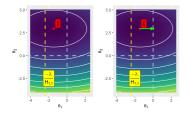
## **Introduction to Machine Learning**

## Regularization Geometry of L1 Regularization





## Learning goals

- Approximate transformation of unregularized minimizer to regularized
- Soft-Thresholding

## L1-REGULARIZATION

• The L1-regularized risk of a model  $f(\mathbf{x} \mid \theta)$  is

$$\mathcal{R}_{\mathsf{reg}}(oldsymbol{ heta}) = \mathcal{R}_{\mathsf{emp}}(oldsymbol{ heta}) + \sum_j \lambda | heta_j|$$

and the (sub-)gradient is:

$$\nabla_{\theta} \mathcal{R}_{\mathsf{emp}}(\theta) + \lambda \operatorname{sign}(\theta)$$

- Unlike in L2, contribution to grad. doesn't scale with  $\theta_i$  elements.
- Again: quadratic Taylor approximation of  $\mathcal{R}_{emp}(\theta)$  around its minimizer  $\hat{\theta}$ , then regularize:

$$ilde{\mathcal{R}}_{\mathsf{reg}}(oldsymbol{ heta}) = \mathcal{R}_{\mathsf{emp}}(\hat{ heta}) + rac{1}{2}(oldsymbol{ heta} - \hat{ heta})^{\mathsf{T}}oldsymbol{H}(oldsymbol{ heta} - \hat{ heta}) + \sum_{i} \lambda | heta_{i}|$$

