The beamer-rl class

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Repository: https://github.com/seloumi/beamer-rl Bug tracker: https://github.com/seloumi/beamer-rl/issues

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Introduction

Creating beamer presentation for right to left language (like arabic) using pdfbTeX or XabTeX still poses many problems due to bugs not currently resolved especially for colors and hyperlinks

The LuaTeX team set solutions for these issues thanks to them and to Javier Bezos for his works on the package babel and bidi writing

This class provides patchs of some beamer templates and commands for right to left presentation, this package call babel with bidi=basic-r option and require lualatex engine

How to use beamer-rl

```
\documentclass{beamer-r1}
\babelprovide[import=ar-DZ, main]{arabic}
\mode<presentation>{\usetheme{Warsaw}}
\begin{document}
...
\end{document}
```

The class beamer-rl use by default Amiri font we can change this with • \babelfont command like this

\babelfont{sf}{<font-name>}

The complete syntax for using the command is

\babelfont [<language-list>]{<font-family>}[<fontoptions>]{<font-name>}

The command enables the definition of a specific font for a group of languages or for all used languages

All options provided by beamer can be added with beamer-rl • Additional options can also be passed to package babel with beamer-rl like this

\documentclass[babel={<babel options>}]{beamer-rl}

The beamer-rl class swap the definition of \blacktriangleright • with \blacktriangleleft in RTL context

	\blacktriangleright	\blacktriangleleft
LTR context	◀	>
RTL context	>	◄

Class option arabic call an Arabic dictionary to translate strings like • theorem, example, definition

```
\documentclass[arabic]{beamer-rl}
```

In some cases you need to use \babelsublr command from bebel
package to insert a left to right text within your right to left text, e.g if
you need to insert a pspicture drawing in RTL context

```
\bebelsublr{LTR context ... }
```

\setbeamertemplate{blocks}[default]

Lorem

On 21 April 1820, during a lecture, Ørsted noticed a compass needle deflected from magnetic north when an electric current from a battery was switched on and off.

\setbeamertemplate{blocks}[rounded][shadow=true]

Lorem

On 21 April 1820, during a lecture, Ørsted noticed a compass needle deflected from magnetic north when an electric current from a battery was switched on and off.

enumerate, itemize

- first item 0
- second item 2
 - third item 3

\setbeamertemplate{itemize item}[triangle]

- first item
- second item ◀
 - third item <

- ▶ first item
- second item
- ▶ third item

Hyperlinks

- •First item •
- Second item
 - Third item •

return to second slide ◀

Hyperlinks

- •First item •
- Second item
 - Third item •

return to second slide ◀

Hyperlinks

- •First item •
- Second item
 - •Third item •

return to second slide ◀

.The proof uses reductio ad absurdum



•There is no largest prime number



- Suppose p were the largest prime number \bullet
- Let q be the product of the first p numbers \bigcirc
- •Then q + 1 is not divisible by any of them \odot
- But q + 1 is greater than 1, thus divisible by some prime number not in \P the first p numbers

.The proof uses reductio ad absurdum



There is no largest prime number



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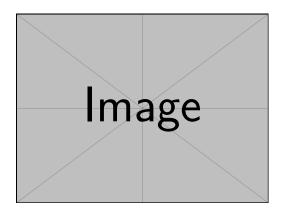


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Zooming



\framezoom<1><2>[border=2](2cm,2cm)(2cm,2cm)
\pgfimage[height=5cm]{example-image}