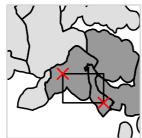
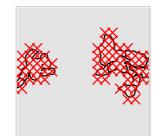
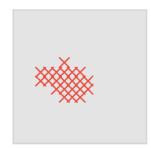
Build the dataset

- 1. Map contemporary occurrences onto biogeographic provinces.
- 2. Interpolate contemporary genus occurrences within biogeographic realms by bounding box. Record the provinces assigned for each genus.
- 3. Overlay equal-area grid on the interpolated provinces and record centre co-ordinates for cells that overlap.
- 4. Overlay the same equal-area grid on the paleontological data and record centre co-ordinates for cells that overlap.
- 5. Measure great-circle distance (shown) and other distribution statistics for both paleontological and contemporary data using the equal-area grid centre coordinates.











Build the model, calibrate, make predictions

- 6. Build GBM (machine learning) model on distribution traits and taxonomy with paleontological data.
- 7. Calibrate the GBM model within each taxonomic class using cross-validation.
- 8. Predict the modern extinction risk using the calibrated GBM model. Record the marginal effect of each predictor.
- 9. Assign the predicted intrinsic risk to biogeographic provinces based on the interpolated data. Calculate the mean intrinsic risk by province within and across taxonomic groups.

> library(gbm)
> model~gbm(ext

