs the associated 'truth' trajectory), and a
	synthetic background state.
Master_Assimilate (Sect. 4.9)	Performs a variational data assimilation run.

3 Downloading and installing the software

3.1 Required libraries on host system

This sofware requires the following free software and libraries to be installed on the host system.

- Fortran compiler (f95). This is needed to compile the Fortran-90 code into executable files.
 - Net CDF library. This is needed to handle the input and output of fields.
 - FFTpack. This is needed to perform the fast Fourier transforms.
 - LApack.
 - tmglib.
 - refblas.
- Python v2. This is needed to manage the graphical diagnostics.
 - matplotlib.

3.2 Contents of ABC download

The following sets of files are included with this software in the respective directories.

- ABCvn1.4/src
 - Fortran-90 source code (multiple .f90 files).
 - Interface files for subroutines that have optional arguments (multiple .interface files).
 - makefile (to manage the compilation of the software, depending upon the master routine to be run).
- ABCvn1.4/graphics
 - python source code (multiple .py files).
- ABCvn1.4/examples
 - Sample data and namelists, depending upon the master routine to be run.
- ABCvn1.4/docs
 - Documentation of the system.
- ABCvn1.4/scripts
 - Example bash scripts to allow assimilation cycles to be run.

3.3 Compiling the code

4 Using the master routines

Each master routine is described in this section. This includes how to compile the master routine and dependent code, and how to run it. The namelist variables are defined, which includes mention of the required input files, the output files, and how the outputs can be inspected.

4.1 Master PrepareABC InitState

Inputs a UM dump and generates a single 2D longitude/height slice set of fields that is suitable as a set of initial initialised initial conditions for the ABC model.

To compile

Go to directory containing source code (ABC_SRC), and issue:

 $make\ Master_PrepareABC_InitState.out$

To run

Prepare namelist file UserOptions.nl, go to directory containing this file, and issue:

 $ABC_SRC/Master_PrepareABC_InitState.out$

Namelist variables

The namelist variables are described in UserOptions.nl, and should be placed in the directory where the above run command is issued. The variables are described in the following table, where blue entries describe the input directories/files, red entries describe the output directories/files, and purple entries describe the input/output directories/files. An example namelist is given in the file ABCvn1.4/examples/Master PrepareABC InitialState/UserOptions.nl.

Variable	Type	Description	Default	Notes
Init_ABC_opt	integer	How to create ABC initial	No	1=take a slice of
		$\operatorname{conditions}.$	$\operatorname{default}$	${ m UM~data,~2=zero}$
				apart from pressure
				$\operatorname{perturbation}$
				bubble, $3=$ sum of
				above
${ m datadir UM}$	string	Directory containing UM data.	No	$\operatorname{Init} _\operatorname{ABC} _\operatorname{opt} = 1,3$
			default	
$\operatorname{init} \operatorname{\underline{_um}} \operatorname{\underline{_file}}$	string	UM data filename (expected in	No	$\operatorname{Init} _\operatorname{ABC} _\operatorname{opt} = 1,3$
		above directory).	$\operatorname{default}$	
latitude	$_{ m integer}$	Index of single latitude to	144	$\operatorname{Init} _\operatorname{ABC} _\operatorname{opt} = 1,3$
		extract from UM file.		
$Regular_vert_grid$	\log ical	Used to set a regularly-spaced	.TRUE.	
		vertical grid.		
A	double	Model parameter (pure gravity	0.02	s^{-1}
	$\operatorname{precision}$	wave frequency).		
B	double	Model parameter (modulation	0.01	
	$\operatorname{precision}$	of the divergent and advection		
		m terms).		9 9
C	double	Model parameter	100000.0	$\mathrm{m}^2\mathrm{s}^{-2}$
	$\operatorname{precision}$	(proportionality constant for the		
		equation of state).		
f	double	Model parameter (Coriolis	0.0001	s^{-1}
	precision	parameter).		

$press_source_x$	integer	To specify horizontal grid box of centre of pressure perturbation.	180	${\rm Init_ABC_opt}{=}2{,}3$
$press_source_z$	integer	To specify vertical grid box of centre of pressure perturbation.	30	$\operatorname{Init} _\operatorname{ABC} _\operatorname{opt} = 2,3$
${\rm press_amp}$	double precision	Amplitude of pressure perturbation	0.01	${\rm Init_ABC_opt}{=}2{,}3$
${ m x_scale}$	integer	No. of horizontal grids to describe size of pressure perturbation.	80	$Init_ABC_opt{=}2{,}3$
${ m z_scale}$	integer	No. of vertical grids to describe size of pressure perturbation.	3	$\operatorname{Init} _\operatorname{ABC} _\operatorname{opt} = 2,3$
${ m Adv_tracer}$	logical	$ \begin{array}{c} {\rm Used\ to\ switch\ on/off\ tracer} \\ {\rm advection.} \end{array} $.FALSE.	Sets up a 4×5 grid of point initial tracer positions.
gravity_wave_switch	logical	Used to switch on/off setting of $u = 0$ to simulate gravity waves.	.FALSE.	
${f BoundSpread}$	double precision	No. of horizontal grid points to spread boundary discontinuity for periodic boundary conditions.	50.0	
$rac{ m datadir ABC_out}{ m init_ABC_file}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{string} \\ \text{string} \end{array}$	Main output directory. Output filename (in above directory).		

Input and output files

• Inputs

- Suitable Unified Model (UM) dump for the Southern UK region (datadirUM/init_um_file). This is a netcdf file of fields of 360 longitudes, 287/288 latitudes, and 70/71 vertical levels. The file contains the following: u (zonal wind), v (meridional wind), dz_dt (vertical wind, w), unspecified (density, $\rho r_{\rm E}^2$, where $r_{\rm E}$ is the Earth's radius), theta (potential temperature, θ), field7 (exner pressure, Π), and ht (2D orographic height field). The dimension names are x (longitude axis for u), x_1 (longitude axis for v, w, $\rho r_{\rm E}^2$, θ , Π , and ht), y (latitude axis for u, v, and $\rho r_{\rm E}^2$), $hybrid_ht_1$ (vertical axis for θ), $hthybrid_ht_2$ (vertical axis for v), $hybrid_ht_3$ (vertical axis for v), $hybrid_ht_3$ (vertical axis for v), $hybrid_ht_3$ (vertical axis for v). The complete filename is datadirUM/init um file.

• Outputs

– Initial dump for the ABC model. This is a netcdf file of fields of 360 longitudes and 60 vertical levels (datadirABC_out/init_ABC_file). The file contains the following: $u, v, w, \rho', b', \rho = 1 + \rho', b_{\text{eff}}, tracer, geo_imbal$ (geostrophic imbalance), $hydro_imbal$ (hydrostatic imbalance), $wmom_source$ (vertical momentum source), $horiz_div$ (horizontal divergence), $horiz_vort$ (horizontal vorticity), E_k (total kinetic energy), E_b (total buoyant energy), E_e (elastic energy), and E (total energy, $E = E_k + E_b + E_e$). The dimension names are $longs_u$ (horizontal axis for u), $longs_v$ (horizontal axis for other fields), $half_level$ (vertical axis for u, v, ρ' , ρ , tracer, geo_imbal , $horiz_div$, and $horiz_vort$), $full_level$ (vertical axis for w, b', b_{eff} , $hydro_imbal$, and $wmom_source$.

The meanings of the symbols in the output file are described in **(author?)** [1]. In particular, the model equations are given as Eqs. (15) of that reference and the grid positions are shown in Fig. 1 of that reference.

Graphics tools

 \bullet The python code PlotModelFields.py can be used to plot the initial ABC model state.

4.2 Master RunNLModel

Makes a single run of the ABC model from a specified set of initial conditions. The model equations are given as Eqs. (15) of (author?) [1] (reproduced near the beginning of this document), the boundary conditions are specified in Sect. 3.2, and the numerical integration scheme is described in Sect. 3.3.

To compile

Go to directory containing source code (ABC_SRC), and issue: make Master RunNLModel.out

To run

Prepare namelist file UserOptions.nl, go to directory containing this file, and issue: $ABC\ SRC/Master\ RunNLModel.out$

Namelist variables

The namelist variables are described in UserOptions.nl, and should be placed in the directory where the above run command is issued. The variables are described in the following table, where blue entries describe the input directories/files, red entries describe the output directories/files, and purple entries describe the input/output directories/files. An example namelist is given in the file ABCvn1.4/examples/Master RunNLModel/UserOptions.nl.

$_{\mathrm{Type}}$	$\operatorname{Description}$	Default	${ m Notes}$
string	Input directory.		
string	Input filename (in above		
	$\operatorname{directory}$).		
double	Model parameter (pure gravity	0.02	s^{-1}
precision	wave frequency).		
double	Model parameter (modulation	0.005	
precision	of the divergent and advection		
	$\overline{\mathrm{terms}}$).		
double	Model parameter	100000.0	$\mathrm{m}^2\mathrm{s}^{-2}$
precision	(proportionality constant for the		
	equation of state).		
double	Model parameter (Coriolis	0.0001	s^{-1}
precision	${ m parameter}).$		
double	Model time step size.	4.0	\mathbf{S}
precision			
double	Length of integration.	60.0	\mathbf{S}
precision			
integer	The number of times to dump	10	
	the model state throughout		
	${ m runlength}.$		
logical	Used to switch on/off tracer	.FALSE.	
	advection.		
$\operatorname{slogical}$	Used to switch on/off	.FALSE.	
	computation of characteristic		
	lengthscales of variables at the		
	final time (and other		
	${\rm diagnostics}).$		
string	Main output directory.		
	string string double orecision double orecision double orecision double orecision double orecision double orecision integer	string Input directory. Input filename (in above directory). Model parameter (pure gravity wave frequency). Model parameter (modulation of the divergent and advection terms). Model parameter (proportionality constant for the equation of state). Model parameter (Coriolis parameter). Model time step size. Model time step size. The number of times to dump the model state throughout runlength. Logical Used to switch on/off computation of characteristic lengthscales of variables at the final time (and other diagnostics).	string Input directory. Input filename (in above directory). double Model parameter (pure gravity 0.02 precision wave frequency). double Model parameter (modulation 0.005 precision of the divergent and advection terms). double Model parameter 100000.0 precision (proportionality constant for the equation of state). double Model parameter (Coriolis 0.0001 parameter). double Model time step size. 4.0 precision double Length of integration. 60.0 precision integer The number of times to dump the model state throughout runlength. logical Used to switch on/off tracer advection. slogical Used to switch on/off .FALSE. computation of characteristic lengthscales of variables at the final time (and other diagnostics).

output_ABC_file string Output file (model trajectory, in above directory).

diagnostics_file string Diagnostics file (in above directory).

Input and output files

- Inputs
 - Suitable ABC dump (datadirABC_in/init_ABC_file, e.g. output by Master_PrepareABC_InitState in Sect. 4.1). The latest time present in this file is used as the initial conditions for the model.
- Outputs
 - Time sequence of ABC model trajectory (datadirABC_out/output_ABC_file). This is a netcdf file of fields as the initial dump, but with multiple times.
 - Diagnostics file (datadirABC_out/diagnostics_file). This contains a model-time-step-by-model-time-step output of each component of energy (time, $E_{\rm k}$, $E_{\rm b}$, $E_{\rm e}$, $E_{\rm e}$, see Sect. 4.1), followed by diagnostics for the last timestep (if Lengthscale diagnostics is set).

Graphics tools

- The python code *PlotModelFields.py* can be used to plot the ABC model state for a specified output time step.
- \bullet The python code PlotEnergy.py can be used to plot the total energy of the run, as a function of time.

4.3 Master Linear Analysis

Analyses the linear modes of the ABC model. A description of the linear analysis is given in Sect. 4 of (author?) [1].

To compile

Go to directory containing source code (ABC_SRC), and issue:

make Master_Linear_Analysis.out

To run

Prepare namelist file UserOptions.nl, go to directory containing this file, and issue:

\$ABC SRC/Master Linear Analysis.out

Namelist variables

The namelist variables are described in UserOptions.nl, and should be placed in the directory where the above run command is issued. The variables are described in the following table, where blue entries describe the input directories/files, red entries describe the output directories/files, and purple entries describe the input/output directories/files. An example namelist is given in the file ABCvn1.4/examples/Master Linear Analysis/UserOptions.nl.

Variable	Type	${\bf Description}$	Default	Notes
\overline{A}	double	Model parameter (pure gravity	0.02	s^{-1}
	$\operatorname{precision}$	${ m wave\ frequency}).$		
B	double	Model parameter (modulation	0.005	
	$\operatorname{precision}$	of the divergent and advection		
		m terms).		
C	double	Model parameter	100000.0	$\mathrm{m}^2\mathrm{s}^{-2}$
	precision	(proportionality constant for the		
		equation of state).		
f	double	Model parameter (Coriolis	0.0001	s^{-1}
	precision	parameter).		
H	double	Model domain height.	14862.01	\mathbf{m}
	precision			
${ m datadir Linear Anal}$	string	Output directory.		

Input and output files

- Inputs
 - No inputs.
- Outputs
 - Gravity wave frequencies file (datadirLinearAnal/grav_frequency.dat). Given as a function
 of horizontal and vertical wavenumbers.
 - Acoustic wave frequencies file (datadirLinearAnal/acou_frequency.dat). Given as a function
 of horizontal and vertical wavenumbers.
 - Gravity wave speed (in the horizontal) file (datadirLinearAnal/hori_grav_speed.dat). Given as a function of horizontal and vertical wavenumbers.

- Acoustic wave speed (in the horizontal) file (datadirLinearAnal/hori_acou_speed.dat). Given as a function of horizontal and vertical wavenumbers.
- Gravity wave speed (in the vertical) file (datadirLinearAnal/vert_grav_speed.dat). Given as a function of horizontal and vertical wavenumbers.
- Acoustic wave speed (in the vertical) file (datadirLinearAnal/vert_acou_speed.dat). Given as a function of horizontal and vertical wavenumbers.

Graphics tools

ullet The python code PlotWaveSpeeds.py can be used to plot the wave frequencies and wave group speeds.

4.4 Master Calibration

Runs any of the required stages of computation to compute data needed to specify the background error covariance matrix used in the data assimilation (specifies all aspects of the control variable transform according to implemented options). There are nominally five stages, and so this code is run five times in succession.

To compile

Go to directory containing source code (\$ABC_SRC), and issue: make Master Calibration.out

To run

Prepare namelist file UserOptions.nl, go to directory containing this file, and issue: $ABC_SRC/Master_Calibration.out$

Namelist variables

The namelist variables are described in UserOptions.nl, and should be placed in the directory where the above run command is issued. The variables are described in the following tables, where blue entries describe the input directories/files, red entries describe the output directories/files, and purple entries describe the input/output directories/files. An example namelist is given in the file ABCvn1.4/examples/Master_Calibration/x/UserOptions.nl, where x represents one of the calibration run stages.

${ m Description}$	$\mathbf{Default}$	${ m Notes}$
Runs the	1	1=convert UM to ABC forecast ensemble,
calibration stage.		2 = compute forecast perturbations,
Run serially 1 to 5.		3=determine the regression parameters,
		4=do parameter transform, 5=calibrate
		spatial statistics.
	Runs the calibration stage.	Runs the 1 calibration stage.

The namelist variables are given here separately for each stage.

CalibRunStage = 1: Generating sample forecasts from UM data dumps (in the table below NYI=not yet implemented)

Variable for	Type	$\operatorname{Description}$	Default	Notes
${\rm stage}\ 1$				
Nens	integer	Number of ensembles used for calibration.	50	0=Do not use ensembles to calibrate.
NEnsMems	integer	Number of ensemble members in each ensemble.	24	
$\operatorname{EnsDirs}(:)$	string array	Names of directories containing ensembles.		Containing UM files Member001.nc, Member002.nc,
\overline{NNMC}	integer	Number of NMC forecast pairs.	0	0=Do not use NMC method to calibrate. NYI.
$\operatorname{NMCDirs}(:)$	$rac{ ext{string}}{ ext{array}}$	Names of directories containing NMC pairs.		NYI.

Variable for	Type	Description	Default	Notes
stage 1 Nlats	integer	The number of latitude slices that are to be extracted from each ensemble member file.	1	NEnsMems × Nlats effective ensemble members per ensemble
latindex(:)	integer array	Specifies the latitude indices of the Nlats latitude slices.		
$\operatorname{BoundSpread}$	double preci- sion	No. of horizontal grid points to spread boundary discontinuity for periodic boundary conditions.	50.0	
A	double preci- sion	Model parameter (pure gravity wave frequency).	0.02	$ m s^{-1}$
В	double preci- sion	Model parameter (modulation of the divergent and advection terms).	0.005	
C	double preci- sion	Model parameter (proportionality constant for the equation of state).	100000.0	$\mathrm{m}^2\mathrm{s}^{-2}$
f	double preci- sion	Model parameter (Coriolis parameter).	0.0001	s^{-1}
dt	double preci- sion	Model time step size.	4.0	S
$\operatorname{runlength}$	double preci- sion	Length of integration.	60.0	S
${ m Adv_tracer}$ ${ m datadirABCfcs}$	$rac{ ext{logical}}{ ext{string}}$	Used to switch on/off tracer advection. Output directory of ABC	.FALSE.	Current implementation requires this to be .TRUE. Output files
${\rm datadir CVT}$	string	forecast ensemble members. Output directory of blank CVT file.		FC_Ens_001_Item_001.nc
CVT_file	string	Name of blank CVT file to be output (in above directory).		
$ m CVT\%$ $ m CVT_order$	integer	Order of the transforms.	1	1=as original MetO, 2=reversed horiz/vert, 3=normal mode based (NYI).
CVT% CVT_param_op	integer ot_gb	$ \begin{array}{c} {\rm Geostrophic\ balance\ option\ for} \\ {\rm the\ transform.} \end{array} $	1	1=analytical geo balance, 2=statistical balance NYI), 3=no geo balance.
CVT% CVT_param_op	integer ot_hb	Hydrostatic balance option for the transform.	1	1=analytical hydro balance, 2=statistical balance (NYI), 3=no hydro balance.
CVT% CVT param op	integer ot ab	Anelastic balance option for the transform.	1	1=analytical anel balance, 2=no anel balance.
CVT% CVT_param_op	$\frac{-}{\mathrm{integer}}$	Vertical regression option for the geostrophic balance field.	1	1=use vertical regression of the gb r, 2=no vertical regression.
$\begin{array}{c} {\rm CVT\%} \\ {\rm CVT_vert_opt_} \end{array}$	$_{ m sym}$	Symmetry option for vertical covariances.	1	1=non-symmetric transform, 2=symmetric transform.

Variable for	Type	$\operatorname{Description}$	Default	Notes
stage 1				
CVT%	integer	Standard deviation option.	2	1=stddev constant for each
CVT_stddev_c	pt			control variable, 2=level
				${ m dependent}$ only,
				3=Longitude and level
				$\operatorname{dep}\operatorname{endent}.$

Input and output files

• Inputs

- Data from one or more suitable UM data files (EnsDir(i)/Member001.nc, etc.). For the specification of the UM data file, see Sect. 4.1.

• Outputs

- Effective ensemble members (datadirABCfcs/FC_Ens_001_Item_001.nc, etc.; the first 001 is the ensemble number, and the second 001 is the item number e.g. for NEnsMems=2, and Nlats=3, for the first ensemble member, item=1,2,3, and for the second ensemble member, item=3,4,5). There are a total of Nens × NEnsMems × Nlats output forecast states in total.
- A control variable transform file (datadirCVT/CVT_file) is a netcdf file, which is blank apart from containing the values $A,\,B,\,C,\,f,\,\mathrm{CVT_order},\,\mathrm{CVT_param_opt_gb},\,\mathrm{CVT_param_opt_hb},\,\mathrm{CVT_param_opt_ab},\,\mathrm{CVT_param_opt_reg},\,\mathrm{CVT_vert_opt_sym},\,\mathrm{and}\,\mathrm{CVT_stddev_opt}.$

Graphics tools

• The python code *PlotEnsemblesABC.py* can be used to plot the full ensemble members.

Variable for stage 1	Type	Description	Default	Notes
Nens	integer	Number of ensembles used for calibration (as stage 1).	50	0=Do not use ensembles to calibrate.
${ m NEnsMems}$	integer	Number of ensemble members in each ensemble (as stage 1).	24	001101000
${\rm datadir ABCfcs}$	string array	Directory containing ensemble or NMC forecasts (as output in stage 1).		$ \begin{array}{c} {\rm Containing} \\ {\rm FC_Ens_001_Item_001.n} \\ \dots \end{array} $
NNMC	integer	Number of NMC forecast pairs (as stage 1).	0	0=Do not use NMC method to calibrate. Not yet implemented.
Nlats	integer	The number of latitude slices (as stage 1).	1	NEnsMems × Nlats effective ensemble members for each ensemble

${ m datadir ABC perts}$	string	The name of the directory to output the ensemble means and perturbations.	The ensemble means output are MeanABC001.nc,, and the perturbations output are PertABC_Ens001_Item001.nc,
$rac{ m datadirCVT}{ m CVT_file}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{string} \\ \text{string} \end{array}$	Directory containing CVT file. Name of CVT file. Used to extract options (output to this file was done in stage 1).	

CalibRunStage = 2: Compute perturbations from the forecast data of stage 1

Input and output files

- Inputs
 - Forecast data from one or more forecasts from the ABC model (datadirABCfcs/FC_Ens_001_Item_001.nc, etc.). For the specification of the ABC data file, see Sect. 4.1.
 - Model specification data (A, B, C, f) output to the CVT file during stage 1 (datadirCVT/CVT file).
- Outputs
 - Ensemble means for each ensemble (datadirABCperts/MeanABC001.nc, etc.).
 - Ensemble perturbations for each ensemble, and each member (datadirABCperts/PertABC_Ens001_Item001 etc.; the first 001 is the ensemble number, and the second 001 is the item number). The output perturbation file labelling corresponds to the input forecast file labelling.

Graphics tools

• The python code *PlotEnsemblesABC.py* can be used to plot the ensemble perturbations.

Variable for stage 1	Type	Description	Default	Notes
Nens	integer	Number of ensembles used for calibration (as stage 1).	50	0=Do not use ensembles to calibrate.
NEnsMems	integer	Number of ensemble members in each ensemble (as stage 1).	24	
${\rm datadir ABC perts}$	string array	Directory containing ensemble perturbations (as output in stage 2).		Containing PertABC_Ens_001_Item_001.r
NNMC	integer	Number of NMC forecast pairs (as stage 1).	0	0=Do not use NMC method to calibrate. Not yet implemented.
Nlats	integer	The number of latitude slices (as stage 1).	1	$\begin{array}{c} { m NEnsMems} \ imes \\ { m Nlats effective} \\ { m ensemble members} \\ { m for each ensemble} \end{array}$
${\rm datadirCVT}$	string	Directory containing CVT file.		

$\mathrm{CVT}_{-}\mathrm{file}$	string	Name of CVT file. Used to
		extract options, and to output
		vertical covariance matrix.
${ m datadir} { m Regression}$	string	Directory to containing sample
		files from this run.

r for the first ensemble/ensemble member, and its balanced version.

CalibRunStage = 3: Compute vertical regression matrix for geostrophic balanced mass fields

Input and output files

- Inputs
 - ABC model perturbations as output from stage 2 (datadirABCperts/PertABC_Ens_001_Item_001.nc, etc.).
 - Model specification data (A, B, C, f), and covariance options output to the CVT file during stage 1 (datadirCVT/CVT_file).
- Outputs (if CVT options allow)
 - Regression matrices to the covariance file (datadirCVT/CVT file.nc).
 - Sample fields for the first ensemble, and first ensemble member, namely r and the geostrophically balanced version of r (datadirRegression/r_001.nc, datadirRegression/psi_001.nc, and datadirRegression/rbal_001.nc). The output perturbation file labelling corresponds to the input forecast file labelling.

Graphics tools

• The python code *PlotRegressionMatrices.py* can be used to plot the matrices output by this run stage.

Variable for stage 1	Type		Default	Notes
Nens	integer	Number of ensembles used for calibration (as stage 1).	50	0=Do not use ensembles to calibrate.
NEnsMems	integer	Number of ensemble members in each ensemble (as stage 1).	24	
${\rm datadir ABC perts}$	string array	Directory containing ensemble perturbations (as output in stage 2).		Containing PertABC_Ens_001_Item_001.n
NNMC	integer	Number of NMC forecast pairs (as stage 1).	0	0=Do not use NMC method to calibrate. Not yet implemented.
Nlats	integer	The number of latitude slices (as stage 1).	1	${ m NEnsMems} imes { m Nlats}$ ${ m effective}$ ${ m ensemble}$ ${ m members}$ ${ m for}$ ${ m each}$ ${ m ensemble}$
${\rm datadir}{\rm CVT}$	string	Directory containing CVT file.		

$\mathrm{CVT_file}$	string	Name of CVT file. Used to
		extract options, and to output
		vertical covariance matrix.
${\it datadir Con Params}$	string	Directory to contain
		perturbations of control
		parameters (converted from
		perturbations of model

 $\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{PertParam_001_Item001.nc}, \\ \operatorname{etc}. \end{array}$

CalibRunStage = 4: Perform parameter transform (convert model perturbations to parameters)

variables).

Input and output files

- Inputs
 - $-\ ABC\ model\ perturbations\ as\ output\ from\ stage\ 2\ (datadirABCperts/PertABC_Ens_001_Item_001.nc,\\ etc.).$
 - ABC mean states as output from stage 2 (datadirABCperts/MeanABC001.nc, etc.).
 - Model specification data (A, B, C, f), covariance options output to the CVT file during stage 1, and regression data computed from stage 3 (datadirCVT/CVT file).
- Outputs
 - Ensemble of pertubations of control parameters (datadirConParams/PertParam_001_Item001.nc, etc).
 - Sample fields for the first ensemble, and first ensemble member, namely balanced b (datadirCon-Params/b_b.nc), balanced r pre-regression step (datadirConParams/r_b_preregress.nc), and balanced r post-regression step (datadirConParams/r b postregress.nc).

Graphics tools

• The python code *PlotParameterEnsembles.py* can be used to plot the parameter perturbations.

Variable for stage 1	Type	Description	Default	Notes
Nens	integer	Number of ensembles used for calibration (as stage 1).	50	0=Do not use ensembles to calibrate.
${ m NEnsMems}$	integer	Number of ensemble members in each ensemble (as stage 1).	24	
${\rm datadir ABC perts}$	string array	Directory containing ensemble perturbations (as output in stage 2).		Read PertABC_Ens_001_Item_001.nd dimension information.
datadirConParams	string	Directory containing perturbations of control parameters.		Containing Pert- Param_001_Item001.nc, etc.
NNMC	integer	Number of NMC forecast pairs (as stage 1).	0	0=Do not use NMC method to calibrate. Not yet implemented.

integer	The number of latitude slices	1	${ m NEnsMems} \; imes \;$
	(as stage 1).		Nlats effective
			ensemble members
			for each ensemble
string	Directory containing CVT file.		
string	Name of CVT file. Used to		
J	extract options.		
	O	string Directory containing CVT file. string Name of CVT file. Used to	(as stage 1). string Directory containing CVT file. string Name of CVT file. Used to

CalibRunStage = 5: Perform calibration of each parameter (compute parameter standard deviations, and vertical and horizontal control variable transforms)

Input and output files

- Inputs
 - Parameter perturbations as output from stage 4 (datadirConParams/PertParam_001_Item_001.nc, etc.).
 - Sample ABC model perturbation for reading in dimension data (datadirABCperts/PertABC_Ens_001_Item
 - Covariance options output to the CVT file during stage 1 (datadirCVT/CVT file).
- Outputs
 - A complete CVT definition file for the specification made in stage 1 (datadirCVT/CVT file).

Graphics tools

• The python code *PlotCVT.py* can be used to inspect the contents of the output CVT file.

4.5 Master_TestSuite

Tests various aspects of the components of the data assimilation system (adjoint and inverse tests of the control variable transforms, and linearization tests of the ABC model and observation operators). The linear ABC model is not yet implemented.

To compile

Go to directory containing source code (ABC_SRC), and issue: make Master TestSuite.out

To run

Prepare namelist file UserOptions.nl, go to directory containing this file, and issue: $ABC_SRC/Master_TestSuite.out$

Namelist variables

The namelist variables are described in UserOptions.nl, and should be placed in the directory where the above run command is issued. The variables are described in the following table, where blue entries describe the input directories/files, red entries describe the output directories/files, and purple entries describe the input/output directories/files. An example namelist is given in the file ABCvn1.4/examples/Master_TestSuite/UserOptions.nl.

Variable	Туре	Description	Default	Notes
datadirABCfcs	string	Directory containing an ABC model state.		
${ m LS_file}$	string	Name of a test ABC model		
${\rm datadir ABC perts}$	string	state. Directory containing an ABC model perturbation.		RunInvTests = .TRUE.
$\operatorname{Pert_file}$	string	Name of a test ABC perturbation file.		$RunInvTests{=}.TRUE.$
$\operatorname{datadirCVT}$	string	Directory containing a CVT file.		$ \begin{aligned} & RunAdjTests_CVT = .TRU \\ & or \ RunIn- \\ & vTests = .TRUE. \end{aligned} $
$\mathrm{CVT}_{-}\mathrm{file}$	string	Name of a CVT file (as found from Master_Calibration).		$ \begin{aligned} & RunAdjTests_CVT = .TRU \\ & or \ RunIn- \\ & vTests = .TRUE. \end{aligned} $
${ m datadir_Obs}$	string	Directory containing observations.		$RunAdjTests_obs = .TRUE$
${ m Obs_file}$	string	Observation file (in above directory).		$RunAdjTests_obs = .TRUE$
${\rm datadir Test DA}$	string	Directory to output textual and field results of test suite.		
${\rm diagnostics_file}$	string	File to output textual diagnostics (in above directory).		
$RunAdjTests_CVT$	\log ical	Set to perform adjoint tests on operators used in CVT	.FALSE.	
$RunAdjTests_obs$	logical	Set to perform adjoint tests on observation operators	.FALSE.	
${\bf RunInvTests}$	logical	Set to perform inverse tests	.FALSE.	

Input and output files

• Inputs

- A complete CVT definition file after running the complete calibration suite (stages 1 to 5) (datadirCVT/CVT file), needed when RunAdjTests CVT=.TRUE. or RunInvTests=.TRUE.
- An example ABC forecast file to act as a linearisation state for the parameter transform and observation operator (datadirABCfcs/LS file).
- An example ABC perturbations perturbation file (datadirABCperts/Pert_file), needed when RunInvTests=.TRUE.
- An observations file for doing adjoint test of observation operator (datadir_Obs/Obs_file), needed when RunAdjTests obs=.TRUE.

• Outputs

- The text file of diagnostic results datadirTestDA/diagnostics_file shows output of the adjoint and/or inverse tests.
- Fields associated with the inverse tests (output when RunInvTests=.TRUE.). The files output are datadirABCperts/uv2psi.nc, datadirABCperts/uv2chi.nc, datadirABCperts/psichi2u.nc, datadirABCperts/psichi2v.nc, datadirABCperts/fft_test.nc, and datadirABCperts/UpInvTest.nc. See below for descriptions of these files.
- The observations file datadirTestDA/Obs_processed.dat (when RunAdjTests_obs=.TRUE.). This is a version of the observations file which has been processed (to contain, e.g. model observations, innovations, etc see the observation file format in Sect. 4.8.

Graphics tools

There are currently no special utitities to analyse the output from this program. The output file datadirTestDA/diagnostics_file contains some textual diagnostics.

Notes on the tests

Many of the mathematical transforms used in the DA system require an adjoint version, which appear in the expressions computing the gradient of the cost function, needed for the minimization alforithm. Even though it may not be explicitly coded as such, a linear transform is equivalent to the action of a matrix on an input vector to give an output vector. An adjoint version of a transform is essentially the equivalent to the transpose of this matrix (or in the case of complex values the combined adjoint and complex conjugate of this). To distinguish the transform from its adjoint, the transform itself is often called the forward transform. As with the forward transform, the adjoint is not necessarily written in an explicit matrix operation, but instead comprises a set of linear code. Mistakes often creep into the translation of code from the forward version to the adjoint version. An adjoint test is a reliable way of testing that this procedure has been done correctly.

In its basic form the adjoint test takes an arbitrary vector \mathbf{v} (e.g. a vector of random numbers), and checks that the following holds:

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\mathbf{A}\mathbf{v}\right)^{\dagger}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{v} &\stackrel{?}{=} & \left(\mathbf{A}^{\dagger}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{v}\right)^{\dagger}\mathbf{v}, \\ \text{or } \left\langle\mathbf{A}\mathbf{v},\mathbf{A}\mathbf{v}\right\rangle_{\mathbf{I}} &\stackrel{?}{=} & \left\langle\mathbf{A}^{\dagger}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{v},\mathbf{v}\right\rangle_{\mathbf{I}}, \end{aligned}$$

where **A** is the forward operator and \mathbf{A}^{\dagger} is the adjoint operator. The above must be satisfied to machine precision. The above basic form assumes that the inner product metric is the identity matrix, i.e. that an inner product between two matrices \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} is $\langle \mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v} \rangle_{\mathbf{I}} = \mathbf{u}^{\dagger} \mathbf{I} \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{u}^{\dagger} \mathbf{v}$.

The following CVT operators are coded for adjoint tests in the current test suite:

• Boundaries (code to swap halos to satisfy boundary conditions in model fields)

- Boundaries CV (as above, but for control fields)
- LinearBal r (computation of the linearly balanced r field from the streamfunction field)
- Anbalw (computation of the anelastically balanced w field from the u field)
- Helmholtz (computation of u and v from the streamfunction and velocity potential)
- INT HF (function to do vertical interpolation from half to full levels)
- INT FH (as above, but from full to half levels)
- HydroBal b (computation of the hydrostatically balanced b field from r)
- U p (the parameter transform)
- U_v (the vertical transform)
- U stddev (the standard deviation transform)
- fft real2spec (FFT from real to spectral spaces)
- fft spec2real (FFT from spectral to real spaces)
- U_h (the horizontal transform)
- U_trans (the complete control variable transform, e.g. if using the traditional formulation this includes the horizontal, vertical, parameter, and standard deviation transforms).

The following observation operators are coded for adjoint tests in the current test suite:

- Interpolate1D
- Interpolate3D
- ModelObservations_linear

In order to do an adjoint test of the ModelObservations_linear operator, an observations file is required. The time dimension test is not currently implemented (only 3DFGAT is implemented). An observations file may be produced by running stages 1 and 2 of 4.8.

The inverse tests $\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{A}$ is performed on the following operators:

- InverseSymMat (where **A** is the auto-covariance balanced r, as found in the CVT file, and the outputs of $\mathbf{A}^{-1}\mathbf{A}$ [and also $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}^{-1}$] are sent to the diagnostics file, $\frac{\mathbf{datadirTestDA}}{\mathbf{diagnostics}}$ file).
- The u and v fields from datadirTestDA/Pert_file are transformed to ψ and χ (routine Helmholtz_inv) and output as datadirTestDA/uv2psi.nc and datadirTestDA/uv2chi.nc. These fields are then transformed back to u and v (routine Helmholtz) and output as datadirTestDA/psichi2u.nc and datadirTestDA/psichi2v.nc.
- The r field from datadirTestDA/Pert_file is transformed to spectral space (routine fft_real2spec), and then back to real space (routine fft_spec2real). The result is output to datadirTest-DA/fft_test.nc.
- The u, v, w, r, b, and tracer fields from datadirTestDA/Pert_file.nc are transformed to control variables (routine U_p_inv) and then trasformed back to the original fields (routine U_p). The result is output to datadirTestDA/UpInvTest.nc.

4.6 Master ImpliedCov

Computes a selection of implied covariances (selected columns of $\mathbf{U}\mathbf{U}^{\mathrm{T}}$) between the model variables.

To compile

Go to directory containing source code (ABC_SRC), and issue: make Master Implied Cov. out

To run

Namelist variables

The namelist variables are described in UserOptions.nl, and should be placed in the directory where the above run command is issued. The variables are described in the following table, where blue entries describe the input directories/files, red entries describe the output directories/files, and purple entries describe the input/output directories/files. An example namelist is given in the file ABCvn1.4/examples/Master ImpliedCov/UserOptions.nl.

Variable	Type	Description	Default	Notes
${ m datadir ABCfcs}$	string	Directory containing an ABC		
		model state.		
$\mathrm{LS_file}$	string	Name of a test ABC model		
		${f state}.$		
$\operatorname{datadir}\operatorname{CVT}$	string	Directory containing a CVT file.		
${ m CVT_file}$	string	Name of a CVT file (as found		
		$from \ Master_Calibration).$		
${ m datadir Implied Cov}$	string	Directory to output fields that		
		represent implied covariances.		
$\operatorname{ImplCov}_{-}\operatorname{npoints}$	$\operatorname{Integer}$	Number of source points to	0	
		compute implied covariances		
		with respect to.		
$\operatorname{longindex}(:)$	$_{ m integer}$	Specifies the longitude indices of		
	array	${\rm the~ImplCov_npoints~source}$		
		points		
levindex(:)	$_{ m integer}$	Specifies the level indices of the		
	array	ImplCov_npoints source points		

Input and output files

• Inputs

- A complete CVT definition file after running the complete calibration suite (stages 1 to 5) (datadirCVT/CVT file).
- An example ABC forecast file to act as a linearisation state for the parameter transform (datadirABCfcs/LS file).

• Outputs

- Fields giving the implied covariances, $\mathbf{U}\mathbf{U}^{\mathrm{T}}$, associated with the source points. The files output are datadirImpliedCov/Point 001 deltau.nc, datadirImpliedCov/Point 001 deltav.nc,

datadirImpliedCov/Point_001_deltaw.nc, datadirImpliedCov/Point_001_deltar.nc, datadirImpliedCov/Point_001_deltab.nc, and datadirImpliedCov/Point_001_deltatracer.nc. where 001 is the point number. See below for descriptions of these files.

Graphics tools

• The python code *PlotCovs.py* can be used to inspect the contents of the output files mentioned above. The same code is used to plot raw covariances (i.e. covariances found from the data used to calibrate the control variable transform, computed from Master RawCov).

Notes on the implied covariances

The operator $\mathbf{U}\mathbf{U}^{\mathrm{T}}$ is the background error covariance matrix $(\mathbf{B}_{\mathrm{imp}})$ that is implied by the control variable transform. When $\mathbf{U}\mathbf{U}^{\mathrm{T}}$ operates on a vector \mathbf{v} of zeros, apart from one particular unit element, the output $\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{U}\mathbf{U}^{\mathrm{T}}\mathbf{v}$ is the column of $\mathbf{B}_{\mathrm{imp}}$ associated with where the unit element is located. For instance, if the unit element is placed in the field r near the centre of the domain, then \mathbf{u} is the set of fields that comprise the column of $\mathbf{B}_{\mathrm{imp}}$ associated with that single r point. If this spatial point's position is prescibed with longindex(1), levindex(1), then the output file is $\frac{\mathrm{datadirImpliedCov}}{\mathrm{Point}}$ 001 $\frac{\mathrm{deltar.nc}}{\mathrm{deltar.nc}}$. The code systematically puts the unit point in each of the six fields in turn to give the six output files specified above.

4.7 Master RawCov

Computes a selection of raw covariances between the model variables.

To compile

Go to directory containing source code (ABC_SRC), and issue: make Master RawCov.out

To run

Prepare namelist file UserOptions.nl, go to directory containing this file, and issue:

\$ABC SRC/Master RawCov.out

Note that the input data needed to run this program is generated by stage

Namelist variables

The namelist variables are described in UserOptions.nl, and should be placed in the directory where the above run command is issued. The variables are described in the following table, where blue entries describe the input directories/files, red entries describe the output directories/files, and purple entries describe the input/output directories/files. An example namelist is given in the file ABCvn1.4/examples/Master RawCov/UserOptions.nl.

Variable	Type	${ m Description}$	Default	Notes
datadirABCperts	string	Directory containing ABC model state perturbations.	·	
${ m datadir Raw Cov}$	string	Directory to output fields that represent raw covariances.		
${ m Nens}$	integer	Number of ensembles used.	50	0=Do not use ensembles to calibrate. Use as in run stage 2 of the calibration, 4.4.
NensMems	integer	Number of ensemble members in each ensemble.	24	Use as in run stage 2 of the calibration, 4.4.
NNMC	integer	Number of NMC forecast pairs.	0	0=Do not use NMC method to calibrate. Not yet implemented.
Nlats	integer	The number of latitude slices.	1	Use as in run stage 2 of the calibration, 4.4.
$ImplCov_npoints$	integer	Number of source points to compute implied covariances with respect to.	0	
$\operatorname{longindex}(:)$	integer array	Specifies the longitude indices of the ImplCov_npoints source points		
$\mathrm{levindex}(:)$	integer array	Specifies the level indices of the ImplCov_npoints source points		

Input and output files

- Inputs
 - $ABC \ model \ perturbations \ (as \ output \ from \ stage \ 2 data dir ABC perts/Pert ABC_Ens_001_Item_001.nc, \\ etc.).$
- Outputs
 - Fields giving the raw covariances, associated with the source points. The files output are datadirRawCov/Point_001_deltau.nc, datadirRawCov/Point_001_deltav.nc, datadirRawCov/Point_001_deltav.nc, datadirRawCov/Point_001_deltar.nc, datadirRawCov/Point_001_deltab.nc, and datadirRawCov/Point_001_deltatracer.nc. where 001 is the point number.

Graphics tools

• The python code PlotCovs.py can be used to inspect the contents of the output files mentioned above. The same code is used to plot implied covariances (i.e. covariances found from $\mathbf{U}\mathbf{U}^{\mathrm{T}}$, computed from Master ImpliedCov).

4.8 Master MakeBgObs

Generates a set of synthetic observations for assimilating, and a synthetic background state.

To compile

Go to directory containing source code (ABC_SRC), and issue: make Master_MakeBgObs.out

To run

Prepare namelist file UserOptions.nl, go to directory containing this file, and issue: $ABC_SRC/Master_MakeBgObs.out$

Namelist variables

The namelist variables are described in UserOptions.nl, and should be placed in the directory where the above run command is issued. The variables are described in the following table, where blue entries describe the input directories/files, red entries describe the output directories/files, and purple entries describe the input/output directories/files. An example namelist is given in the file $ABCvn1.4/examples/Master_MakeBgObs/x/UserOptions.nl$, where x represents one of the run stages for this routine.

Variable	Type	Description	Default	Notes
Generate_mo	odeInteger	Specifies what data this routine should	1	1=generate a file that is used to specify obs times, positions, and types, etc., 2=generate
		produce $(1-3)$.		obs consistent with some truth, 3=Generate
				a background state consistent with some truth. $$

The namelist variables are given here separately for each stage.

Variable	Type	${\bf Description}$	Default	Notes
datadir_ObsSpec	string	Directory to output observation		
		specification file.		
${ m ObsSpec_file}$	string	Filename of observation		Format see below.
		specification file (output to the		
		${\rm above\ directory}).$		
${ m ObsSpec\%year0}$	$_{ m integer}$	Specification of $t = 0$ (year).	2000	
$\mathrm{ObsSpec}\%\mathrm{month0}$	integer	(month, 1-12).	1	
${ m ObsSpec\%day0}$	integer	(day, 1-31).	1	
${ m ObsSpec\%hour0}$	integer	(hour, 0-23).	0	
$\mathrm{ObsSpec\%min0}$	integer	(minute, 0-59).	0	
${\rm ObsSpec\%sec0}$	integer	(second, 0-59).	0	
ObsSpec%NumBatch	es integer	Number of observation batches.	0	Each batch
				represents a
				particular obs type
				and time. The obs
				batch is distributed
				over space as
				specified below.

Obs Spec% batch (:)	integer array	Batch number.	0	Not currently used, but could be used to group batches together (with a common batch number) for possible later developments with correlated obs.
ObsSpec% seconds(1)	integer array	Abolsute time of this observation batch.	0	seconds since $t = 0$
$Obs Spec \% ob_of_wh$	-	What is to be observed.	0	$1=u, 2=v, 3=w, \ 4=r, 5=b, \ 6= ext{tracer}, \ 7= ext{horizontal wind speed}, 8= ext{total wind speed}.$
ObsSpec%NumObs_	on ig (tx)ger array	Number of observations in the longitude direction for this batch	0	•
$Obs Spec\% NumObs_1$	heii ghte (g∳r array	Number of observations in the height direction for this batch	0	
ObsSpec%long_min() double precision array	West-most extent of observation grid for this batch.	0.0	
ObsSpec%long_max(-	East-most extent of observation grid for this batch.	0.0	
$Obs Spec\%height_min$	v	Lowest position of observation grid for this batch.	0.0	
$Obs Spec\%height_ma$	v	Highest position of observation grid for this batch.	0.0	
ObsSpec%stddev(:)	double precision array	Error standard deviation of this batch.	0.0	

Generate _model=1: Generate a file that is used to specify observation times, positions, and types, etc.

Input and output files

- Outputs
 - The observations to be made are specified in the file datadir_ObsSpec/ObsSpec_file, which has the format mentioned below. It is read by the code running with Generate_mode=2 to generate the actual observations. This file can be created separately, but the Generate_mode=1 mode has been provided as a convenient means of created this file. The file can also be edited if required before being read by the Generate_mode=2 mode (e.g. to modify an observation's error standard deviations, etc., etc.

Graphics tools

There are currently no special utitities to analyse the output from this program.

Notes on the output file

 $The format\ of\ the\ output\ file\ \frac{datadir_ObsSpec/ObsSpec_file}{}\ is\ illustrated\ with\ the\ following\ example.$

Observation specification file for ABC model

Format version	•	1
Ref year	:	2010
Ref month	:	1
Ref day	:	1
Ref hour	:	0
Ref minute	:	0
Ref second	:	0
Observation No	:	1
Batch ID	:	1
Time of obs (s)		300
Longitude (deg)	:	10000.000

1000.000

Observation of : 5 Err stddev 0.001

Height (m) :

Observation No : 2 Batch ID 1 Time of obs (s): 300 Longitude (deg): 10000.000 Height (m) 4666.667Observation of : 5

 ${\rm Err} \ {\rm stddev}$ 0.001

The "observation of" refers to the quantity observed (see the key for ObsSpec%ob of what(:) in the table above).

Variable	Type	Description	Default	Notes
datadir_ObsSpec	string	Directory containing		
		observation specification file.		
${ m ObsSpec_file}$	string	Observation specification file (in		Format see above.
1 + 1: ADC		above directory).		D 14.
${ m datadir ABC_in}$	string	Directory containing the initial		End time present is
		truth state.		used as init conds.
$\operatorname{init} _\operatorname{ABC} _\operatorname{file}$	string	ABC model dump containing		
		the truth (in above directory).		
dt	double	Time step of the model		
	precision	<u>-</u>		
dt da	double	Time step of the data	60.0	Constraint:
_	precision	assimilation system.		dt da = ndt,
				$n=1,2,\ldots$
t0	$_{ m integer}$	Time of start dump.	0	$\operatorname{seconds}$

$\operatorname{Runlength}$	double precision	Length of DA cycle	60.0	Carried through to the DA via the Obs file (below)
${\rm datadir_Obs}$	string	Directory containing		_ ,
		observational data that can be later assimilated, and truth run.		
${ m Obs_file}$	string	Observation file (in above directory).		Format see below.
$\operatorname{output_ABC_file}$	string	Output truth trajectory file (in above directory).		
A	double precision	Model parameter (pure gravity wave frequency).	0.02	s^{-1}
В	double precision	Model parameter (modulation of the divergent and advection terms).	0.005	
C	double precision	Model parameter (proportionality constant for the equation of state).	100000.0	$\mathrm{m}^2\mathrm{s}^{-2}$
f	double precision	Model parameter (Coriolis parameter).	0.0001	s^{-1}

Generate model=2: Generate observations consistent with some truth

Input and output files

- Inputs
 - Suitable truth input file (datadirABC_in/init_ABC_file). The latest time present in this file is used as the initial conditions for the model truth run.
 - The observations to be made are specified in the file datadir_ObsSpec_ObsSpec_file, which has the format mentioned above.
- Outputs
 - The synthetic observations themselves are output to the file datadir_Obs/Obs_file, which has the format mentioned below.
 - The truth trajectory, output at every data assimilation time step, datadir_Obs/output_ABC_file.

Graphics tools

There are currently no special utitities to analyse the output from this program.

Notes on the output file

The format of the output file datadir_Obs/Obs_file is illustrated with the following example (comprising two observations).

Observation file for ABC model

Format version : 1

O1 N		4	
Observation No	:	1	
Batch ID	:	1	
Time of obs (s)	:	300	
Longitude (deg)		10000.000	
Height (m)	:	1000.000	
xbox_lower	:	6	
xbox_lower_ws	:	0	
zbox_lower	:	4	
zbox_lower_ws	:	0	
tstep_lower	:	5	
Observation of	:	1	
_	: u		
y_true_known	: T		
y_true	:	-0.124E+00	
У	:	$0.152\mathrm{E}{+}01$	
stddev	:	$0.500\mathrm{E}{+00}$	
y_ref	:	$0.000\mathrm{E}{+00}$	
d	:	$0.000\mathrm{E}{+00}$	
$deltay_m$:	$0.000\mathrm{E}{+00}$	
ymhx	:	0.000E + 00	
${\tt deltay_m_hat}$:	0.000E+00	
Observation No		2	
Batch ID	:	1	
Time of obs (s)	:	1500	
Longitude (deg)	:	1000.000	
Height (m)	:	500.000	
xbox lower	:	0	
xbox_lower_ws	:	0	
zbox lower	:	1	
zbox lower ws	:	0	
tstep lower		25	
Observation of		5	
Obber vacion of		9	
	h		
v true known	: b · т		
y_true_known	: b : T	_0.578E_03	
y_true		-0.578E-03 -0.578E-03	
y_true y		-0.578 E - 03	
y_true y stddev		$^{-0.578\mathrm{E}-03}_{0.000\mathrm{E}+00}$	
y_true y stddev y_ref		$\begin{array}{c} -0.578 \mathrm{E}{-03} \\ 0.000 \mathrm{E}{+00} \\ 0.000 \mathrm{E}{+00} \end{array}$	
y_true y stddev y_ref d		$\begin{array}{c} -0.578 \text{E}{-03} \\ 0.000 \text{E}{+00} \\ 0.000 \text{E}{+00} \\ 0.000 \text{E}{+00} \end{array}$	
y_true y stddev y_ref d deltay_m		$\begin{array}{c} -0.578 E{-}03 \\ 0.000 E{+}00 \\ 0.000 E{+}00 \\ 0.000 E{+}00 \\ 0.000 E{+}00 \end{array}$	
y_true y stddev y_ref d		$\begin{array}{c} -0.578 \text{E}{-03} \\ 0.000 \text{E}{+00} \\ 0.000 \text{E}{+00} \\ 0.000 \text{E}{+00} \end{array}$	

. . .

The "observation of" refers to the quantity observed (see the key for ObsSpec%ob_of_what(:) in the table for the Generate_mode=1 mode). The quantity that this corresponds to is also given in the line below this ("observation of" 1 corresponds to quantity u, and 5 corresponds to b in the example), although this textual description is not used by the software, only the "observation of" code.

The xbox_lower and zbox_lower are the grid box indices of the first point on the ABC model grid that is immediately below the observation position. (For example if the height of the observation is 55m, and the vertical grid has level heights 0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, ..., then zbox_lower is 6 (the 6th

level height is immediately below the 55m height). These indices are stored along with the observation for efficiency (since they are already computed when producing the observation file). If the observation file was produced by some other means, or if the user wishes to manually edit the observation positions, then these indixes may be set to zero – this will force the software to (re)compute these values when the observations are assimilated. Note that some observations need to have indices for more than one quantitiy (e.g. vertical wind speed, which is a function of a combination of u, v, and w values; since u and v are on different horizontal grid points, and u/v, and w are on different vertical levels (see Fig. 1), then two versions of the lower indices are required ([xbox_lower, zbox_lower] for u, [xbox_lower_ws, zbox_lower_ws, zbox_lower_ws, zbox_lower_ws are zero if they are not needed.

There are some elements in the observation file that are not needed by the assimilation, and may be set to arbitrary values. These are y_true_known (T if the 'true' observation is known), y_true (the 'true' value of the observation), y_ref (the (potentially non-linear) model observation computed at the reference state), d (the difference between the observation, y, and y_ref), deltay_m (the perturbation to the modelled observation, computed using the linear operator on a perturbation state), ymhx (the difference between the observation, y, and the modelled observation, $y_ref + deltay_m$), and deltay_m_hat (the quantity $\partial J_O/\partial deltay_m$). These are included in the above file format as a version of the observation file may be output during or post assimilation for diagnostic purposes, where this information is known. This means that a single observation file format is used whether input or output to the data assimilation software.

Variable	Type	Description	Default	Notes
datadirABC_in	string	Directory containing the 'truth'.		$\mathbf{x}^{ ext{t}}$
$\operatorname{init} _\operatorname{ABC} _\operatorname{file}$	string	ABC model dump containing		End time present is
		the 'truth' (in above directory).		used as init conds.
$\operatorname{datadir}\operatorname{CVT}$	string	Directory containing a CVT file.		
$\mathrm{CVT_file}$	string	Name of a CVT file (as found		
		from Master_Calibration).		
datadir Bg	string	Directory containing the		
		background data.		
Pert file	string	Background error selected (in		$\delta \mathbf{x}^{\mathrm{b}}$
_	<u> </u>	above directory).		
Bg file	string	Background state (in above		$\mathbf{x}^{\mathrm{b}} = \mathbf{x}^{\mathrm{t}} + \delta \mathbf{x}^{\mathrm{b}}$
<u> </u>	J	directory).		
		• ,		

Generate model=3: Generate a background state consistent with some truth

Input and output files

• Inputs

- Suitable truth input file (datadirABC_in/init_ABC_file). The latest time present in this file is used as the state that is perturbed by background error.
- The observations to be made are specified in the file datadir_ObsSpec/ObsSpec_file, which
 has the format mentioned above.
- A complete CVT definition file after running the complete calibration suite (stages 1 to 5) (datadirCVT/CVT file).

• Outputs

A randomly chosen background error file (ABC model format, in file datadir_Bg/Pert_file) statistically consistent with the background error covariance as specified in the CVT file.

- A background state (ABC model format, in file datadir_Bg/Bg_file) equal to the 'truth' read-in by this routine plus the above error.

Graphics tools

There are currently no special utitities to analyse the output from this program.

4.9 Master Assimilate

Inputs a background state, observations, and a CVT to give an analysis. Future options to include ensemble and hybrid methods.

To compile

Go to directory containing source code (\$ABC_SRC), and issue:

make Master Assimilate.out

To run

Prepare namelist file UserOptions.nl, go to directory containing this file, and issue:

\$ABC SRC/Master Assimilate.out

Namelist variables

The namelist variables are described in UserOptions.nl, and should be placed in the directory where the above run command is issued. The variables are described in the following table, where blue entries describe the input directories/files, red entries describe the output directories/files, and purple entries describe the input/output directories/files. An example namelist is given in the file ABCvn1.4/examples/Master_Assimilate/UserOptions.nl.

Variable	Type	Description	Default	Notes
Vartype	integer	The type of data assimilation	3	3=3DVar,
				35=3D-FGAT,
				$4{=}4\mathrm{DVar}$
$\operatorname{Hybrid} _\operatorname{opt}$	$_{ m integer}$	Type of hybrid (or if pure Var)	1	$1 = \mathrm{standard} \mathrm{B}, 2$
				= pure EnVar, $3=$
				hybrid EnVar, $4 =$
				reduced rank
				KF-type hybrid
				(2-4 currently not
J. C. D.		D:	NT	$\mathrm{implemented})$
${ m datadir_Bg}$	string	Directory containing	No	
Do file	atrin a	background state. Background state (in above	$rac{ ext{default}}{ ext{No}}$	Init ADC ont-1
${ m Bg_file}$	string	directory).	default	$Init_ABC_opt=1$
${ m datadirCVT}$	string	Directory containing a CVT file.	No	
datadii O V I	buring	Directory companing a CVT life.	default	
CVT file	string	Name of a CVT file (in above	No	
5 , 1 <u>_</u> 1110	2021118	directory).	default	
datadir Obs	string	Directory containing	No	
	8	observational data	default	

${ m Obs_file}$	string	Observation file (in above directory).	$rac{ m No}{ m default}$	
t0	$_{ m integer}$	Time of start of this DA cycle	100000.0	S
$N_outerloops$	$_{ m integer}$	Number of outer loops	1	
$N_{innerloops_max}$	$_{ m integer}$	Maximum number of inner loops	10	
crit _inner	double precision	Stopping criterion for inner loop	0.01	$[\nabla J]_i/[\nabla J]_0 < $ $crit_inner$ for iteration i
$rac{ ext{datadirAnal}}{ ext{anal_file}}$	$rac{ ext{string}}{ ext{string}}$	Data to contain the analysis Analysis file (put in above directory)		
${ m analinc_file}$	string	Analysis increment file (put in above directory)		
${\rm diagnostics_file}$	string	Diagnostics file (put in above directory)		

Input and output files

• Inputs

- The intput file datadir_Bg/Bg_file is a suitable background file. The latest time present in this file is read-in as the background state.
- The input file datadir_CVT/CVT_file contains information defining the control variable transform. This file contains many of the other things needed to define the way that the data assimilation is done (see Section 4.4).
- The input file datadir_Obs/Obs_file contains the observations. It also contains information that defines the length of the time window (it contains the number of model timesteps, the number of data assimilation timesteps, and the step lengths dt and dt da.

• Outputs

- The analysis is output to datadirAnal/anal_file. This is the background plus the analysis increment.
- The analysis increment is output to datadirAnal/analinc file.
- Diagnostics are output to datadirAnal/diagnostics_file. This contains values of the residuals, values of the cost function, and how different variables, like state energy, change with iteration.
- Linearisation state trajectories output to LS_Oloop001_Iloop000.nc (the first number, 001 here, is the outer loop number, and the second number, 000 here, is the inner loop number). The first file, LS_Oloop001_Iloop000.nc, corresponds to the background trajectory, and the last file, e.g. LS_Oloop00n_Iloop000.nc, corresponds to the analysis trajectory, where n is N_outerloops+1. Put in another way, LS_Oloop00i_Iloop000.nc is the LS trajectory at the start of the ith outer loop.
- Delta_Oloop001_Iloop001.nc contains the values of $\mathbf{H}_t^{\mathrm{T}} \mathbf{R}_t^{-1} [\mathbf{H}_t \mathbf{M}_{0 \to t} \delta \mathbf{x} \mathbf{d}(t)]$. This is output only for the first inner loop of the first outer loop.
- Grad Jo Oloop 001 Iloop 001.nc contains the fields describing the gradient of $J_{\rm O}$.

The meanings of the symbols in the output file are described in (author?) [1]. In particular, the model equations are given as Eqs. (15) of that reference and the grid positions are shown in Fig. 1 of that reference.

Graphics tools

- The python code PlotAssimDiags.py (and the required subroutine contained in Routines4PlotAssimDiags.py) can be used to show the following diagnostics from the assimilation run.
 - Background trajectory.
 - Analysis trajectory.
 - Analysis increment at t = 0.
 - $\nabla_x J_{\rm O}$ trajectory.
 - Truth trajectory.
 - Background error trajectory.
 - Analysis error trajectory.
 - Cost function with iteration.
 - Energy with iteration.
 - $|\nabla_{\chi}J|$ with iteration.
 - Imbalance with iteration.
 - O-B, O-A, O-T, B-T, A-T (O=observations, B=background, A=analysis, T=truth).

References

[1] Ruth Elizabeth Petrie, Ross Noel Bannister, and Michael John Priestley Cullen. The ABC model: a non-hydrostatic toy model for use in convective-scale data assimilation investigations. *Geoscientific Model Development*, 10(12):4419, 2017.