

# Matrix theory - Assignment 9

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**Abstract**—This document proves result on linear transformations

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<https://github.com/shreeprasadbhat/matrix-theory/blob/master/assignment9/>

Consider ,

$$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{X}_j = \mathbf{0}_{m \times 1} \quad (2.0.4)$$

$$(\mathbf{A}_1 \dots \mathbf{A}_j \dots \mathbf{A}_n) \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_j \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{0}_{m \times 1} \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{A}_j = \mathbf{0}_{m \times 1} \text{ for } j = 1, 2, \dots, n \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{0}_{m \times 1} & \mathbf{0}_{m \times 1} & \dots & \mathbf{0}_{m \times 1} \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.7)$$

$$\therefore \mathbf{A} = \mathbf{0}_{m \times n} \quad (2.0.8)$$

## 1 PROBLEM

Let  $\mathbf{V}$  be the space of  $n \times 1$  matrices over  $F$  and let  $\mathbf{W}$  be the space of  $m \times 1$  matrices over  $F$ . Let  $\mathbf{A}$  be a fixed  $m \times n$  matrix over  $F$  and let  $T$  be the linear transformation from  $\mathbf{V}$  into  $\mathbf{W}$  defined by  $T(\mathbf{X}) = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{X}$ . Prove that  $T$  is the zero transformation if and only if  $\mathbf{A}$  is the zero matrix.

Hence  $\mathbf{A}$  is zero matrix.

Let us assume  $\mathbf{A}_{m \times n}$  is a zero matrix

$$\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{0}_{m \times n} \quad (2.0.9)$$

Then,

$$T(\mathbf{X}) = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{X} \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$= \mathbf{0}\mathbf{X} \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$= \mathbf{0}_{m \times 1}, \forall \mathbf{X} \in F \quad (2.0.12)$$

Hence  $T(\mathbf{X}) = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{X}$  is the zero transformation.

From (2.0.8) and (2.0.12) it is proved that  $T$  is the zero transformation if and only if  $\mathbf{A}$  is the zero matrix.

## 2 PROOF

If  $\mathbf{A}_{m \times n}$  is a zero transformation and  $\mathbf{X}_{n \times 1}$  is a vector, then

$$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{0}_{m \times 1} \quad (2.0.1)$$

Let,

$$\mathbf{A} = (\mathbf{A}_1 \dots \mathbf{A}_j \dots \mathbf{A}_n) \text{ and} \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$\mathbf{X}_j = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_j \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix}, \text{ where } x_i = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } i = j \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (2.0.3)$$

If  $\mathbf{A}_{m \times n}$  is zero transformation, then for any vector  $\mathbf{X}_{n \times 1}$ ,  $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{0}$ .