# ESP32-WROOM-32

# **Datasheet**



## **About This Document**

This document provides the specifications for the ESP32-WROOM-32 module.

### **Document Updates**

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## **Revision History**

For revision history of this document, please refer to the last page.

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### 1 Overview

ESP32-WROOM-32 is a powerful, generic Wi-Fi + Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> + Bluetooth LE MCU module that targets a wide variety of applications, ranging from low-power sensor networks to the most demanding tasks, such as voice encoding, music streaming and MP3 decoding.

At the core of this module is the ESP32-D0WDQ6 chip\*. The chip embedded is designed to be scalable and adaptive. There are two CPU cores that can be individually controlled, and the CPU clock frequency is adjustable from 80 MHz to 240 MHz. The chip also has a low-power coprocessor that can be used instead of the CPU to save power while performing tasks that do not require much computing power, such as monitoring of peripherals. ESP32 integrates a rich set of peripherals, ranging from capacitive touch sensors, SD card interface, Ethernet, high-speed SPI, UART, I2S, and I2C.

#### Note:

\* For details on the part numbers of the ESP32 family of chips, please refer to the document ESP32 Datasheet.

The integration of Bluetooth, Bluetooth LE and Wi-Fi ensures that a wide range of applications can be targeted, and that the module is all-around: using Wi-Fi allows a large physical range and direct connection to the Internet through a Wi-Fi router, while using Bluetooth allows the user to conveniently connect to the phone or broadcast low energy beacons for its detection. The sleep current of the ESP32 chip is less than 5  $\mu$ A, making it suitable for battery powered and wearable electronics applications. The module supports a data rate of up to 150 Mbps, and 20 dBm output power at the antenna to ensure the widest physical range. As such the module does offer industry-leading specifications and the best performance for electronic integration, range, power consumption, and connectivity.

The operating system chosen for ESP32 is freeRTOS with LwIP; TLS 1.2 with hardware acceleration is built in as well. Secure (encrypted) over the air (OTA) upgrade is also supported, so that users can upgrade their products even after their release, at minimum cost and effort.

Table 1 provides the specifications of ESP32-WROOM-32.

Table 1: ESP32-WROOM-32 Specifications

Categories	Items	Specifications			
	RF certification	See certificates for ESP32-WROOM-32			
Certification	Wi-Fi certification	Wi-Fi Alliance			
Certification	Bluetooth certification	BQB			
	Green certification	RoHS/REACH			
Test	Reliablity	HTOL/HTSL/uHAST/TCT/ESD			
		802.11 b/g/n (802.11n up to 150 Mbps)			
Wi-Fi	Protocols	A-MPDU and A-MSDU aggregation and 0.4 $\mu s$ guard interval			
V V I - I I		support			
	Center frequency range of oper-	2412 ~ 2484 MHz			
	ating channel	2412 ~ 2404 IVII IZ			
	Protocols	Bluetooth v4.2 BR/EDR and Bluetooth LE specification			
		NZIF receiver with –97 dBm sensitivity			
Bluetooth	Radio	Class-1, class-2 and class-3 transmitter			
		AFH			

Categories	Items	Specifications				
	Audio	CVSD and SBC				
		SD card, UART, SPI, SDIO, I2C, LED PWM, Motor PWM,				
	Module interfaces	I2S, IR, pulse counter, GPIO, capacitive touch sensor, ADC,				
	Wodule lifterfaces	DAC, Two-Wire Automotive Interface (TWAI®), compatible				
		with ISO11898-1 (CAN Specification 2.0)				
	Integrated crystal	40 MHz crystal				
	Integrated SPI flash	4 MB				
Hardware	Operating voltage/Power supply	3.0 V ~ 3.6 V				
	Operating current	Average: 80 mA				
	Minimum current delivered by	500 mA				
	power supply	300 IIIA				
	Recommended operating ambi-	-40 °C ~ +85 °C				
	ent temperature range	-40 C 10 +00 C				
	Package size	18 mm × 25.5 mm × 3.10 mm				
	Moisture sensitivity level (MSL)	Level 3				

## **Pin Definitions**

#### Pin Layout 2.1

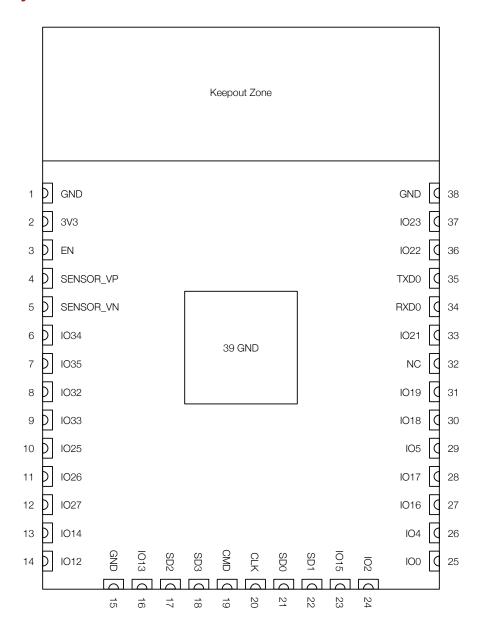


Figure 1: ESP32-WROOM-32 Pin Layout (Top View)

#### 2.2 **Pin Description**

ESP32-WROOM-32 has 38 pins. See pin definitions in Table 2.

Table 2: Pin Definitions

Name	No.	Type	Function
GND	1	Р	Ground
3V3	2	Р	Power supply
EN	3	I	Module-enable signal. Active high.

Name	No.	Type	Function
SENSOR_VP	4	I	GPIO36, ADC1_CH0, RTC_GPIO0
SENSOR_VN	5	I	GPIO39, ADC1_CH3, RTC_GPIO3
IO34	6	1	GPIO34, ADC1_CH6, RTC_GPIO4
IO35	7	I	GPIO35, ADC1_CH7, RTC_GPIO5
IO32	8	I/O	GPIO32, XTAL_32K_P (32.768 kHz crystal oscillator input), ADC1_CH4, TOUCH9, RTC_GPIO9
IO33	9	I/O	GPIO33, XTAL_32K_N (32.768 kHz crystal oscillator output), ADC1_CH5, TOUCH8, RTC_GPIO8
IO25	10	I/O	GPIO25, DAC_1, ADC2_CH8, RTC_GPIO6, EMAC_RXD0
IO26	11	I/O	GPIO26, DAC_2, ADC2_CH9, RTC_GPIO7, EMAC_RXD1
IO27	12	I/O	GPIO27, ADC2_CH7, TOUCH7, RTC_GPIO17, EMAC_RX_DV
IO14	13	I/O	GPIO14, ADC2_CH6, TOUCH6, RTC_GPIO16, MTMS, HSPICLK, HS2_CLK, SD_CLK, EMAC_TXD2
IO12	14	I/O	GPIO12, ADC2_CH5, TOUCH5, RTC_GPIO15, MTDI, HSPIQ, HS2_DATA2, SD_DATA2, EMAC_TXD3
GND	15	Р	Ground
IO13	16	I/O	GPIO13, ADC2_CH4, TOUCH4, RTC_GPIO14, MTCK, HSPID, HS2_DATA3, SD_DATA3, EMAC_RX_ER
SHD/SD2*	17	I/O	GPIO9, SD_DATA2, SPIHD, HS1_DATA2, U1RXD
SWP/SD3*	18	I/O	GPIO10, SD_DATA3, SPIWP, HS1_DATA3, U1TXD
SCS/CMD*	19	I/O	GPIO11, SD_CMD, SPICSO, HS1_CMD, U1RTS
SCK/CLK*	20	I/O	GPIO6, SD_CLK, SPICLK, HS1_CLK, U1CTS
SDO/SD0*	21	I/O	GPIO7, SD_DATA0, SPIQ, HS1_DATA0, U2RTS
SDI/SD1*	22	I/O	GPIO8, SD_DATA1, SPID, HS1_DATA1, U2CTS
IO15	23	I/O	GPIO15, ADC2_CH3, TOUCH3, MTDO, HSPICSO, RTC_GPIO13, HS2_CMD, SD_CMD, EMAC_RXD3
IO2	24	I/O	GPIO2, ADC2_CH2, TOUCH2, RTC_GPIO12, HSPIWP, HS2_DATA0, SD_DATA0
100	25	I/O	GPIO0, ADC2_CH1, TOUCH1, RTC_GPIO11, CLK_OUT1, EMAC_TX_CLK
IO4	26	I/O	GPIO4, ADC2_CH0, TOUCH0, RTC_GPIO10, HSPIHD, HS2_DATA1, SD_DATA1, EMAC_TX_ER
IO16	27	I/O	GPIO16, HS1_DATA4, U2RXD, EMAC_CLK_OUT
IO17	28	I/O	GPIO17, HS1_DATA5, U2TXD, EMAC_CLK_OUT_180
105	29	I/O	GPIO5, VSPICSO, HS1_DATA6, EMAC_RX_CLK
IO18	30	I/O	GPIO18, VSPICLK, HS1_DATA7
IO19	31	I/O	GPIO19, VSPIQ, U0CTS, EMAC_TXD0
NC	32	-	-
IO21	33	I/O	GPIO21, VSPIHD, EMAC_TX_EN
RXD0	34	I/O	GPIO3, U0RXD, CLK_OUT2
TXD0	35	I/O	GPIO1, U0TXD, CLK_OUT3, EMAC_RXD2
IO22	36	I/O	GPIO22, VSPIWP, U0RTS, EMAC_TXD1
IO23	37	I/O	GPIO23, VSPID, HS1_STROBE
GND	38	Р	Ground

#### Notice:

\* Pins SCK/CLK, SDO/SD0, SDI/SD1, SHD/SD2, SWP/SD3 and SCS/CMD, namely, GPIO6 to GPIO11 are connected to the integrated SPI flash integrated on the module and are not recommended for other uses.

### 2.3 Strapping Pins

ESP32 has five strapping pins, which can be seen in Chapter 6 Schematics:

- MTDI
- GPI00
- GPIO2
- MTDO
- GPI05

Software can read the values of these five bits from register "GPIO\_STRAPPING".

During the chip's system reset release (power-on-reset, RTC watchdog reset and brownout reset), the latches of the strapping pins sample the voltage level as strapping bits of "0" or "1", and hold these bits until the chip is powered down or shut down. The strapping bits configure the device's boot mode, the operating voltage of VDD\_SDIO and other initial system settings.

Each strapping pin is connected to its internal pull-up/pull-down during the chip reset. Consequently, if a strapping pin is unconnected or the connected external circuit is high-impedance, the internal weak pull-up/pull-down will determine the default input level of the strapping pins.

To change the strapping bit values, users can apply the external pull-down/pull-up resistances, or use the host MCU's GPIOs to control the voltage level of these pins when powering on ESP32.

After reset release, the strapping pins work as normal-function pins.

Refer to Table 3 for a detailed boot-mode configuration by strapping pins.

**Table 3: Strapping Pins** 

	Voltage of Internal LDO (VDD_SDIO)								
Pin	Default	3.3 V 1.8			3 V				
MTDI	Pull-down	(	)	-	1				
		Вс	ooting Mode						
Pin	Default	SPL	Boot	Downlo	ad Boot				
GPI00	Pull-up	-	1	(	)				
GPIO2	Pull-down	Don't	t-care	0					
Е	nabling/Disa	bling Debugging	g Log Print over	U0TXD During I	Booting				
Pin	Default	UOTXD	) Active	UOTXE	) Silent				
MTDO	Pull-up	-	1	(	)				
		Timinç	g of SDIO Slave						
		FE Sampling	FE Sampling	RE Sampling	RE Sampling				
Pin	Default	FE Output RE Output FE Output RE 0			RE Output				
MTDO	Pull-up	0	0	1	1				
GPIO5	Pull-up	0	1	0	1				

#### Note:

- Firmware can configure register bits to change the settings of "Voltage of Internal LDO (VDD\_SDIO)" and "Timing of SDIO Slave" after booting.
- The module integrates a 3.3 V SPI flash, so the pin MTDI cannot be set to 1 when the module is powered up.

The illustration below shows the setup and hold times for the strapping pins before and after the CHIP\_PU signal goes high. Details about the parameters are listed in Table 4.

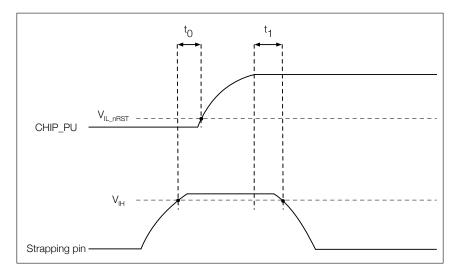


Figure 2: Setup and Hold Times for the Strapping Pins

Table 4: Parameter Descriptions of Setup and Hold Times for the Strapping Pins

Parameters	Description	Min.	Unit
$t_0$	Setup time before CHIP_PU goes from low to high	0	ms
t <sub>1</sub>	Hold time after CHIP_PU goes high	1	ms

# 3 Functional Description

This chapter describes the modules and functions integrated in ESP32-WROOM-32.

### 3.1 CPU and Internal Memory

ESP32-D0WDQ6 contains two low-power Xtensa® 32-bit LX6 microprocessors. The internal memory includes:

- 448 KB of ROM for booting and core functions.
- 520 KB of on-chip SRAM for data and instructions.
- 8 KB of SRAM in RTC, which is called RTC FAST Memory and can be used for data storage; it is accessed by the main CPU during RTC Boot from the Deep-sleep mode.
- 8 KB of SRAM in RTC, which is called RTC SLOW Memory and can be accessed by the co-processor during the Deep-sleep mode.
- 1 Kbit of eFuse: 256 bits are used for the system (MAC address and chip configuration) and the remaining 768 bits are reserved for customer applications, including flash-encryption and chip-ID.

#### 3.2 External Flash and SRAM

ESP32 supports multiple external QSPI flash and SRAM chips. More details can be found in Chapter SPI in the ESP32 Technical Reference Manual. ESP32 also supports hardware encryption/decryption based on AES to protect developers' programs and data in flash.

ESP32 can access the external QSPI flash and SRAM through high-speed caches.

- The external flash can be mapped into CPU instruction memory space and read-only memory space simultaneously.
  - When external flash is mapped into CPU instruction memory space, up to 11 MB + 248 KB can be mapped at a time. Note that if more than 3 MB + 248 KB are mapped, cache performance will be reduced due to speculative reads by the CPU.
  - When external flash is mapped into read-only data memory space, up to 4 MB can be mapped at a time. 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit reads are supported.
- External SRAM can be mapped into CPU data memory space. Up to 4 MB can be mapped at a time. 8-bit, 16-bit and 32-bit reads and writes are supported.

ESP32-WROOM-32 integrates a 4 MB SPI flash, which is connected to GPIO6, GPIO7, GPIO8, GPIO9, GPIO10 and GPIO11. These six pins cannot be used as regular GPIOs.

# 3.3 Crystal Oscillators

The module uses a 40-MHz crystal oscillator.

# RTC and Low-Power Management

With the use of advanced power-management technologies, ESP32 can switch between different power modes.

For details on ESP32's power consumption in different power modes, please refer to section "RTC and Low-Power Management" in ESP32 Datasheet.

# Peripherals and Sensors

Please refer to Section Peripherals and Sensors in *ESP32 Datasheet*.

#### Note:

External connections can be made to any GPIO except for GPIOs in the range 6-11. These six GPIOs are connected to the module's integrated SPI flash. For details, please see Section 6 Schematics.

### 5 Electrical Characteristics

### 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond the absolute maximum ratings listed in Table 5 below may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and do not refer to the functional operation of the device that should follow the recommended operating conditions.

**Table 5: Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
VDD33	Power supply voltage	-0.3	3.6	V
$  _{output}  _{1}$	Cumulative IO output current	-	1,100	mA
$T_{store}$	Storage temperature	-40	105	°C

- The module worked properly after a 24-hour test in ambient temperature at 25 °C, and the IOs in three domains (VDD3P3\_RTC, VDD3P3\_CPU, VDD\_SDIO) output high logic level to ground. Please note that pins occupied by flash and/or PSRAM in the VDD\_SDIO power domain were excluded from the test.
- 2. Please see Appendix IO\_MUX of ESP32 Datasheet for IO's power domain.

## 5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

**Table 6: Recommended Operating Conditions** 

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
VDD33	Power supply voltage	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
$I_{VDD}$	Current delivered by external power supply	0.5	-	-	А
Т	Operating ambient temperature	-40	-	85	°C

## 5.3 DC Characteristics (3.3 V, 25 °C)

Table 7: DC Characteristics (3.3 V, 25 °C)

Symbol	Par	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
$C_{IN}$	Pin capacitance		-	2	-	рF
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage		0.75×VDD <sup>1</sup>	-	VDD1+0.3	V
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage		-0.3	-	0.25×VDD <sup>1</sup>	V
$ I_{IH} $	High-level input current		-	-	50	nA
$ I_{IL} $	Low-level input current	-	ı	50	nA	
$V_{OH}$	High-level output voltage	0.8×VDD <sup>1</sup>	ı	-	V	
$V_{OL}$	Low-level output voltage	-	-	0.1×VDD <sup>1</sup>	٧	
	High-level source current	VDD3P3_CPU power domain $^{1,\;2}$	-	40	-	mA
$I_{OH}$	$(VDD^1 = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{OH} >= 2.64 \text{ V},$	VDD3P3_RTC power domain $^{1,\;2}$	-	40	-	mA
	output drive strength set to the maximum)	VDD_SDIO power domain <sup>1, 3</sup>	-	20	-	mA

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Low-level sink current				
$I_{OL}$	$(VDD^1 = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{OL} = 0.495 \text{ V},$		28	-	mA
	output drive strength set to the maximum)				
$R_{PU}$	Resistance of internal pull-up resistor	-	45	-	kΩ
$R_{PD}$	Resistance of internal pull-down resistor	-	45	-	kΩ
$V_{IL\_nRST}$	Low-level input voltage of CHIP_PU to shut down the chip	-	-	0.6	V

#### Notes:

- 1. Please see Appendix IO\_MUX of <u>ESP32 Datasheet</u> for IO's power domain. VDD is the I/O voltage for a particular power domain of pins.
- 2. For VDD3P3\_CPU and VDD3P3\_RTC power domain, per-pin current sourced in the same domain is gradually reduced from around 40 mA to around 29 mA,  $V_{OH}>=2.64$  V, as the number of current-source pins increases.
- 3. Pins occupied by flash and/or PSRAM in the VDD\_SDIO power domain were excluded from the test.

#### 5.4 Wi-Fi Radio

Table 8: Wi-Fi Radio Characteristics

Parameter	Condition	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Center frequency range of oper-	-	2412	-	2484	MHz
ating channel $^{note1}$					
Output impedance note2	-	-	note 2	-	Ω
TX power <sup>note3</sup>	11n, MCS7	12	13	14	dBm
	11b mode	17.5	18.5	20	dBm
Sensitivity	11b, 1 Mbps	-	-98	-	dBm
	11b, 11 Mbps	-	-89	-	dBm
	11g, 6 Mbps	-	-92	-	dBm
	11g, 54 Mbps	-	-74	-	dBm
	11n, HT20, MCS0	-	<b>-</b> 91	-	dBm
	11n, HT20, MCS7	-	<b>-</b> 71	-	dBm
	11n, HT40, MCS0	-	-89	-	dBm
	11n, HT40, MCS7	-	-69	-	dBm
Adjacent channel rejection	11g, 6 Mbps	-	31	-	dB
	11g, 54 Mbps	-	14	-	dB
	11n, HT20, MCS0	-	31	-	dB
	11n, HT20, MCS7	-	13	-	dB

- 1. Device should operate in the center frequency range of operating channel allocated by regional regulatory authorities. Target center frequency range of operating channel is configurable by software.
- 2. For the modules that use external antennas, the output impedance is 50  $\Omega$ . For other modules without external antennas, users do not need to concern about the output impedance.
- 3. Target TX power is configurable based on device or certification requirements.

#### 5.5 **Bluetooth LE Radio**

### 5.5.1 Receiver

Table 9: Receiver Characteristics - Bluetooth LE

Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Sensitivity @30.8% PER	-	-	-97	-	dBm
Maximum received signal @30.8% PER	-	0	-	-	dBm
Co-channel C/I	-	-	+10	-	dB
	F = F0 + 1 MHz	-	-5	-	dB
	F = F0 - 1 MHz	-	<b>-</b> 5	-	dB
Adjacent channel selectivity C/I	F = F0 + 2 MHz	-	-25	-	dB
Adjacent channel selectivity C/1	F = F0 - 2 MHz	-	-35	-	dB
	F = F0 + 3 MHz	-	-25	-	dB
	F = F0 - 3  MHz	-	-45	-	dB
	30 MHz ~ 2000 MHz	-10	-	-	dBm
Out-of-band blocking performance	2000 MHz ~ 2400 MHz	-27	-	-	dBm
Out-or-band blocking pendimance	2500 MHz ~ 3000 MHz	-27	-	-	dBm
	3000 MHz ~ 12.5 GHz	-10	-	-	dBm
Intermodulation	-	-36	-	-	dBm

#### 5.5.2 Transmitter

Table 10: Transmitter Characteristics - Bluetooth LE

Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
RF transmit power	-	-	0	-	dBm
Gain control step	-	-	3	-	dBm
RF power control range	-	-12	-	+9	dBm
	$F = F0 \pm 2 MHz$	-	-52	-	dBm
Adjacent channel transmit power	$F = F0 \pm 3 \text{ MHz}$	-	-58	-	dBm
	$F = F0 \pm > 3 MHz$	-	-60	-	dBm
$\Delta f1_{avg}$	-	-	-	265	kHz
$\Delta f2_{\sf max}$	-	247	-	-	kHz
$\Delta f 2_{\text{avg}}/\Delta f 1_{\text{avg}}$	-	-	-0.92	-	-
ICFT	-	-	-10	-	kHz
Drift rate	-	-	0.7	-	kHz/50 μs
Drift	-	-	2	-	kHz

Schematics

## 6 Schematics

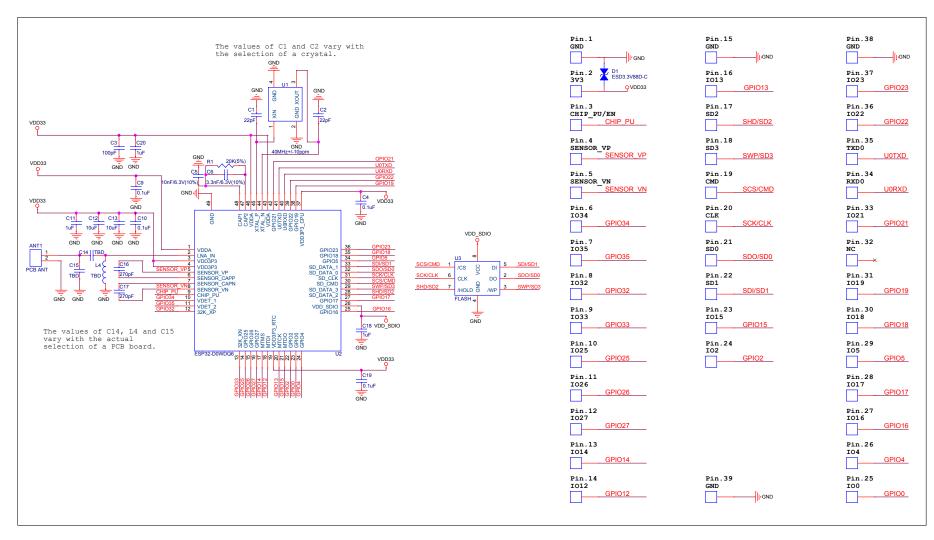


Figure 3: ESP32-WROOM-32 Schematics

# 7 Peripheral Schematics

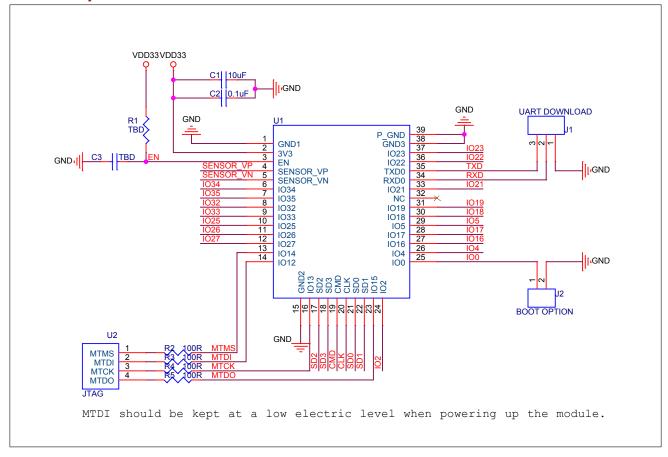


Figure 4: ESP32-WROOM-32 Peripheral Schematics

#### Note:

- Soldering Pad 39 to the Ground of the base board is not necessary for a satisfactory thermal performance. If users do want to solder it, they need to ensure that the correct quantity of soldering paste is applied.
- To ensure the power supply to the ESP32 chip during power-up, it is advised to add an RC delay circuit at the EN pin. The recommended setting for the RC delay circuit is usually R = 10 k $\Omega$  and C = 1  $\mu$ F. However, specific parameters should be adjusted based on the power-up timing of the module and the power-up and reset sequence timing of the chip. For ESP32's power-up and reset sequence timing diagram, please refer to Section *Power Scheme* in *ESP32 Datasheet*.

# **Physical Dimensions**

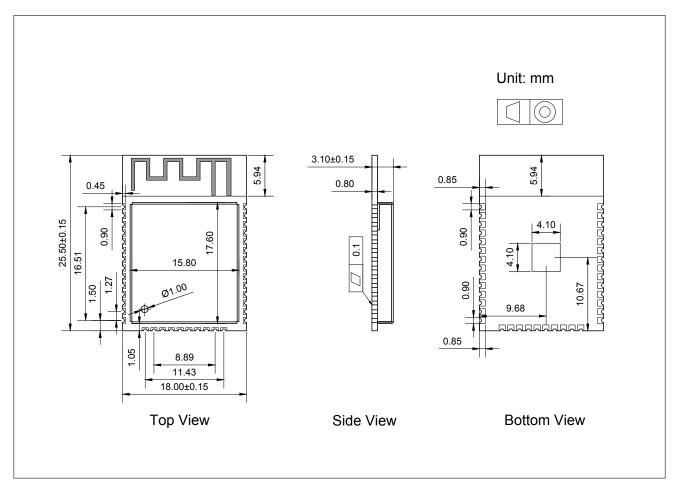


Figure 5: Physical Dimensions of ESP32-WROOM-32

#### Note:

For information about tape, reel, and product marking, please refer to Espressif Module Package Information.

## 9 Recommended PCB Land Pattern

This section provides the following resources for your reference:

- Figures for recommended PCB land patterns with all the dimensions needed for PCB design. See Figure 6 Recommended PCB Land Pattern.
- Source files of recommended PCB land patterns to measure dimensions not covered in Figure 6. You can view the source files for ESP32-WROOM-32 with Autodesk Viewer.

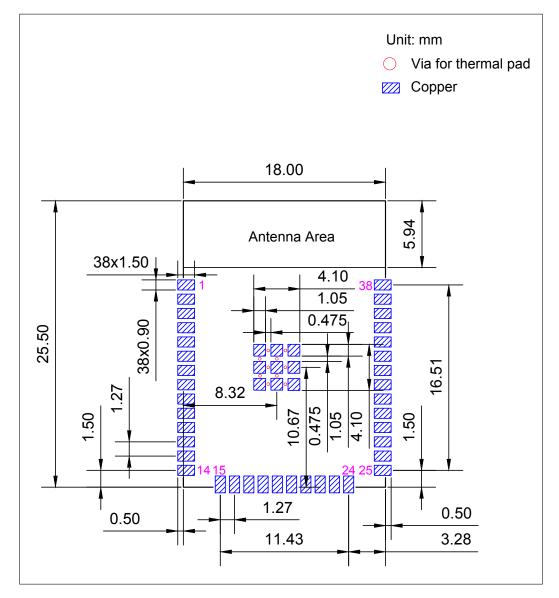


Figure 6: Recommended PCB Land Pattern

# **Product Handling**

#### 10.1 **Storage Conditions**

The products sealed in moisture barrier bags (MBB) should be stored in a non-condensing atmospheric environment of < 40 °C and 90%RH. The module is rated at the moisture sensitivity level (MSL) of 3.

After unpacking, the module must be soldered within 168 hours with the factory conditions 25 ± 5 °C and 60 %RH. If the above conditions are not met, the module needs to be baked.

#### **Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)** 10.2

Human body model (HBM): ±2000 V

• Charged-device model (CDM): ±500 V

#### **Reflow Profile** 10.3

Solder the module in a single reflow.

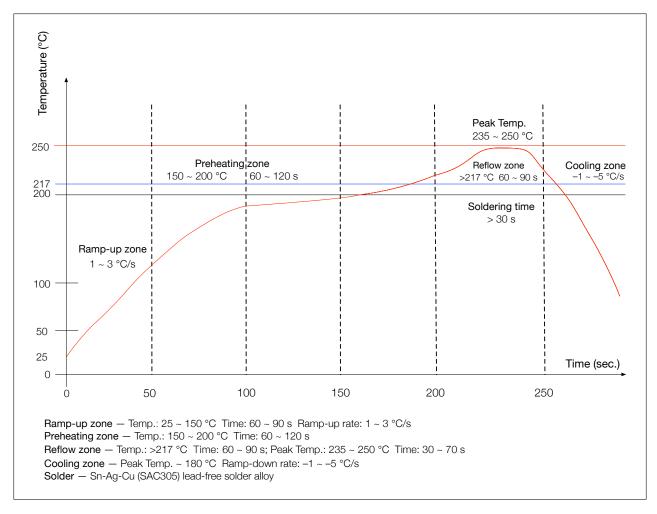


Figure 7: Reflow Profile

#### **Ultrasonic Vibration** 10.4

Avoid exposing Espressif modules to vibration from ultrasonic equipment, such as ultrasonic welders or ultrasonic cleaners. This vibration may induce resonance in the in-module crystal and lead to its malfunction or even failure. As a consequence, the module may stop working or its performance may deteriorate.

# 11 Related Documentation and Resources

#### **Related Documentation**

- ESP32 Series Datasheet Specifications of the ESP32 hardware.
- ESP32 Technical Reference Manual Detailed information on how to use the ESP32 memory and peripherals.
- ESP32 Hardware Design Guidelines Guidelines on how to integrate the ESP32 into your hardware product.
- ESP32 ECO and Workarounds for Bugs Correction of ESP32 design errors.
- Certificates

https://espressif.com/en/support/documents/certificates

• ESP32 Product/Process Change Notifications (PCN)

https://espressif.com/en/support/documents/pcns

• ESP32 Advisories - Information on security, bugs, compatibility, component reliability.

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# **Revision History**

Date	Version	Release notes
		Major updates:
		Removed contents about hall sensor according to PCN20221202
		Added Section 10: Product Handling
2023-02-13	v3.4	Other updates:
2020 02 10	VO.4	<ul> <li>Added strapping pin timing in Section 2.3: Strapping Pins</li> </ul>
		Added source files of PCB land patterns and 3D models of the modules (if available)
		in Section 6: Recommended PCB Land Pattern
		Added a light to DE contification in Table 1
		Added a link to RF certificates in Table 1
2022.03	v3.3	Updated Table 5
		Added a note below Figure 5
		Added Section 11: Related Documentation and Resources
0004 00		Replaced Espressif Product Ordering Information with ESP Product Selector
2021.08	v3.2	Updated the description of TWAI in Table 1
		Labeled this document as (Not Recommended For New Designs)
		Modified the note below Figure: Reflow Profile.
		Updated the trade mark from TWAI™ to TWAI®
2021.02	V3.1	Deleted Reset Circuit and Discharge Circuit for VDD33 Rail in Section 7: Peripheral
		Schematics
		Updated Figure 5: Physical Dimensions of ESP32-WROOM-32 and Figure 6: Recommended
		PCB Land Pattern
		Added TWAI <sup>TM</sup> in Table 1;
2020.11	V3.0	Added a note under Figure: Reflow Profile;
		Updated the C value in RC circuit from 0.1 $\mu$ F to 1 $\mu$ F;
		Provided feedback link.
	V2.9	<ul> <li>Changed the supply voltage range from 2.7 V ~ 3.6 V to 3.0 V ~ 3.6 V;</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added Moisture sensitivity level (MSL) 3 in Table 1 ESP32-WROOM-32 Specifications;</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Added notes about "Operating frequency range" and "TX power" under Table 8 Wi-Fi</li> </ul>
2019.09		Radio Characteristics;
		Updated Section 7 Peripheral Schematics and added a note about RC delay circuit
		under it;
		Updated Figure 6 Recommended PCB Land Pattern.
2019.01	V2.8	Changed the RF power control range in Table 10 from −12 ~ +12 to −12 ~ +9 dBm.
2018.10	V2.7	Added "Cumulative IO output current" entry to Table 5: Absolute Maximum Ratings;
ZU10.1U		Added more parameters to Table 7: DC Characteristics.
		Added reliability test items the module has passed in Table 1: ESP32-WROOM-32
	V2.6	Specifications, and removed software-specific information;
		<ul> <li>Updated section 3.4: RTC and Low-Power Management;</li> </ul>
2018.08		• Changed the module's dimensions from (18±0.2) mm x (25.5 ±0.2) mm x (3.1±0.15)
		mm to (18.00±0.10) mm x (25.50±0.10) mm x (3.10±0.10) mm;
		Updated Figure 8: Physical Dimensions;
		Updated Table 8: Wi-Fi Radio.

Date	Version	Release notes
		Changed the module name to ESP32-WROOM-32;
		Deleted Temperature Sensor in Table 1: ESP32-WROOM-32 Specifications;
		Updated Chapter 3: Functional Description;
		Added Chapter 6: Recommended PCB Land Pattern;
0010 00	\ \( \( \) =	Changes to electrical characteristics:
2018.06	V2.5	Updated Table 5: Absolute Maximum Ratings;
		Added Table 6: Recommended Operating Conditions;
		Added Table 7: DC Characteristics;
		Updated the values of "Gain control step", "Adjacent channel transmit power" in Table
		10: Transmitter Characteristics - BLE.
2018.03	V2.4	Updated Table 1 in Chapter 1.
		Deleted information on LNA pre-amplifier;
2018.01	V2.3	Updated section 3.4 RTC and Low-Power Management;
		Added reset circuit in Chapter 7 and a note to it.
		Updated the description of the chip's system reset in Section 2.3 Strapping Pins;
		Deleted "Association sleep pattern" in Table "Power Consumption by Power Modes" and
2017.10	V2.2	added notes to Active sleep and Modem-sleep;
		Updated the note to Figure 4 Peripheral Schematics;
		Added discharge circuit for VDD33 rail in Chapter 7 and a note to it.
0047.00	1/0.4	Updated operating voltage/power supply range updated to 2.7 ~ 3.6V;
2017.09	V2.1	Updated Chapter 7.
		Changed the sensitivity of NZIF receiver to -97 dBm in Table 1;
		Updated the dimensions of the module;
0017.00	V2.0	Updated Table "Power Consumption by Power Modes" Power Consumption by Power
2017.08		Modes, and added two notes to it;
		Updated Table 5, 8, 9, 10;
		Added Chapter 8;
		Added the link to certification download.
		Added a note to Section 2.1 Pin Layout;
0017.06	\/1 O	Updated Section 3.3 Crystal Oscillators;
2017.06	V1.9	Updated Figure 3 ESP-WROOM-32 Schematics;
		Added Documentation Change Notification.
2017.05	V1.8	Updated Figure 1 Top and Side View of ESP32-WROOM-32 (ESP-WROOM-32).
		Added the module's dimensional tolerance;
2017.04	V1.7	Changed the input impedance value of $50\Omega$ in Table 8 Wi-Fi Radio Characteristics to output
		impedance value of 30+j10 $\Omega$ .
2017.04	V1.6	Added Figure: Reflow Profile.
		Updated Section 2.2 Pin Description;
2017.03	V1.5	Updated Section 3.2 External Flash and SRAM;
		Updated Section 4 Peripherals and Sensors Description.
		Updated Chapter 1 Preface;
		Updated Chapter 2 Pin Definitions;
		Updated Chapter 3 Functional Description;
2017.03	V1.4	Updated Table Recommended Operating Conditions;

Date	Version	Release notes
		Updated Table 8 Wi-Fi Radio Characteristics;
		Updated Section: Reflow Profile;
		Added Chapter Learning Resources.
2016.12	V1.3	Updated Section 2.1 Pin Layout.
2016.11	V1.2	Added Figure 7 Peripheral Schematics.
2016.11	V1.1	Updated Chapter 6 Schematics.
2016.08	V1.0	First release.



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