CSI: Cleavage Site Investigator

Features

- Run straight from command line
- Compatible with FASTA file format (.fa and .fasta)
- Determine top and bottom strand cleavage events
- Export results to .csv files
- Create visual event distributions as heatmaps and strand linkage plots

Contents

- Features
- Contents
- Installation
- Usage
 - Notes
 - Running CSI
 - Generating strand linkage plots (SVG)
 - Generating heatmap plots (CSV)
 - Generating heatmap plots (SVG)
- Output file formats
 - CSI summary file
 - CSI individual results file

Installation

- 1. Install Python (tested with Python 3.9.1)
- 2. Install required libraries (BioPython, Seaborn, SVGWrite and TQDM)
 - Either using Pip

```
pip install biopython==1.79
pip install tqdm==4.55.1
pip install seaborn==0.11.1
pip install svgwrite==1.4
```

• Or using the provided Anaconda environment file ("csi.yml" in "resources" folder)

```
conda env create -f csi.yml
```

Usage

Notes

• Example files for testing CSI are included in the "data" folder of this repository. The files are from the full data set found [here](TODO - RDSF link). These files are:

- "ex_cassette.fa" Cassette sequence (must contain one sequence). Example file is for "Splint1TA".
- "ex_consensus.fa" Consensus sequence(s) (can contain multiple sequences). Example file is a subset of sequences from "Cas12a_17.fa" sample.
- "ex_reference.fa" Reference sequence (must contain one sequence). Example file is for "CrisprplasR".
- The above files are used throughout the following code demos.
- Each program (csi.py, heatmap.py and strandlinkageplot.py) can be run entirely from command line. Full argument documentation is accessible using the -h (or --help) flag (e.g. python csi.py -h).

Running CSI

Basic use

- The main CSI program is run using csi.py. This will analyse the specified consensus sequences and optionally output event distributions, summary statistics and plots (advanced plotting options available by running heatmap.py and strandlinkageplot.py directly).
- CSI requires a minimum of three arguments, specifying paths to the cassette (-ca or -cassette_path), reference (-r or --reference_path) and consensus (-co or --consensus_path)
 files.
- The following command is an example

```
python .\src\csi.py -ca .\data\ex_cassette.fa -r .\data\ex_reference.fa -co
.\data\ex_consensus.fa
```

• With default parameters (no optional arguments specified) a basic summary will be displayed with the following sections:

Label	Description
"TS position"	Position of the top-strand cleavage event
"BS position"	Position of the bottom-strand cleavage event
"Split seq"	True if the cleavage event spanned the start/end of the reference sequence, False otherwise
"Count"	Number of identified events matching this cleavage event (% of total identified events shown in parenthesis)
"Type"	Type of cleavage event (either "Blunt end", "3' overhang" or "5' overhang")

• An example output is shown below:

```
RESULTS:
   Full sequence frequency:
       TS position: 1289
       BS position: 1293
       Split seq: False
       Count: 396/787 (50.3% of events)
                  5' overhang
       Type:
       TS position: 1293
       BS position: 1293
       Split seq: False
                  97/787 (12.3% of events)
       Count:
       Type: Blunt end
       TS position: 1284
       BS position: 1293
       Split seq: False
       Count:
                  67/787 (8.5% of events)
                  5' overhang
       Type:
```

Advanced control

• CSI offers optional command line parameters to specify execution settings (e.g. the number of bases to fit) as well as additional outputs (e.g. summary CSV files or rendered heatmap plots).

Argument	Description	
-h,help	Show help message (lists all required and optional arguments).	NA
-rf,repeat_filter	Expression defining filter for accepted number of repeats. Uses standard Python math notation, where 'x' is the number of repeats (e.g. 'x>=3' will process all sequences with at least 3 repeats).	NA
-lr,local_r	When grouping sequences at restriction sites, this is the half width of the local sequences to be extracted. For example, for a sequence 5'AAT ATT3', -lr 1 would yield "TA", whereas -lr 2 would yield "ATAT".	1
-mg,max_gap	Maximum number of nucleotides between 3' and 5' restriction sites.	10000

Argument Description		Default value
-mq,min_quality	Minimum match quality. Specified in the range 0-1, where 1 is a perfect match.	
-nb,num_bases	Number of bases to match when comparing sequences (e.g. when searching for cassette ends in a consensus sequence).	
-pr,print_results	Prints results to the terminal once a complete file has been processed.	NA
-en,extra_nt	Number of additional nucleotides to be displayed either side of the cleavage site (when -pr orprint_results is specified).	0
-sp,show_plots	Display plots showing local sequence distributions as a heatmap and pie-chart.	NA
-wslp, write_strandlinkageplot	Write strand linkage plot image to SVG file. Output file will be stored in consensus file folder with same name as the consensus file, but with the suffix '_strandlinkageplot'. To generate strand linkage plots with greater control over rendering, see Generating strand linkage plots (SVG)	
-whsa, write_heatmap_svg_auto	Write heatmap image (only spanning range of identified event positions) to SVG file. Output file will be stored in consensus file folder with same name as the consensus file, but with the suffix '_heatmap'. To generate heatmaps with greater control over rendering, see Generating heatmap plots (SVG).	
<pre>-whsf, write_heatmap_svg_full</pre>	Write heatmap image (spanning full range of reference sequence) to SVG file. Output file will be stored in consensus file folder with same name as the consensus file, but with the suffix '_heatmap'. To generate heatmaps with greater control over rendering, see Generating heatmap plots (SVG).	
-whca, write_heatmap_csv_auto	Write heatmap image (only spanning range of identified event positions) to CSV file. Output file will be stored in consensus file folder with same name as the consensus file, but with the suffix '_heatmap'. To generate heatmaps with greater control over rendering, see Generating heatmap plots (CSV).	
-whcf, write_heatmap_csv_full	Write heatmap image (spanning full range of reference sequence) to CSV file. Output file will be stored in consensus file folder with same name as the consensus file, but with the suffix '_heatmap'. To generate heatmaps with greater control over rendering, see Generating heatmap plots (CSV).	NA

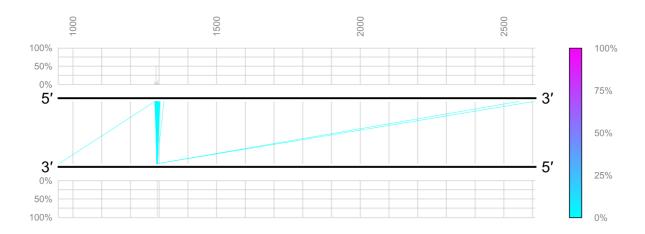
Argument	Description Write individual cleavage results to CSV file. Output file will be stored in consensus file folder with same name as the consensus file, but with the suffix '_individual'. For more information on the individual results file format, see CSI individual results file.	
-wi,write_individual		
-ws,write_summary	Write summary of results to CSV file. Output file will be stored in consensus file folder with same name as the consensus file, but with the suffix '_summary'. For more information on the summary results file format, see CSI summary file.	NA
-wo,write_output	Write all content displayed in console to a text file. Output file will be stored in consensus file folder with same name as the consensus file, but with the suffix '_output'.	
-ad,append_datetime	Append time and date to all output filenames (prevents accidental file overwriting).	NA
-v,verbose	Display detailed messages during execution.	NA

Generating strand linkage plots (SVG)

Basic use

- Strand linkage plots can be exported to SVG directly from CSI summary and individual results files using strandlinkageplot.py.
- At a minimum, strandlinkageplot.py requires arguments specifying the path to a CSI summary or individual results file (-d or --data_file argument) and the output SVG path (-o or --out_path argument).
- For example, the following command will generate a strand linking plot using default parameters:

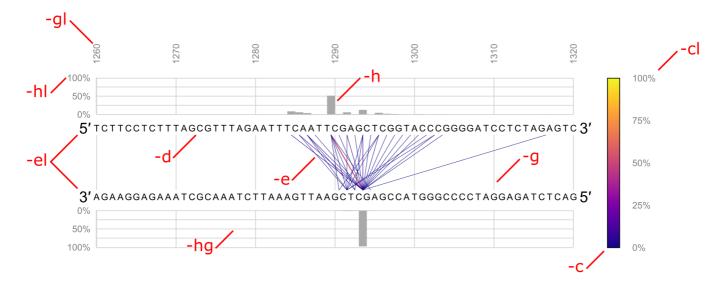
```
python .\src\strandlinkageplot.py -d .\data\ex_consensus_summary.csv -o
.\data\output_strandlinkageplot.svg
```



Advanced control

- To afford greater control over various aspects of plot rendering, strandlinkageplot.py accepts over 50 different command line arguments. Full descriptions for these arguments can be viewed using the -h or --help flag.
- The following figure uses optional arguments to zoom in on a specific sequence region (-pr 1260 1320), applies closer grid spacings (-g_i 10 -gl_i 10), uses a different colourmap (-e_c plasma) and displays the DNA as a letter sequence (-d_m seq; Note: this requires the reference sequence to be provided via -r):

```
python .\src\strandlinkageplot.py -d .\data\ex_consensus_summary.csv -o
.\data\output_modified_plot.svg -e_c plasma -pr 1260 1320 -g_i 10 -gl_i 10 -d_m
seq -r .\data\ex_reference.fa -d_s 12
```



As shown in the figure above, optional arguments are grouped by the plot feature they act upon. For example, -gl_i controls the grid label interval. The following table shows all the optional arguments by feature group:

Root argument Feature Instances

Root argument	Feature	Instances
-d,dna	DNA sequence	-d_m,dna_mode -d_s,dna_size -d_c,dna_colour -d_rg,dna_rel_gap
-el,end_label	End label (i.e. 5' and 3')	<pre>-el_v,end_label_vis -el_s,end_label_size -el_c,end_label_colour -el_rg,end_label_rel_gap -el_p,end_label_position</pre>
-g,grid	Grid (sequence position)	<pre>-g_v,grid_vis -g_s,grid_size -g_c,grid_colour -g_i,grid_interval</pre>
-gl,grid_label	Grid label (sequence position)	<pre>-gl_v,grid_label_vis -gl_s,grid_label_size -gl_c,grid_label_colour -gl_i,grid_label_interval -gl_rg,grid_label_rel_gap</pre>
-c,cbar	Colourbar	-c_v,cbar_vis -c_rp,cbar_rel_pos -c_s,cbar_size
-cl,cbar	Colourbar label	-cl_v,cbar_label_vis -cl_s,cbar_label_size -cl_c,cbar_label_colour -cl_i,cbar_label_interval -cl_rg,cbar_label_rel_gap
-e,event	Event (linkage lines)	<pre>-e_mis,event_min_size -e_mas,event_max_size -e_c,event_colourmap -e_r,event_range -e_orv,event_outside_range_vis -e_o,event_opacity -e_so,event_stack_order</pre>
-h,hist	Histogram	-h_v,hist_vis -h_r,hist_range -h_bw,hist_bin_width -h_c,hist_colour -h_rh,hist_rel_height -h_rg,hist_rel_gap -h_pbg,hist_pc_bar_gap -h_o,hist_overhang

Root argument	Feature	Instances
-hl,hist_label	Histogram label	<pre>-hl_v,hist_label_vis -hl_s,hist_label_size -hl_c,hist_label_colour -hl_i,hist_label_interval -hl_rg,hist_label_rel_gap -hl_p,hist_label_position -hl_zv,hist_label_zero_vis</pre>
-hg,hist_grid	Histogram grid	<pre>-hg_v,hist_grid_vis -hg_s,hist_grid_size -hg_c,hist_grid_colour -hg_i,hist_grid_interval</pre>

• Many optional arguments share the same form, the most common of these are listed below (for a full list with descriptions use the -h or --help flag):

Argument ending	Description	Accepted values
v,_vis	Controls whether the feature should be displayed	'show', 'hide'
s, size	Line widths (in pixel units) for lines or font sizes for text	Non-negative integers
c, colour	Colour of the feature	Colour names (e.g. "black"), hex values (e.g. "#16C3D6") or RGB values in the range 0-255 (e.g. "rgb(128,0,128)")
i, interval	Spacing between numeric features (e.g. grid lines)	Non-negative integers
rg, rel_gap	Gap between the feature and the main strand linkage plot. Specified as a proportion of the width or height of the image.	Floating-point value in the range 0-1

Generating heatmap plots (CSV)

Basic use

- Heatmaps can be exported to CSV directly from CSI summary and individual results files using heatmapcsv.py.
- At a minimum, heatmapcsv.py requires arguments specifying the path to a CSI summary or individual results file (-d or --data_file argument) and the output CSV path (-o or --out_path argument).
- For example, the following command will generate a heatmap file using default parameters:

```
python .\src\heatmapcsv.py -d .\data\ex_consensus_summary.csv -o
.\data\output_heatmap.csv
```

- Each column of the output heatmap corresponds to a top-strand position and similarly, each row corresponds to a bottom-strand position.
- With default parameters, the final row and column in the heatmap correspond to the sum of all events at that position.
- The total number of events in the heatmap is recorded below the heatmap in the first column.

Advanced control

• Further control over the output CSV format can be achieved using the optional arguments listed below:

Argument	Description	
-r,ref_path	Path to reference sequence file	NA
-ad,append_datetime	Append time and date to all output filenames (prevents accidental file overwriting)	NA
-pr,pos_range	Minimum and maximum top and bottom strand positions within the reference sequence to display. Specified as four integer numbers in the order minimum_top maximum_top minimum_bottom maximum_bottom (e.gpr 100 200 400 500). If unspecified, the full reference range will be used	0000
<pre>-eldp, event_label_decimal_places</pre>	Number of decimal places to use when displaying event frequencies	
-sv,sum_vis	Controls whether the sum row and columns are displayed. Must be either "show" or "hide" (e.gsv "show")	"show"
-cv,count_vis	Controls whether the total number of events is displayed underneath the map. Must be either "show" or "hide" (e.g cv "show")	"show"

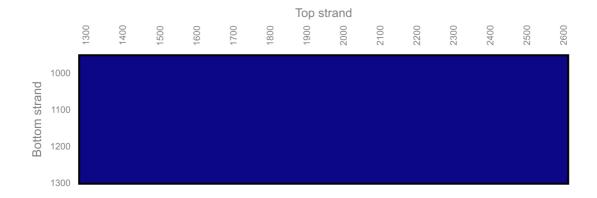
Generating heatmap plots (SVG)

Basic use

- Heatmaps can be exported to SVG directly from CSI summary and individual results files using heatmapsvg.py.
- At a minimum, heatmapsvg.py requires arguments specifying the path to a CSI summary or individual results file (-d or --data_file argument) and the output CSV path (-o or --out_path argument).
- Without a position range specified (-pr or --pos_range) the plot will be generated for the top and bottom strand ranges covering all identified cleavage events. The aspect ratio of each event cell is always square.

• For example, the following command will generate a heatmap figure using default parameters:

```
python .\src\heatmapsvg.py -d .\data\ex_consensus_summary.csv -o
.\data\output_heatmap.svg
```

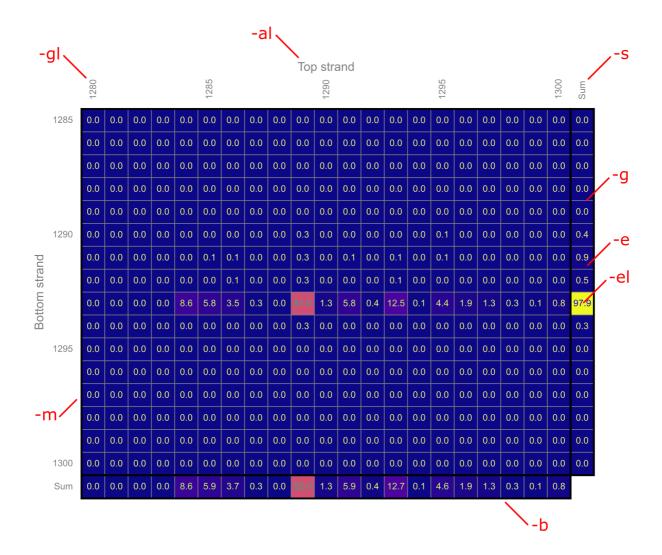


- Note: In this example, the identified events span a large region; however, the vast majority of events are confined to a small position range, so are difficult to see. To zoom in on a region, we can use the optional arguments (see "Advanced control" below).

Advanced control

- As with strand linkage plots, comprehensive control over the output heatmaps can be achieved using optional command line arguments.
- Full descriptions for these arguments can be viewed using the -h or --help flag.
- The following figure uses optional arguments to zoom in on a specific region of the heatmap (-pr 1280 1300 1285 1300), renders the grid (-g_v show), reduces the grid label interval (-gl_i 5) and renders the percentage of events corresponding to each cell (-el_v show) and the sum at each position (-s_v show):

```
python .\src\heatmapsvg.py -d .\data\ex_consensus_summary.csv -o
.\data\output_heatmap.svg -pr 1280 1300 1285 1300 -g_v show -gl_i 5 -el_v show -
s_v show
```



• As shown in the figure above, optional arguments are grouped by the plot feature they act upon. For example, -gl_i controls the grid label interval. The following table shows all the optional arguments by feature group:

Root argument	Feature	Instances
-m,map	Мар	-m_rp,map_rel_pos
-b,border	Border	<pre>-b_v,border_vis -b_s,border_size -b_c,border_colour</pre>
-al,axis_label	Axis label	<pre>-al_v,axis_label_vis -al_s,axis_label_size -al_c,axis_label_colour -al_g,axis_label_gap</pre>
-g,grid	Grid	<pre>-g_v,grid_vis -g_s,grid_size -g_c,grid_colour -g_i,grid_interval</pre>

Root argument	Feature	Instances
-gl,grid_label	Grid label	<pre>-gl_v,grid_label_vis -gl_s,grid_label_size -gl_c,grid_label_colour -gl_i,grid_label_interval -gl_g,grid_label_gap</pre>
-e,event	Event	-e_c,event_colourmap
-el,event_label	Event label	<pre>-el_v,event_label_vis -el_s,event_label_size -el_c,event_label_colour -el_dp,event_label_decimal_places -el_zv,event_label_zeros_vis</pre>
-s,sum	Sum	-s_v,sum_vis

• Argument endings (e.g. vis and interval) are similar to those listed for strand linkage plots.

Output file formats

CSI summary file

- Summary CSV files contain a pair of information rows (second row containing just bottom-strand sequence) for each unique restriction site identified in the consensus sequence(s).
- The final row of each summary file reports the number of consensus sequences for which cleavage events could not be determined.
- An example summary file is included in the "data" folder ("ex_consensus_summary.csv").
- Summary files include the following columns:

Column	Description	
"TYPE"	Type of cleavage event (either "Blunt end", "3' overhang" or "5' overhang").	
"COUNT"	Number of identified events matching this cleavage event (% of total identified events shown in parenthesis).	
"EVENT_%"	Percentage of all identified events (i.e. doesn't include unmatched sequences) corresponding to this event.	
"TOP_POS"	Position of the top-strand cleavage event.	
"BOTTOM_POS"	Position of the bottom-strand cleavage event.	
"SPLIT_SEQ"	TRUE if the cleavage event spanned the start/end of the reference sequence, FALSE otherwise.	

Column	Description
"TOP_LOCAL_SEQ"	Sequence immediately 5' and 3' of the cleavage event on the top strand. The number of nucleotides included either side is determined by the -lr (orlocal_r) command line argument.
"BOTTOM_LOCAL_SEQ"	Sequence immediately 5' and 3' of the cleavage event on the bottom strand. The number of nucleotides included either side is determined by the -lr (orlocal_r) command line argument.
"SEQUENCE"	Complete top and bottom strand sequences spanning both cleavage sites. The first row corresponds to the top strand and the second to the bottom strand. Cleavage sites on each strand are represented by the " " character.

CSI individual results file

- Individual results files contain a pair of rows (second row containing just bottom-strand sequence) for each consensus sequence processed.
- An example individual results file is included in the "data" folder ("ex_consensus_individual.csv").
- individual results files include the following columns:

Column	Description
"INDEX"	Index of this sequence in the input consensus sequence file. Numbering starts at 1.
"HEADER"	Header text for this sequence. This is any text on the ">" line imediately preceeding the sequence in the FASTA file.
"TYPE"	Type of cleavage event (either "Blunt end", "3' overhang" or "5' overhang").
"TOP_LOCAL_SEQ"	Position of the top-strand cleavage event.
"BOTTOM_POS"	Position of the bottom-strand cleavage event.
"SPLIT_SEQ"	TRUE if the cleavage event spanned the start/end of the reference sequence, FALSE otherwise.
"TOP_LOCAL_SEQ"	Sequence immediately 5' and 3' of the cleavage event on the top strand. The number of nucleotides included either side is determined by the -lr (orlocal_r) command line argument.
"BOTTOM_LOCAL_SEQ"	Sequence immediately 5' and 3' of the cleavage event on the bottom strand. The number of nucleotides included either side is determined by the -lr (orlocal_r) command line argument.

Column	Description
"SEQUENCE"	Complete top and bottom strand sequences spanning both cleavage
	sites. The first row corresponds to the top strand and the second to the
	bottom strand. Cleavage sites on each strand are represented by the " "
	character.