Dynamical Adaptation in ORNs

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Does Spike Frequency Adaptation imply Dynamical Adaptation?

Liu and Wang's (papers2://publication/uuid/54F8985C-DC25-42D9-AD8B-805EBCD7475F) model of spike frequency adaptation shows some qualitative similarity to ORN response dynamics. Can the mechanics of spike frequency adaptation also give rise to a phenomenon like fast dynamical adaptation?

Contents

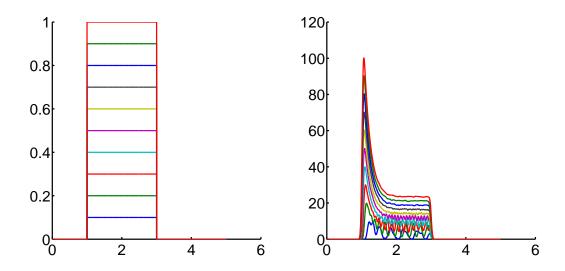
- Response properties of Model Neuron
- Response to exponentiated Gaussian stimuli
- Does this show the signature of fast adaptation?

Response properties of Model Neuron

In this plot, a Liu-Wang model neuron is simulated using parameters very close to what they use in the paper. The parameters are:

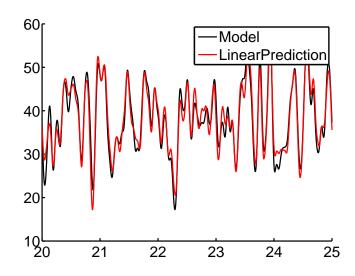
Cm: 0.5000 gL: 0.0250 tau_Ca: 1 C: 0.3800 gAHP: 1.3500 Vreset: -60 Vth: -55 Vrest: -70 A: 666 Vk: -80

The figure below shows the response of this model neuron to increasing pulses of stimulus.



Response to exponentiated Gaussian stimuli

Now we simulate some flickering stimuli by exponentiated Gaussian noise and use that to feed the neuron. The following figure shows the output of the model neuron, together with a linear fit to the model output.



Does this show the signature of fast adaptation?

Does the (feedback) mechanism of spike frequency adaptation allow the neuron to modulate its gain on a fast time scale, like in real ORNs? We perform a linear gain analysis as before.

