# Using ArchUnit to test your architecture

Matt Ho @ 2022

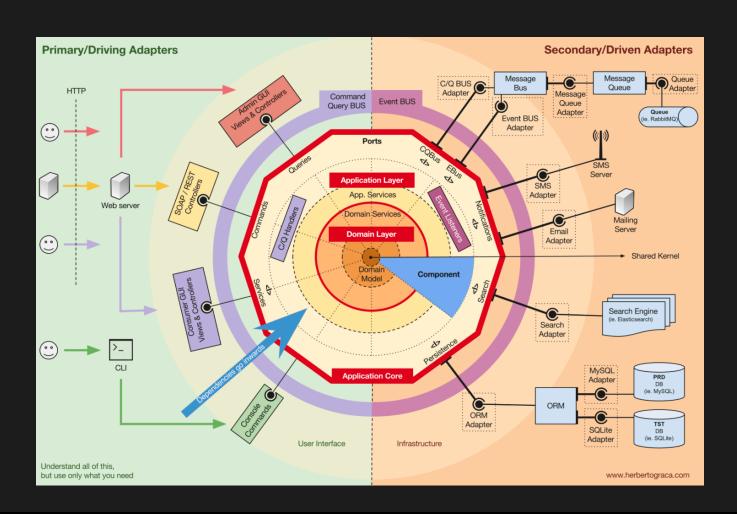


#### About me

- Hi, I'm Matt 👋
- SoftLeader Architect / R&D
- JCConf Speaker
- methodho@gmail.com
- https://github.com/shihyuho



## 放心, 這不是在講架構



#### 本節在分享

架構已經在那了 &&

該如何確保在持續開發/維運的過程中, 應用程式仍然遵循著架構走

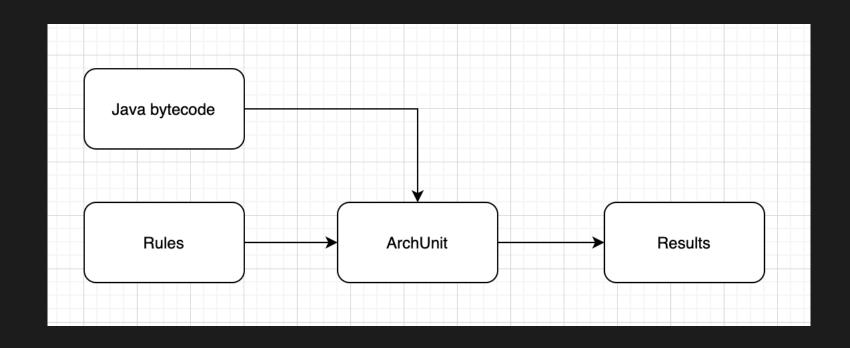


https://www.archunit.org/

#### **ArchUnit Overview**

- 是一個測試套件, 整合了 JUnit 4, JUnit 5 等
- 良好的 Fluent API
- 容易延伸擴充
- Apache-2.0 license

# 運作過程



#### 起手式

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## 起手式 - Rule Pattern

ArchRuleDefinition. <u>GIVEN\_OBJECTS</u>
.that(). <u>PREDICATE</u>
.should(). <u>CONDITION</u>

```
Controller 命名必須以 'Controller' 結尾

@Controller

public record MyController (MyService service) {
}
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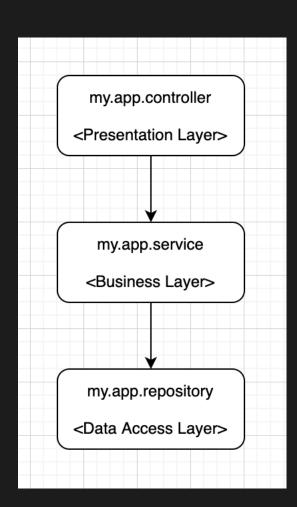
```
adarchTest
static ArchRule controllers_should_have_name_ending_with_controller
= ArchRuleDefinition.classes() GivenClasses
.that().areAnnotatedWith(Controller.class) GivenClassesConjunction
.should().haveSimpleNameEndingWith(Controller.class.getSimpleName());
```

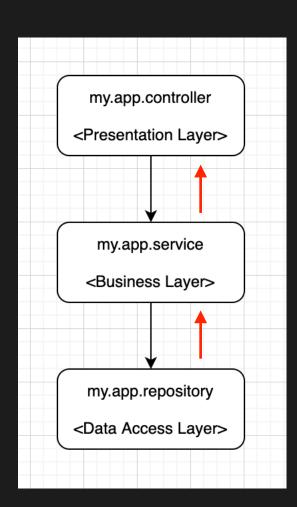
```
Data Access 命名必須以'Dao'結尾
public interface MyDao extends Repository MyEntity, Long> {
}
```

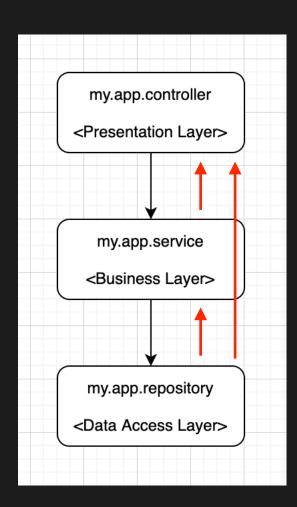
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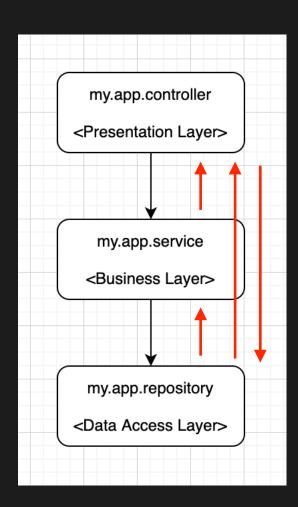
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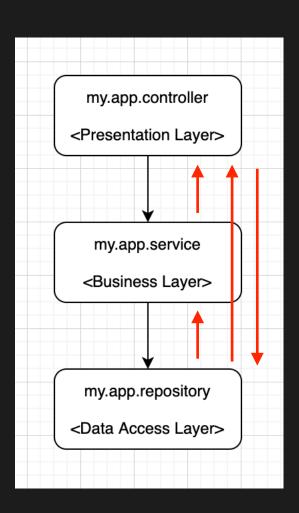
```
and ArchTest
static ArchRule repositories_should_have_name_ending_with_dao
= ArchRuleDefinition.classes() GivenClasses
.that().implement( type: Repository.class) GivenClassesConjunction
.should().haveSimpleNameEndingWith( suffix: "Dao");
```











Architectures.layeredArchitecture()
.layer(). <u>PREDICATE</u>
.whereLayer(). <u>CONDITION</u>

#### General

#### 8.3.1. GeneralCodingRules

The class GeneralCodingRules contains a set of very general rules and conditions for coding. For example:

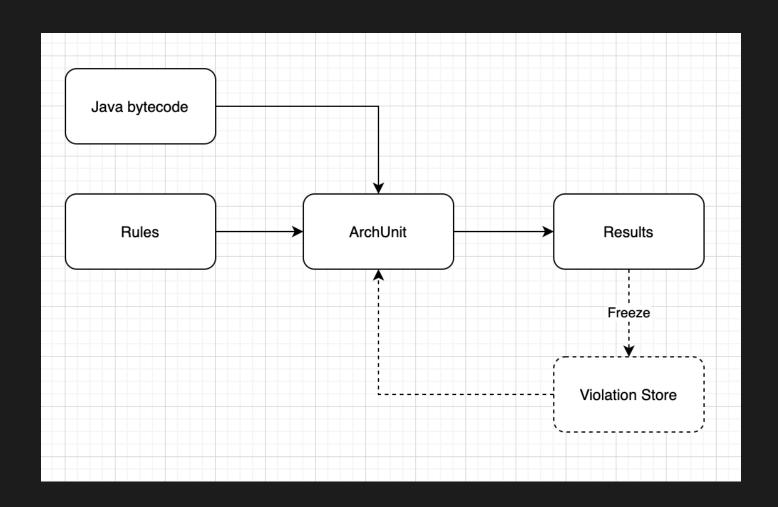
- To check that classes do not access System.out or System.err, but use logging instead.
- To check that classes do not throw generic exceptions, but use specific exceptions instead.
- To check that classes do not use java.util.logging, but use other libraries like Log4j, Logback, or SLF4J instead
- To check that classes do not use JodaTime, but use java.time instead.
- To check that classes do not use field injection, but constructor injection instead.

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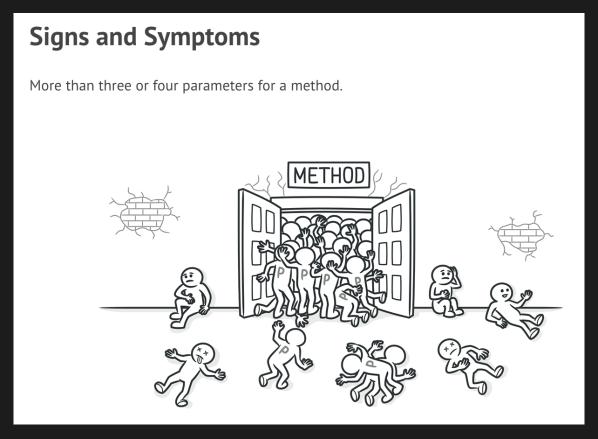
```
FreezingArchRule.freeze(
    ArchRuleDefinition.<u>GIVEN_OBJECTS</u>
    .that(). <u>PREDICATE</u>
    .should(). <u>CONDITION</u>
```



#### Code Smells

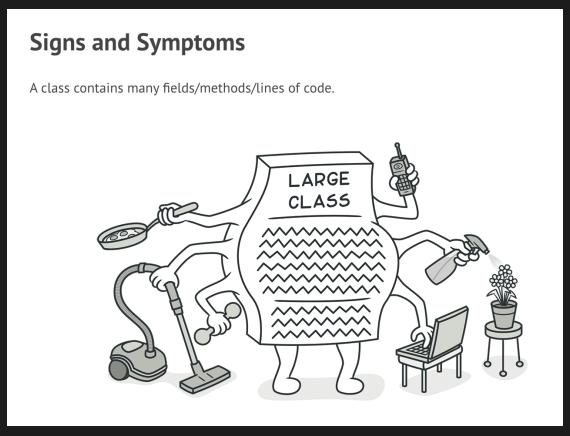


#### Long Parameter List



https://refactoring.guru/smells/long-parameter-list

## Large Class

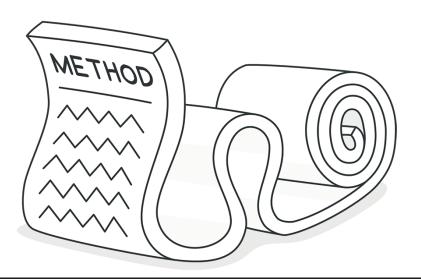


https://refactoring.guru/smells/large-class

## Long Method

#### **Signs and Symptoms**

A method contains too many lines of code. Generally, any method longer than ten lines should make you start asking questions.



https://refactoring.guru/smells/long-method

#### Recap

- 起手式
- Naming Rules
- Layers Rules
- General Rules
- Freezing Rules
- Custom Rules Code Smells



Thank you 🙌