

taxonomic data methods for R & Python

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scotttalks.info/bosc18



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main collaborator on this work: [Zach Foster](#)

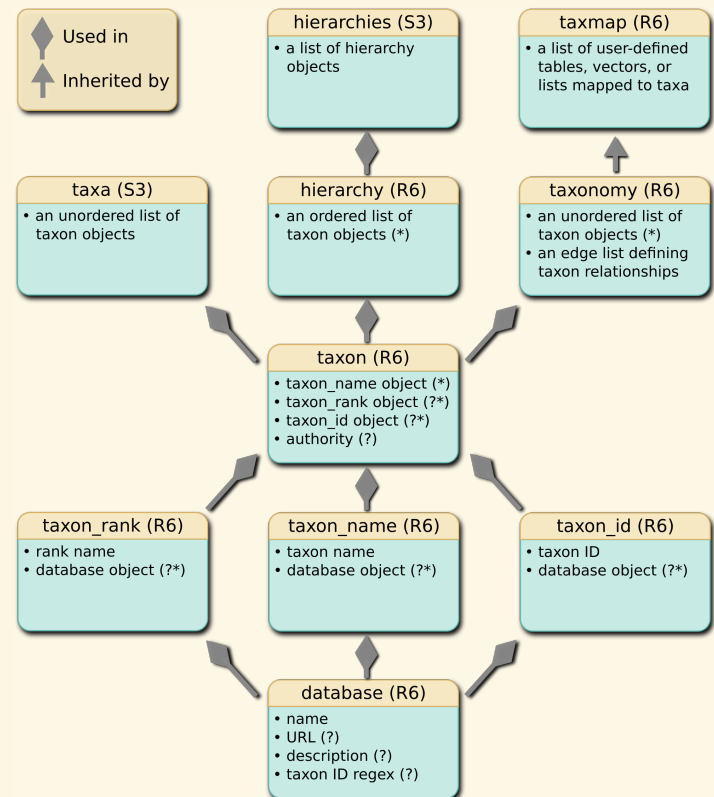
challenges of taxonomic data

- taxonomic data is hierarchical
- "taxa" can be names, classifications of names, or ids
- diff. sources of taxonomic data (e.g. NCBI vs. COL)
 - may have different names and ids for the same taxon
- often associated with other data
 - ideally taxa filtering is linked to data

taxa: the R package

 github.com/ropensci/taxa

- classes to hold taxa, taxonomies, and associated data
- flexible parsers to convert raw data to those classes
- **dplyr**-inspired functions to easily manipulate classes
- any filtering/subsetting keeps all data linked together
- flexible base for other packages to build on
 - R: [taxize](#), [taxizedb](#), [metacoder](#), [pytaxize](#), etc.
 - Python: [pytaxize](#), etc.



taxmap: user defined data mapped to taxonomy

```
<Taxmap>
17 taxa: b. Mammalia, c. Plantae, d. Felidae ... p. sapiens, q. lycopersicum, r. tuberosum
17 edges: NA->b, NA->c, b->d, b->e, b->f, c->g, d->h, d->i ... g->l, h->m, i->n, j->o, k->p, l->q, l->r
4 data sets:
  info:
    # A tibble: 6 x 4
      taxon_id name  n_legs dangerous
    <chr>    <chr> <dbl> <lgl>
1 m      tiger     4 TRUE
2 n      cat      4 FALSE
3 o      mole     4 FALSE
# ... with 3 more rows
  phylopic_ids: a named vector of 'character' with 6 items
    m. e148eabb-f138-43c6-b1e4-5cda2180485a ... r. 63604565-0406-460b-8cb8-1abe954b3f3a
  foods: a list of 6 items named by taxa:
    m, n, o, p, q, r
  abund:
    # A tibble: 8 x 5
      taxon_id code  sample_id count taxon_index
    <chr>    <fct> <fct>      <dbl>      <int>
1 m      T    A          1          1
2 n      C    A          2          2
3 o      M    B          5          3
# ... with 5 more rows
1 functions:
  reaction
```

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taxonomy condensed to edges and nodes

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3 o      M     B         5         3
# ... with 5 more rows
1 functions:
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```

Arbitrary data linked to taxa

manipulate taxonomic data

Subset taxonomy and data to one taxon:

```
filter_taxa(x, taxon_names == "Plantae", subtaxa = TRUE)
```

Subset taxonomy to one rank:

```
filter_taxa(x, taxon_ranks == "genus", supertaxa = TRUE)
```

Subset data and remove any taxa not in subset:

```
filter_obs(x, "info", n_legs == 4, drop_taxa = TRUE)
```

Add a column to a dataset:

```
mutate_obs(x, "info", bipedal = n_legs == 2)
```

pytaxa: the Python package

 github.com/sckott/pytaxa  docs

`pip install pytaxa`

in development: porting `taxa` R client to Python

```
from pytaxa import examples
ex = examples.eg_hierarchy("salmo")

<Hierarchy>
  Salmonidae / family / 161931
  Salmo / genus / 161994
  Salmo salar / species / 161996
  Chordata / phylum / 158852
  Vertebrata / subphylum / 331030
  Teleostei / class / 161105
```

```
ex.pick(names = ["Salmo", "Chordata", "Teleostei"])

<Hierarchy>
  Salmo / genus / 161994
  Chordata / phylum / 158852
  Teleostei / class / 161105
```

taxa/pytaxa plans

- pytaxa parity with taxa
- shuttle data between pytaxa & taxa?
 - protocol buffers?
- arbitrary data backends? (e.g., sqlite db of taxonomy or user data)
- mappings to Darwin Core terms

<https://github.com/ropensci/taxa>

<https://github.com/sckott/pytaxa>