Streamlining symbol files in the Oberon operating system

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22.5.2022

Purpose

This technical note presents a simplification of the handling of import and export for the Oberon programming language and system, as realized in *Extended Oberon*¹, a revision of the *Project Oberon 2013* system, which is itself a reimplementation of the original *Oberon* system on an FPGA development board around 2013, as published at *www.projectoberon.com*

Brief historical context

The topic of *symbol files* (module interface files) has accompanied compiler development ever since the original *module* concept with *separate compilation* and type-checking *across* module boundaries (as opposed to *independent* compilation where no such checks are performed) has been introduced in the 70s and adopted in languages such as Mesa, Ada, Modula-2 and Oberon.

A correct implementation of the *module* concept was by no means obvious initially. However, the concept has evolved and today, simple implementations exist covering all key requirements, e.g.,

- 1. Include non-exported (*hidden*) fields in exported records (for example, for use by the Oberon garbage collector). Types too may be exported even if they are not explicitly marked for export.
- 2. Handle *re-export conditions*. In Oberon, imported types may be *re-exported* and their *imports* may be hidden.
- 3. Allow for *recursive data structures*. Pointer declarations may *forward reference* a record type and such forward references must be resolved correctly in symbol files.
- 4. Handle module aliases correctly. A module can be imported under a different name.

A careful and detailed study of the evolution that led to today's status quo – which contains many useful lessons and is therefore well worth the effort – is far beyond the scope of this technical note. The reader is referred to the literature [1-13]. Here, a very rough sketch must suffice:

- Module concept introduced in 1972, early languages include Mesa, Modula and Ada [1].
- Modula-2 implementation on PDP-11 already used the concept of separate compilation [2].
- Modula-2 implementation on Lilith already used the concept of separate compilation [3].
- First single-pass compiler for Modula-2 compiler in 1984 used a *post-order* traversal [4, 5, 7].
- Some Oberon compilers in the 1990s used a *pre-order* traversal of the symbol table [8-11].
- The Oberon on ARM compiler (2008) used a *fixup* technique for types in symbol files [12].
- The FPGA Oberon RISC compiler (2013) uses *pre-order* traversal and a *fixup* technique [13].

As with the underlying languages, all these re-implementations and refinements of the handling of import and export (and the symbol files) are characterized by a continuous *reduction* of complexity.

¹ http://www.github.com/andreaspirklbauer/Oberon-extended

In this technical note, we present yet another potential step in this direction by eliminating the so-called "fixup" technique (see below) for *types* in symbol files.

Symbol files in ARM Oberon (2008) and in FPGA Oberon (2013)

The Oberon system and compiler were re-implemented in 2013 using FPGA. The compiler was derived from an earlier version of the Oberon compiler for the ARM processor. In the FPGA Oberon compiler, the same "fixup" technique to implement forward references *in* symbol files as in the ARM Oberon compiler is used. Quoting from the *Oberon on ARM* report [12]:

If a type is imported again and then discarded, it is mandatory that this occurs before a reference to it is established elsewhere. This implies that types must always be defined before they are referenced. Fortunately, this requirement is fulfilled by the language and in particular by the one-pass strategy of the compiler. However, there is one exception, namely the possibility of forward referencing a record type in a pointer declaration, allowing for recursive data structures:

```
TYPE P = POINTER TO R;

R = RECORD x, y; P = END
```

Hence, this case must be treated in an exceptional way, i.e. the definition of P must not cause the inclusion of the definition of R, but rather cause a forward reference in the symbol file. Such references must by fixed up when the pertinent record declaration had been read. This is the reason for the term {fix} in the syntax of (record) types. Furthermore, the recursive definition

```
TYPE P = POINTER TO RECORD x, y: P END
```

suggests that the test for re-import must occur before the type is established, i.e. that the type's name must precede the type's description in the symbol file, where the arrow marks the fixup.:

```
TYP [#14 P form = PTR [^1]] 
TYP [#15 R form = REC [^9] lev = 0 size = 8 {y [^14] off = 4 x [^14] off = 0}] \rightarrow 14
```

Observations

The above excerpt correctly states that "types must always be defined before they are referenced". However, if **pre-order traversal** is used when generating the symbol file – as is the case in FPGA Oberon on RISC – this is already the case. When an identifier is to be exported, the export of the type (Type) precedes that of the identifier (Object), which therefore always refers to its type by a backward reference. Also, a type's name always precedes the type's description in the symbol file (see procedures OutType and Export in ORB):

```
PROCEDURE OutType(VAR R: Files.Rider; t: Type);
...

BEGIN

IF t.ref > 0 THEN (*type was already output*) Write(R, -t.ref)

ELSE ...

IF t.form = Pointer THEN OutType(R, t.base)

ELSIF t.form = Array THEN OutType(R, t.base); ...

ELSIF t.form = Record THEN

IF t.base # NIL THEN OutType(R, t.base) ELSE OutType(R, noType) END;

ELSIF t.form = Proc THEN OutType(R, t.base); ...
```

```
END ; ...
END OutType;
PROCEDURE Export*(VAR modid: ORS.Ident; VAR newSF: BOOLEAN; VAR key: LONGINT);
BEGIN ...
  WHILE obj # NIL DO
  IF obj.expo THEN
    Write(R, obj.class); Files.WriteString(R, obj.name); (*type name*)
    OutType(R, obj.type);
    IF obj.class = Typ THEN ...
    ELSIF obj.class = Const THEN ...
    END ;
    obj := obj.next
  END ;
END Export;
And similarly for procedures InType and Import in ORB:
PROCEDURE InType(VAR R: Files.Rider; thismod: Object; VAR T: Type);
BEGIN Read(R, ref);
  IF ref < 0 THEN T := typtab[-ref] (*already read*)</pre>
  ELSE NEW(t); T := t; typtab[ref] := t; t.mno := thismod.lev;
    IF form = Pointer THEN InType(R, thismod, t.base); ...
    ELSIF form = Array THEN InType(R, thismod, t.base); ...
    ELSIF form = Record THEN InType(R, thismod, t.base); ...
    ELSIF form = Proc THEN InType(R, thismod, t.base); ...
    END
  END
END InType;
PROCEDURE Import*(VAR modid, modid1: ORS.Ident);
BEGIN ...
  Read(R, class);
  WHILE class # 0 DO
    NEW(obj); obj.class := class; Files.ReadString(R, obj.name);
    InType(R, thismod, obj.type); ...
    IF class = Typ THEN ...
    ELSE
      IF class = Const THEN ...
      ELSIF class = Var THEN ...
      END
    END ;
  END
END Import;
```

One can easily verify that types are *always* already "fixed" with the right value, by slightly modifying the current implementation of *ORP.Import* as follows

```
WHILE k # 0 DO
   IF typtab[k].base # t THEN ORS.Mark("type not yet fixed up") END;
   typtab[k].base := t; Read(R, k)
END
```

The message "type not yet fixed up" will *never* be printed while importing a module.

This shows that the fixup of cases of previously declared pointer types is *not necessary* as they are already "fixed" with the right value. A more formal proof can of course easily be constructed. It rests on the observation that the *type* is written to the symbol file <u>before</u> the corresponding *object*.

Code that can be omitted

The following code (shown in red) in procedures *Import* and *Export* in ORB can be omitted. See the appendix for a <u>complete</u> program listing of module ORB showing <u>all</u> changes made.

```
PROCEDURE Import*(VAR modid, modid1: ORS.Ident);
BEGIN
  IF modid1 = "SYSTEM" THEN
    . . .
    IF F # NIL THEN
      Read(R, class);
      WHILE class # 0 DO
        NEW(obj); obj.class := class; Files.ReadString(R, obj.name);
        InType(R, thismod, obj.type); obj.lev := -thismod.lev;
        IF class = Typ THEN t := obj.type; t.typobj := obj; Read(R, k); (*<---*)</pre>
          (*fixup bases of previously declared pointer types*)
          WHILE k # 0 DO typtab[k].base := t; Read(R, k) END
        ELSE
          IF class = Const THEN ...
          ELSIF class = Var THEN ...
          END
        END
        obj.next := thismod.dsc; thismod.dsc := obj; Read(R, class)
    ELSE ORS.Mark("import not available")
    END
  END
END Import;
PROCEDURE Export*(VAR modid: ORS.Ident; VAR newSF: BOOLEAN; VAR key: LONGINT);
  obj := topScope.next;
  WHILE obj # NIL DO
    IF obj.expo THEN
      Write(R, obj.class); Files.WriteString(R, obj.name);
      OutType(R, obj.type);
      IF obj.class = Typ THEN
        IF obj.type.form = Record THEN obj0 := topScope.next;
          (*check whether this is base of previously declared pointer types*)
          WHILE obj0 # obj DO
            IF (obj0.type.form = Pointer) & (obj0.type.base = obj.type)
              & (obj0.type.ref > 0) THEN Write(R, obj0.type.ref) END;
            obj0 := obj0.next
          END
        END ;
                                           (*<---*)
        Write(R, 0)
      ELSIF obj.class = Const THEN ...
      ELSIF obj.class = Var THEN ...
      END
    END ;
    obj := obj.next
  END ;
END Export;
```

Module *ORTool* will also need to be adapted to bring it in sync with the modified module *ORB*. See the appendix for a complete program listings of modules ORB and ORTool. If there is a need to keep symbol files backward compatible, the code marked with (*<---*) should be kept.

References

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Appendix: Changes to modules ORB and ORTool:

Changes to module ORB (for Project Oberon 2013):

```
(*NW 25.6.2014 / AP 4.3.2020 / 8.3.2019 / AP 22.5.2022 in Oberon-07*)
MODULE ORB;
  IMPORT Files, ORS;
  (*Definition of data types Object and Type, which together form the data structure
    called "symbol table". Contains procedures for creation of Objects, and for search:
    NewObj, this, thisimport, thisfield (and OpenScope, CloseScope).
    Handling of import and export, i.e. reading and writing of "symbol files" is done by procedures
    Import and Export. This module contains the list of standard identifiers, with which
    the symbol table (universe), and that of the pseudo-module SYSTEM are initialized. *)
  CONST versionkey* = 1; maxTypTab = 64;
    (* class values*) Head* = 0;
Const* = 1; Var* = 2; Par* = 3; Fld* = 4; Typ* = 5;
SProc* = 6; SFunc* = 7; Mod* = 8;
      Byte* = 1; Bool* = 2; Char* = 3; Int* = 4; Real* = 5; Set* = 6;
Pointer* = 7; NilTyp* = 8; NoTyp* = 9; Proc* = 10;
String* = 11; Array* = 12; Record* = 13;
  TYPE Object* = POINTER TO ObjDesc;
    Module* = POINTER TO ModDesc;
    Type* = POINTER TO TypeDesc;
    ObjDesc*= RECORD
      class*, exno*: BYTE;
      expo*, rdo*: BOOLEAN;
                                (*exported / read-only*)
      lev*: INTEGER;
      next*, dsc*: Object;
      type*: Type;
      name*: ORS.Ident;
      val*: LONGINT
    ModDesc* = RECORD (ObjDesc) orgname*: ORS.Ident END ;
    TypeDesc* = RECORD
      form*, ref*, mno*: INTEGER; (*ref is only used for import/export*)
      nofpar*: INTEGER; (*for procedures, extension level for records*)
len*: LONGINT; (*for arrays, len < 0 => open array; for records: adr of descriptor*)
      dsc*, typobj*: Object;
      base*: Type; (*for arrays, records, pointers*)
      size*: LONGINT; (*in bytes; always multiple of 4, except for Byte, Bool and Char*)
  (* Object classes and the meaning of "val":
    class val
     _____
              address
    Var
              address
    Par
              value
    Const
              offset
              type descriptor (TD) address
    Typ
    SProc
              inline code number
    SFunc
              inline code number
    Mod
              key
  Type forms and the meaning of "dsc" and "base":
                       base
    form dsc
    Pointer - type of dereferenced object
    Proc
              params result type
    Array
                        type of elements
    Record fields extension *)
  VAR topScope*, universe, system*: Object;
byteType*, boolType*, charType*: Type;
intType*, realType*, setType*, nilType*, noType*, strType*: Type;
    nofmod, Ref: INTEGER;
    typtab: ARRAY maxTypTab OF Type;
  PROCEDURE NewObj*(VAR obj: Object; id: ORS.Ident; class: INTEGER); (*insert new Object with name id*)
```

```
VAR new, x: Object;
BEGIN x := topScope;
  WHILE (x.next # NIL) & (x.next.name # id) DO x := x.next END;
  IF x.next = NIL THEN
    NEW(new); new.name := id; new.class := class; new.next := NIL; new.rdo := FALSE; new.dsc := NIL;
    x.next := new; obj := new
  ELSE obj := x.next; ORS.Mark("mult def")
END NewObj;
PROCEDURE thisObj*(): Object;
  VAR s, x: Object;
BEGIN s := topScope;
  REPEAT x := s.next;
    WHILE (x # NIL) & (x.name # ORS.id) DO x := x.next END ;
    s := s.dsc
  UNTIL (x \# NIL) OR (s = NIL);
  RETURN x
END thisObj;
PROCEDURE thisimport*(mod: Object): Object;
  VAR obj: Object;
BEGIN
  IF mod.rdo THEN
    IF mod.name[0] # 0X THEN
      obj := mod.dsc;
      WHILE (obj # NIL) & (obj.name # ORS.id) DO obj := obj.next END
    ELSE obj := NIL
    END
  ELSE obj := NIL
  END ;
  RETURN obj
END thisimport;
PROCEDURE thisfield*(rec: Type): Object;
  VAR fld: Object;
BEGIN fld := rec.dsc;
  WHILE (fld # NIL) & (fld.name # ORS.id) DO fld := fld.next END;
  RETURN fld
END thisfield;
PROCEDURE OpenScope*;
 VAR s: Object;
BEGIN NEW(s); s.class := Head; s.dsc := topScope; s.next := NIL; topScope := s
END OpenScope;
PROCEDURE CloseScope*;
BEGIN topScope := topScope.dsc
END CloseScope;
(*-----*)
PROCEDURE MakeFileName*(VAR FName: ORS.Ident; name, ext: ARRAY OF CHAR);
  VAR i, j: INTEGER;
BEGIN i := 0; j := 0;
                       (*assume name suffix less than 4 characters*)
  WHILE (i < ORS.IdLen-5) & (name[i] > 0X) DO FName[i] := name[i]; INC(i) END;
  REPEAT FName[i]:= ext[j]; INC(i); INC(j) UNTIL ext[j] = 0X;
  FName[i] := 0X
END MakeFileName;
PROCEDURE ThisModule(name, orgname: ORS.Ident; decl: BOOLEAN; key: LONGINT): Object;
 VAR mod: Module; obj, obj1: Object;
BEGIN obj1 := topScope; obj := obj1.next; (*search for module*)
  WHILE (obj # NIL) & (obj(Module).orgname # orgname) DO obj1 := obj; obj := obj1.next END; IF obj = NIL THEN (*new module, search for alias*)
    obj := topScope.next;
    WHILE (obj # NIL) & (obj.name # name) DO obj := obj.next END ;
    IF obj = NIL THEN (*insert new module*)
      NEW(mod); mod.class := Mod; mod.rdo := FALSE;
      mod.name := name; mod.orgname := orgname; mod.val := key;
      mod.lev := nofmod; INC(nofmod); mod.dsc := NIL; mod.next := NIL; IF decl THEN mod.type := noType ELSE mod.type := nilType END;
      obj1.next := mod; obj := mod
    ELSIF decl THEN
      IF obj.type.form = NoTyp THEN ORS.Mark("mult def") ELSE ORS.Mark("invalid import order") END
    ELSE ORS.Mark("conflict with alias")
  ELSIF decl THEN (*module already present, explicit import by declaration*)
```

```
IF obj.type.form = NoTyp THEN ORS.Mark("mult def") ELSE ORS.Mark("invalid import order") END
  END :
  RETURN obj
END ThisModule;
PROCEDURE Read(VAR R: Files.Rider; VAR x: INTEGER);
  VAR b: BYTE:
BEGIN Files.ReadByte(R, b);
 IF b < 80H THEN x := b ELSE x := b - 100H END
END Read:
PROCEDURE InType(VAR R: Files.Rider; thismod: Object; VAR T: Type);
  VAR key: LONGINT;
    ref, class, form, np, readonly: INTEGER;
    fld, par, obj, mod, last: Object;
    t: Type;
    name, modname: ORS.Ident;
BEGIN Read(R, ref);
  IF ref < 0 THEN T := typtab[-ref] (*already read*)</pre>
  ELSE NEW(t); T := t; typtab[ref] := t; t.mno := thismod.lev;
    Read(R, form); t.form := form;
    IF form = Pointer THEN InType(R, thismod, t.base); t.size := 4
    ELSIF form = Array THEN
      InType(R, thismod, t.base); Files.ReadNum(R, t.len); Files.ReadNum(R, t.size)
    ELSIF form = Record THEN
      InType(R, thismod, t.base);
      IF t.base.form = NoTyp THEN t.base := NIL; obj := NIL ELSE obj := t.base.dsc END ;
      Files.ReadNum(R, t.len); (*TD adr/exno*)
      Files.ReadNum(R, t.nofpar); (*ext level*)
Files.ReadNum(R, t.size);
      Read(R, class); last := NIL;
      WHILE class # 0 DO (*fields*)
        NEW(fld); fld.class := class; Files.ReadString(R, fld.name);
        IF last = NIL THEN t.dsc := fld ELSE last.next := fld END ;
        IF fld.name[0] # 0X THEN fld.expo := TRUE; InType(R, thismod, fld.type)
        ELSE fld.expo := FALSE; fld.type := nilType
        END ;
        Files.ReadNum(R, fld.val); Read(R, class)
      END ;
      IF last = NIL THEN t.dsc := obj ELSE last.next := obj END
    ELSIF form = Proc THEN
      InType(R, thismod, t.base);
      obj := NIL; np := 0; Read(R, class);
      WHILE class # 0 DO (*parameters*)
        NEW(par); par.class := class; Read(R, readonly); par.rdo := readonly = 1;
        InType(R, thismod, par.type); par.next := obj; obj := par; INC(np); Read(R, class)
      END ;
      t.dsc := obj; t.nofpar := np; t.size := 4
    END ;
    Files.ReadString(R, modname);
    IF modname[0] # 0X THEN (*re-import ======*)
      Files.ReadInt(R, key); Files.ReadString(R, name);
      mod := ThisModule(modname, modname, FALSE, key);
      obj := mod.dsc; (*search type*)
      WHILE (obj # NIL) & (obj.name # name) DO obj := obj.next END;
      IF obj # NIL THEN T := obj.type
                                       (*type object found in object list of mod*)
      ELSE (*insert new type object in object list of mod*)
        NEW(obj); obj.name := name; obj.class := Typ; obj.next := mod.dsc; mod.dsc := obj; obj.type := t;
        t.mno := mod.lev; t.typobj := obj; T := t
      END ;
      typtab[ref] := T
    END
  END
END InType:
PROCEDURE Import*(VAR modid, modid1: ORS.Ident);
  VAR key: LONGINT; class: INTEGER;
                                                   ← local variables t and k not needed
    obj, thismod: Object;
                                                   ← obj and thismod on a single line
   thismod: Object;
    modname, fname: ORS.Ident;
   F: Files.File; R: Files.Rider;
BEGIN
  IF modid1 = "SYSTEM" THEN
    thismod := ThisModule(modid, modid1, TRUE, key); DEC(nofmod);
    thismod.lev := 0; thismod.dsc := system; thismod.rdo := TRUE
  ELSE MakeFileName(fname, modid1, ".smb"); F := Files.Old(fname);
    IF F # NIL THEN
```

```
Files.Set(R, F, 0); Files.ReadInt(R, key); Files.ReadInt(R, key); Files.ReadString(R, modname);
      thismod := ThisModule(modid, modid1, TRUE, key); thismod.rdo := TRUE;
      Read(R, class); (*version key*)
      IF class # versionkey THEN ORS.Mark("wrong version") END ;
      Read(R, class);
      WHILE class # 0 DO
        NEW(obj); obj.class := class; Files.ReadString(R, obj.name);
        InType(R, thismod, obj.type); obj.lev := -thismod.lev;
        IF class = Typ THEN obj.type.typobj := obj
                                                          ← some code was removed here
        ELSE
          IF class = Const THEN
            IF obj.type.form = Real THEN Files.ReadInt(R, obj.val) ELSE Files.ReadNum(R, obj.val) END
          ELSIF class = Var THEN Files.ReadNum(R, obj.val); obj.rdo := TRUE
        END ;
        obj.next := thismod.dsc; thismod.dsc := obj; Read(R, class)
      END ;
    ELSE ORS.Mark("import not available")
    END
  END
END Import;
(*-----*)
PROCEDURE Write(VAR R: Files.Rider; x: INTEGER);
BEGIN Files.WriteByte(R, x) (* -128 \le x \le 128 *)
END Write:
PROCEDURE OutType(VAR R: Files.Rider; t: Type);
  VAR obj, mod, fld, bot: Object;
  PROCEDURE OutPar(VAR R: Files.Rider; par: Object; n: INTEGER);
    VAR cl: INTEGER;
  BEGIN
    IF n > 0 THEN
      OutPar(R, par.next, n-1); cl := par.class;
      Write(R, cl);
      IF par.rdo THEN Write(R, 1) ELSE Write(R, 0) END ;
      OutType(R, par.type)
    END
  END OutPar;
  PROCEDURE FindHiddenPointers(VAR R: Files.Rider; typ: Type; offset: LONGINT);
    VAR fld: Object; i, n: LONGINT;
  BEGIN
    IF (typ.form = Pointer) OR (typ.form = NilTyp) THEN
      Write(R, Fld); Write(R, 0); Files.WriteNum(R, offset)
    ELSIF typ.form = Record THEN fld := typ.dsc;
      WHILE fld # NIL DO FindHiddenPointers(R, fld.type, fld.val + offset); fld := fld.next END
    ELSIF typ.form = Array THEN i := 0; n := typ.len;
      WHILE i < n DO FindHiddenPointers(R, typ.base, typ.base.size * i + offset); INC(i) END
    END
  END FindHiddenPointers;
  IF t.ref > 0 THEN (*type was already output*) Write(R, -t.ref)
  ELSE obj := t.typobj;
    IF obj # NIL THEN Write(R, Ref); t.ref := Ref; INC(Ref) ELSE (*anonymous*) Write(R, 0) END;
    Write(R, t.form);
    IF t.form = Pointer THEN OutType(R, t.base)
    ELSIF t.form = Array THEN OutType(R, t.base); Files.WriteNum(R, t.len); Files.WriteNum(R, t.size)
    ELSIF t.form = Record THEN
      IF t.base # NIL THEN OutType(R, t.base); bot := t.base.dsc ELSE OutType(R, noType); bot := NIL END ;
      IF obj # NIL THEN
        IF t.mno > 0 THEN Files.WriteNum(R, t.len) ELSE Files.WriteNum(R, obj.exno) END
      ELSE Write(R, 0)
      END ;
      Files.WriteNum(R, t.nofpar); Files.WriteNum(R, t.size);
      fld := t.dsc;
      WHILE fld # bot DO (*fields*)
        IF fld.expo THEN
          Write(R, Fld); Files.WriteString(R, fld.name); OutType(R, fld.type);
          Files.WriteNum(R, fld.val) (*offset*)
        ELSE FindHiddenPointers(R, fld.type, fld.val)
        END ;
        fld := fld.next
      END ;
      Write(R, 0)
```

```
ELSIF t.form = Proc THEN OutType(R, t.base); OutPar(R, t.dsc, t.nofpar); Write(R, 0)
    IF (t.mno > 0) & (obj # NIL) THEN (*re-export, output name*)
      mod := topScope.next;
      WHILE (mod # NIL) & (mod.lev # t.mno) DO mod := mod.next END;
      IF mod # NIL THEN Files.WriteString(R, mod(Module).orgname);
        Files.WriteInt(R, mod.val); Files.WriteString(R, obj.name)
      ELSE ORS.Mark("re-export not found"); Write(R, 0)
    ELSE Write(R, 0)
    END
  END
END OutType;
PROCEDURE Export*(VAR modid: ORS.Ident; VAR newSF: BOOLEAN; VAR key: LONGINT);
  VAR x, sum, oldkey: LONGINT;
    obj, obj0: Object;
    filename: ORS.Ident;
    F, F1: Files.File; R, R1: Files.Rider;
BEGIN Ref := Record + 1; MakeFileName(filename, modid, ".smb");
  F := Files.New(filename); Files.Set(R, F, 0);
  Files.WriteInt(R, 0); (*placeholder*)
Files.WriteInt(R, 0); (*placeholder for key to be inserted at the end*)
  Files.WriteString(R, modid); Write(R, versionkey);
  obj := topScope.next;
  WHILE obj # NIL DO
    IF obj.expo THEN
      Write(R, obj.class); Files.WriteString(R, obj.name);
      OutType(R, obj.type);
      IF obj.class = Const THEN
                                                      ← some code was removed here
        IF obj.type.form = Proc THEN Files.WriteNum(R, obj.exno)
        ELSIF obj.type.form = Real THEN Files.WriteInt(R, obj.val)
        ELSE Files.WriteNum(R, obj.val)
        END
      ELSIF obj.class = Var THEN Files.WriteNum(R, obj.exno)
      END
    END ;
    obj := obj.next
  END ;
  REPEAT Write(R, 0) UNTIL Files.Length(F) MOD 4 = 0;
  FOR Ref := Record+1 TO maxTypTab-1 DO typtab[Ref] := NIL END;
  Files.Set(R, F, 0); sum := 0; Files.ReadInt(R, x); (* compute key (checksum) *)
  WHILE ~R.eof DO sum := sum + x; Files.ReadInt(R, x) END; F1 := Files.Old(filename); (*sum is new key*)
  IF F1 # NIL THEN Files.Set(R1, F1, 4); Files.ReadInt(R1, oldkey) ELSE oldkey := sum+1 END;
  IF sum # oldkey THEN
    IF newSF OR (F1 = NIL) THEN
      key := sum; newSF := TRUE; Files.Set(R, F, 4);
    Files.WriteInt(R, sum); Files.Register(F) (*insert checksum*)
ELSE ORS.Mark("new symbol file inhibited")
    END
  ELSE newSF := FALSE; key := sum
  END
END Export;
PROCEDURE Init*;
BEGIN topScope := universe; nofmod := 1
END Init;
PROCEDURE type(ref, form: INTEGER; size: LONGINT): Type;
  VAR tp: Type;
BEGIN NEW(tp); tp.form := form; tp.size := size; tp.ref := ref; tp.base := NIL;
  typtab[ref] := tp; RETURN tp
END type;
PROCEDURE enter(name: ARRAY OF CHAR; cl: INTEGER; type; Type; n: LONGINT);
  VAR obj: Object;
BEGIN NEW(obj); obj.name := name; obj.class := cl; obj.type := type; obj.val := n; obj.dsc := NIL;
  IF cl = Typ THEN type.typobj := obj END ;
obj.next := system; system := obj
END enter;
byteType := type(Byte, Int, 1);
boolType := type(Bool, Bool, 1);
charType := type(Char, Char,1);
intType := type(Int, Int, 4);
realType := type(Real, Real, 4);
```

```
setType := type(Set, Set,4);
    nilType := type(NilTyp, NilTyp, 4);
     noType := type(NoTyp, NoTyp, 4);
    strType := type(String, String, 8);
     (*initialize universe with data types and in-line procedures;
         LONGINT is synonym to INTEGER, LONGREAL to REAL.
         LED, ADC, SBC; LDPSR, LDREG, REG, COND are not in language definition*)
     system := NIL; (*n = procno*10 + nofpar*)
   system := NIL; (*n = procno*10 + notpar*)
enter("UML", SFunc, intType, 132); (*functions*)
enter("SBC", SFunc, intType, 122);
enter("ADC", SFunc, intType, 112);
enter("ROR", SFunc, intType, 92);
enter("ASR", SFunc, intType, 82);
enter("LSL", SFunc, intType, 72);
enter("LEN", SFunc, intType, 61);
enter("CHR", SFunc, charType, 51);
    enter("CHR", SFunc, charType, 51);
enter("ORD", SFunc, intType, 41);
enter("FLT", SFunc, realType, 31);
     enter("FLOOR", SFunc, intType, 21);
    enter("FLOOK, STUNC, INCTYPE, 21);
enter("ODD", SFunc, boolType, 11);
enter("ABS", SFunc, intType, 1);
enter("LED", SProc, noType, 81);
enter("UNPK", SProc, noType, 72);
enter("PACK", SProc, noType, 62);
enter("NEW", SProc, noType, 51);
                                                                                   (*procedures*)
    enter("ASSERT", SProc, noType, 41);
enter("EXCL", SProc, noType, 32);
    enter("INCL", SProc, noType, 22);
enter("DEC", SProc, noType, 11);
enter("INC", SProc, noType, 1);
enter("SET", Typ, setType, 0);
                                                                                  (*types*)
     enter("BOOLEAN", Typ, boolType, 0);
    enter( BOOLEAN , Typ, BOOLType, 0);
enter("BYTE", Typ, byteType, 0);
enter("CHAR", Typ, charType, 0);
enter("LONGREAL", Typ, realType, 0);
enter("REAL", Typ, realType, 0);
enter("LONGINT", Typ, intType, 0);
enter("INTEGER", Typ, intType, 0);
     topScope := NIL; OpenScope; topScope.next := system; universe := topScope;
    system := NIL; (* initialize "unsafe" pseudo-module SYSTEM*)
    system := NIL; (* initialize "unsatenter("H", SFunc, intType, 201);
enter("COND", SFunc, boolType, 191);
enter("SIZE", SFunc, intType, 181);
enter("ADR", SFunc, intType, 171);
enter("VAL", SFunc, intType, 162);
enter("REG", SFunc, intType, 151);
enter("BIT", SFunc, boolType, 142);
enter("LDREG", SPROC, noType, 142);
                                                                                          (*functions*)
    enter("LDREG", SProc, noType, 142);
enter("LDPSR", SProc, noType, 131);
                                                                                           (*procedures*)
    enter("COPY", SProc, noType, 123);
enter("PUT", SProc, noType, 112);
enter("GET", SProc, noType, 102);
END ORB.
```

Changes to module ORTool (for Project Oberon 2013):

```
MODULE ORTool; (*NW 18.2.2013 / AP 22.5.2022*)
  IMPORT Files, Texts, Oberon, ORB;
                                                                         ← no longer import module SYSTEM
  VAR W: Texts.Writer;
    mnemo0, mnemo1: ARRAY 16, 4 OF CHAR; (*mnemonics*)
                                                                         ← global variable "Form" removed
  PROCEDURE Read(VAR R: Files.Rider; VAR x: INTEGER);
    VAR b: BYTE;
  BEGIN Files.ReadByte(R, b);
    IF b < 80H THEN x := b ELSE x := b - 100H END
  END Read;
  PROCEDURE ReadType(VAR R: Files.Rider);
                                                                          ← local variable "lev" removed
    VAR key, len, size, off: INTEGER;
       ref, class, form, readonly: INTEGER;
                                                                         ← local variable "mno" removed
  ref, Class, form, feadonly. Introduction, name, modname: ARRAY 32 OF CHAR;

BEGIN Read(R, ref); Texts.Write(W, " "); Texts.Write(W, "[");

IF ref < 0 THEN Texts.Write(W, "^"); Texts.WriteInt(W, -ref, 1)
    ELSE Texts.WriteInt(W, ref, 1);
```

```
Read(R, form); Texts.WriteString(W, " form = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, form, 1);
      IF form = ORB.Pointer THEN ReadType(R)
       ELSIF form = ORB.Array THEN
         ReadType(R); Files.ReadNum(R, len); Files.ReadNum(R, size);
         Texts.WriteString(W, " len = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, len, 1);
Texts.WriteString(W, " size = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, size, 1)
      ELSIF form = ORB.Record THEN
         ReadType(R); (*base type*)
         ReadType(R); ( 'Dase type',
Files.ReadNum(R, off);
Texts.WriteString(W, " exno = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, off, 1);
Files.ReadNum(R, off); Texts.WriteString(W, " extlev = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, off, 1);
Files.ReadNum(R, size); Texts.WriteString(W, " size = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, size, 1);
Texts.Write(W, " "); Texts.Write(W, "{"); Read(R, class);
           Files.ReadString(R, name);
           IF name[0] # 0X THEN Texts.Write(W, " "); Texts.WriteString(W, name); ReadType(R)
           ELSE Texts.WriteString(W, " --")
           END ;
           Files.ReadNum(R, off); Texts.WriteInt(W, off, 4); Read(R, class)
         END ;
         Texts.Write(W, "}")
       ELSIF form = ORB.Proc THEN
         ReadType(R); Texts.Write(W, "("); Read(R, class);
         WHILE class # 0 DO (*parameters*)
  Texts.WriteString(W, " class = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, class, 1); Read(R, readonly);
            IF readonly = 1 THEN Texts.Write(W, "#") END ;
           ReadType(R); Read(R, class)
         END ;
         Texts.Write(W, ")")
      END:
      Files.ReadString(R, modname);
      IF modname[0] # 0X THEN
         Files.ReadInt(R, key); Files.ReadString(R, name);
Texts.Write(W, " "); Texts.WriteString(W, modname);
Texts.Write(W, "."); Texts.WriteString(W, name);
         Texts.WriteHex(W, key)
      END
    END ;
    Texts.Write(W, "]")
  END ReadType;
  PROCEDURE DecSym*; (*decode symbol file*)
    VAR class, k: INTEGER;
name: ARRAY 32 OF CHAR;
      F: Files.File; R: Files.Rider;
      S: Texts.Scanner;
  BEGIN Texts.OpenScanner(S, Oberon.Par.text, Oberon.Par.pos); Texts.Scan(S);
    IF S.class = Texts.Name THEN
  Texts.WriteString(W, "OR-decode "); Texts.WriteString(W, S.s);
      Texts.WriteLn(W); Texts.Append(Oberon.Log, W.buf);
      F := Files.Old(S.s);
      IF F # NIL THEN
         Files.Set(R, F, 0); Files.ReadInt(R, k); Files.ReadInt(R, k);
         Files.ReadString(R, name); Texts.WriteString(W, name); Texts.WriteHex(W, k);
         Read(R, class); Texts.WriteInt(W, class, 3); (*sym file version*)
         IF class = ORB.versionkey THEN
           Texts.WriteLn(W); Read(R, class);
            WHILE class # 0 DO
              Texts.WriteInt(W, class, 4); Files.ReadString(R, name);
Texts.Write(W, " "); Texts.WriteString(W, name);
              ReadType(R);
              Files.ReadNum(R, k); Texts.WriteInt(W, k, 5); (*Reals, Strings!*)
              END ;
              Texts.WriteLn(W); Texts.Append(Oberon.Log, W.buf);
              Read(R, class)
           END
         ELSE Texts.WriteString(W, " bad symfile version")
      ELSE Texts.WriteString(W, " not found")
      END ;
      Texts.WriteLn(W); Texts.Append(Oberon.Log, W.buf)
    END
  END DecSym;
(* -----*)
```

PROCEDURE WriteReg(r: LONGINT);

```
BEGIN Texts.Write(W, " ");
    IF r < 12 THEN Texts.WriteString(W, " R"); Texts.WriteInt(W, r MOD 10H, 1)</pre>
   ELSIF r = 12 THEN Texts.WriteString(W, "MT")
ELSIF r = 13 THEN Texts.WriteString(W, "SB")
    ELSIF r = 14 THEN Texts.WriteString(W, "SP")
    ELSE Texts.WriteString(W, "LNK")
    END
  END WriteReg;
  PROCEDURE opcode(w: LONGINT);
    VAR k, op, u, a, b: LONGINT;
  BEGIN
      k := w DIV 4000000H MOD 4;
      a := w DIV 1000000H MOD 10H;
      b := w DIV 100000H MOD 10H;
      op := w DIV 10000H MOD 10H;
      u := w DIV 20000000H MOD 2;
      IF k = 0 THEN
        Texts.WriteString(W, mnemo0[op]);
IF u = 1 THEN Texts.Write(W, "'") END;
        WriteReg(a); WriteReg(b); WriteReg(w MOD 10H)
      ELSIF k = 1 THEN
        Texts.WriteString(W, mnemo0[op]);

IF u = 1 THEN Texts.Write(W, "'") END;

WriteReg(a); WriteReg(b); w := w MOD 10000H;
        IF w >= 8000H THEN w := w - 10000H END ;
Texts.WriteInt(W, w, 7)
      ELSIF k = 2 THEN (*LDR/STR*)
        IF u = 1 THEN Texts.WriteString(W, "STR") ELSE Texts.WriteString(W, "LDR") END;
        WriteReg(a); WriteReg(b); w := w MOD 100000H;
        IF w \ge 80000H THEN w := w - 100000H END;
        Texts.WriteInt(W, w, 8)
      ELSIF k = 3 THEN (*Branch instr*)
  Texts.Write(W, "B");
        IF ODD(w DIV 10000000H) THEN Texts.Write(W, "L") END;
        Texts.WriteString(W, mnemol[a]);
        IF u = 0 THEN WriteReg(w MOD 10H) ELSE
          w := w MOD 100000H;
IF w >= 80000H THEN w := w - 100000H END;
          Texts.WriteInt(W, w, 8)
        END
      END
 END opcode;
  PROCEDURE Sync(VAR R: Files.Rider);
    VAR ch: CHAR;
  BEGIN Files.Read(R, ch); Texts.WriteString(W, "Sync "); Texts.Write(W, ch); Texts.WriteLn(W)
  END Sync;
  PROCEDURE Write(VAR R: Files.Rider; x: INTEGER);
 BEGIN Files.WriteByte(R, x) (* -128 \leq x \leq 128 \star)
 END Write:
 PROCEDURE DecObj*; (*decode object file*)
    VAR class, i, n, key, size, adr, data: INTEGER;
                                                             ← local vars "fix" and "len" removed
      ch: CHAR;
      name: ARRAY 32 OF CHAR;
      F: Files.File: R: Files.Rider:
      S: Texts.Scanner;
 BEGIN Texts.OpenScanner(S, Oberon.Par.text, Oberon.Par.pos); Texts.Scan(S);
    IF S.class = Texts.Name THEN
      Texts.WriteString(W, "decode "); Texts.WriteString(W, S.s); F := Files.Old(S.s);
      IF F # NIL THEN
        Files.Set(R, F, 0); Files.ReadString(R, name); Texts.WriteLn(W); Texts.WriteString(W, name);
        Files.ReadInt(R, key); Texts.WriteHex(W, key); Read(R, class); Texts.WriteInt(W, class, 4);
(*version*)
        Files.ReadInt(R, size); Texts.WriteInt(W, size, 6); Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Texts.WriteString(W, "imports:"); Texts.WriteLn(W); Files.ReadString(R, name);
        WHILE name[0] # 0X DO
          Texts.Write(W, 9X); Texts.WriteString(W, name);
          Files.ReadInt(R, key); Texts.WriteHex(W, key); Texts.WriteLn(W);
          Files.ReadString(R, name)
        END ;
      (* Sync(R); *)
        Texts.WriteString(W, "type descriptors"); Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Files.ReadInt(R, n); n := n DIV 4; i := 0;
        WHILE i < n DO Files.ReadInt(R, data); Texts.WriteHex(W, data); INC(i) END;
        Texts.WriteLn(W);
```

```
Texts.WriteString(W, "data"); Files.ReadInt(R, data); Texts.WriteInt(W, data, 6); Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Texts.WriteString(W, "strings"); Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Files.ReadInt(R, n); i := 0;
        WHILE i < n DO Files.Read(R, ch); Texts.Write(W, ch); INC(i) END;
        Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Texts.WriteString(W, "code"); Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Files.ReadInt(R, n); i := 0;
        WHILE i < n DO
          Files.ReadInt(R, data); Texts.WriteInt(W, i, 4); Texts.Write(W, 9X); Texts.WriteHex(W, data);
          Texts.Write(W, 9X); opcode(data); Texts.WriteLn(W); INC(i)
        END ;
      (* Sync(R); *)
        Texts.WriteString(W, "commands:"); Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Files.ReadString(R, name);
        WHILE name[0] # 0X DO
          Texts.Write(W, 9X); Texts.WriteString(W, name);
          Files.ReadInt(R, adr); Texts.WriteInt(W, adr, 5); Texts.WriteLn(W);
          Files.ReadString(R, name)
        END ;
      (* Sync(R); *)
        Texts.WriteString(W, "entries"); Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Files.ReadInt(R, n); i := 0;
        WHILE i < n DO
          Files.ReadInt(R, adr); Texts.WriteInt(W, adr, 6); INC(i)
        END ;
        Texts.WriteLn(W);
      (* Sync(R); *)
        Texts.WriteString(W, "pointer refs"); Texts.WriteLn(W); Files.ReadInt(R, adr);
        WHILE adr # -1 DO Texts.WriteInt(W, adr, 6); Files.ReadInt(R, adr) END;
        Texts.WriteLn(W):
      (* Sync(R); *)
        Files.ReadInt(R, data); Texts.WriteString(W, "fixP = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, data, 8);
Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Files.ReadInt(R, data); Texts.WriteString(W, "fixD = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, data, 8);
        Files.ReadInt(R, data); Texts.WriteString(W, "fixT = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, data, 8);
Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Files.ReadInt(R, data); Texts.WriteString(W, "entry = "); Texts.WriteInt(W, data, 8);
Texts.WriteLn(W);
        Files.Read(R, ch);
        IF ch # "O" THEN Texts.WriteString(W, "format eror"); Texts.WriteLn(W) END
      (* Sync(R); *)
      ELSE Texts.WriteString(W, " not found"); Texts.WriteLn(W)
      END:
      Texts.Append(Oberon.Log, W.buf)
    END
  END DecObj;
BEGIN Texts.OpenWriter(W); Texts.WriteString(W, "ORTool 1.12.2018")
  Texts.WriteLn(W); Texts.Append(Oberon.Log, W.buf);
mnemo0[0] := "MOV";
  mnemo0[1] := "LSL";
  mnemo0[2] := "ASR"
  mnemo0[3] := "ROR";
  mnemo0[4] := "AND";
mnemo0[5] := "ANN";
  mnemo0[6] := "IOR";
  mnemo0[7] := "XOR";
 mnemo0[8] := "ADD";
mnemo0[9] := "SUB";
  mnemo0[10] := "MUL";
  mnemo0[11] := "DIV";
  mnemo0[12] := "FAD";
  mnemo0[13] := "FSB";
  mnemo0[14] := "FML";
  mnemo0[15] := "FDV";
  mnemo1[0] := "MI ";
  mnemo1[8] := "PL";
mnemo1[1] := "EQ ";
  mnemo1[9] := "NE ";
  mnemo1[2] := "LS "
  mnemo1[10] := "HI";
 mnemo1[5] := "LT";
mnemo1[13] := "GE";
  mnemo1[13]:- GE;
mnemo1[6]:= "LE";
mnemo1[14]:= "GT";
  mnemo1[15] := "NO"
END ORTool.
```