```
1 #include <iostream>
 2 #include <fstream>
 3 #include <string>
 4 #include <cstdlib>
 5 #include <queue>
 6
 7 #include "Output.h"
8 #include "Gate.h"
9 #include "Wire.h"
10 #include "Event.h"
11 #include "Input.h"
12
13 using namespace std;
14
15 int main()
16 {
17
       ifstream in;
18
19
      string input;
20
      string crctName;
21
      string crctFile;
22
      string vectFile;
23
      string inLine;
24
      string part;
25
      string tag;
26
      string temp;
27
28
      int numcycl;
29
      int numtag;
30
      int loc;
      int loc1;
31
       int delay;
32
       int wire1;
33
34
       int wire2;
35
       int outwire;
       int type;
36
37
       int time;
       int priority;
38
39
40
       char tempc;
41
42
       vector<Wire*> wires;
43
       vector<Gate*> gates;
44
       vector<Input> inputs;
45
       vector<Output> outputs;
46
47
       priority_queue<Event> *eq = new priority_queue<Event>;
48
49
        // Getting circuit name
50
        cout<<"Welcome to SchneiderLOGIC Circuit Simulator!\n";</pre>
51
       cout<<"Please enter the base name of your circuit:\n";</pre>
52
       cout<<"~$ ";
53
       getline(cin, input, '\n');
54
       crctFile = input + ".txt";
       vectFile = input + "_vector.txt";
55
56
57
       // Opening circuit file
       in.open(crctFile.c_str(), ifstream::in);
58
59
60
        // Checking for existence
61
       while(!in)
62
           cout<<"\nError: file "<<crtFile<<" does not exist. Please try again.\n";</pre>
63
64
           cout<<"~$ ";
65
           getline(cin, input, '\n');
66
           crctFile = input + ".txt";
```

```
67
             vectFile = input + "_vector.txt";
 68
             in.open(crctFile.c_str(), ifstream::in);
 69
 70
 71
         // Getting the first line (title line) and then taking in the first meaningful line
         getline(in, inLine, '\n');
 72
 73
         crctName = inLine;
         getline(in, inLine, '\n');
 74
 75
 76
         // Processing all inputs and outputs
 77
         while (inLine.substr(0,1) == "I" | (inLine.substr(0,2) == "OU"))
 78
             // Parsing the string to find the input/output tag
 79
             loc = inLine.find(" ");
 80
 81
             while(inLine[loc] == ' ')
 82
 83
                 loc++;
 84
 85
             part = inLine.substr(loc, inLine.size()-loc);
 86
             loc1 = part.find(" ");
 87
             tag = inLine.substr(loc, loc1);
 88
 89
             // Parsing the string to find the wire index number and converting to int
 90
             loc += loc1;
 91
             while(inLine[loc] == ' ')
 92
 93
                 loc++;
 94
 95
             part = inLine.substr(loc, inLine.size()-loc1);
 96
            numtag = atoi(part.c_str());
97
             // Checking to ensure that the tag is legal
98
99
             if(numtag<=0)</pre>
100
                 cout<<"Error: Wire tag less than or equal to zero."<<endl;</pre>
101
102
                 return 0;
103
104
             numtag++;
105
106
             // Resizing the wire vector to accommodate the tag of the new wire if necessary
107
             if(numtag>wires.size())
108
109
                 for(int i = numtag; i>(wires.size()); i--)
110
111
                     wires.push_back(NULL);
112
113
114
             if(numtag>wires.size())
115
116
                 wires.push_back(NULL);
117
118
             numtag--;
119
120
             // Setting the wire in the correct vector index and increasing the vector size
             // Also creating a new input or output with the correct tag and linked to the correct wire
121
             if(inLine.substr(0,1)=="I")
122
123
124
                 if(wires[numtag]!=NULL)
125
                     cout<<"Error: Two inputs controlling the same wire."<<endl;</pre>
126
127
                     return 0;
128
129
                 Wire* newWire = new Wire(numtag);
130
                 wires[numtag] = newWire;
131
                 Input newInput(tag, newWire);
132
                 inputs.push_back(newInput);
```

```
133
             if(inLine.substr(0,1)=="0")
134
135
136
                 if(wires[numtag] == NULL)
137
138
                     Wire* newWire = new Wire(numtag);
139
                     wires[numtag] = newWire;
140
141
142
                 Output newOutput(tag, wires[numtag]);
143
                 outputs.push_back(newOutput);
144
             }
145
             // Getting the next line
146
             getline(in, inLine, '\n');
147
148
149
         // Parsing the file to find and load each gate
150
151
         while(!in.eof())
152
         {
153
             wire2 = 0;
154
            // Parsing the string to find the gate type
155
             loc = inLine.find(" ");
156
157
             tag = inLine.substr(0,loc);
             loc++;
158
159
160
             // Parsing the string to find the gate delay
161
             while(inLine[loc] == ' ')
162
             {
                 loc++;
163
164
             part = inLine.substr(loc, inLine.size()-loc);
165
166
             loc1 = part.find("ns");
167
             temp = part.substr(0, loc1);
168
             delay = atoi(temp.c_str());
169
             loc = part.find(" ");
170
             while(part[loc]==' ')
171
172
                 loc++;
173
174
175
             // Parsing the string to find first input wire
176
             part = part.substr(loc, part.size()-loc);
177
             loc = part.find(" ");
178
             temp = part.substr(0, loc);
179
             wire1 = atoi(temp.c_str());
180
             while(part[loc]==' ')
181
182
                 loc++;
183
184
185
             if(tag!="NOT")
186
187
                 // Parsing the string to find second input wire
188
                 part = part.substr(loc, part.size()-loc);
                 loc = part.find(" ");
189
190
                 temp = part.substr(0, loc);
191
                 wire2 = atoi(temp.c_str());
192
             }
193
194
             // Parsing the string to find outwire
             loc = part.find(" ");
195
196
             while(part[loc]==' ')
197
198
                 loc++;
```

```
199
200
             part = part.substr(loc, part.size()-loc);
201
             outwire = atoi(part.c_str());
202
203
             // Putting the gate on the vector
204
             type = 0;
205
             if(tag == "AND")
206
207
                 type = 1;
208
209
             if(tag == "OR")
210
211
                 type = 2;
212
             if(tag == "NAND")
213
214
215
                 type = 3;
216
217
             if(tag == "NOR")
218
219
                 type = 4;
220
221
             if(tag == "XOR")
222
223
                 type = 5;
224
             if(tag == "XNOR")
225
226
227
                 type = 6;
228
             }
229
             if(tag == "NOT")
230
                 type = 7;
231
232
233
             if(type == 0)
234
235
                 cout<<"Error: Gate type "<<tag<<"not recognized."<<endl;</pre>
236
                 return 0;
237
238
             // Making a new gate and putting it on the vector
239
             \ensuremath{//} Finding the largest wiretag and increasing the vector size if needed
240
             if(wire1>=wire2)
241
242
243
                 if(wire1>=outwire)
244
245
                     numtag = wire1;
246
247
                 else
248
249
                     numtag = outwire;
250
251
             }
252
             else
253
254
                 if(wire2>=outwire)
255
256
                     numtag = wire2;
257
                 }
258
                 else
259
260
                     numtag = outwire;
261
             }
262
263
             if(numtag>wires.size())
264
```

```
265
266
                 for(int i = numtag; i>(wires.size()); i--)
267
268
                     wires.push_back(NULL);
269
270
271
             // Creating a new wire with the right tag if needed
             if(wires[wire1] == NULL)
272
273
                 Wire* newWire = new Wire(wire1);
274
275
                 wires[wire1] = newWire;
276
277
             if(type!=7 && wires[wire2]==NULL)
278
279
                 Wire* newWire = new Wire(wire2);
280
                 wires[wire2] = newWire;
281
282
             if(wires[outwire] == NULL)
283
284
                 Wire* newWire = new Wire(outwire);
285
                 wires[outwire] = newWire;
286
             if(type == 7)
287
288
289
                 wire2=wire1;
290
291
             Gate* newGate = new Gate(wires[wire1], wires[wire2], wires[outwire], type, delay);
292
293
             gates.push back(newGate);
294
295
             // Adding the gate to each wire's driving vector
             (*wires[wire1]).addToDriving(newGate);
296
             // If statement so if the same wire drives both inputs of a gate,
297
298
             // the gate isn't added twice
299
             if(wires[wire1]!=wires[wire2])
300
301
                 (*wires[wire2]).addToDriving(newGate);
302
303
304
             // Getting the next line
305
             getline(in, inLine, '\n');
306
             // So the program doesn't break for blank lines at the end of a file
307
             if(inLine == "")
308
309
                 break;
310
311
312
313
         // Closing the circuit file and opening the vector file
314
         in.close();
315
         in.open(vectFile.c_str());
316
        priority = 0;
317
318
         // Checking for existence
319
         while(!in)
320
             cout<<"\nError: file "<<crtFile<<"_vector.txt does not exist. Please try again.\n";</pre>
321
             cout<<"~$ ";
322
323
             getline(cin, input, '\n');
324
             vectFile = input + "_vector.txt";
325
             in.open(vectFile.c_str(), ifstream::in);
326
         }
327
         // Getting the number of cycles to simulate
328
         \verb"cout"<"\n\" in How many cycles would you like to simulate?\n";
329
         cout<<"~$ ";
330
         cin>>numcycl;
```

```
// Discarding the title line and taking the first meaningful line
332
333
        getline(in, inLine, '\n');
334
        getline(in, inLine, '\n');
335
336
        while(!in.eof() && inLine!="")
337
             // Discarding the "Input" and every space after it
338
339
             loc = inLine.find(" ");
             while(inLine[loc] == ' ')
340
341
342
                 loc++;
343
             }
344
             // Finding the tag
            part = inLine.substr(loc,inLine.size()-loc);
345
346
            loc = part.find(" ");
347
            tag = part.substr(0,loc);
348
349
             // Finding the time
350
             while(part[loc] == ' ')
351
             {
352
                 loc++;
353
354
            part = part.substr(loc, part.size()-loc);
            loc = part.find(" ");
355
356
            temp = part.substr(0,loc);
357
             wire1 = atoi(temp.c_str());
358
359
             // Finding the new value
360
             while(part[loc]==' ')
361
362
                 loc++;
363
364
             part = part.substr(loc, part.size()-loc);
365
             tempc = part[0];
366
367
             switch(tempc)
368
                 case '1':
369
                 tempc = '-';
370
371
                 break;
372
                 case '0':
                 tempc = '_';
373
374
                 break;
375
                 default:
                 cout<<"Error: All wire values must be 1 or 0. Value "<<tempc<<" is not allowed."<<endl;</pre>
376
377
378
379
380
             // Finding the input that corresponds
             bool test = false;
381
             for(int i=0; i<inputs.size(); i++)</pre>
382
383
384
                 if(inputs[i].getTag()==tag)
385
                     // Pushing a new event using that input's Wire
386
                     Event newEv(wire1, inputs[i].getWire(), tempc, priority);
387
388
                     (*eq).push(newEv);
389
                     test = true;
390
391
             }
392
393
             // Error if a nonexistent input was modified in the vector file
394
             if(!test)
395
396
                 cout<<"Error: Attempting to change nonexisting input "<<tag<<"."<<endl;</pre>
```

331

```
397
                 return 0;
398
399
             priority++;
400
             getline(in, inLine, '\n');
401
402
403
         \ensuremath{//} Running the simulation
404
         for(time=0; time<numcycl; time++)</pre>
405
406
             // Check for events
407
             if(!(*eq).empty())
408
409
                 Event toHandle = (*eq).top();
410
                  // If the top event has the same time as the current time
411
                  while(toHandle.getTime()==time&&!(*eq).empty())
412
413
                      // Popping the top event off
414
                      (*eq).pop();
415
                      // Getting the wire
416
                      Wire* toUpdate = toHandle.getWire();
417
                      // Setting its new value
418
                      (*toUpdate).setValue(toHandle.getValue());
419
                      // Updating its vector of gates
                      priority = (*toUpdate).updateDriving(time, eq, priority);
420
                      // Reloading the top event if the event queue is not empty
421
422
                      if(!(*eq).empty())
423
424
                          toHandle = (*eq).top();
425
426
427
             }
428
             // Poke each output
429
430
             for(int i=0; i<outputs.size(); i++)</pre>
431
432
                  // Poke function causes the output to print its current value to the output string
433
                  (outputs[i]).poke();
434
435
              // Runs three more cycles then quits if no more events to process
436
             if((*eq).empty())
437
                  for(int i=0; i<2; i++)</pre>
438
439
440
                      for(int j=0; j<outputs.size(); j++)</pre>
441
442
                          (outputs[j]).poke();
443
444
445
                  break;
446
447
448
449
         // Finding longest output for clean printing purposes
450
451
         int longest=0;
         for(int i=0; i<outputs.size(); i++)</pre>
452
453
             int comp = (outputs[i].getTag()).size();
454
455
             if(comp>longest)
456
457
                  longest = comp;
458
459
460
461
         // Printing circuit name
462
         cout<<endl<<crtName<<endl;</pre>
```

```
463
      // Printing outputs
464
       for(int i=0; i<outputs.size(); i++)</pre>
465
466
            string toPrint = outputs[i].getTag();
467
            for(int i = toPrint.size();i<=longest;i++)</pre>
468
                toPrint += " ";
469
           }
470
471
            cout<<toPrint;</pre>
472
            outputs[i].print();
473
474
       if(time!=numcycl)
475
476
           cout<<endl<<"Note: Simulation stopped after "<<time<<" cycles due to no further activity.\n";</pre>
477
478
       return 0;
479 }
```