New store of IKEA

Working with Spatial Data and the sf package

Background

IKEA is looking to open a new store in Boston, MA. You are in charge of finding suitable locations for the new store. Now you have collected datasets from online GIS resources, and will make sure the locations satisfy the following criteria: (1) The store is located in census tracts with appropriate median income (25,000-80,000) and household value (200,000-500,000); (2) The store will be built in the current "Open Land" areas; (3) The store should be within 2000ft of the major roads; (4) The store should be at least 200,000 sq ft.

Data

You are provided three data shapefiles in the Data CS05 folder on Canvas:

- 1. Boston_CensusTracts.shp Census tracts in Boston; data collected from US Census Bureau (census.gov).
 - Attribute Med_Income is the median annual income of a family in this census tract (in dollar).
 - Attribute Med_HouseV is the median household value in this census tract (in dollar).
- 2. Boston LandUse.shp Land use information of Boston; data collected from MassGIS (mass.gov).
 - Attribute LU05_DESC is the land use type, i.e. what this land is used for.
- 3. Boston_MajorRoads.shp Primary roads in Boston; data collected from US Census Bureau (census.gov).

All datasets have been projected to the State Plane, Massachusetts, Mainland coordinate system with the unit ft.

Tasks

- Determine the candidate locations of a new IKEA store based on the criteria above
- Produce the map of candidate locations

Instructions

- 1. Load the necessary packages.
- 2. Read spatial data from the shapefiles provided using read_sf(), and check each data to see the geometry and attribute information stored in the data.
- 3. Filter the census data for the range of Med_Income as 25,000-80,000 and the range of Med_HouseV as 200,000-500,000.
- 4. Filter the land use data for just 'Open Land' value for LU05_DESC.
- 5. Create a buffer zone for the major roads in Boston with distance of 2000ft using st_buffer().
- 6. Get intersections of all selected areas from steps 3-5 using st_intersection().
 - After intersections, you may get many polygons with attribute information from original data
 - You need to union adjacent polygons to one polygon and also keep polygons with no shared boundries seperate using st_union() and st_cast("POLYGON")
- 7. Calculate area of unioned polygons using st_area().
- 8. Select the polygons with area > 200,000 sq ft.
- 9. Produce the map with the final candidate polygons, and some other features on the map to provide context (e.g. Boston census tracts with median household value in the census tract).
- 10. Make sure you also have all essential graph elements, such as title, subtitle, legends, labels, proper colors, font and size and etc. You may want to adjust xlim and ylim to focus on the final candiate polygons on the map.
- 11. Save your graph into a png file.

What you submit

- 1. Your code (including the comments that explain your code).
- 2. A png file of your map showing the candidate locations for a new IKEA store.
- 3. A brief narrative of your results, such as how many candidates you found, their general distribution at Boston, etc.