Mathematical Concepts 2

Solution 1:

Matrix Calculus

(a)
$$\frac{\partial \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{c}\|_2^2}{\partial \mathbf{x}} = \frac{\partial \|\mathbf{u}\|_2^2}{\partial \mathbf{u}} \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}^\top \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{u}} \frac{\partial \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{c}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}^\top \mathbf{I} \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{u}} (\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{0}) = \mathbf{u}^\top (\mathbf{I} + \mathbf{I}^\top) = 2(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{c})^\top$$

(b)
$$\frac{\partial \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{c}\|_2}{\partial \mathbf{x}} = \frac{\partial \sqrt{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{c}\|_2^2}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} = \frac{0.5}{\sqrt{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{c}\|_2^2}} \frac{\partial \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{c}\|_2^2}{\partial \mathbf{x}} \stackrel{(a)}{=} \frac{(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{c})^\top}{\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{c}\|_2}$$

(c)
$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}^{\top} \mathbf{v}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}^{\top} \mathbf{I} \mathbf{v}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} = \mathbf{u}^{\top} \mathbf{I} \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} + \mathbf{v}^{\top} \mathbf{I}^{\top} \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} = \mathbf{u}^{\top} \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} + \mathbf{v}^{\top} \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}}$$

$$(\mathbf{d}) \ \frac{\partial \mathbf{Y}^{\top} \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} = \frac{\partial \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{y}_{1}^{\top} \mathbf{u} \\ \vdots \\ \mathbf{y}_{d}^{\top} \mathbf{u} \end{pmatrix}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} \stackrel{(c)}{=} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{y}_{1}^{\top} \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} + \mathbf{u}^{\top} \frac{\partial \mathbf{y}_{1}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} \\ \vdots \\ \mathbf{y}_{d}^{\top} \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} + \mathbf{u}^{\top} \frac{\partial \mathbf{y}_{d}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} \end{pmatrix}$$

(e) Note for $\mathbf{y}: \mathbb{R}^d \to \mathbb{R}^d, \mathbf{x} \mapsto \mathbf{y}(\mathbf{x})$ the *i*-th column of $\frac{\partial \mathbf{y}}{\partial \mathbf{x}}$ is $\frac{\partial \mathbf{y}}{\partial x_i}$. With this it follows that

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial^{2}\mathbf{u}^{\top}\mathbf{v}}{\partial\mathbf{x}\partial\mathbf{x}^{\top}} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial\mathbf{x}} \left(\frac{\partial\mathbf{u}^{\top}\mathbf{v}}{\partial\mathbf{x}^{\top}} \right) \\ &= \frac{\partial}{\partial\mathbf{x}} \left[\left(\frac{\partial\mathbf{u}^{\top}\mathbf{v}}{\partial\mathbf{x}} \right)^{\top} \right] \\ &\stackrel{(c)}{=} \frac{\partial \left(\mathbf{u}^{\top}\frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial\mathbf{x}} + \mathbf{v}^{\top}\frac{\partial\mathbf{u}}{\partial\mathbf{x}} \right)^{\top}}{\partial\mathbf{x}} \\ &= \frac{\partial \left(\left(\frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial\mathbf{x}} \right)^{\top}\mathbf{u} + \left(\frac{\partial\mathbf{u}}{\partial\mathbf{x}} \right)^{\top}\mathbf{v} \right)}{\partial\mathbf{x}} \\ &\stackrel{(d)}{=} \left(\mathbf{u}^{\top}\frac{\partial^{2}\mathbf{v}}{\partial x_{1}\partial\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial x_{1}}^{\top}\frac{\partial\mathbf{u}}{\partial\mathbf{x}} \right)^{\top} + \left(\mathbf{v}^{\top}\frac{\partial^{2}\mathbf{u}}{\partial x_{1}\partial\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\partial\mathbf{u}}{\partial x_{1}}^{\top}\frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial\mathbf{x}} \right)^{\top} \\ &\stackrel{(d)}{=} \left(\mathbf{u}^{\top}\frac{\partial^{2}\mathbf{v}}{\partial x_{2}\partial\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial x_{1}}^{\top}\frac{\partial\mathbf{u}}{\partial\mathbf{x}} \right)^{\top} + \left(\mathbf{v}^{\top}\frac{\partial^{2}\mathbf{u}}{\partial x_{1}\partial\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\partial\mathbf{u}}{\partial\mathbf{x}}^{\top}\frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial\mathbf{x}} \right)^{\top} \\ &\stackrel{(d)}{=} \left(\mathbf{u}^{\top}\frac{\partial^{2}\mathbf{v}}{\partial x_{2}\partial\mathbf{x}} + \frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial x_{1}}^{\top}\frac{\partial\mathbf{u}}{\partial\mathbf{x}} \right)^{\top} + \frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \left(\frac{\partial\mathbf{u}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \right)^{\top} + \frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \left(\frac{\partial\mathbf{u}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \right)^{\top} + \left(\mathbf{v}^{\top}\frac{\partial^{2}\mathbf{u}}{\partial x_{1}\partial\mathbf{x}} \right)^{\top} \\ &\stackrel{(d)}{=} \left(\mathbf{u}^{\top}\frac{\partial^{2}\mathbf{v}}{\partial x_{2}\partial\mathbf{x}} \right)^{\top} + \frac{\partial\mathbf{u}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \left(\frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \right)^{\top} + \frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \left(\frac{\partial\mathbf{u}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \right)^{\top} + \left(\mathbf{v}^{\top}\frac{\partial^{2}\mathbf{u}}{\partial x_{1}\partial\mathbf{x}} \right)^{\top} \\ &\stackrel{(d)}{=} \left(\mathbf{u}^{\top}\frac{\partial^{2}\mathbf{v}}{\partial x_{2}\partial\mathbf{x}} \right)^{\top} + \frac{\partial\mathbf{u}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \left(\frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \right)^{\top} + \frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \left(\frac{\partial\mathbf{u}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \right)^{\top} + \left(\mathbf{v}^{\top}\frac{\partial^{2}\mathbf{u}}{\partial x_{1}\partial\mathbf{v}} \right)^{\top} \\ &\stackrel{(d)}{=} \left(\mathbf{v}^{\top}\frac{\partial^{2}\mathbf{v}}{\partial x_{2}\partial\mathbf{v}} \right)^{\top} + \frac{\partial\mathbf{u}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \left(\frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \right)^{\top} + \frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \left(\frac{\partial\mathbf{u}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \right)^{\top} + \left(\mathbf{v}^{\top}\frac{\partial^{2}\mathbf{u}}{\partial x_{1}\partial\mathbf{v}} \right)^{\top} \\ &\stackrel{(d)}{=} \left(\mathbf{v}^{\top}\frac{\partial^{2}\mathbf{v}}{\partial x_{2}\partial\mathbf{v}} \right)^{\top} + \frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \left(\frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \right)^{\top} + \frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \left(\frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial\mathbf{v}} \right)^{\top} \\ &\stackrel{(d)}{=} \left(\mathbf{v}^{\top}\frac{\partial\mathbf{v}}{\partial x_{1}\partial\mathbf{v}} \right)^{\top} \\ &\stackrel{(d)}{=} \left(\mathbf{v}^{\top}\frac{\partial\mathbf{v$$

Solution 2:

Optimality in 1d

Let
$$f: [-1,2] \to \mathbb{R}, x \mapsto \exp(x^3 - 2x^2)$$

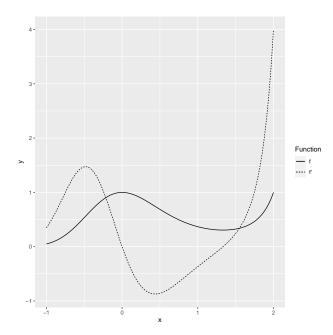
(a)
$$f'(x) = \exp(x^3 - 2x^2) \cdot (3x^2 - 4x)$$

```
(b) library(ggplot2)
```

```
f <- function(x) exp(x^3 - 2*x^2)
df <- function(x) f(x) * (3*x^2 - 4*x)

ggplot(data.frame(x = seq(-1, 2, by=0.005)), aes(x)) +</pre>
```

```
geom_function(fun = f, aes(linetype = "f")) +
geom_function(fun = df, aes(linetype = "f'")) +
scale_linetype_discrete(name = "Function")
```



(c) f is continuously differentiable \Rightarrow candidates can only be stationary points and boundary points. Find stationary points, i.e., points where

$$f'(x) = 0 \iff \underbrace{\exp(x^3 - 2x^2)}_{>0} \cdot (3x^2 - 4x) = 0 \iff 3x^2 - 4x = 0 \iff x(3x - 4) = 0.$$

 $\Rightarrow x_1 = 0, x_2 = 4/3$. The other candidates are boundary points, i.e., $x_3 = -1, x_4 = 2$.

(d)
$$f''(x) = \exp(x^3 - 2x^2) \cdot (3x^2 - 4x)^2 + \exp(x^3 - 2x^2) \cdot (6x - 4)$$

(e) $f''(x_1) = \exp(0) \cdot (-4) < 0$ $\Rightarrow x_1$ is a local maximum

$$f''(x_2) = \exp((4/3)^3 - 2(4/3)^2) \cdot (4) > 0$$

 $\Rightarrow x_2$ is a local minimum.

The boundary points x_3 and x_4 are not considered as *local* optima.

(f) $f(x_1) = \exp(0) = 1$ $f(x_2) = \exp((4/3)^3 - 2(4/3)^2) \approx 0.3057$ $f(x_3) = \exp(-3) \approx 0.05$ $f(x_4) = \exp(0) = 1$

 $\Rightarrow x_1, x_4$ are global maxima. x_3 is global minimum.