```
57.432 1143
                  pr 9
                                              1.162 2
 57.432 = 9.6.3 8t + 3
         57,629
                          3"=9
57, 432 = 3 (mod g)
                                    3^{1.1h2} = (3^2)^{571} = 9^{571}
57.639 = 31.162 (mod 9)
57,432 = 9 (mod 9)
                                     J=0 (mod 9)
57.432 = 0 (madg)
il resto i O.
 36997129345
                                          3 6 2 971 6
                      m 6
 362,971=6.10,495 +1
 362 971 = 1 (mod 6)
 362.971^{29.345} = 1^{29.345} = 1 \pmod{6}
  il uto i 1.
  a^{\ell(m)} \equiv 1 \pmod{m}
                          quande M.C. D. la, n) = 1
  Se n 1 prime 4(n/= n-1 1 quindi ritoruianne
```

```
2"> n" + 4 n + 5
                                                                                                                                                                                 WER N77
                                                                                                              2+7 +2+4・1+5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          27 = 24.23 = 16.8
 P(7) vero:
                                                                                                                       128 49 + 28 + 5 = 72
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               54+28 = 31
                                                                                                                                                        128> 92 /m
                                                                                                   2^{6} = 64
6^{2} + 6 + 5 = 36 + 24 + 5 = 65
   Per n = 6
                                                                                                                                  64 $ 65.
Passo indutive: 2" > n2 + 4 n + 5 vero
                                                                                                                    2 n+1 7 (n+1) 2 + 4 (n+1) +5, de venificare
\frac{2^{n+1}}{2^n} = \frac{2^n \cdot 2}{2^n} = \frac{2^n \cdot 2}
                                          (m+1)^{2} + 4(n+1) + 5 = m^{2} + 2n + 1 + 4n + 4 + 5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  m^2 + 6n + 10
                          \frac{2n^{2}+8n+10}{2n^{2}+8n+10} = n^{2}+n^{2}+6n+10 = (n^{2}+6n+10) + n^{2}+2n > 0
2n^{2}+8n+10 = n^{2}+n^{2}+6n+10 = (n^{2}+6n+10) + n^{2}+2n > 0
```

> n2 +6 u + 10

Quante empiragioni ripitiziani disposizioni com d'sposition abab + aabb comprane abab = aabbdi k oggetti di classe w numero delle disposition un ripet nour combinanion om rightstom di k oggettede nuurs delle disse N $\left(\begin{array}{c} k+m-1 \\ m \end{array}\right)$ $(\mathbb{Z}_q,+)$ guartoni 16391 < [6] 3>

[a]n i quindrose di (2n+) (=> M.C.D.(a,n)=1 [1]g, [2]g, [4]g, [5]g, [7]q, [8]g generation di (2q,+) $|[6]_{q}| = \frac{9}{\text{M·C.D}(6.9)} = \frac{9}{3}$ <[6] g> ho 3 elementi $< [6]_q > = 2 [6]_q, 2 [6]_q = [6]_q + [6]_q = [12]_q = [3]_q,$ $3[6]_q = [6]_q + [6]_q + [6]_q = [18]_q = [9]_q = 2$ = 4 [6]q, [3]q, [0]g3. [2x=5 (mod 3) 1x=3 (mod 5) 3x=4 (mod 3) et 3 + 4 MC.D.(3,3)=3e guiudi la confinctato solu r'oui non he Build il sistema non ha solumoni Z di+1 = n2 + 4 n + 4 MEN \(\frac{1}{2} \left\) Passo bose 9(0) vuo

$$\sum_{i=0}^{2} 2i+1 = (2\cdot 0+1) + (2\cdot 1+1) = 1+3=4$$

$$0^{2}+h\cdot 0+h=4$$

$$P(0) i \forall v i f i cafe -$$
Passo indultive
$$P(n) \forall u o : \sum_{i=0}^{m+1} 2i+1 = n^{2}+hn+4$$

$$P(n+1) \forall u o : \sum_{i=0}^{m+2} 2i+1 = (n+1)^{2}+4(n+1)+4$$

$$\underbrace{(m+1)^{2}+4(n+1)+h}_{n+1} = n^{2}+2n+1+4n+4+4 = \underbrace{n^{2}+6n+9}_{n+1}$$

$$\underbrace{(m+1)^{2}+4(n+1)+h}_{i=0} = I$$

$$\underbrace{P(n+1)^{2}+4(n+1)+h}_{n+1} = I$$

$$\underbrace{P(n+1)^{2}+4(n+1)+h}_{n+1} = I$$

$$\underbrace{P(n)^{2}+4(n+1)+h}_{i=0} = I$$

$$\underbrace{P(n)$$

P(n+1) & vintice to -

af
$$\equiv a \pmod{p}$$

indurion su e

 $a^p \equiv a \pmod{p}$
 $a^p = a \pmod{p}$
 $a^p = a \pmod{p}$
 $a^p + (-a) \equiv a \pmod{p}$
 $a^p = a \pmod{p}$
 $a^p = a \pmod{p}$

 $\left(|f^{2}|^{2} \left| \frac{4}{N \cdot C \cdot D \cdot |2| h} \right|^{2} \right)^{2} = 2$

$$f^{3} = (16)^{3} \cdot (27 \text{ h}^{3})^{3} = (16)^{2} \cdot (16) \cdot (23 \text{ h}^{7}) = (16) \cdot (23 \text{ h}^{7}) = (16)^{2} \cdot (16) \cdot (23 \text{ h}^{7}) = (16)^{2} \cdot (16) \cdot (23 \text{ h}^{7}) = (16)^{2} \cdot (16)^{2} \cdot (16) \cdot (23 \text{ h}^{7}) = (16)^{2} \cdot (16)^{2} \cdot (16) \cdot (23 \text{ h}^{7}) = (16)^{2} \cdot ($$

$$f^{3} \cdot f^{3} = f^{2} = f^{3}$$

$$f' = f \cdot f^{3} = idg$$
 $f'' = f^{3}ef = idg$
 $f'' = f^{3}ef = idg$
 $f'' = f^{3}ef = idg$

h3-8/6^{20.32}1 pr 10 6° 321 (mod 10) 43.816 = 6 (mad 10) M-P-D- (6,10) + 1 $6^{2} = 36 = 6 \pmod{10}$ 6 = 1,296 = 6 (mod 10) 6 = 6 (mod 10) n EM 2 Pu irohr.
61 = 6 (mod 10) $6^{m+1} = 6^m \cdot 6 = 6 \cdot 6 = 6 \pmod{10}$ I prési d'induz. Quiush il resto è 6 puché: 6 =6 (mod 10).