# Nipype: Opensource platform for unified and replicable interaction with existing neuroimaging tools

SS Ghosh<sup>1</sup>, C Burns<sup>2</sup>, D Clark<sup>2</sup>, K Gorgolewski<sup>3</sup>, YO Halchenko<sup>4</sup>, C Madison<sup>2</sup>, R Tungaraza<sup>5</sup>, KJ Millman<sup>2</sup> MIT, Cambridge, MA, USA <sup>2</sup>U. California, Berkeley, CA, USA <sup>3</sup>U. Edinburgh, UK <sup>4</sup>Dartmouth College, Hanover, NH, USA <sup>5</sup>U. Washington, Seattle, WA, USA

## Introduction

Current neuroimaging software offer users an incredible opportunity to analyze their data in different ways, with different underlying assumptions. However, this has resulted in a heterogeneous collection of specialized applications without transparent interoperability or a uniform operating interface. Nipype solves these issues by providing a uniform interface to existing neuroimaging software and by facilitating interaction between these packages within a single workflow.

## Problems addressed

- Optimal workflows. Integrating different packages is tedious.
- Developers nightmare. No standard framework for disseminating tools across packages.
- **Knowledge distribution.** Training new personnel takes time.
- Leveraging technology. Many packages do not address computational efficiency.
- Replicating research. Method sections are often inadequate for replication or review.

## Features

- Multi-package support. Uniform crosspackage interface (supports SPM, FSL, FreeSurfer components).
- Minimal programming knowledge. A high level scripting interface to design workflows intended for non-programmers.
- Parallel execution. No additional coding necessary for parallel execution of processing stages.
- **Pedagogical.** Can be used as a teaching tool and facilitates user training.
- Well documented. Code documentation becomes user documentation.
- Shared workflows. Workflows separate execution stages from data and can be shared within and across labs.

## Conclusion

- Provides an environment for interactive manipulation of data through a Python interface as well as for performing reproducible, distributed analysis using a pipeline system.
- Encourages scientific exploration of different algorithms and associated parameters.
- Simplifies the development of workflows within and between packages.
- Reduces the learning curve associated with understanding the algorithms, APIs and user interfaces of disparate packages.

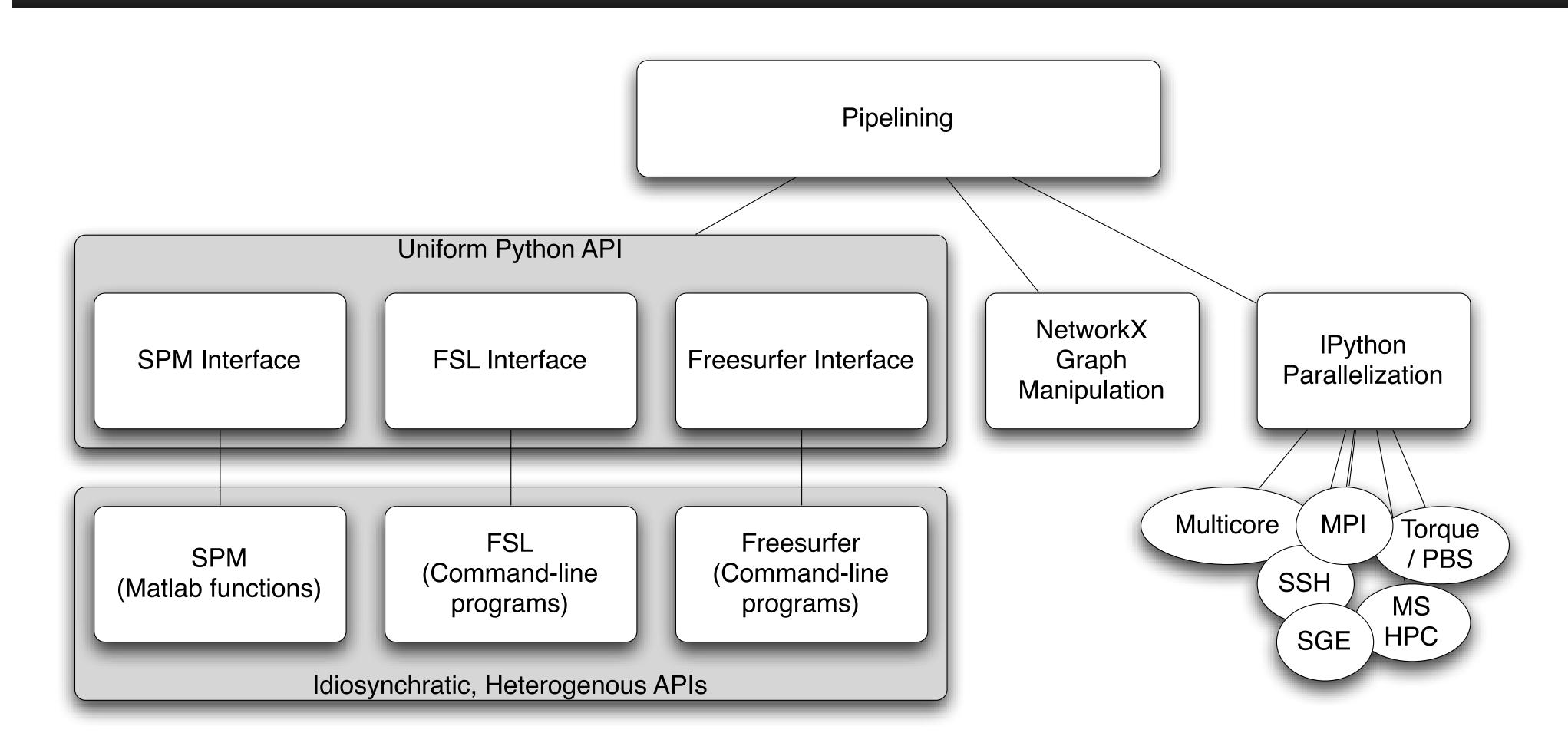
Engages the community
Available for all
Workflows are records
Minimizes redundancy

Collaborative
Opensource
Reproducible
Efficient

## Software dependencies

Nipy nipy.org
IPython ipython.scipy.org
Scipy,Numpy scipy.org
NetworkX networkx.lanl.gov
Traits www.enthought.com
Also available from NeuroDebian (neuro.debian.net)

## Component Architecture Diagram



# Uniform package interface

In [5]: from nipype.interfaces.fsl import BET
In [6]: BET.help()

#### Inputs

Mandatory:

in\_file: input file to skull strip

#### Optional:

args: Additional parameters to the command
environ: Environment variables (default={})
frac: fractional intensity threshold
functional: apply to 4D fMRI data
 mutually exclusive: functional, reduce\_bias
mask: create binary mask image

#### Outputs

out\_file: path/name of skullstripped file
...

In [7]: bet = BET()
In [8]: res = bet.run(in\_file='struct.nii', mask=True)

# Simple workflow construction

## **Import components**

from nipype.pipeline.engine import (Workflow,
Node, Mapnode)
from nipype.interfaces.spm import Realign
from nipype.interfaces.fsl import Smooth

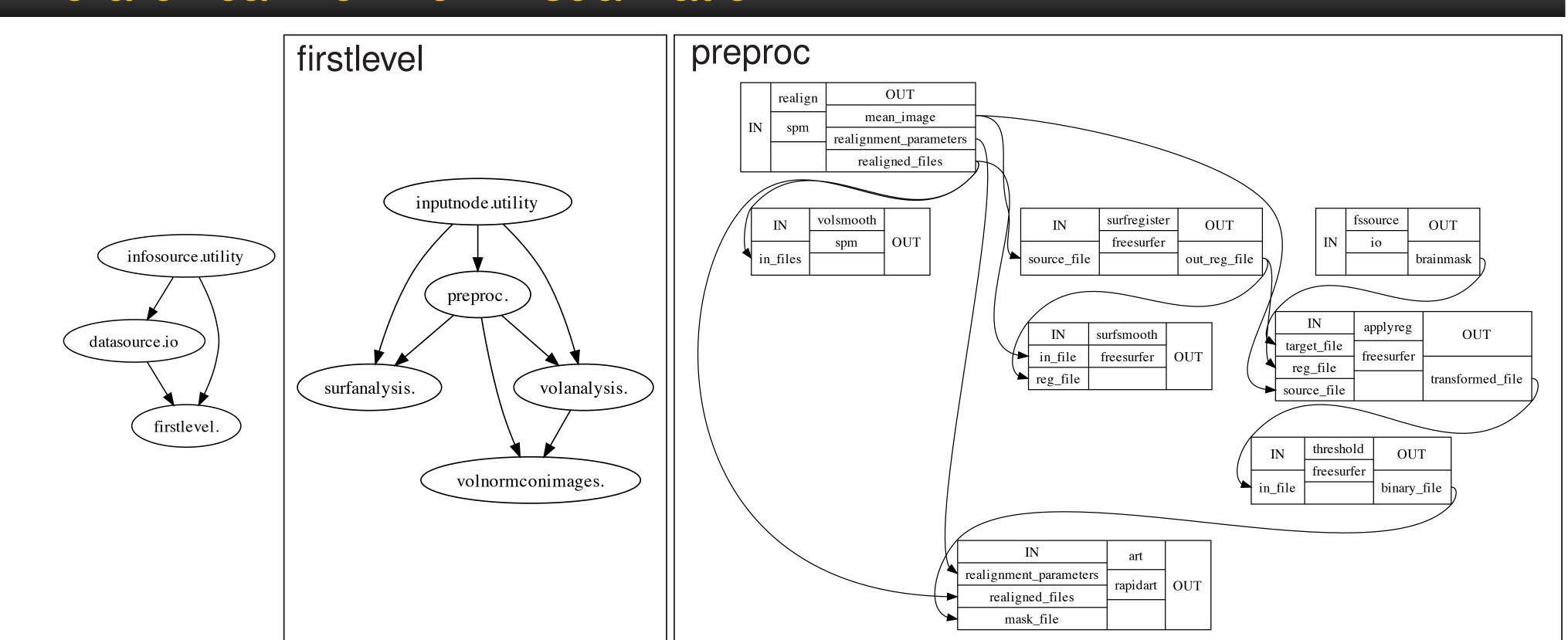
#### **Define processes**

#### **Construct workflow**

### **Execute workflow**

preproc.inputs.realign.in\_files = ['run1.nii', 'run2.nii']
preproc.base\_dir = './workdir'
preproc.run()

## Hierarchical workflow visualization



## Parallel execution

- Leverages IPython for distributed computation.
- Non-dependent processes can be executed in parallel.
- No additional coding necessary.
- Example: SPM fMRI workflow on 69 subjects
  - Serial runtime: 36 h
  - Nipype runtime: 1 h 40 min on 40 cores.

## Funding

This project was supported by NIH grants NIBIB R03 EB008673, NIMH R01 MH081909, and IBIC, U. of Washington, Seattle.

## Future plans

- More interfaces.
  - Complete coverage of existing packages.
  - Newer registration algorithms (e.g., ANTS - U. Penn, CVS - MGH)
  - Integration with tools in Nipy, Dipy and Nitime.
  - Integrate with Slicer
- Web interface. A graphical interface to define workflows.
- Workflow repository. Create a centralized location for version controlled workflows.
- Additional modalities. Extend to PET, EEG/MEG, fNIRS.