Motorize 1980 dad's telescope

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Abstract

A 1980 (old and dusty) equatorial telescope is converted to an up-to-date, motorized and computer-connected telescope. We, me and my father, illustrate all the transformation steps from an old, dusty and unused telescope into an optimal tool for astrophotography.

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1 Telescope Description

The starting point of the project is of course the telescope. In our garage, for many years, a 1980 Urania telescope has eaten a lot of dust. The telescope's mirror resent of years in humidity and temperature jumps in the garage. In the beginning, we have cleaned the silvered-mirror with soap and water, but the silver seemed to be a bit compromised. We do not talk long about this telescope, since we have soon substituted it with a brand-new Skywatcher Quattro. The latter is placed on the Urania mount, since it is still a nice mount and, in our advice, has still not surpassed robustness. Indeed, the mount is a very heavy (telescope and mount totally weight 20kg!) equatorial and motorized (still works!) mount.

For our money, but most importantly for our fun and entertainment, we decided to modernize our old telescope.

1.1 Urania telescope

We briefly add the specifics of the old Urania telescope, as a sort of respect for many years of honorable work before the deep dark in the garage.

The telescope is a Urania C.R.T. NX 155, as the one in figure 1.

value
riflettore
Newton
PVC
8.0
155
1000
f/4
0.8
13.6
820
400
Silica monoxide
10x30

Table 1: Urania C.R.T. NX 155 specifics.

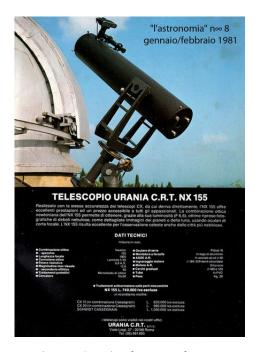


Figure 1: Urania telescope and mount.

1.2 Skywatcher 8P Quattro telescope

Skywatcher 8P Quattro Newtonian (figure 2) telescope offer an optimal astrophotography performance. For this reason we have decided to substitute the Urania telescope with this brand-new Skywatcher telescope.

Specific name	value	
type	reflector	
technique	Newton	Ī
material	Carbon	V
weight (kg)	8.0	t
aperture (mm)	200	٠
focal length (mm)	800	
focal	f/4	3
resolution power	0.58	
limit magnitude value (mag)	13.3]
collect light	820	c
magnification	400	
Mirror Treatment	Aluminum Coating	
Focuser	Crayford dual-speed 50.8 / 3	1
		_

Table 2: Skywatcher 8P Quattro



Figure 2: Skywatcher Quattro telescope.

1.3 Telescope's mount

The telescope is place onto an aeronautic Aluminum tripod equatorial mount.

Specific	value
weight (kg)	
type	fork
material	Aluminum alloy
RA axis diameter (mm)	30
RA axis material	cadmium steel
RA motor	3W synchronous

Table 3: Urania's mount specifics.

1labeltab:mount

Starting from the bottom, from a central post, three pods of 30cm depart from the center. Each one has a wheel which permits the structure to move freely and then to fix the position using stops. The central post terminates with the second post with an inclination equal to the Earth's ecliptic $23.43^{\circ} = 23^{\circ}26'$.

This axis must be aligned with the Polar star (labelling the North). In this way, a 3W electric motor can follow the sky movement.

Departing from this second axis, a two-arms fork is free to rotate around two degrees-of-freedom defining the right ascension (RA) and the declination (DEG). The two arms are separated by the distance d=15mm which is the Urania telescope aperture.

2 Telescope substitution: from Ura-— nia's tube to Skywatcher's tube

Passing from the Urania telescope to Skywatcher telescope we have faced the problem of how to insert the latter in the telescope mount. papa conosce meglio questa parte

3 Motorization: the mechanics

The motorization of the telescope passes through two mechanics adjustments:

- 1. motorize the RA movement, exploiting the native mechanism tracker mechanism;
- 2. motorize the DEC movement, which natively has no gears.

3.1 RA motorization

The telescope's mount has already a tracking mechanism motorized by a 3W continuous motor. So, in principle, it is only a matter of substitute this old motor, with a new programmable stepper motor.

The gears are composed by:

- a 360 teeth gear (1 tooth for each degree, fantastic);
- an endless screw mounted on a shaft.

Using this structure, for a continuous sky tracking, the elder motor would complete a round of the endless screw in 4 minutes. Thus, this mechanism rotates the mount with the velocity of a degree in 4 minutes (which is the velocity of the sky moving away in the night).

gears (see figure ??): 60 teeth gear positioned in the shaft and a 20 teeth gear on the motor shaft.

ratio gear 1	ratio gear 2	total ratio
1/360	1/3	1/1080

Table 4: Total reduction of RA mechanization.



Figure 3: Nema 17 stepper motor and gear adjustment.

3.2 **DEC** motorization

ancora da pensare

Motorization: the software

The Arduino experience

We decide to write this section more as an advertisement to not follow this way than for other purposes.

The first, natural, approach was to try to use some athome-technology. Alone on a shelf, an Arduino UNO R3 card was waiting to take part of another project with some friends: a 28BYJ-48 stepper motor and colorful cables. What a better occasion to be mounted on the telescope in turns of the 3W motor?

With some fortunate events, the stepper motor is adapted to the telescope's rotating shaft. Was it good as a tracker motor with a constant motion? The answer is no. Indeed, some tests revealed bad performances like the inconstant rotation and several stops due to lack of robustness of the mo-

We have reduced the ratio by a third adding two other tor. This result was easily supposed from the beginning, but this try was costs-less, i.e. free since all the components were at home. Indeed, citing Wayne Gretsky:

> "you miss one hundred percent of the shots you don't take",

so it was a matter of must-a-do proof. It also gave us the opportunity to face some engineering problems.

The 28BYJ-48 stepper motor, sadly, returns onto its shelf as, shortly after, would do the Arduino UNO card.

4.2 RA stepper motor

In little internet journey we found a new stepper motor with a nema 17 standard; its characteristics are in table 5.

Electronics	
Manufacturer code	17HM15-0904S
Engine type	bipolar
Pitch angle	0.9 degrees
Sealing pair	36 Ncm (51oz.in)
Rated current/phase	0.9 A
Phase resistance	60 Ohm
Voltage	5.4 V
Inductivity	12 mh 20% (1 kHz)

Physical specifications	
Frame dimensions	42 x 42 mm
Body length	40 mm
Shaft diameter	5 mm
Stem length	22 mm
D-cut length	15 mm
Number of Leds	4
Lead number	300 mm
Weight	280 g

Table 5: Nema 17 stepper motor specifics.

5 ESP32

After buying the new stepper motor, on the internet we have found good impressions on the ESP32 microcontroller. ESP32 is a series of low-cost, low-power system on a chip microcontrollers with integrated Wi-Fi and dual-mode Bluetooth. We've bought it. Also Arduino returned on the self with its friends.

Optics list