

Iterative Pre Post InOrder in B-Tree

Stack → Pair

↓
Node
state.

State = 0

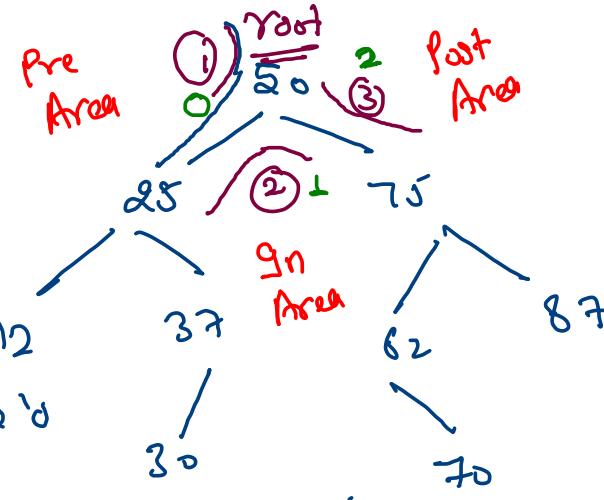
pre.add (node, data)
add left child in stack with state '0'
state ++

State = 1

in.add (node, data)
add right child with state 0
state ++

State = 2

post.add (node, data) →
wippe out



Pre → 50 25 12 37 30 75 62 → 87

In → 12 25 30 37 50 62 70 75 87

Post → 12 30 37 25 70 62 87 75 50

content on a single level.

idx, ans
if (index < str.length) {
 answer.print(p[i])

State = 0 }

st.push(new pair(i+1, ans+charAt()));
state++

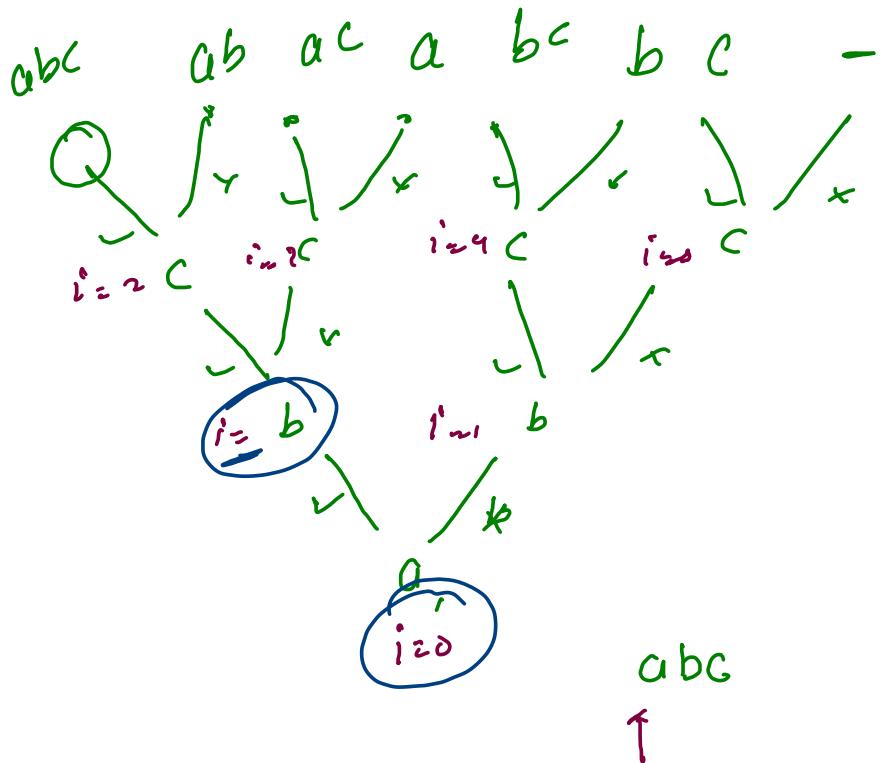
State = 1

st.push(new pair(i+1, ans+"(-)"));

state--

State = 2

st.pop()



a b c
0 1 2

✓ ---
✓ - - C
✓ - b -
✓ - bC
✓ a - -
✓ a - C
✓ a b -
✓ abc

Index, answer, state:

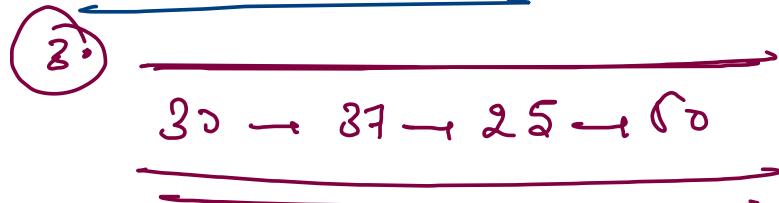
```
public static void iterativeSubseq(String str) {  
    Stack<Spair> st = new Stack<>();  
    st.push(new Spair(0, "", 0));  
  
    while(st.size() > 0) {  
        Spair p = st.peek();  
        if(p.indx == str.length()) {  
            // base case  
            System.out.println(p.ans);  
            st.pop();  
        } else if(p.state == 0) {  
            // no call  
            st.push(new Spair(p.indx + 1, p.ans + "- ", 0));  
            p.state++;  
        } else if(p.state == 1) {  
            // yes call  
            st.push(new Spair(p.indx + 1, p.ans + str.charAt(p.indx) + " ", 0));  
            p.state++;  
        } else {  
            // wipe out  
            st.pop();  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Calls
margin

find and Node to Root path.

① find - 30 T/F

② Node to root path.

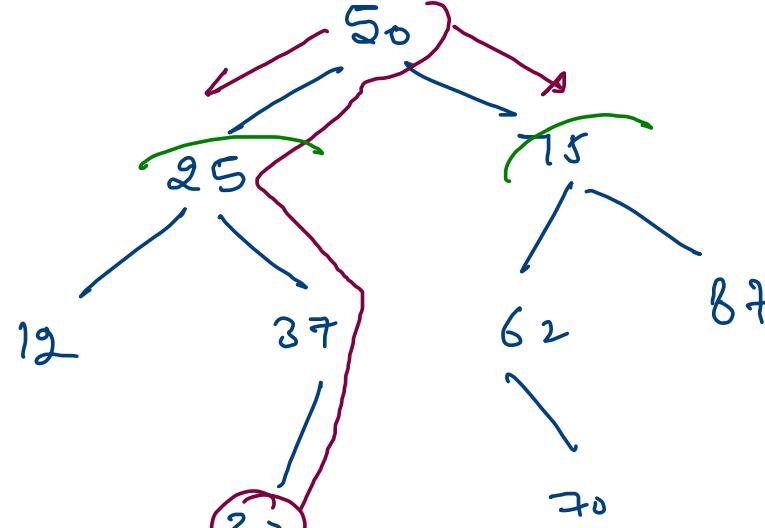


find → Expectation

null → return false

self check
left check
right check

Merging



True (Present)

find(50) → True (Present)

find(50-left) → T
F

find(50-right) → F

Arrays

① subarray.

② subset

Subarray → {1, 2, 3}

$$\frac{3 \times 2^2}{2} = ⑥$$

$$n \cdot = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

- ① {1}
- ② {1, 2}
- ③ {1, 2, 3}
- ④ {2}
- ⑤ {2, 3}
- ⑥ {3}

Subset - → {1, 2, 3}

$$n \cdot = 2^n$$

- ① {}
- ② {1}
- ③ {2}
- ④ {3}
- ⑤ {1, 2}
- ⑥ {1, 3}
- ⑦ {2, 3}
- ⑧ {1, 2, 3}

$$= 2^3 = 8$$

Strings

① Substring -

② Subseq

Substring -

abc

$$n \cdot = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

- ① a
- ② ab
- ③ abc
- ④ b
- ⑤ bc
- ⑥ c

Subseq -

abc

- - -
- - c
- b -
- bc
- a --
- c - c
- a b -
- a b c

- ① -
- ② c
- ③ b
- ④ bc
- ⑤ a
- ⑥ ac
- ⑦ ab
- ⑧ abc

```

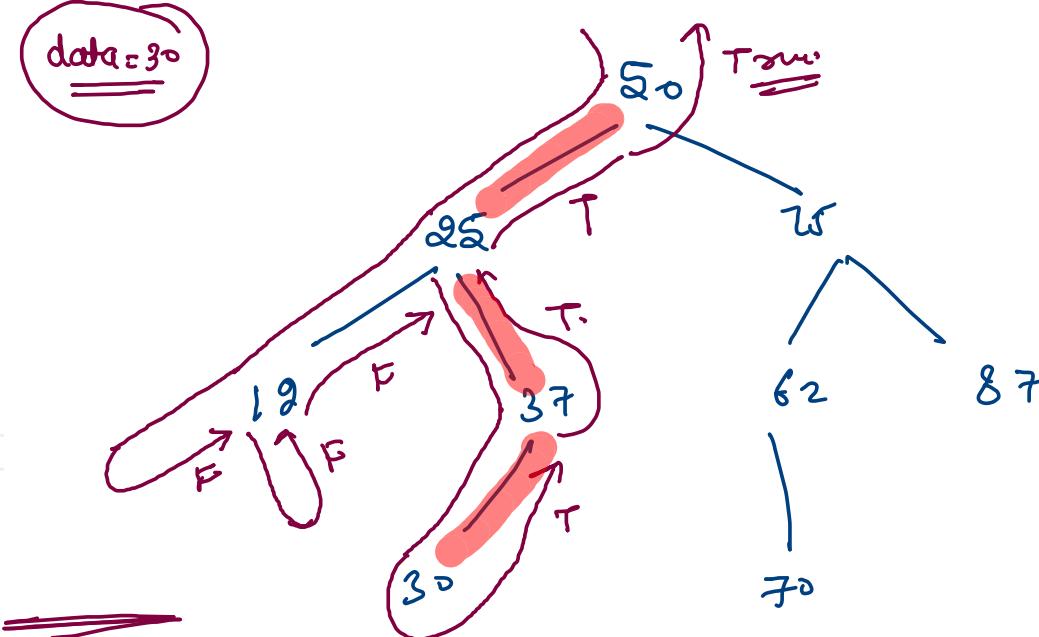
public static boolean find(Node node, int data){
    if(node == null) return false;

    if(node.data == data) return true;

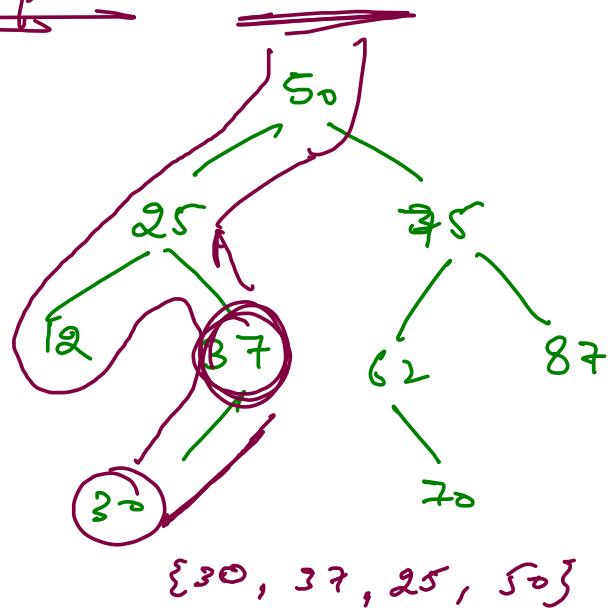
    boolean res = false;
    res = find(node.left, data);
    if(res == true) return true;

    res = find(node.right, data);
    return res;
}

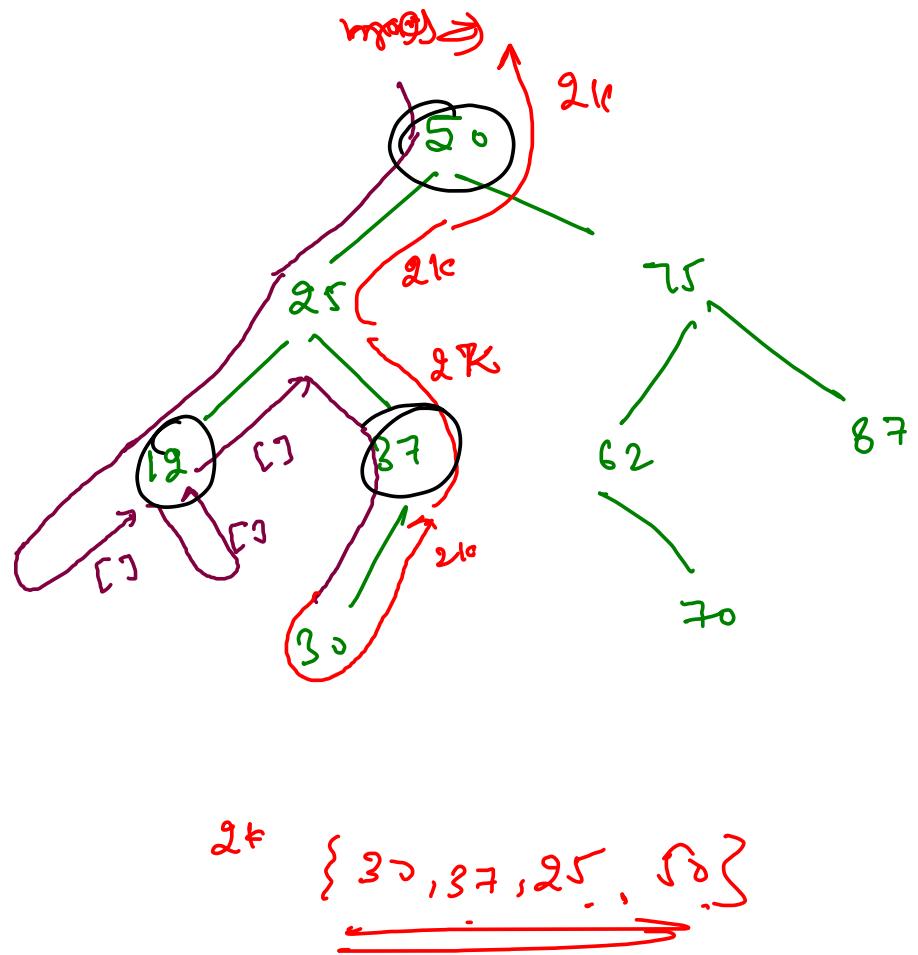
```



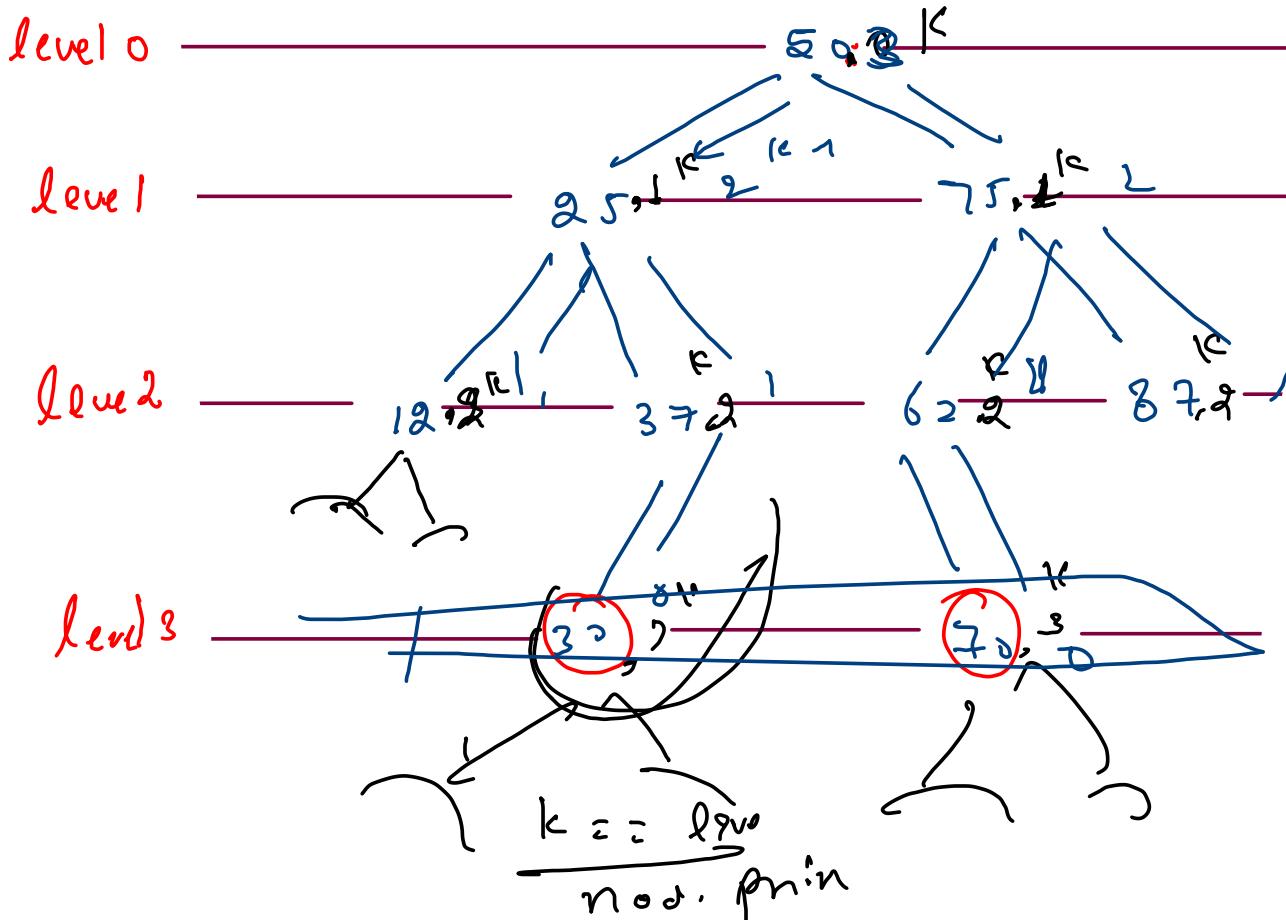
node to Root path:



```
public static ArrayList<Integer> nodeToRootPath(Node node) {
    if(node == null) return new ArrayList<>();
    if(node.data == data) {
        ArrayList<Integer> bres = new ArrayList<>();
        bres.add(node.data);
        return bres;
    }
    ArrayList<Integer> res;
    res = nodeToRootPath(node.left, data);
    if(res.size() > 0) {
        res.add(node.data);
        return res;
    }
    res = nodeToRootPath(node.right, data);
    if(res.size() > 0) {
        res.add(node.data);
        return res;
    }
    return new ArrayList<>();
}
```



Print k level Down →



k level Down

123

Recursion.

null → check\

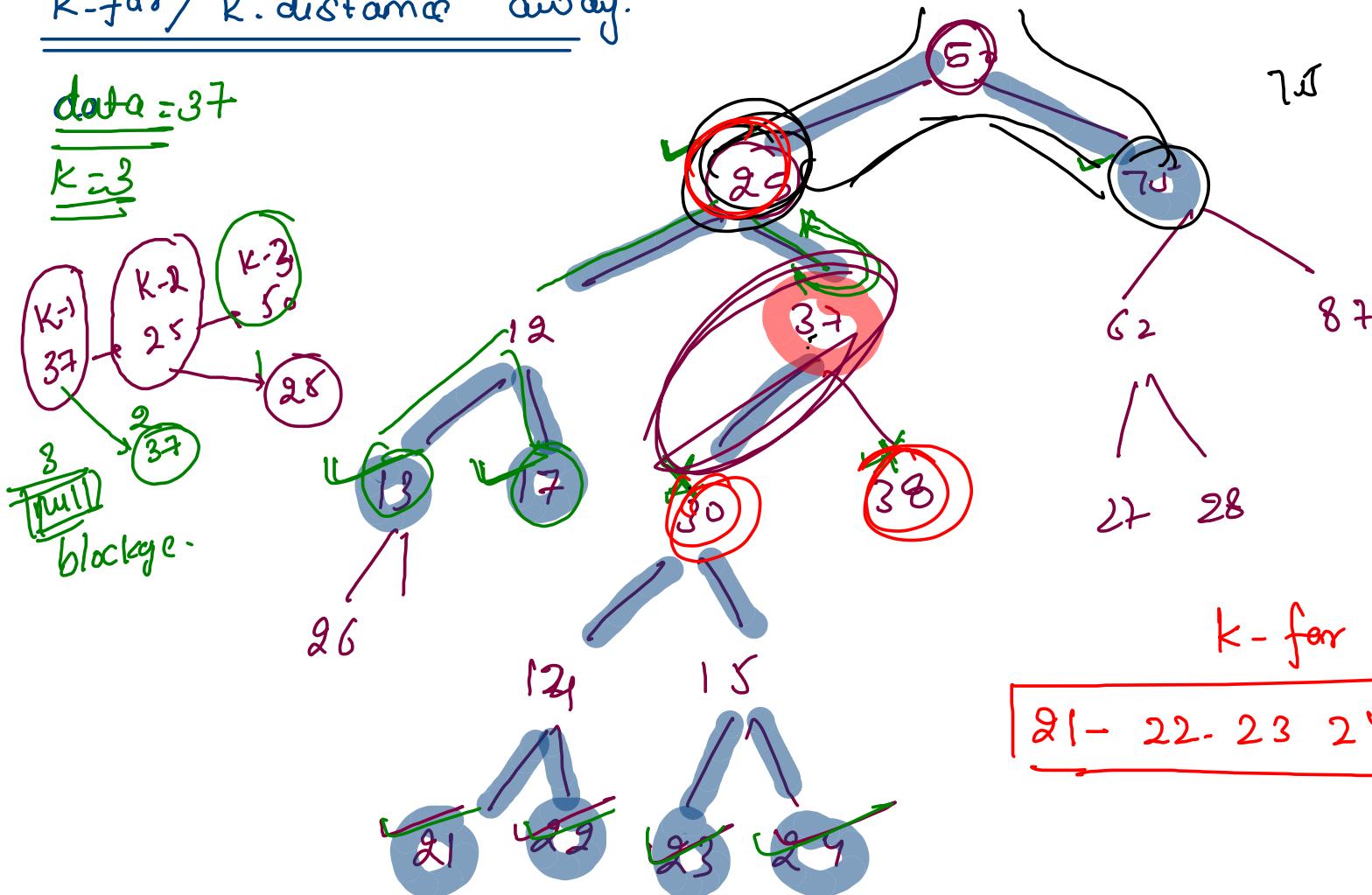
I am checker

left →
right →

k-far / k.distance away.

data = 37

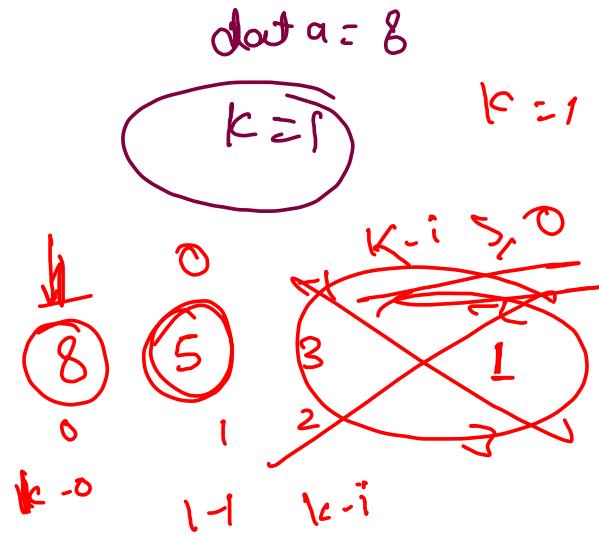
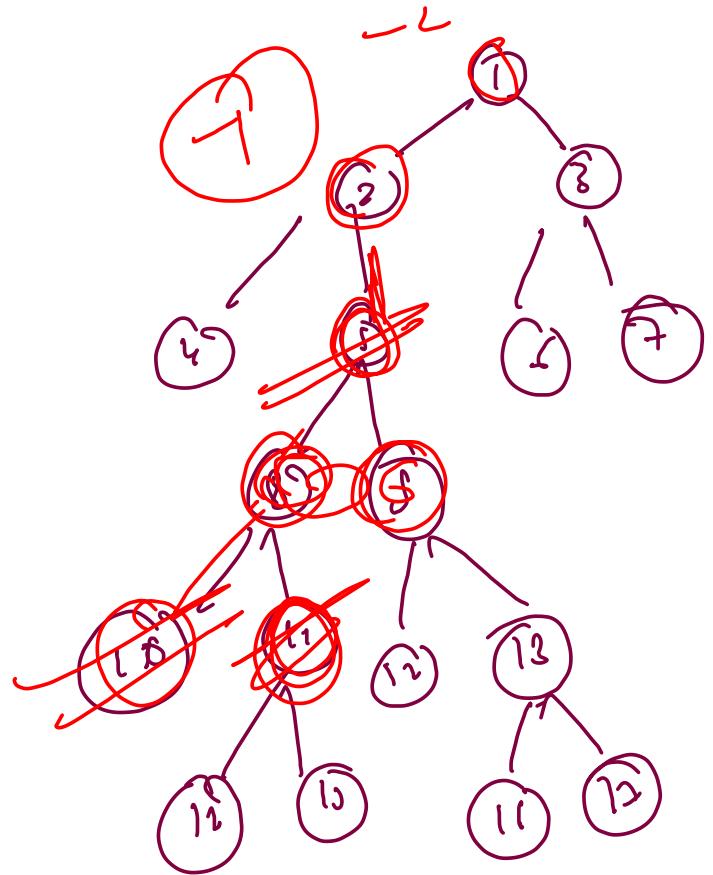
K = 3



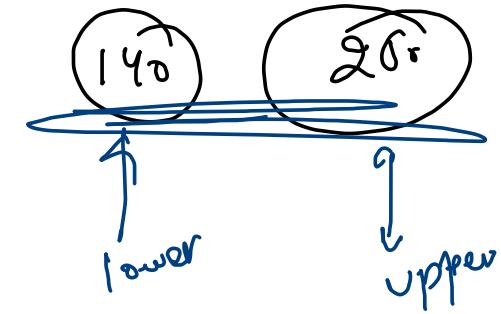
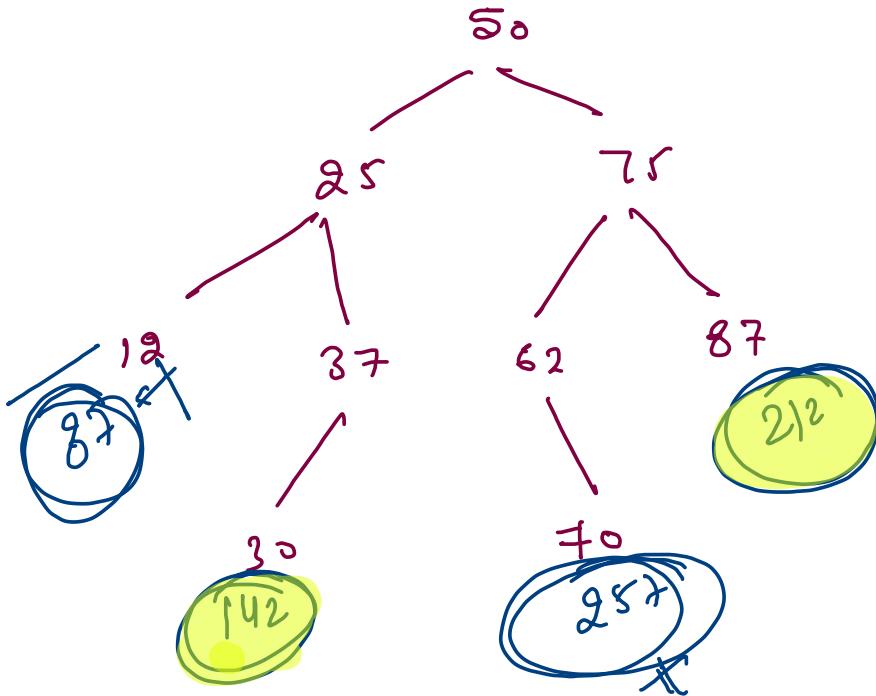
Hint →
Nodes to
root
path
+
k level down

k-far from 37

21 - 22 - 23 - 24 - 13 - 17 - 75



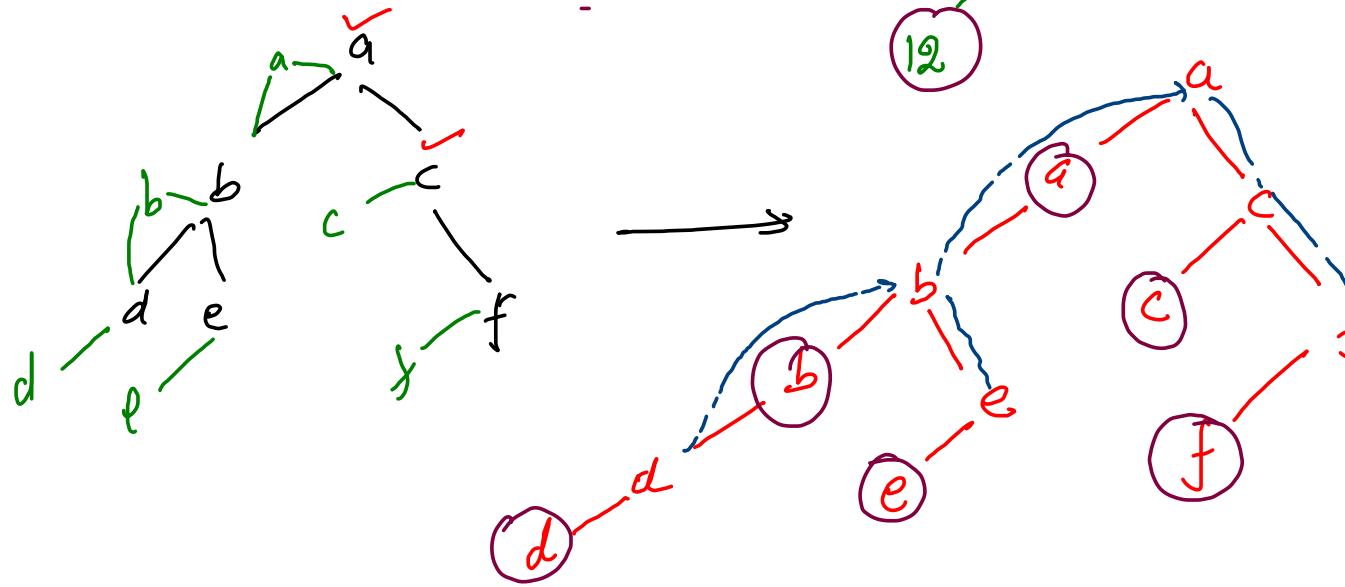
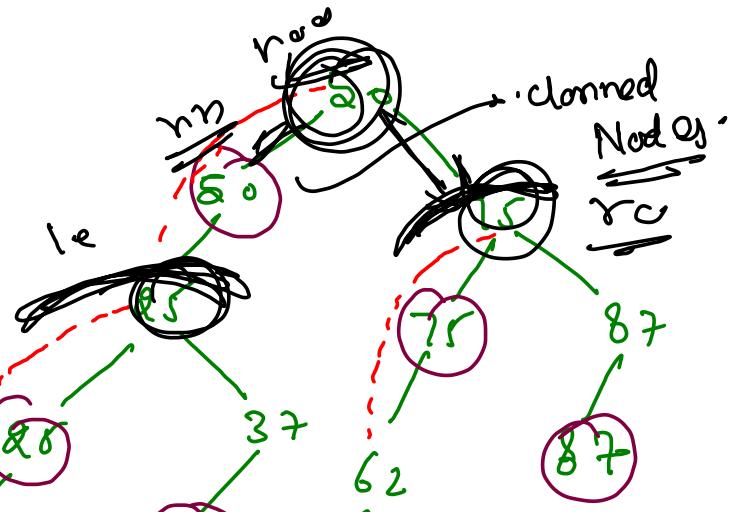
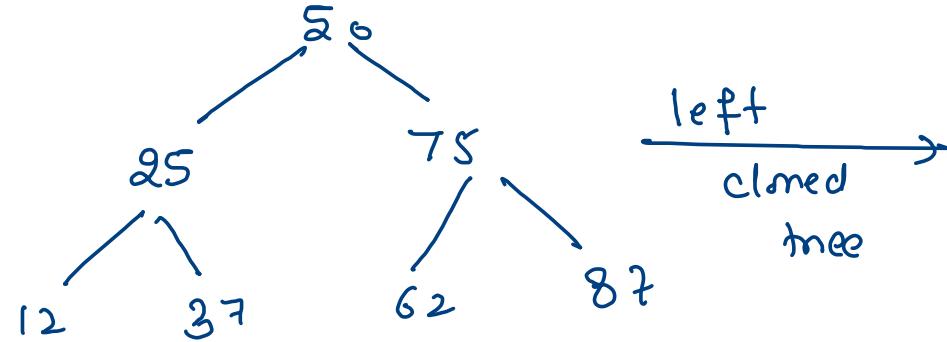
Path in Range
 node to
leaf



——————
 left check
 Right check
 ——————

↙ 50 25 37 30
 ↘ 50 75 87

Transform to left cloned tree

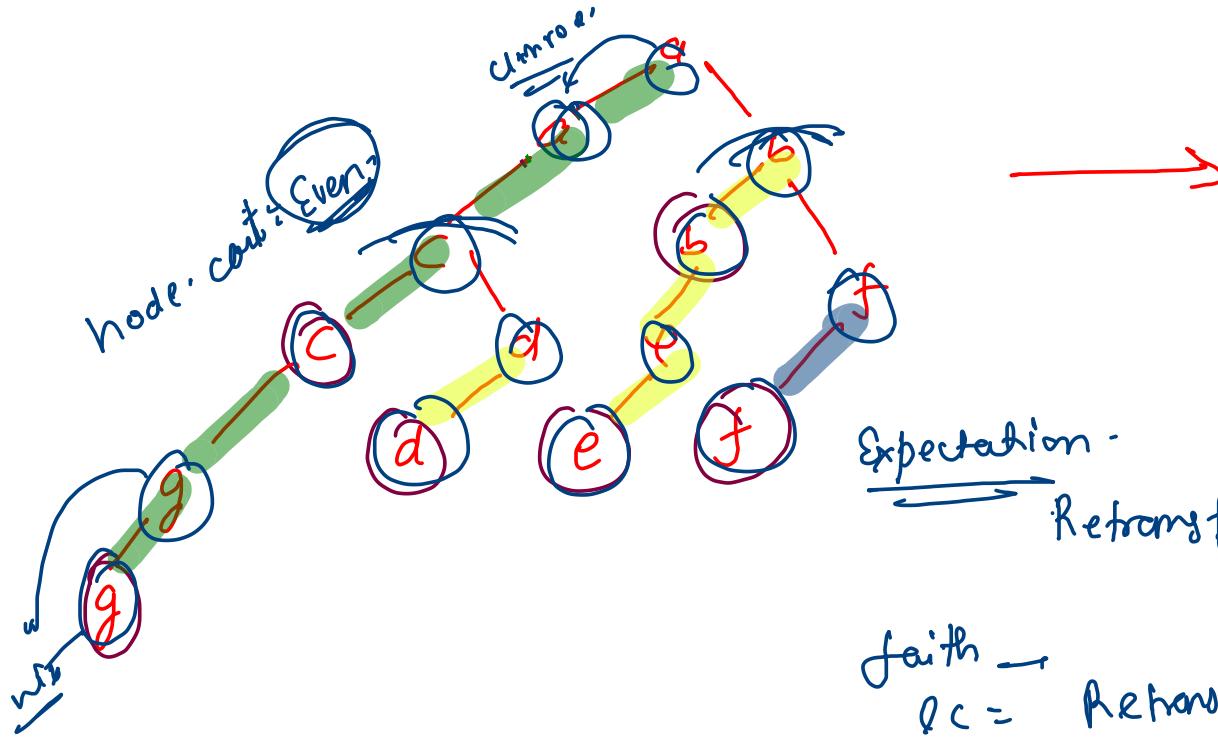


Expectation -
transform(50)

faith = transform(25);
 $rc = \text{true for } (75)$

nn
 $\text{node}.\text{left} = nn; \text{return } nn$
 $nn.\text{left} = \text{de}$.

left Cloned tree to Normal tree

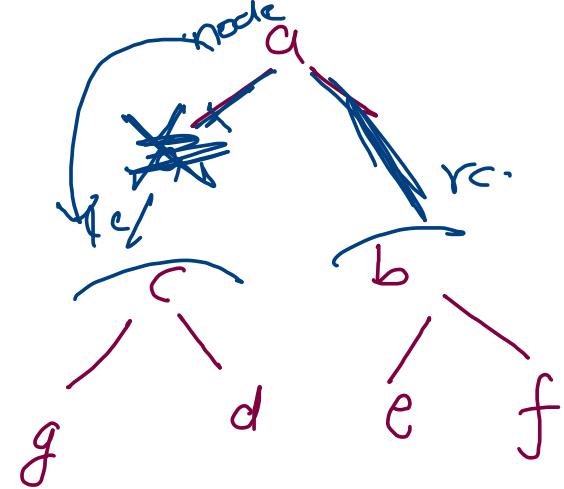


Expectation -
Retransform (a)

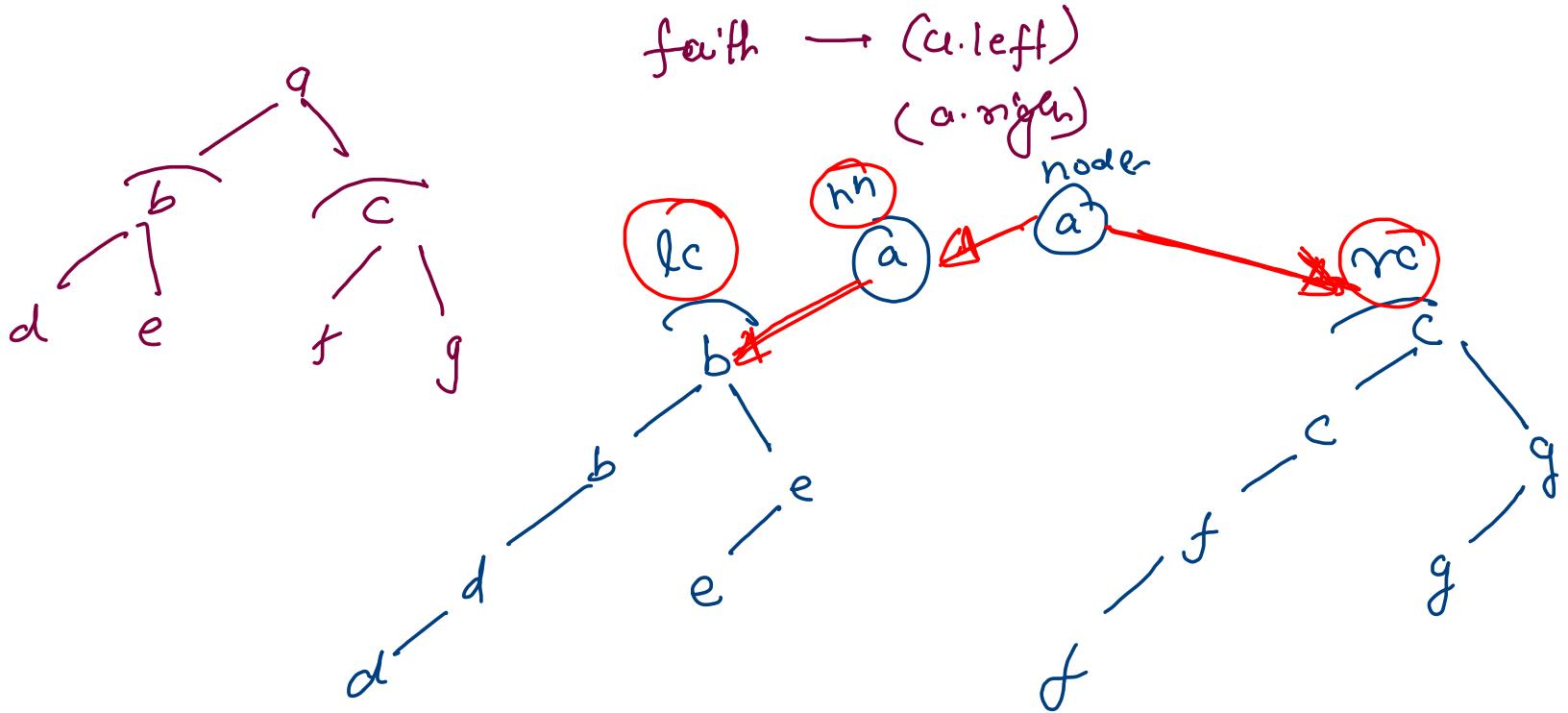
faith →
 $lc = \text{Retransform } (\underline{\underline{a.left.left}});$

$\text{node.left} = lc;$ $\text{re} \rightarrow \text{Retransform (arright)};$
 $\text{node.right} = rc;$

return node;



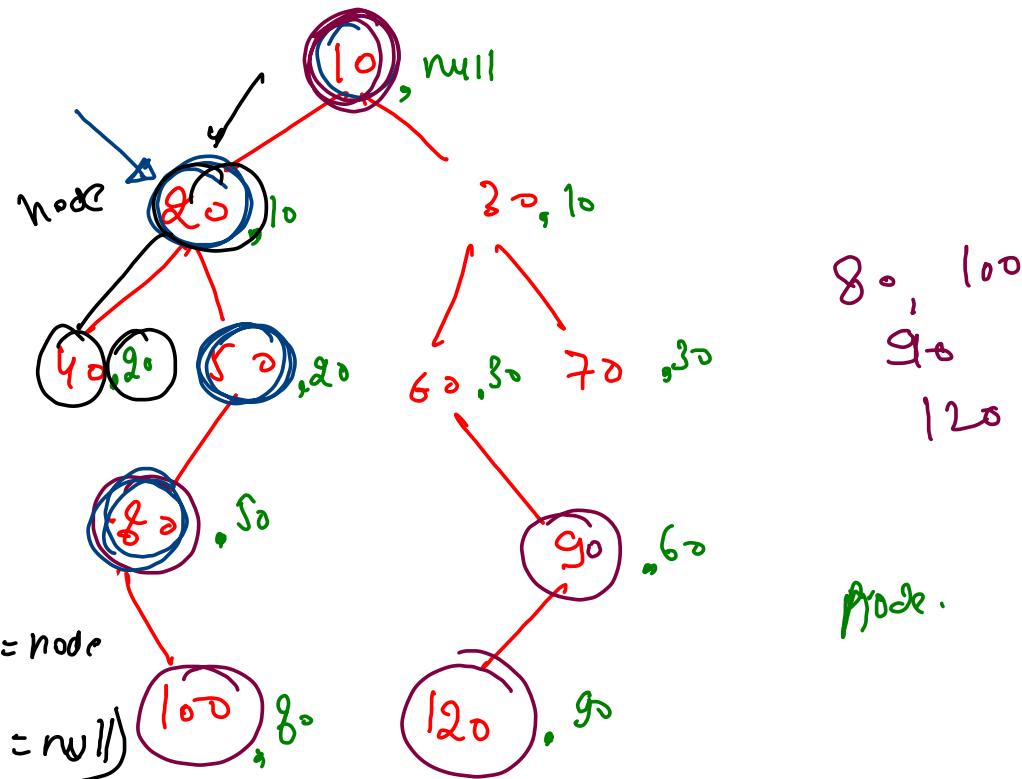
pointer Except
Null Encouter
X



} Node nn = new Node(node, data);
 nn.left = lc;
 node.left = nn;
 node.right = rc;
 return node;

Print single child.

left child of my parent
right child of my parent



80, 100
90
120

node.

(parent != null && parent.left == node
&& parent.right == null)

node is single left child of parent

(parent != null && parent.right == node && parent.left == null)
node is single right child

