OPERATING SYSTEMS

LAB 1 DESIGN REVIEW

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Where to place the bootblock

■"在MIPS 架构下,启动程序被放在了启动设备(U盘,硬盘等)的第一个扇区,系统启动时该扇区被loadboot自动加载在内存地址0xa0800000处"

How to move kernel from disk to memory & Where to place the kernel in the memory

- ■怎样从磁盘读内核?
 - PMON中的读盘函数
 - 三个参数
 - ■读取字节数
 - ■SD卡内部偏移量

- 512
- 512 (bblk—kernel)

- ■将内核放在内存什么位置?
 - ■读取目的地址(内存中) 默认0xa0800200
 - 可能原因: bootblock占了512(200H)字节
 - 其实是可以自己改的(见Makefile)

Where the kernel entry point is

■ "将内核读取在内存的0xa0800200处,而kernel.c中main 函数的偏移地址为0x6c,那么在bootblock.s 读完内核之后就需要跳转到0xa080026c处执行"

可执行文件bootblock和kernel在 内核镜像的什么位置存放?

```
image
  /
bblk + kernel
512 512
```

可执行文件(ELF)的特点? 怎样读取可执行文件?

- read in ELF header
- read each program header
 - Executable segments:
 p_type == PT_LOAD

The array element specifies a loadable segment, described by p_filesz and p_memsz. The bytes from the file are mapped to the beginning of the memory segment. If the segment's memory size (p_memsz) is larger than the file size (p_filesz), the "extra" bytes are defined to hold the value 0 and to follow the segment's initialized area. The file size may not be larger than the memory size. Loadable segment entries in the program header table appear in ascending order, sorted on the p_vaddr member.

Execution View

ELF header

Program header table

Segment 1

Segment 2

. . .

Section header table optional

p. 7 in ELF manual

How to create image

- ■利用ELF头信息找到首个代码段
 - assuming at least one program i.e. e_phnum > 0
 - 1st program occurs at (Program Header Start Offset + Num headers * Program Header Size): e_phoff + e_phentsize
- 这一代码段应当放在image的什么位置?
 - Sec 2.1, "Base Address" section of ELF documentation
 - "To compute the base address, one determines the memory address associated with the lowest p_vaddr value for a PT_LOAD segment. One then obtains the base address by truncating the memory address to the nearest multiple of the maximum page size."

How to create image (cont'd)

- ■需要做padding
 - force padding by writing p memsz > p filesz
 - at the end, pad to nearest sector