Global	Editing	Macros
<pre>:h[elp] keyword - open help for keyword</pre>	${f r}$ - replace a single character.	qa - record macro a
:sav[eas] file - save file as	R - replace more than one character, until ESC is pressed.	q - stop recording macro
:clo[se] - close current pane	J - join line below to the current one	@ - rerun last run macro
:ter[minal] - open a terminal window	gJ - join line below to the current	Cut and paste
K - open man page for word under the cursor	one without space in between gwip - reflow paragraph	yy - yank (copy) a line 2yy - yank (copy) 2 lines
cursor movement	g~ - switch case up to motion	yw - yank (copy) the characters of
h - move cursor left j - move cursor down	gu - change to lowercase up to motion	the word from the cursor position the start of the next word
k - move cursor up	gU - change to uppercase up to motion	yiw - yank (copy) word under the cursor
l - move cursor right	CC - change (replace) entire line	yaw - yank (copy) word under the
H - move to top of screen	C - change (replace) to the end of	cursor and the space after or before it
M - move to middle of screen	the line	y\$ - yank (copy) to end of line
L - move to bottom of screen	c\$ - change (replace) to the end of the line	${f p}$ - put (paste) the clipboard after cursor
₩ - jump forwards to the start of a word	Ciw - change (replace) entire word	P - put (paste) before cursor
W - jump forwards to the start of a word (words can contain punctuation)	CW or Ce - change (replace) to the	dd - delete (cut) a line
	s - delete character and substitute	2dd - delete (cut) 2 lines
e - jump forwards to the end of a word	5 - delete Character and substitute text 5 - delete line and substitute text	dw - delete (cut) the characters of the word from the cursor position
E - jump forwards to the end of a	(same as cc)	the start of the next word
word (words can contain punctuation)	xp - transpose two letters (delete and paste)	diw - delete (cut) word under the cursor
b - jump backwards to the start of a word	u - undo	daw - delete (cut) word under the cursor and the space after or before it
B - jump backwards to the start of a word (words can contain	U - restore (undo) last changed line	D - delete (cut) to the end of the
punctuation) ge - jump backwards to the end of a	Ctrl + r - redo - repeat last command	d\$ - delete (cut) to the end of the line
word	Marking text (visual mode)	X - delete (cut) character
gE - jump backwards to the end of a word (words can contain	V - start visual mode, mark lines, then do a command (like y-yank)	Indent text
punctuation)	V - start linewise visual mode	>> - indent (move right) line one shiftwidth
<pre>%-move to matching character (default supported pairs: '()', '{}', '[]' - use :h matchpairs in vim for more info)</pre>	O - move to other end of marked area	<- de-indent (move left) line on shiftwidth
	Ctrl + v - start visual block mode	>% - indent a block with () or {}
0 - jump to the start of the line	0 - move to other corner of block	(cursor on brace)
^ - jump to the first non-blank character of the line	aw - mark a word	>ib - indent inner block with ()
\$ - jump to the end of the line	ab - a block with ()	>at - indent a block with <> tag
g_ - jump to the last non-blank	aB - a block with {}	3== - re-indent 3 lines
character of the line gg - go to the first line of the	at - a block with <> tags	=% - re-indent a block with () or { (cursor on brace)
document	ib - inner block with ()	=iB - re-indent inner block with
G - go to the last line of the document	iB - inner block with {}	gg=G - re-indent entire buffer
5gg or 5G - go to line 5	it - inner block with <> tags Esc - exit visual mode] p - paste and adjust indent to current line
gd - move to local declaration	Visual commands	Exiting
gD - move to global declaration	> - shift text right	:W - write (save) the file, but don
fx - jump to next occurrence of character x	<- shift text left	exit :w !sudo tee %-write out the
tx - jump to before next occurrence of character x	y - yank (copy) marked text d - delete marked text	current file using sudo :wq or :x or ZZ - write (save) an
Fx - jump to previous occurence of character x	~ - switch case	quit :q - quit (fails if there are unsave
Tx - jump to after previous	u - change marked text to lowercase	changes)
ccurence of character x	U - change marked text to uppercase	:q! or ZQ - quit and throw away unsaved changes
, - repeat previous f, t, F or T	Registers :reg[isters] - show registers	:wqa - write (save) and quit on a tabs
movement, backwards	content	Search and replace /pattern - search for pattern
} - jump to next paragraph (or	"xy - yank into register x	/ partern - search for pattern

"+y - yank into the system

"xp - paste contents of register x

function/block, when editing code)

 ${f \{}$ - jump to previous paragraph (or function/block, when editing code) Working with multiple files :e[dit] file - edit a file in a new buffer :bn[ext] - go to the next buffer $\verb:bp[revious] - go to the previous buffer$:bd[elete] - delete a buffer (close a file) :b[uffer]#-go to a buffer by index # :b[uffer] file - go to a buffer by file :ls or :buffers - list all open buffers :sp[lit] file - open a file in a new buffer and split window :vs[plit] file - open a file in a new buffer and vertically split :vert[ical] ba[ll] - edit all buffers as vertical windows :tab ba[ll] - edit all buffers as tabs Ctrl + ws - split window Ctrl + wv - split window vertically Ctrl + ww - switch windows Ctrl + wq - quit a window Ctrl + wx - exchange current window with next one Ctrl + w= - make all windows equal height & width Ctrl + wh - move cursor to the left window (vertical split) Ctrl + wl - move cursor to the right window (vertical split) ${\tt Ctrl} + {\tt wj}$ - move cursor to the window below (horizontal split) ${f Ctrl} + {f wk}$ - move cursor to the window above (horizontal split) $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{zf}}$ - manually define a fold up to motion zd - delete fold under the cursor za - toggle fold under the cursor **ZO** - open fold under the cursor $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{ZC}}$ - close fold under the cursor ${f zr}$ - reduce (open) all folds by one level ${\bf ZM}$ - fold more (close) all folds by one level **zi** - toggle folding functionality $\ensuremath{\,\textbf{J}}\, \textbf{c}$ - jump to start of next change [c - jump to start of previous change do or :diffg[et] - obtain (get) difference (from other buffer) dp or :diffpu[t] - put difference (to other buffer) :diffthis - make current window part of diff :dif[fupdate] - update differences :diffo[ff] - switch off diff mode for current window

?pattern - search backward for

\vpattern - 'very magic' pattern:

pattern

ZZ - center cursor on screen
Ctrl + e - move screen down one line (without moving cursor)
<pre>Ctrl + y - move screen up one line (without moving cursor)</pre>
Ctrl + b - move back one full screen
Ctrl + f - move forward one full screen
Ctrl + d - move forward 1/2 a screen
Ctrl + u - move back 1/2 a screen
nsert mode - inserting/appending text ${f i}$ - insert before the cursor
${f I}$ - insert at the beginning of the line
a - insert (append) after the cursor
A - insert (append) at the end of the line
O - append (open) a new line below the current line
0 - append (open) a new line above the current line
ea - insert (append) at the end of the word
Ctrl + h - delete the character before the cursor during insert mode
Ctrl + w - delete word before the cursor during insert mode
$Ctrl + \mathbf{j}$ - begin new line during insert mode
Ctrl + t - indent (move right) line one shiftwidth during insert mode
Ctrl + d - de-indent (move left) line one shiftwidth during insert mode
Ctrl + n - insert (auto-complete) next match before the cursor during insert mode
Ctrl + p - insert (auto-complete) previous match before the cursor during insert mode

Ctrl + rx - insert the contents of

register x

Esc - exit insert mode

interpreted as special regex symbols (no escaping needed) $\mbox{\bf "+p}$ - paste from the system clipboard register ${m n}$ - repeat search in same direction Marks and positions \boldsymbol{N} - repeat search in opposite :marks - list of marks direction ma - set current position for mark A :%s/old/new/g - replace all old with new throughout file `a - jump to position of mark A :%s/old/new/gc - replace all old $\boldsymbol{y}\,\hat{}\,\boldsymbol{a}$ - yank text to position of mark with new throughout file with confirmations ${\bf \hat{\theta}}$ - go to the position where Vim :noh[lsearch] - remove was previously exited highlighting of search matches Search in multiple files editing this file :vim[grep] /pattern/ $\mbox{\ \ .}$ - go to the position of the last {`{file}`} - search for pattern in multiple files change in this file ``- go to the position before the last jump :cn[ext] - jump to the next match : ju[mps] - list of jumps :cp[revious] - jump to the previous match $\textbf{Ctrl} + \textbf{i} - go \ to \ newer \ position \ in$ jump list :cope[n] - open a window containing the list of matches $\textbf{Ctrl} + \textbf{o} - go \ to \ older \ position \ in$ jump list :ccl[ose] - close the quickfix : changes - list of changes \boldsymbol{g} , - go to newer position in change list :tabnew or :tabnew $\{ page.words.file \} \ - \ open \ a \ file$ $\boldsymbol{g}\,\boldsymbol{;}\,$ - go to older position in change in a new tab Ctrl + wT - move the current split Ctrl +] - jump to the tag under window into its own tab cursor gt or :tabn[ext] - move to the next tab $\ensuremath{\mathsf{gT}}\xspace$ or :tabp[revious] - move to the previous tab #gt - move to tab number # :tabm[ove] #-move current tab to the #th position (indexed from 0) $\verb|:tabc[lose]| - \verb|close| the current|$ tab and all its windows :tabo[nly] - close all tabs except for the current one : tabdo $\operatorname{command}$ - run the command on all tabs (e.g. :tabdo q - closes all opened tabs)

clipboard register

non-alphanumeric characters are