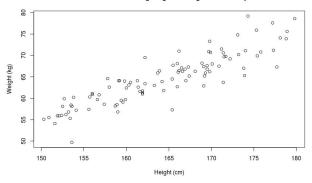
#### Question 1

 $\textbf{a)} > \texttt{plot(height, weight, main="Scatter Plot of Weight against Height of Plot of P$ 100 People", ylab="Weight (kg)", xlab="Height (cm)")

### Scatter Plot of Weight against Height of 100 People



## b) > abline(lm(weight~height), col="red")

# Scatter Plot of Weight against Height of 100 People 80 75 70 65 90 22 20 165 170 Height (cm)

```
> hw.lm <-lm(weight~height)
```

> summary(hw.lm)

# Call:

lm(formula = weight ~ height)

## Residuals:

1Q Median -7.9750 -1.5062 -0.0422 1.6109 7.9519

## Coefficients:

Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|) 5.79994 -7.885 4.47e-12 \*\*\* 0.03527 19.031 < 2e-16 \*\*\* (Intercept) -45.73068 height 0.67113

Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 2.752 on 98 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.787, Adjusted R-squared: 0. F-statistic: 362.2 on 1 and 98 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16 Adjusted R-squared: 0.7849

> a <- -45.73068

> b <- 0.67113

y = a + bx

y = -45.73068 + 0.67113(x)

## c) what is meaning of Estimate in row labeled "height" in table of (b)

slope of the graph

## Question 2

```
> ph <- c(5.3, 8.0, 6.0, 6.2, 6.7, 7.4, 7.7, 7.5, 6.6, 5.1, 7.0, 7.7)
> eff <- c(30.2, 59, 37.3, 38, 42, 52, 56.3, 55.4, 43.3, 27.8, 44.8,
55.1)
```

# a)

> pe.lm1 <- lm(eff~ph)

> summary(pe.lm1)

Call:

lm(formula = eff ~ ph)

# Residuals:

Min 1Q Median 3Q Max -2.8341 -0.3387 0.2636 0.8577 2.3357

# Coefficients:

Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
-28.3889 3.2832 -8.647 5.92e-06 \*\*\*
10.8604 0.4808 22.588 6.51e-10 \*\*\* (Intercept) -28.3889 ph 10.8604

Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 1.53 on 10 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.9808, Adjusted R-squared: 0 Multiple R-squared: 0.9808, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9789 F-statistic: 510.2 on 1 and 10 DF, p-value: 6.51e-10

```
Model1 <- "y = -28.3889 + 10.8604(x)"
> pe.1m2 <- lm(eff~ph+(I(ph^2)))
  summary(pe.1m2)
 lm(formula = eff \sim ph + (I(ph^2)))
 Residuals:
                 10
                     Median
 -2.10391 -0.62425 0.03311 0.70171 2.33325
 Coefficients:
             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
 (Intercept) 16.0767
                         21.7334 0.740
6.7240 -0.445
 I(ph^2)
               1.0562
                           0.5118 2.064 0.0691 .
 Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
Residual standard error: 1.329 on 9 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.987, Adjusted R-squared: 0
F-statistic: 340.4 on 2 and 9 DF, p-value: 3.31e-09
Model2 <- "y <- 16.0767 - 2.9898(x) + 1.0562(x)"
```

# Model 2 better fit as R-squared is higher

## b) > m1.r2 <- 0.9808 > m2.r2 <- 0.987

## C)

> h0 <- "no significant difference"

> ha <- "some significant difference"

```
> anova(pe.lm1, pe.lm2)
Analysis of Variance Table
Model 1: eff ~ ph
Model 2: eff ~ ph + (I(ph^2))
Res.Df RSS Df Sum of Sq
1 10 23.409
         9 15.890 1 7.5198 4.2592 0.06905 .
```

Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1

> p-value <- 0.06905

no need to reject null hypothesis as p-value (at 10%) is higher than 5%

## Question 3

```
> A.df <- read.csv("Question3 Week9.csv")
```

# a)

> a.lm <- lm(y~x, data = A.df) > summary(a.lm)

Call:

 $lm(formula = y \sim x, data = A.df)$ 

Residuals:

1Q Median 30 -64.828 -30.008 -7.297 4.606 261.626

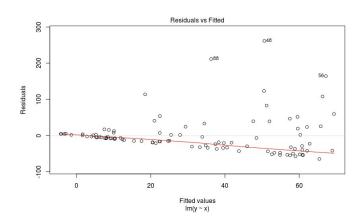
## Coefficients:

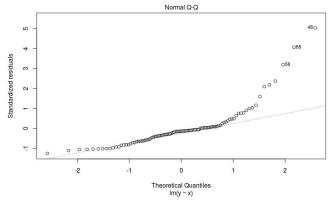
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|) -4.314 14.830 9.896 -0.436 0.664 3.426 4.328 3.63e-05 \*\*\* (Intercept)

Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1

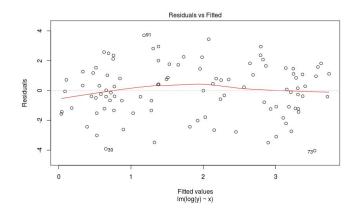
Residual standard error: 52.3 on 98 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.1605, Adjusted R-squared: 0 F-statistic: 18.73 on 1 and 98 DF, p-value: 3.628e-05 Adjusted R-squared: 0.1519

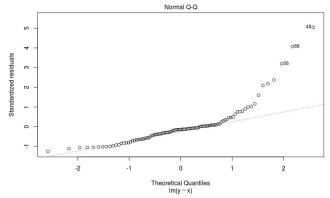
> plot(a.lm)





 $b) > \text{alog.lm} <- \text{lm}(\log(y) \sim x, \text{ data = A.df})$ plot(alog.lm)





 $c) \log(y) = a + bx$ 

d) each time x is increased by 1, y is multiplied by

## Question 4

c)

> BirdCalls <-

read.csv("~/git/R/R/mam5120/assessed prac 2/BirdCalls.csv")

> plot(BirdCalls\$Temp, BirdCalls\$CallRate)

> abline(lm(BirdCalls\$CallRate~BirdCalls\$Temp), col="red")

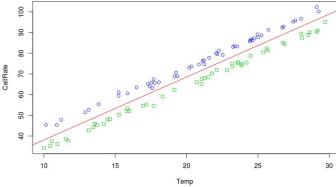
```
100
      90
      80
BirdCalls$CallRate
      20
      9
      20
      10
                10
                                            15
                                                                         20
                                                                                                       25
                                                                 BirdCalls$Temp
```

```
> bc.lm <- lm(CallRate~Temp, data = BirdCalls)
> summary(bc.lm)
 Call:
 lm(formula = CallRate ~ Temp, data = BirdCalls)
 Residuals:
 Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
-6.8980 -4.2658 -0.1974 4.3263 7.1140
 Coefficients:
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 7.68117 1.78674 4.299 4.05e-05 ***
Temp 3.04165 0.08432 36.073 < 2e-16 ***
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
 Residual standard error: 4.56 on 98 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.93, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9292
F-statistic: 1301 on 1 and 98 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

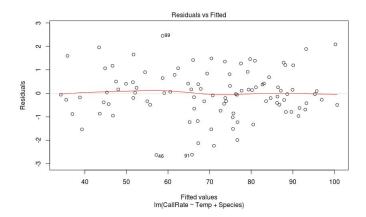
> plot(bc.lm2)

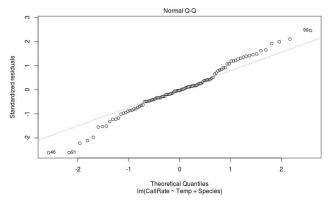
> plot(CallRate~Temp, data = BirdCalls, pch=Species, col=Species+3)

> abline(lm(BirdCalls\$CallRate~BirdCalls\$Temp), col="red")



```
e) > bc.lm2 <- lm(CallRate~Temp+Species, data = BirdCalls)</pre>
> summary(bc.1m2)
Call:
lm(formula = CallRate ~ Temp + Species, data = BirdCalls)
Residuals:
Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
-2.62449 -0.48942 -0.03041 0.54017 2.45042
Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
4.26512 0.40630 10.50 <2e-16
2.99318 0.01884 158.86 <2e-16
(Intercept) 4.26512
Temp 2.99318
                                                     <2e-16 ***
Species
                 8.81838
                              0.20378
                                         43.27
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
 Residual standard error: 1.017 on 97 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.9966, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9965 F-statistic: 1.401e+04 on 2 and 97 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```





```
species estimate is quite high
\textbf{f)} > \texttt{BirdCalls3.lm} <- \texttt{lm}(\texttt{CallRate} \sim \texttt{Temp} * \texttt{Species, data} = \texttt{BirdCalls})
> summary(BirdCalls3.lm)
Call:
 lm(formula = CallRate ~ Temp * Species, data = BirdCalls)
Residuals:
                      Median
                 10
 -2.67998 -0.48657 0.03269 0.54759 2.33505
Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                      7.722 1.1e-11 ***
 (Intercept)
               3.97674
                            0.51499
                            0.02452 122.664
                                               < 2e-16 ***
                3.00748
 Temp
 Species
                9.53778
                            0.81427 11.713
 Temp:Species -0.03501
                            0.03836 -0.913
                                                 0.364
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 1.018 on 96 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.9966, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9
F-statistic: 9326 on 3 and 96 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.9965
p-value for Temp:Species is 0.364: R-squared is
0.9966 with adjusted R-squared being 0.9965
> rs.m2 <- c(-2.62449, -0.48942, -0.03041, 0.54017, 2.45042)
> rs.m3 <- c(-2.67998, -0.48657, 0.03269, 0.54759, 2.33505)
> rs.m2.sum <- sum(rs.m2)
> rs.m3.sum <- sum(rs.m3)
> rs.m2.sum
[1] -0.15373
> rs.m3.sum
[1] -0.25122
model 2 produced -0.15373 sum of residual squares,
```

model 3 produced -0.25122 sum of residual squares