

◦ suppose now we are given a DT DE

$$x^+ = F(x, u), \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^n, \quad u \in \mathbb{R}^m$$

and we wish to choose inputs over time

$u: [0, t] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$  to minimize cost

$$c(x, u) = \underbrace{l(t, x(t))}_{\text{"final" cost}} + \underbrace{\sum_{s=0}^{t-1} \tilde{L}(s, x(s), u(s))}_{\text{"running" cost}}$$

given  $\tilde{L}(s, x(s+1), x(s), u(s)) \quad = x(s+1)$

define  $\tilde{L}(s, x(s), u(s)) = \tilde{L}(s, F(x(s), u(s)), x(s), u(s))$

$$v_s^*(x(s)) = \min_{u(s) \in \mathbb{R}^m} [\tilde{L}(s, x|_{[s,t]}, u|_{[s+1,t]}, u(s)) + v_{s+1}^*(x(s+1))]$$

ex: suppose 2nd-order approx to  $c$  at  $u_0 \in \mathbb{R}^m$

is exact, i.e.:

$$(c(u) - c(u_0)) = b^T (u - u_0) + \frac{1}{2} (u - u_0)^T C (u - u_0) \quad \begin{matrix} C \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times m} \\ \neq c: \mathbb{R}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \end{matrix}$$

→ determine necessary conditions on  $b^T \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times m}$ ,

$C^T = C$  for  $u_0 \in \mathbb{R}^m$  to be local min

→ determine sufficient cond's on spec  $D^2 c(v)$

for  $u_0 \in \mathbb{R}^m$  to be strict local min

→ if strict local min, solve for  $u_0$

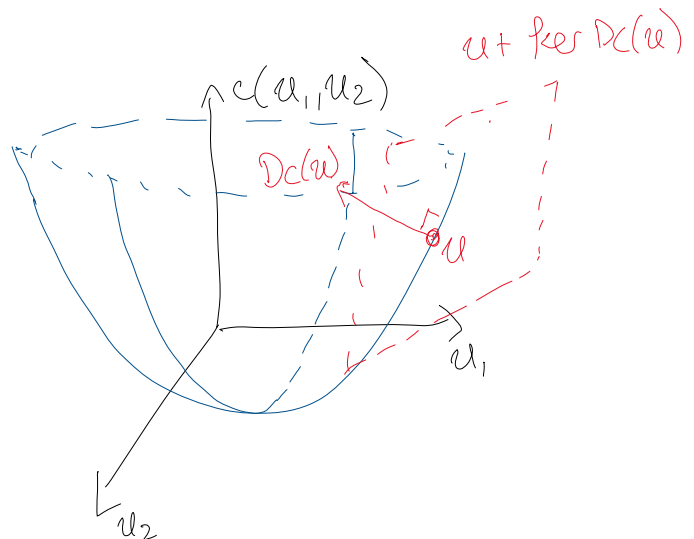
- necessary that  $Dc(u_0) = b^T + (u_0 - u_0)^T C = b^T = 0$

and  $D^2 c(u_0) = C \geq 0$

$$c: \mathbb{R}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$Dc(u) \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times m}$$

$$[\partial_{u_1} c(u), \dots, \partial_{u_m} c(u)] \in \mathbb{R}^{1 \times m}$$



• DT linear quadratic regulation (DT-LQR)

$$\min_u C_T(x, u) \text{ s.t. } x_{t+1} = A_t x_t + B_t u_t$$

$$C_T(x, u) = \frac{1}{2} x_t^T P_t x_t + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{s=t}^{t-1} x_s^T Q_s x_s + u_s^T R_s u_s = \|x\|_2^2 + \|u\|_2^2$$

why 2? what about 1?  
or  $\infty$ ?

$$x^T \begin{bmatrix} Q_0 & & & \\ & Q_1 & & \\ & & \ddots & \\ & & & Q_{t-1} & \\ & & & & P \end{bmatrix} x$$

