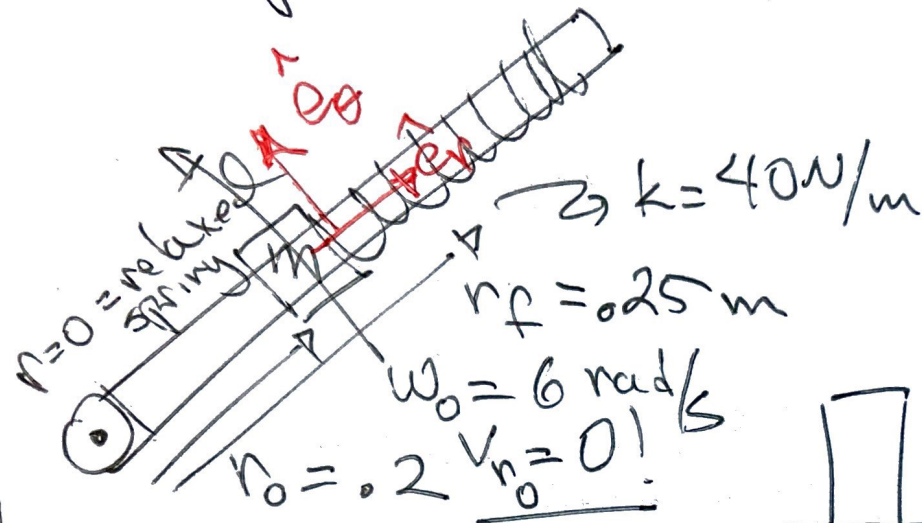


Given



$$m = 2 \text{ kg}$$

Req'd V_r | $r = 0.25 \text{ m}$

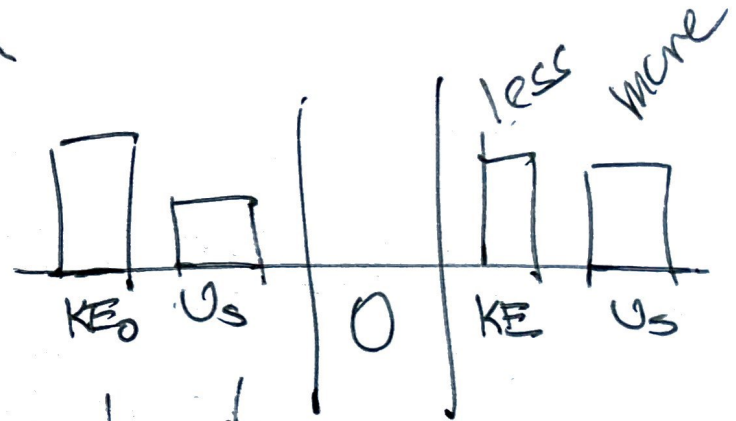
Assume: $\mu = 0$

Strategy Energy first, then conservation of angular momentum

Estimate $V_0 = 1.2 \text{ m/s} \Rightarrow r m \omega_0 = H_0 = 0.2(2)(1.2) \approx 0.5 \text{ kg m/s}$

$\Rightarrow \underline{V_r}$ doesn't contribute to H !

$0.5 = 0.25(\text{m}) \omega_f \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{V_{\theta f} \approx 1 \text{ m/s}}} \Rightarrow \underline{V_r \text{ is small!}}$



Soln: $KE_o = \frac{1}{2} m v_o^2 = \frac{1}{2} (2 \text{ kg}) (r\omega)^2 \text{ m/s} = \underline{1.44 \text{ J}}$

$$U_{s_o} = \frac{1}{2} k \Delta x^2 = \frac{1}{2} (40 \text{ N/m}) (0.2 \text{ m})^2 = \underline{.8 \text{ J}}$$

$$U_{s_f} = \frac{1}{2} k \Delta x^2 = \frac{1}{2} (40 \text{ N/m}) (0.25 \text{ m})^2 = 1.25 \text{ J}$$

$$KE_o + U_{s_o} = KE_f + U_{s_f} \Rightarrow 1.44 \text{ J} + .8 \text{ J} = KE_f + 1.25 \text{ J}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1.44 \text{ J} + .8 \text{ J} - 1.25 \text{ J} = \boxed{KE_f = .99 \text{ J}} = \frac{1}{2} m v_f^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{v_f = .995 \text{ m/s}} \leftarrow \text{include } v_r \neq v_\theta$$

$$v_f = \sqrt{v_\theta^2 + v_r^2}$$

Angular Momentum

$$r \times m \vec{v} = r m v_\theta = .2 (\text{m}) 1.2 \text{ m/s} = .48 \text{ kg m}^2/\text{s}$$

$$\Rightarrow .25 \text{ m} (2 \text{ kg}) v_{\theta f} = .48 \Rightarrow \underline{v_{\theta f} = .96 \text{ m/s}} = r_f \omega_f \Rightarrow \omega_f = \frac{.96 \text{ m/s}}{.25 \text{ m}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\omega_f = 3.84 \text{ rad/s}}$$

Soln: cont

$$V_f^2 = V_o^2 + V_r^2 \Rightarrow 0.99 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2 = (0.96 \text{ m/s})^2 + V_r^2$$

$$\Rightarrow V_r^2 = 0.0684 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2 \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{V_r = 0.262 \text{ m/s}}}$$

Discussion: I like the number though it irritates that everything is so close to 1! Matches back of book as well so more confidence!