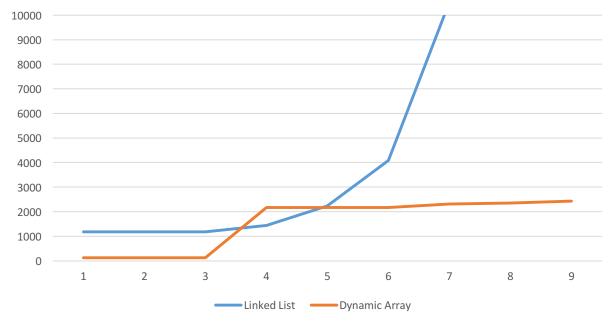
Student: Joaquin Saldana

Assignment 3 / Problem 2

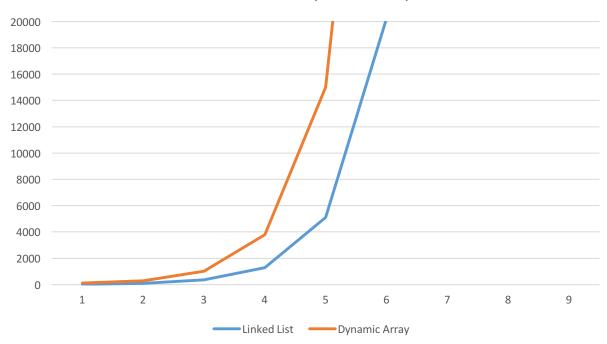
Below are my findings from the test between the dynamic array and the linked list implementations:

Assignment 3 Plot Chart					
		Memory Usage (KB)		Time (Milliseconds)	
2^n	n elements	Linked List	Dynamic Array	Linked List	Dynamic Array
10	1024	1184	124	20	120
11	2048	1184	124	90	280
12	4096	1184	124	370	1020
13	8192	1440	2172	1290	3800
14	16384	2232	2172	5100	15010
15	32768	4080	2172	20280	57920
16	65536	10544	2308	85640	231780
17	131072	20968	2356	325630	>600000
18	262144	41552	2436	>60000	>600000

Memory Usage Linked List v Dynamic Array



Time Usage Linked List v Dynamic Array



Below are my answers to the questions presented in problem 2 of the assignment:

Which of the implementations uses more memory? Explain why:

In the exams performed, it's relatively obvious the Linked List implementation absorbed more memory than the dynamic array implementation. The linked list implementation has a lot of memory overhead in which it needs to not only allocate memory for the list, but for the links, the sentinals, and the front and previous pointers. This in turn creates a great stress on the memory needed to perform the necessary operations.

Which of the implementation is the fastest? Explain why:

The dynamic array was the fastest. Since array is in a continuous chunk of memory, the function calls do not need to perform any large calculations for offsets of addresses between various pointers. This results in faster traversals of the structure and better performance.

Would you expect anything to change if the loop performed remove() instead of contains()? If so, why?

With remove, for linked list and dynamic array, the remove() function is an O(1) operation, at worst, each time no matter what. Meanwhile, a contains() function at worst can be an O(n) operation. And the reason for the O(n) operations, is because you will need to traverse the entire lists, linked list or dynamic array, in order to find the element currently looking for.