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Robotics Beta

Which trajectory planning algorithm for minimizing jerk



In order to perform a cyclic task, I need a trajectory planning algorithm. This trajectory should minimize jerk and jounce.

1



When I search for trajectory planning algorithms, I get many different options, but I haven't found one which satisfies my requirements in terms of which values I can specify. An extra complicating factor is that the algorithm should be used online in a system without too much computing power, so mpc algorithms are not possible...



2

The trajectory I am planning is 2D, but this can be stripped down to 2 trajectories of 1 dimension each. There are no obstacles in the field, just bounds on the field itself (minimum and maximum values for x and y)

Values that I should be able to specify:

- Total time needed (it should reach its destination at this specific time)
- Starting and end position
- Starting and end velocity
- Starting and end acceleration

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I am comfortable with just generating the trajectory, and then checking if those values are exceeded.

Which algorithm can do that?

So far I have used fifth order polynomials, and checking for limits on velocity, acceleration, jerk and jounce afterwards, but I cannot set the maximum values for the position, and that is a problem...

Thank you in advance!

control

algorithm

edited Nov 30 '15 at 10:05

asked Nov 27 '15 at 13:51



DrDonut

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do you mean fifth order polynomials? – [holmeski](#) Nov 27 '15 at 17:28

- 1 There may not be any common algorithm for this. I would recommend following TobiasK's answer -- otherwise consider the problem using a cost function that depends on jerk: $J = K \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \ddot{x}^2 dt$ – [Brian Lynch](#) Nov 27 '15 at 20:23

Could you please specify why did you mention both "Starting and ending position" and maximum values for the position? What do you mean by the second one? Also...could you please specify what has priority? execution time or motion dynamic bounds? In the case where the specified total time needed is too short, should the bounds be violated or the total time be violated? – [50k4](#) Nov 29 '15 at 17:40

@Brian, Will look into that as well! – [DrDonut](#) Nov 30 '15 at 6:58

@50k4: For example, what happens is that my input values are: $y_0 = 5$ cm, $v_0 = 3$ cm/s and $y_{End} = 5$ cm, $v_{End} = -2$ cm/s. Because the trajectory has to contain a turning point, a maximum is reached, and that value may or may not be out of reach for the machine. I would like to limit this position – [DrDonut](#) Nov 30 '15 at 6:59

2 Answers



This might not be the right answer for your problem, but it may give you some idea how you might solve this problem:

4



At the company, I'm working for, we have lot of issues concerning jerk and acceleration of rotary arms. Our approach is we use motion specified by a position-velocity diagram (User-Input).

According to this profiles we calculate an acceleration (assuming infinite jerk). Next step is to calculate a jerk according to a so-called jerk-percentage. This is parameter we use to say how much time of the acceleration there is jerk. See [this link](#) where this concept is explained more in detail (only the first 3 paragraphs are related to this topic).

Anyway at the moment we have still infinite jounce (this has no influence on our application anymore). I suggest go a step further. Use the same concept, call it jounce percentage, and minize it this way.

At the end you have a simple path finding process, where you only need to identify position, time

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Thank you! Although the points that are used for the spline are not specified (they don't really matter) I might be able to generate them. Will try your idea of jounce percentage. – [DrDonut](#) Nov 30 '15 at 6:49



1



I don't think I have heard of an algorithm specifically for minimizing jerk and definitely none for jounce. However, here are some semi-recent academic articles and papers that may be of interest to you. They all minimize acceleration in different ways, and you may be able to extend for jerk and jounce.

- IEEE SPECTRUM article: [Robots With Smooth Moves Are Up to 40% More Efficient](#) profiling the [AREUS project](#).
- RSS 2012: [Time-Optimal Trajectory Generation for Path Following with Bounded Acceleration and Velocity](#) by Tobias Kunz and Mike Stilman. Video [here](#).
- HUMANOIDS 2015: [Kinematically Constrained Workspace Control via Linear Optimization](#) by Zachary K. Kingston, Neil T. Dantam, and Lydia E. Kavraki.

answered Nov 30 '15 at 16:57



Ben ♦

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